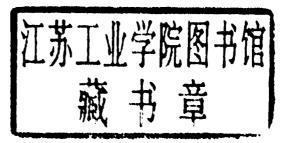


THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO THE

TWENTIETH-CENTURY ENGLISH NOVEL

EDITED BY ROBERT L. CASERIO

The Pennsylvania State University, University Park





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THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO THE TWENTIETH-CENTURY ENGLISH NOVEL

The twentieth-century English novel encompasses a vast body of work, and one of the most important and most widely read genres of literature. Balancing close readings of particular novels with a comprehensive survey of the last century of published fiction, this Companion introduces readers to more than a hundred major and minor novelists. It demonstrates continuities in novel-writing that bridge the century's pre- and postwar halves and presents leading critical ideas about English fiction's themes and forms. The essays examine the endurance of modernist style throughout the century, the role of nationality and the contested role of the English language in all its forms, and the relationships between realism and other fictional modes: fantasy, romance, science fiction. Students, scholars and readers will find this Companion an indispensable guide to the history of the English novel.

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1900	Joseph Conrad, Lord Jim
1901	Rudyard Kipling, Kim
	Death of Queen Victoria
	Edward VII becomes King
1902	Arthur Conan Doyle, The Hound of the Baskervilles
	J. A. Hobson, Imperialism
	Boer War ends
1903	Emmeline Pankhurst founds Women's Social and Political Union
1905	H. G. Wells, A Modern Utopia
	Henry James begins Prefaces to New York Edition of his works
1906	John Galsworthy, The Man of Property (first volume of The
	Forsyte Chronicles)
1907	Joseph Conrad, The Secret Agent
	Rudyard Kipling wins Nobel Prize for Literature
	New Zealand becomes a Dominion of the British Empire
1908	Arnold Bennett, The Old Wives' Tale
	G. K. Chesterton, The Man Who Was Thursday
1909	H. G. Wells, Tono-Bungay
	William Beveridge, Unemployment: A Problem for Industry
1910	E. M. Forster, Howards End
	Post-Impressionist Exhibition in London
	Death of King Edward VII
	George V becomes King
1911	H. G. Wells, The New Machiavelli
	National Insurance Act
1912	Conrad, Chance
	London dock strike
1913	D. H. Lawrence, Sons and Lovers
	Rabindranath Tagore wins Nobel Prize for Literature
	Trade Union Act

1914	Robert Tressell, The Ragged Trousered Philanthropists
	Curragh garrison mutiny in Ireland
	Britain declares war on Germany
1915	Ford Madox Ford, The Good Soldier
	Dorothy Richardson, Pointed Roofs (first volume of Pilgrimage)
1916	James Joyce, A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man
1917	Leonard and Virginia Woolf found the Hogarth Press
	Bolshevik Revolution in Russia
1918	Wyndham Lewis, Tarr
	Rebecca West, The Return of the Soldier
	Armistice signed, November 11
	Representation of the People Act gives universal male suffrage and
	suffrage to women over thirty
1919	James Tait Black Memorial Prize initiated
	Treaty of Versailles
	Nancy Astor, first female MP, takes seat in Parliament
	Massacre of Indians at Amritsar by British troops
1920	D. H. Lawrence, Women in Love
	British mandate over Palestine
	Government of Ireland Act and the creation of Northern Ireland
1921	Irish Free State created by Parliament
1922	James Joyce, Ulysses
1924	Ronald Firbank, The Flower Beneath the Foot
	Ford Madox Ford, Joseph Conrad: A Personal Record
	E. M. Forster, A Passage to India
	Death of Joseph Conrad
	Ramsay Macdonald becomes Prime Minister in first Labour
	government
1925	Virginia Woolf, Mrs. Dalloway
1926	Agatha Christie, The Murder of Roger Ackroyd
	Sylvia Townsend Warner, Lolly Willowes
	BBC chartered
	General Strike, May 3–12
1928	Aldous Huxley, Point Counter Point
	D. H. Lawrence, Lady Chatterley's Lover
	Virginia Woolf, Orlando
	Representation of the People Act gives suffrage to women aged
	twenty-one
1929	Elizabeth Bowen, The Last September
	Virginia Woolf, A Room of One's Own
	New York stock market collapse

