000587

More English idioms for foreign students with Exercises

A J Worrall
revised by D G Sawer

More English idioms for foreign students with Exercises

A J Worrall revised



LONGMAN GROUP LIMITED

Associated companies, branches and representatives throughout the world

© Longman Group Limited 1975

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the Copyright owner.

ISBN 0 582 555167

First published 1932
Revised edition first published 1975
New impression *1976

Filmset in Hong Kong by T.P. Graphic Arts Services Printed in Hong Kong by Sing Cheong Printing Co., Ltd

Note

Most of the idioms in this book are in general use, i.e. they are used in all contexts and in all kinds of speaking and writing. These have been marked with the letter g. There are some, however, which are more restricted in use, and these have been marked as follows:

- p for proverbs and proverbial expressions (also used in most contexts);
- f for formal idioms restricted to highflown or literary speech and writing;
- c for colloquial idioms used in rather informal speech and writing;
- s for slang idioms used in extremely informal conversation, often by a particular class or group of people.

We advise students to avoid using idioms marked s and to exercise care in using those marked c and f.

Contents

		Idioms involving an amount and to page
	There ale	Ask – Close
	and these	Come – Get Republication and Application of the Come and
		Give – Let
	oms reVIct	Live - Put 57
	dioms Ve	Ring – Step 77
	VIDS USECIVI	Stick – Work 92
nek dow		greater (a claim) will draw greater (a claim) will draw (sumething one has a si lie made several actu ations but hacked doors when he was asked to prove them to taharaw them ret actually refuse to continue that squeething one has agreed to do to The more timed of as lacked out when things became dingerous
		I made several proposals to the meeting, but no one backed size up to concerned with a deal with What's that book about 11's about

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbool

Section I - Ask - Close

		da teoj emely, be uskind to .
ask after	g	ask for information about; ask about the health of
		Mr Jones has been asking after you; he's heard you've been ill.
ask for trouble	C	behave so that trouble is likely, so
(or ask for it)		that one is likely to suffer
		You're asking for trouble if you go out in this rain without a coat.
ask in	g	invite to enter (a house etc.)
		Don't leave him standing on the doorstep, ask him in!
ask out	g	invite to an entertainment, meal etc.
		She's busy tonight; she's been asked out to dinner.
ask round	g	invite to one's house
		We haven't seen them for ages; why don't we ask them round for lunch on Sunday?
ack down (from)	g	give up (a claim); withdraw
		(something one has said)
		He made several accusations but
		backed down when he was asked to prove them.
back out (of)	c	withdraw (from an activity); refuse
it never seems to.		to continue (with something one has

agreed to do)

support

back up

be about

The more timid of us backed out when things became dangerous.

I made several proposals to the meeting, but no one **backed** me up. be concerned with; deal with

What's that book about?-It's about

ba

NE CONTRACTOR		mountaineering.
be about to	g	be going to
		I was just about to leave the house
		when the telephone rang.
be against	g	not be in favour of, be opposed to
		I am against the new road because
		I think it will cost too much.
be at one	f	agree, be in harmony
		The Government and the
		Opposition are at one on the issue.
be at one's wits'	g	not know what to do next
end	0	I've several bills to pay and no
house etc.)		money till the end of the month;
		I'm at my wits' end.
be at the end of	G	be unable to do any more because of
one's tether	5	tiredness, lack of patience etc.
pales dood a sua in		The children have behaved terribly
		today; I'm at the end of my tether.
388	013 2	be absent
be away	g	, 그래프 (가스프로 2008년) 마니리 이 타고 (다양) (2017년 7년 (2017년 - 102 17) (201
		I leave tomorrow and shall be away
		for three weeks.
be back	g	have returned
		I'm going to the shops; I'll be back
		III IIaii ali lioui.
be beside oneself	g	be overwhelmed with sorrow, worry
		etc.
		Both her children fell ill and the
		poor woman was beside herself.
it's beyond me	c	I don't understand it
		He has no job but never seems to
		lack money; it's beyond me.
be down	g	a be decreased in price
		Eggs are down this week.
	g	b be deflated, have no air (in it,
		them)
		The front tyre of your bicycle is
		down.
be down for	g	have one's name on a list for
	0	

be down on c treat badly, be unkind to	
Leave your young brother alone!	
be down with g be ill with He was down with a sore throat all last week.	
be for g be in favour of, support You should tell us definitely whether you are for our plan or	
be from g have been born in, come from His name is Patrick and he's from	1
be in g a be at home, in one's office etc. Is your mother in?—No, she's go	ne
g b (of a fire) be still burning This morning the kitchen fire was	
c c be fashionable	
g d) be in season Apples will soon be in again.	
be in for c be going to experience, be going to receive	
If you are going to that party, you are in for a good time. think the job will be easy.	1
be (well) in with c be on friendly terms with, have the	
He's well in with the most important people in the town.	
be off c a leave, go	
f b (used in the imperative) go awa	ıy!

