GOOD READING

A GUIDE FOR SERIOUS READERS

23_{RD EDITION}

The Novel, Poetry, Drama, Language and Communications, Fine Arts, Biography, Philosophy, Religion, History, Politics, Economics, Anthropology, Sociology, Psychology, Women's Studies, Greece, Rome, The Middle East, East and Southeast Asia, American Minority Cultures, Physical Sciences and Mathematics, Biological Sciences

COMPLETELY UPDATED

GOOD READING™

A Guide for Serious Readers

23rd EDITION

R. R. BOWKER New York Published by R. R. Bowker Company a division of Reed Publishing (USA) Inc. Copyright © 1990 by The Committee on College Reading All rights reserved Printed and bound in the United States of America

Except as permitted under the Copyright Act of 1976, no part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, or stored in any information storage and retrieval system, without prior written permission of

R. R. Bowker Company, 245 West 17 Street, New York, NY 10011

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Good reading: a guide for serious readers / Arthur Waldhorn, Olga S. Weber, Arthur Zeiger, editors. - 23rd ed.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references.

ISBN 0-8352-2707-3

1. Bibliography—Best books. 2. Books and reading. I. Waldhorn, Arthur, 1918- . II. Weber, Olga S. III. Zeiger, Arthur, 1916-

Z1035.G63 1990

011'.73--dc20

Contributors

Gregory D. Alles, Western Maryland College

Oswaldo Arana, California State University at Fullerton

William Ray Arney, The Evergreen State College

Saul N. Brody, The City College of The City University of New York

Joseph A. Byrnes, New York University

Pamela Crossley, Dartmouth College

Heyward Ehrlich, Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey

Paul Friedman, Pratt Institute

Sally M. Gall, EIDOS/The International Prosody Bulletin

Daniel Gerzog, Pratt Institute

Linda Hamalian, William Paterson College

James Michael Hill, Stillman College/The University of Alabama

George Hochfield, State University of New York at Buffalo

Glenderlyn Johnson, The Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture of The New York Public Library

Gerald Jonas, Science Fiction Book Reviewer, The New York Times Book Review

Suzanne J. Kessler, State University of New York at Purchase

Asela R. Laguna, Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey

Connie L. Lobur, State University of New York at Purchase

Gary B. Mills, The University of Alabama

Naomi Ogawa Moy, California State University, Dominguez Hills at Carson Matt Neuburg, Cornell University

Roger W. Oliver, The Juilliard School and New York University

Thomas Prapas, The College of Staten Island of The City University of New York Philip Roddman, Pratt Institute

Mark Schulman, The City College of The City University of New York

Joan Schulz, State University of New York at Albany

Gordon Teskey, Cornell University

George A. Thompson, Jr. New York University

Jo Ann Vicarel, Contributing Editor, Mystery Scene Magazine and Cleveland Heights-University Heights Public Library

Arthur Waldhorn, The City College of The City University of New York Elizabeth Weatherford, Museum of the American Indian and The School of Visual Arts

Stanley Wecker, The City College of The City University of New York John D. Yohannan, The City College of The City University of New York Arthur Zeiger, The City College of The City University of New York

To the Reader

A Fragment of Publishing History

If you read a book straight through, going from front to back rather than by leaping and lingering, then you are now beginning the 23rd edition of *Good Reading*, the most comprehensive and, we think, the most useful yet. From its first appearance in 1932 as a pamphlet, through all its subsequent revisions and expansions, *Good Reading* has served as a guide to supplementary reading for students, and for others who wanted direction as they wandered through bookstores and among library stacks. In 1947 it became a full-sized paperback, and four editions prior to the 23rd have been published in hardback as well, primarily but not exclusively for libraries.

The Range of Good Reading

Today *Good Reading* has developed into an extensive survey not only of literature but of all the humanities, social sciences, and sciences as well. Every entry has been scrutinized, retained whole, or written anew, or in some instances dropped—especially where a more recent and better replacement has been published since 1985, or published earlier but missed in 1985 because of editorial shortsightedness. Three new chapters, moreover, have come into being—"Science Fiction," "Mystery Fiction," and "Computer Science"; and several chapters have been much augmented—"Religion," "Women's Studies," "U.S. Hispanic," "Greece," and "Rome." Finally, we have added three more book lists that readers have suggested (or demanded): books to read on vacation, books to read before entering college, and books to read after retirement. (A few titles are duplicative, and we shall defend the right of retirees to read any of the vacation books even when they are not on vacation; or the collegiates to read any of the retirement books if they feel impelled to, as we hope they will.)