1930	Death of D. H. Lawrence
	The Great Depression reaches Britain
1931	Ivy Compton-Burnett, Men and Wives
1932	Aldous Huxley, Brave New World
	John Galsworthy wins Nobel Prize for Literature
1933	John Cowper Powys, A Glastonbury Romance
1934	Lewis Grassic Gibbon, Grey Granite (final volume of A Scots
	Quair)
	Evelyn Waugh, A Handful of Dust
1935	Christopher Isherwood, Mr. Norris Changes Trains
	Dorothy Sayers, Gaudy Night
	Allen Lane establishes Penguin Books
1936	Mulk Raj Anand, Coolie
	James Barke, Major Operation
	Winifred Holtby, South Riding
	Aldous Huxley, Eyeless in Gaza
	C. L. R. James, Minty Alley
	Death of Rudyard Kipling
	Left Book Club founded
	Death of George V
	Edward VIII becomes King; Edward VIII abdicates
	George VI becomes King
	Start of Spanish Civil War; Britain signs Nonintervention
	Agreement and pledges neutrality in Spain
1937	Wyndham Lewis, The Revenge for Love
	George Orwell, The Road to Wigan Pier
	Olaf Stapledon, Star Maker
	Virginia Woolf, The Years
1938	Graham Greene, Brighton Rock
1939	Joyce Cary, Mister Johnson
	Henry Green, Party Going
	James Joyce, Finnegans Wake
	Flann O'Brien, At Swim-Two-Birds
	T. H. White, The Sword in the Stone
*	Britain declares war on Germany
1940	Graham Greene, The Power and the Glory
	W. Somerset Maugham, The Razor's Edge
	C. P. Snow, Strangers and Brothers (first volume in the Strangers
	and Brothers series)
	Evacuation of Dunkirk
	Battle of Britain begins; London Blitz

1941	Death of James Joyce
	Virginia Woolf commits suicide
1942	John Llewellyn Rhys Prize initiated
	Social Insurance and Allied Services ("The Beveridge Report")
1944	Joyce Cary, The Horse's Mouth
1945	R. K. Narayan, The English Teacher
	George Orwell, Animal Farm
	J. B. Priestley, Three Men in New Suits
	Germany surrenders
	Japan surrenders after U.S. atomic bombing of Hiroshima and
	Nagasaki
	Landslide victory for Labour
1946	Mervyn Peake, Titus Groan (first volume of "Gormenghast"
	trilogy)
	Death of H. G. Wells
	National Health Service Act
	Nationalization of Bank of England, civil aviation, and coal
	BBC Third Programme begins broadcasts
	Burma independence
1947	Somerset Maugham Award initiated
	Nationalization of railways
	Indian independence; India partitioned into India and Pakistan
	Partition of Palestine
1949	Elizabeth Bowen, The Heat of the Day
	George Orwell, Nineteen Eighty-Four
	Arrival of the Empire Windrush
	Britain joins NATO
1951	Samuel Beckett, Molloy
	G. V. Desani, All About H. Hatterr
	Anthony Powell, A Question of Upbringing (first volume of A
	Dance to the Music of Time)
	Henry Williamson, The Dark Lantern (first volume of A Chronicle
	of Ancient Sunlight)
1952	Doris Lessing, Martha Quest (first volume of
	Children of Violence)
	Barbara Pym, Excellent Women
	Angus Wilson, Hemlock and After
	Death of George VI
	Elizabeth II becomes Queen
	Britain announces atomic bomb
1053	Ian Fleming, Casino Royale

1954	Kingsley Amis, Lucky Jim
	William Golding, Lord of the Flies
	George Lamming, The Emigrants
	J. R. R. Tolkien, The Fellowship of the Ring (first volume of The
	Lord of the Rings)
1956	Anthony Burgess, Time for a Tiger (first volume of A Malayan
	Trilogy)
	Samuel Selvon, The Lonely Londoners
	Angus Wilson, Anglo-Saxon Attitudes
	Suez crisis
1957	Lawrence Durrell, Justine (first volume of The Alexandria Quartet)
1958	V. S. Naipaul, The Suffrage of Elvira
	Alan Sillitoe, Saturday Night and Sunday Morning
	Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament begins
1960	Wilson Harris, The Palace of the Peacock (first volume of The
	Guyana Quartet)
	George Lamming, The Pleasures of Exile
	Olivia Manning, The Great Fortune (first volume of The Balkan
	Trilogy)
	Edna O'Brien, The Country Girls
	Penguin Books acquitted in Lady Chatterley's Lover obscenity trial
	Cyprus gains independence
	Nigeria gains independence
1961	Iris Murdoch, A Severed Head
	Muriel Spark, The Prime of Miss Jean Brodie
	Expulsion of South Africa from Commonwealth
1962	Doris Lessing, The Golden Notebook
1963	John Le Carré, The Spy Who Came in from the Cold
	Muriel Spark, The Girls of Slender Means
1964	B. S. Johnson, Albert Angelo
1965	Race Relations Act addresses racial discrimination
1966	Paul Scott, The Jewel in the Crown (first volume of The Raj
	Quartet)
1967	Winifred Holtby Award for regional fiction initiated (renamed
	Ondaatje Prize, 2004)
	Abortion legalized
	Homosexual acts between consenting adults decriminalized
1969	Brigid Brophy, In Transit
	John Fowles, The French Lieutenant's Woman
	Samuel Beckett wins Nobel Prize for Literature