pottery classes, b		Be off, young man, before I send
		for the police!
	C	c (of food) be bad
		This meat is off. Throw it away!
	c	d be no longer available (at a
		restaurant)
		The beef is off, but you can have
		fish or sausages.
	g	e be cancelled
1 1 11 00		The match is off because of rain.
be badly off	C	be poor
		You must be badly off if you can't
		even afford an evening at the
		cinema.
be well off	C	be rich
		Look at the car they've bought!
in? No she's on		They must be well off.
be on	g	a be showing at a cinema or theatre
		What's on at the Regal this week?
		'Ben Hur.'
	C	b agree to a suggestion
		Shall we go for a walk?—All right,
		I'm on.
be on at	C	criticize, scold, find fault with
		His father is always on at him.
		about his long hair.
be on to a good	S	have discovered something profitable
thing		or pleasant
		This flat looks very nice; I think
		we're on to a good thing, especially
		as it's so cheap.
be on the cards	C	be possible, likely
		It's on the cards that he will phone
		tonight.
be over	g	be finished
The set		The lesson is over you can go.
be out	g	a not be at home, in one's office etc.
		The manager is out today, I'm afraid
		4

- g b (of a fire) be no longer burning
 The fire was out and the room was cold.
 - g c (of a book, film etc.) be published, on show etc.

 My book will be out in January.
- d be unfashionable

 Boots are out this year.
 - g e (of flowers) be blooming
 The roses will soon be out.
- He says he only wants the satisfaction of having done it, but he's really out for the money it will bring him.
 - be out of c have no more of

 We're out of sugar, can you lend us half a pound?
 - be through g a be connected by telephone
 You wanted 01-345 2021—you're
 through now.
 - g b have finished doing something
 It has taken me a long time but I'm
 through now.
 - be through with

 c* be tired; bored with; have had

 enough of

 I'm through with sightseeing; let's

 go to the beach.
 - be up g a be out of bed

 It's nine o'clock. Aren't you up yet?
 - g b have risen in price
 Tomatoes are up again, I see.
 - be up against c be faced with

 The company is up against tremendous problems.
 - be up to c a be capable of; be strong, clever

^{*}American

etc. enough to do She feels better today but she isn't up to getting out of bed yet. c b be doing (usually something mischievous) How did you get so dirty, children? What have you been up to? g c be the responsibility, duty of It is up to you to earn your own living now; I cannot support you any longer. be up to no good c be doing something wrong Be careful of that child; he's always up to no good.

it is all up with c there is no hope for him him The doctors seem to think it is all up with him.

be with g a agree with Go ahead, I'm with you entirely.

c b understand This is rather complicated. Are you m'Lind amil and a am no still with me?

be no more f be dead

Poor James is no more; may his soul rest in peace.

be somebody c be important He looks most uninteresting, but

I believe he is somebody in his firm.

be well-to-do c see be well off

break away (from) g go away (from), leave suddenly The prisoner broke away from his captors.

They broke away from the Party to form their own group.

break down g a stop working, fail mechanically Our car broke down and we had to walk the rest of the way.

b fail, collapse

The peace negotiations have broken down.

He worked too hard and his health broke down.

- g c analyse, classify
 These population figures must be
 broken down into totals for each
 part of the country.
 - break in g a enter a building by force
 The thieves broke in through the window and stole the safe.
 - g b interrupt
 I had almost finished telling the
 joke when he broke in to say he had
 heard it before.
- g c train, tame (an animal)

 Be careful of that horse; it isn't fully broken in yet.
 - break into g enter by force
 Thieves had broken into the office during the night.
- break into song g
 (or laughter, tears etc.)

 start singing (or laughing, crying etc.) suddenly

 The soldiers broke into song as they were marching along.
 - break off g a bring to a sudden end, terminate
 I hear John and Barbara have
 broken off their engagement.
 - g b stop (doing something, talking etc.) suddenly
 She started to laugh but broke off when she saw his serious face.
 The workmen broke off for a cup of tea.
 - break out g a appear, start suddenly
 A fire broke out in one wing of the hospital.
 Where were you the day war

		£				
h	ma	1.	-	0.	.4	9
I.J.	ΙU	K	e	OL	и	1

- Two criminals have broken out of the prison.
 - break through g a make a way through, escape through