Cross-Referencing as an Energy-Saving Device

We've decreased, but not eliminated, the reader's need to rummage. Should Grace Paley be sought in "The Short Story" or in the "Women's Studies" chapter? One might argue cogently for either location. We've tried to settle the argument, or at least soothe the arguers, by cross-referencing

whenever there seems to be a reasonable doubt (or even, on occasion, a less than reasonable doubt). Thus, Grace Paley, annotated, has been assigned to Chapter 13, "The Short Story," and cross-referenced to Chapter 30, "Women's Studies." And, of course, the exhaustive index will be an ever-present help.

Reading Good Reading

Most readers, it is likely, will initially turn to the chapter that chiefly interests them, perhaps "Visual Arts and Performing Arts," perusing essay and booklist, occasionally asterisking an entry (if the book belongs to them) or noting it on a card or scrap of paper (if it doesn't). Other readers, with pencil similarly in hand, will prefer to browse as mood, temperament, or chance suggests. We applaud either choice, as long as it impels them to read the books asterisked or noted, and read in a purposive and systematic way—or, for that matter, in a casual and random way. "Reading maketh a full man [or woman]. . . ." Bacon pointed out long ago, adding "if he [or she] read little, he [or she] had need have more cunning, to seem to know that [which] he [or she] doth not." But since the reader is clutching *Good Reading* now, we hardly need to dwell on Bacon's notation.

Excuses and Explanations

"Of the making of many books there is no end," Ecclesiastes observed. We have rejoiced in that fact generally, regretted it occasionally. There are dozens—hundreds—of books that we wanted to include but omitted in order to keep *Good Reading* portable. The reader will question our omissions, often denounce us for them. And often we will be at a loss to defend ourselves. We have sometimes admitted only one book by an author when we should have liked to admit two or three or more. We have characteristically selected for inclusion the most representative work of an author, the most available, the most attractive, or the most useful (useful, that is, as a starting point for further reading in the author). We have balanced one claim against another, and we have surely lost balance at times.

Structure: Sections and Chapters

Good Reading has five sections plus an addendum on "Reference Books" as the Contents amply details. The five sections deal successively with Historical Periods, Regional and Minority Cultures, Literary Types, Humanities and Social Sciences, and Sciences. The sections are divided into varying numbers of chapters, and some chapters are further subdivided.

Thus, the chapter on "American Minority Cultures" comprises four essays and annotated booklists: Native American, Asian-Pacific, African American, and U.S. Hispanic. Each introductory essay runs from 750 to 1,500 words, and endeavors within its course to outline its subject historically or thematically. Each booklist embraces 65 to 150 titles and annotations; each annotation aims at determining the interest and worth of the book listed, to locate its thesis (if it has one), and to encapsulate its plot or suggest its content.

We've obviously imposed a rigorous order on neither essays nor booklists. Rather, within limits, we've countenanced variations from the norm in length, method, and style for the purpose of dodging a dull conformity. The reader who studies the essay and listings of the "Philosophy" chapter, for example, will be afforded a succinct history of philosophy from Plato to Derrida. The "Reference Books" section, too, bursts through the boundaries we set, and presents a wide survey of books to consult for history, biography, poetics, musical theory, and a plenitude of other matters—including a bibliography of bibliographies.

Booklist Form

The pattern of entries in the booklists should offer no serious difficulty to the reader. There are three main arrangements of data:

1a. A book with one author

Entry:

WOOLF, VIRGINIA 1882–1941. **To the Lighthouse** (1927). From shifting centers of consciousness, this beautifully textured symbolic novel shows rather than describes Mrs. Ramsey and her widening effect (even after she has died) on the lives that touch hers. *P—HarBraceJ*.

Explanation:

Author, last name first.

Author's dates.

Title in boldface.

Date of publication in parentheses.

Annotation.

Edition: H = hardcover

P = paperback

Publisher: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, Inc. (For a full roster, see "Key to Publisher Symbols," page 401).