Booker Prize initiated (renamed Man Booker Prize, 2002)

1970	J. G. Ballard, The Atrocity Exhibition
1971	Iris Murdoch, The Black Prince
	Whitbread Book Award initiated (renamed Costa Book
	Award, 2006)
1972	John Berger, G
	John Brunner, The Sheep Look Up
1973	Britain joins European Economic Community
1975	Christine Brooke-Rose, Thru
	David Lodge, Changing Places
1977	Margaret Drabble, The Ice Age
1978	Scottish and Welsh Devolution Acts
1979	John Berger, Pig Earth (first volume of Into Their Labours trilogy)
	Nicholas Mosley, Catastrophe Practice (first volume of Catas-
	trophe Practice series)
	Conservative victory; Margaret Thatcher becomes
	Prime Minister
1980	P. D. James, Innocent Blood
1981	Alasdair Gray, Lanark
1982	Falklands War
1983	William Golding wins Nobel Prize for Literature
1984	Kingsley Amis, Money
	Julian Barnes, Flaubert's Parrot
	Angela Carter, Nights at the Circus
1987	V. S. Naipaul, The Enigma of Arrival
	Commonwealth Writers' Prize initiated
1988	Neil Gaiman begins Sandman graphic novel series
	Alan Hollinghurst, The Swimming Pool Library
	Michael Moorcock, Mother London
	Salman Rushdie, The Satanic Verses
1989	Kazuo Ishiguro, The Remains of the Day
	Islamic decree calls for Salman Rushdie's death for insult to Islam
	in The Satanic Verses
1990	A. S. Byatt, Possession
	Hanif Kureishi, The Buddha of Suburbia
1991	Angela Carter, Wise Children
	Iain Sinclair, Downriver
	Pat Barker, Regeneration (first volume of Regeneration trilogy)
	The Gulf War
	Collapse of the Soviet Union
1002	Ian McEwan, Black Dogs

1993	Salman Rushdie's Midnight's Children awarded Booker of Booke	
	Prize (best Booker novel of the prize's first twenty-five years)	
	Anglo-Irish Peace Declaration in Northern Ireland	
1994	James Kelman, How Late it Was, How Late	
	Apartheid ends in South Africa	
	IRA declares truce in Northern Ireland	
1995	Salman Rushdie, The Moor's Last Sigh	
1996	Orange Prize (for women writers) initiated	
1997	Tony Blair's New Labour government elected	
1998	China Miéville, King Rat	
	Re-establishment of the Scottish Parliament; creation of the	
	National Assembly for Wales	
1999	Use of euro begins; Britain declines participation	
2001	V. S. Naipaul wins Nobel Prize for Literature	
2007	Doris Lessing wins Nobel Prize for Literature	

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ROBERT L. CASERIO

Introduction

The following chapters attempt a comprehensive overview of the twentieth-century English novel. Their attempt is unusual, because literary history customarily divides the last century into distinct halves. The first half of the customary division, ending with World War II, focuses on modernist authors and works and their contexts, and thereby consolidates modernism's great achievements in fiction. The second half hypothesizes a postmodern age, and treats fiction in light of hypotheses about what postmodernism is (one of the hypotheses is that postmodernism abandons thinking in terms of great artistic achievements). Sound, subtle and fruitful reasoning, by numerous distinguished commentators, justifies such an apportionment of literary history. But the separation also tends to compartmentalize knowledge, and to insure itself against challenge.

Although compartmentalizing need not refute continuities, it does not always stimulate awareness of them. This volume, bridging pre-1945 and post-1945 fiction, searches out more continuities between modernism and postmodernism than meet the eye. It explores dynamic similarities as well as contrasts among novels that span generational, cultural, and contextual differences. It is common for literary historians to consider post-Windrush novelists, who left behind their colonial origins in exchange for life in London, as doubly figures of exile: dislocated from their first home, yet unable to be at ease in their second home, hence perpetually diasporic. What is not common is for literary historians to consider ways in which such an exilic condition is prefigured in the modernist moment, and is attached to it in terms of repetition and variation - via Henry James, Conrad, Joyce, and Lawrence's self-imposed exiles, or in terms of feminist or "minority" writers who feel internally if not externally exiled from gender roles or social orders that regulate their experience. Differences between modernist and post-Windrush phenomenologies of exile certainly are not to be underestimated, above all in regard to race and class differences; but contrasts are not the only story to be told about them. Whatever differentiates dislocations of