 Some of the demonstrators broke through the police cordon and reached the Embassy.
 - g b (of the sun) appear through the clouds, begin to shine
 It was midday before the sun broke through.
- break up g a disperse, cause to separate
 A crowd of people had gathered but
 the police soon broke it up.
 - g b destroy, break in pieces, demolish
 Old cars and ships are broken up
 and sold as scrap metal.
 His family was broken up by
 divorce.
 - g c (of school terms, meeting etc.)
 end; finish school
 The meeting broke up in confusion.
 We break up at the end of next week.
 - break with g have no more dealings with, quarrel with and separate from

 He was an old friend but he treated me badly and I broke with him.
 - break a habit g free oneself of a habit
 Smoking is a habit that is hard to
 break.
- break a lance with someone

 f quarrel or argue with him in a friendly manner
 We are old friends, though I often break a lance with him.
 - break the ice c get people to be sociable; overcome

break the news	endia Myo G	an unfriendly atmosphere The party will go all right as soon as someone breaks the ice. announce something new for the first time When he got home, his wife broke the news that she was expecting
bring about	g	a baby. cause to happen What brought about the accident?
bring back	g	cause to be remembered This music brings back happy memories.
bring down	g	a cause to fall The wind brought down several trees.
	g	b cause to decrease A cold wind brought down the temperature.
bring the house down	c ya fi	cause great laughter or enthusiasm among an audience His amusing speech brought the house down.
bring forward	g	a cause to be discussed, dealt with etc.
brought him round ad in bringing him ay of thinking.	g	Will you bring forward this matter at the next meeting please? b advance in date, make earlier. The wedding was originally fixed for the 14th but has been brought forward to the 7th.
bring in	g	a introduce We hope to bring in several new fashions this spring.
	g	b earn, produce as earnings or profit His writings only bring in a small income.
bring off	g	Limit managa to do

noor ag Mgir lis		It was an almost impossible task
		but he brought it off.
bring on	g	a cause, produce
		The cold weather brought on many
		attacks of influenza.
	g	b cause to develop, make progress
		The sun is bringing the tomatoes on
		very well.
bring out	g	a cause (flowers etc.) to grow,
		blossom
		The warm weather has brought out
		the roses nicely.
	g	b publish
		We are bringing out two new titles
		next week.
	g	c cause to appear, be seen clearly.
and nwob the		The dark background brings out the
		figure well.
bring over	g	persuade, convert to a way of
		thinking
		His forceful arguments brought me
		over to his views.
bring round	g	a revive, cause to regain
		consciousness
		He fainted with the pain but a drop
		of brandy soon brought him round.
		b persuade
		I did not succeed in bringing him
bring through		round to my way of thinking.
bring through	g	save (someone who is ill), cure
		His illness was serious but the
		doctors managed to bring him
aging		through.
bring to an end	g	end, stop
thems a fill a small		A conjuring act brought the show
bular to 11 1		to an end.
bring to light	g	make known or seen
		The investigation brought several

(something) His story brings to mind something that happened to me when I was a child. cause him to stop behaving foolishly bring someone to He is a wild boy, but a firm teacher his senses will bring him to his senses. cause him to understand it clearly bring something The policeman's words brought the home to someone seriousness of the affair home to me. control, subdue bring under The rebellion received little popular support and was soon brought under. a rear, educate bring up The young widow was left with three children to bring up. b mention, draw attention to I shall bring this up at the next meeting. c vomit The child was ill and brought up everything he ate. a pay a short visit to, stop at call at Will you call at the grocer's on your way back from work? b (of ships) stop at the port of This ship calls at Gibraltar on the way to Port Said. a visit, stop at a place in order to collect (someone or something) I'll call for you at seven o'clock at your house. b require, need The situation calls for careful

new facts to light.

bring to mind

remind, make one think of

planning.

call forth	f	produce, cause to be used Danger sometimes calls forth the best qualities in man.
call in	g	a ask to come, summon He is getting worse; we should eall in the doctor.
	ğ	b pay a short visit The doctor called in to see how the patient was getting on.
	g	The book was libellous, so the publishers had to call in all copies of it from the bookshops.
call off	g	cancel, not proceed with The strike was called off when the management agreed to negotiate.
call on		a visit (someone) briefly She called on her neighbour to congratulate her on the birth of a daughter.
	g	b ask, invite I now call on Mr Jones to address the meeting.
call out	g	summon into action The Government called out troops to control the demonstrators.
call up		a telephone to I'll call you up from the airport as soon as I land.
	g	b summon for military service As war seemed inevitable, the Government began calling up all the country's young men.
call a halt	ģ	decide or say that it is time to stop You've been working all day; why don't you call a halt?
call someone names	c	insult him He lost his temper and began