1b. A book with two or more authors

Entry:

ROSEN, CHARLES b. 1927 and HENRI ZERNER b. 1939. **Romanticism and Realism: The Mythology of Nineteenth-Century Art** (1984). A new definition of avant-garde and traditional art and of the distinction between high art and low. *H—Viking Pr; P—Norton*.

2a. A book with one editor (Ed.) or translator (Tr.)

Entry:

FLAUBERT, GUSTAVE 1821–1880. **The Letters of Gustave Flaubert** (1954). Ed. and tr. Francis Steegmuller. A fascinating portrayal of the agony of modern authorship. $H \oplus P$ —Harvard U Pr 2 vols.

Or, in some sections, "Rec. tr." indicates "recommended translation." *Entry:*

HOMER c. 750 B.C.(?). **Odyssey.** Epic poem. After the war on Troy, the wily hero Odysseus, beset for ten years by inimical gods and beautiful sorceresses, finally reaches home, only to find his wife surrounded by feasting suitors and his son facing the trials of young manhood. Rec. tr.: Richmond Lattimore (*P—Har-Row*).

2b. A book with two or more editors or translators

Entry:

The Modern Tradition: Backgrounds of Modern Literature (1965). Eds. Richard Ellmann and Charles Feidelson. The nature of modernism explored through topically organized statements ("Symbolism," "Realism," "Cultural History," etc.) by writers, philosophers, artists, scientists. *H—Oxford U Pr*.

3a. An anthology

Entry:

Anthology of Japanese Literature (1955–56). Ed. Donald Keene. Not an exhaustive collection, but flavorful. *P—Grove*.

3b. A series

Entry:

THE LIBRARY OF AMERICA SERIES. A series still in progress that publishes comprehensive selections in authoritative texts of the most important American writers. Among the volumes that have appeared so far, those anthologizing Melville, Hawthorne, Irving, Poe, Stowe, Crane, Twain, and London include short stories. *H—Viking Pr*.

The Problem of Permanence

Where we could, we tried to list paperbacks that we hope will endure—at least until the 24th edition of *Good Reading*. That it is a fragile hope, we are aware: of the unmaking of paperbound books there is no end. And even hardbacks now seem to fade o.p. (out of print) more rapidly. When the o.p. 's are distinctly better than the in-print survivors, we have given them reluctant room. They will surely be available in libraries, and many of them will likely be back in print before this decade ends. Check our listings with the latest *Paperbound Books in Print* and *Books in Print*, both yearly publications (*Bowker*).

The Purpose of Good Reading

These words of J. Sherwood Weber, the late editor of *Good Reading*, still represent our purpose: "... to lead an increasing number of people to savor the great or significant books, both those that strive to light the dark places in our understanding of our complex world and our equally complex selves, and those that aim simply to delight."

The Editors

101 Significant Books

This list offers a representative selection of 101 books that many people have found rewarding to know; they are not necessarily the best or greatest works of imagination and thought. Originally compiled for the 1934 edition of *Good Reading*, the list has been revised several times, including for this edition. Revisions were made by the editors in consultation with many distinguished teachers, writers, and critics.

Ancient Times

AESCHYLUS, The Oresteia
AESOP, Fables
ARISTOPHANES, Comedies
ARISTOTLE, Nicomachean Ethics
THE BIBLE
CONFUCIUS, The Analects
EURIPIDES, Dramas
HOMER, Iliad and Odyssey
LAO-TZU, The Way and Its
Power

LUCRETIUS, On the Nature of Things

PLATO, Republic and Symposium

PLUTARCH, Parallel Lives

SOPHOCLES, The Theban Plays

THUCYDIDES, The Peloponnesian War

VERGIL. Aeneid

Middle Ages and Renaissance

The Arabian Nights
BACON, Essays
BOCCACCIO, Decameron
CERVANTES, Don Quixote
CHAUCER, Canterbury Tales
DANTE, Divine Comedy
MACHIAVELLI, The Prince
MALORY, Le Morte D'Arthur
MUHAMMAD, Koran

MONTAIGNE, Essays
MORE, Utopia
OMAR KHAYYÁM, The Rubáiyát
RABELAIS, Gargantua and
Pantagruel
SHAKESPEARE, Complete
Tragedies, Comedies, and
Histories

17th and 18th Centuries

BOSWELL, Life of Samuel Johnson BUNYAN, Pilgrim's Progress BURNS, Poems DEFOE, Robinson Crusoe
DESCARTES, Discourse on
Method
DONNE, Poems

FIELDING, Tom Jones
GIBBON, The Decline and Fall of
the Roman Empire
HAMILTON ET AL., Federalist
Papers
KANT, Critique of Pure Reason
LOCKE, Essay Concerning
Human Understanding
MALTHUS, Principle of
Population

MILTON, Paradise Lost
MOLIÈRE, Comedies
PAINE, The Rights of Man
ROUSSEAU, The Social Contract
SMITH, The Wealth of Nations
SPINOZA, Ethics
STERNE, Tristram Shandy
SWIFT, Gulliver's Travels
VOLTAIRE, Candide

19th Century

AUSTEN, Pride and Prejudice BALZAC, Eugénie Grandet BROWNING (ROBERT), Poems BYRON. Poems CHEKHOV, Plays DARWIN, The Origin of Species DICKENS, David Copperfield DICKINSON, Poems DOSTOEVSKI. The Brothers Karamazov ELIOT. Middlemarch EMERSON, Essays FLAUBERT, Madame Bovary GOETHE. Faust HARDY. Tess of the D'Urbervilles HAWTHORNE. The Scarlet Letter

HUGO. Les Misérables IBSEN. Dramas KEATS. Poems MARX, Capital MELVILLE, Moby Dick NIETZSCHE, The Will to Power POE. Short Stories SHELLEY, Poems STENDHAL. The Red and the Black THACKERAY, Vanity Fair THOREAU. Walden TOLSTOI, War and Peace TWAIN, Huckleberry Finn WHITMAN. Leaves of Grass WORDSWORTH, Poems ZOLA. Germinal

20th Century

BEAUVOIR, The Second Sex
BORGES, Labyrinths
EINSTEIN, The Meaning of
Relativity
ELIOT, Poems and Plays
ELLISON, Invisible Man
FAULKNER, The Sound and the
Fury
FRAZER, The New Golden
Bough

FREUD, Introduction to
Psychoanalysis
FROST, Poems
GARCÍA MÁRQUEZ, One Hundred
Years of Solitude
HEMINGWAY, The Sun Also
Rises
JAMES, The Ambassadors
JOYCE, Ulysses
LAWRENCE, Women in Love

MANN, **The Magic Mountain**O'NEILL, **Plays**PROUST, **Remembrance of Things Past**

SHAW, **Plays**WOOLF, **To the Lighthouse**YEATS, **Poems**

A Short List of Books to Read on Vacation

We know who you are—that is, you plural, the statistical you. We don't know who you are—you singular, the unique you. So the following list may seem useless or even offensive to you; you may want to do heavy reading on vacation and you dismiss light reading as so much fluff. We don't know, either, how long your vacation is: one week? two? or a year's sabbatical?

The area of our knowledge being small and our ignorance large, we've compiled an eclectic list of books arranged chronologically: some will thud to earth if your hammock overturns, some will float, and most will have an intermediate (or indeterminate) gravity. Note that there are amusing novels, detective stories, science fiction, and *high* literature. You may not like one (or more) of these genres, so avoid it (or them)—at least while vacationing. And have a pleasant time.

BIOGRAPHY: James Boswell, Life of Johnson

SCIENCE: Isaac Asimov, Asimov on Numbers

or Oliver Sacks, The Man Who Mistook His Wife for a Hat

SCIENCE FICTION: Stanislaw Lem, Solaris

or Arno Schmidt, The Egghead Republic

DRAMA: George Bernard Shaw, Plays

SHORT STORIES: Anton Chekhov, **Short Stories**

or Henry James, Short Stories

MYSTERIES: Josephine Tey, The Daughter of Time

or Sarah Caudwell, Thus Was Adonis Murdered

POETRY: The Norton Anthology of Modern Poetry

or M. L. Rosenthal et al., **Poetry in English: An Anthology**

NOVELS (Heavyweight):

George Eliot, Middlemarch
Thomas Hardy, The Return of the Native
Gustave Flaubert, Madame Bovary
Henry James, The Ambassadors
William Faulkner, The Sound and the Fury
Russell Hoban, Riddley Walker

NOVELS (Medium weight):

Jane Austen, **Pride and Prejudice**Anthony Trollope, **Barchester Towers**Kingsley Amis, **Lucky Jim**J. P. Donleavy, **The Ginger Man**Vladimir Nabokov, **Lolita**Gabriel García Márquez, **One Hundred Years of Solitude**

NOVELS (Lightweight):

Colette, Chéri

Max Beerbohm, Zuleika Dobson

P. G. Wodehouse, The Most of P. G. Wodehouse

J. B. Priestley, **The Good Companions**

Joyce Cary, The Horse's Mouth

A Short List of Books to Read before Entering College

Presumably you are going to study biology or history or mathematics or classics or computers—or all to (and for) some degree. In the pages of *Good Reading*, you'll find comprehensive lists of books important for your particular discipline. But there are other books that you ought to read before freshman classes begin, books your professors will hope you have read. Some you may have already absorbed; others you may have, for the time being, put aside. This list includes in chronological order more books than you will likely read. Select those that are new to you and appeal to you most: you'll find it hard to err.

Homer, Odyssey

Greek Drama: Aeschylus, The Oresteia

Sophocles, **Oedipus Rex, Antigone**Aristophanes, **The Clouds, The Birds**

Plato, Dialogues (The Phaedo; The Symposium; The Republic)

The Bible: Old Testament (Pentateuch; Job, Song of Songs, Isaiah)
New Testament (Luke)

William Shakespeare (at least two tragedies and two comedies that you have not read in high school classes)

Will Durant, The Story of Philosophy

Stephen Jay Gould, **Ever Since Darwin: Reflections in Natural History**

Sigmund Freud, Introductory Lectures on Psychoanalysis

The Norton Anthology of Poetry (browse among British and American poets from the 14th to the 20th century)

THE NOVEL

Try any of the novels you have not yet read
Daniel Defoe, Robinson Crusoe
Jonathan Swift, Gulliver's Travels
Voltaire, Candide
Henry Fielding, Tom Jones
Jane Austen, Pride and Prejudice
Charles Dickens, David Copperfield
Victor Hugo, Les Misérables
Nathaniel Hawthorne, The Scarlet Letter
Mark Twain, Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

Ernest Hemingway, **The Sun Also Rises**William Faulkner, **Light in August**D. H. Lawrence, **Sons and Lovers**Saul Bellow, **The Adventures of Augie March**

A Short List of Books to Read after Retirement

"Whatever a man soweth, that shall he also reap" seems to be the operative principle—generally, not invariably—as far as reading goes. And it goes pretty far. If you've read little, or read only romances and such pap, you will not be likely to settle down in your "golden years" to *The Golden Treasury* or *The Golden Notebook*. Give the list below a try, nevertheless. You may have had intellectual energy storing up in the bronze and silver years and now it may seek an outlet in reading. That you have come this far down the page despite our discouraging words is surely an encouraging sign.

If, however, you have read with some regularity and read books making a fair demand on your intelligence and sensibility, this list may be useful. It consists of books you have always wanted to read but never got around to—for excellent reasons, no doubt; probably of books you want to reread as well. Now you can; you have time aplenty—or so it is to be hoped. And you need please no one but yourself. Savor these, one by one, not necessarily in the order listed, of course (the order is thematic); and if you are not intrigued, captured, or at least titillated, reject it and proceed to the next. For though they are all worthwhile, any one might not be worth your while.

William Lessa and Evon Z. Vogt, **Reader in Comparative Religion** (an anthropological approach to comparative religion)

Charles Darwin, The Origin of Species

William Shakespeare, **Plays** (whichever you have missed or would like to reread)

Michel de Montaigne, Essays

Sigmund Freud, Introductory Lectures on Psychoanalysis

Samuel Stumpf, **Socrates to Sartre** (a survey of the great issues)

The Norton Anthology of Poetry

or

M. L. Rosenthal et al., Poetry in English: An Anthology

BIOGRAPHY

Any or all of the following will reward your effort

Mohandas K. Gandhi, **Autobiography** Frederick Douglass, **My Bondage and My Freedom**

xxix