THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO



CHARLES DICKENS

Edited by John O. Jordan

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EDITED BY
JOHN O. JORDAN

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THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO CHARLES DICKENS

The Cambridge Companion to Charles Dickens contains fourteen chapters by leading international scholars, who together provide diverse but complementary approaches to the full span of Dickens's work, with particular focus on his major fiction. The essays cover the whole range of Dickens's writing, from Sketches by Boz through The Mystery of Edwin Drood. Separate chapters address important thematic topics: childhood, the city, and domestic ideology. Others consider formal features of the novels, including their serial publication and Dickens's distinctive use of language. Three final chapters examine Dickens in relation to work in other media: illustration, theatre, and film. Each essay provides guidance to further reading. The volume as a whole offers a valuable introduction to Dickens for students and general readers, as well as fresh insights, informed by recent critical theory, that will be of interest to scholars and teachers of his novels.

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ILLUSTRATIONS

Ι	Portrait of Charles Dickens, engraved from the painting by Daniel Maclise, <i>Nicholas Nickleby</i> , numbers 19 and 20, 1839. Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection.	page 30
2	Hablot K. Browne ("Phiz"), "Paul and Mrs Pipchin," from <i>Dombey</i> and Son (1846–48). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection	170
3	George Cruikshank, "Oliver's Reception by Fagin and the Boys," from Oliver Twist (1837–39), Bentley's Miscellany, November 1837. George Cruikshank Collection, Woodson Research Center, Fondren Library.	172
4	Hablot K. Browne, "The Little Old Lady," from <i>Bleak House</i> (1852–53). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection.	174
5	Hablot K. Browne, "The Visit at the Brickmaker's," from <i>Bleak House</i> (1852–53). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection.	176
6	Hablot K. Browne, "In Re Guppy. Extraordinary Proceedings," from <i>Bleak House</i> (1852–53). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection	1 <i>77</i>
7	Hablot K. Browne, "The Children at their Cousin's Grave," from <i>Nicholas Nickleby</i> (1838–39). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbe Collection.	178 t

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

8	Hablot K. Browne, "The Magnanimous conduct of Mr. Guppy," from <i>Bleak House</i> (1852–53). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection.	180
9	Hablot K. Browne, "A New Meaning in the Roman," from <i>Bleak House</i> (1852–53). Courtesy of Special Collections, University Library, University of California, Santa Cruz. Ada B. Nisbet Collection.	182
10	Anonymous, ad for Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper from the Bleak House Advertiser. Courtesy of the University of Oregon Library.	185
11	Eighteenth-century London reconstructed in "facsimile" for the Hepworth Company's landmark 1915 film of <i>Barnaby Rudge</i> . British Film Institute.	206
12	The "Slapbang restaurant," in Christine Edzard's evocative marathon Little Dorrit (1987). Frame enlargement, courtesy of Sands Films.	210
13	Designer John Bryan with white-card model of his set for Jacob's Island, in David Lean's Oliver Twist (1948). Production still, British Film Institute.	212
14	"I have come back, Miss Havisham! I have come back!" Pip precipitates the famously unfaithful ending to David Lean's <i>Great Expectations</i> (1946). British Film Institute.	216
15	Child star Jackie Coogan asks for more in Frank Lloyd's silent Oliver Twist (1922). Publicity image, courtesy of the Library of Congress.	220

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Dickens and Film, Film and Dickens, forthcoming from Manchester University Press.

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NOTES ON REFERENCES AND EDITIONS

So many editions of Dickens's works are in use that the most useful citations are simply parenthetical references to chapter numbers (e.g., BH 35) or book and chapter numbers in the case of Hard Times, Little Dorrit, A Tale of Two Cities, and Our Mutual Friend (e.g., OMF 2.5). Title and chapter numbers are not included where the context makes them clear.

The best modern editions of Dickens's works are generally those of the Clarendon edition of the novels, published by Oxford University Press. These also appear (without textual notes) in the more recent volumes in the Oxford World's Classics editions. The Norton Critical editions of Oliver Twist, Hard Times, Bleak House, David Copperfield, and Great Expectations are excellent, and the Penguin editions are usually the next best, though these are being challenged by a new series of Everymans and volumes published by Bedford/St. Martin's and Broadview that, like Norton Criticals, include much supplementary material. In quoting from the novels, contributors to this volume have relied principally on Clarendons, Norton Criticals, and Penguins. Quotations from the minor works have been taken from the New Oxford Illustrated Dickens (Oxford University Press, 1947–58).

For letters, we have used the now authoritative Pilgrim edition where possible, citing by date (British format, as in Pilgrim). Quotations from Forster's *Life of Charles Dickens* are cited by book and chapter.

ABBREVIATIONS

ACC A Christmas Carol
AYR All the Year Round
BH Bleak House
BR Barnaby Rudge
DC David Copperfield

DS Dombey and Son GE Great Expectations

HT Hard Times

HW Household Words

LD Little Dorrit

MC Martin Chuzzlewit

MED The Mystery of Edwin Drood

NN Nicholas Nickleby

OCS The Old Curiosity Shop

OMF Our Mutual Friend

OT Oliver Twist

PP The Pickwick Papers
SB Sketches by Boz
TTC A Tale of Two Cities

Forster The Life of Charles Dickens

Pilgrim The Letters of Charles Dickens. The Pilgrim edition. Madeline

House, Graham Storey, Kathleen Tillotson, et al. (eds.).

Clarendon Press, 1965 to present. Currently in 10 volumes.

References are to volume and page.

CHRONOLOGY

Born in Portsmouth (7 February) to John and Elizabeth Dickens.

Dickens begins education at William Giles's School. Writes the

John Dickens transferred to London (summer). Family moves to

Family moves to Chatham, near Rochester in Kent.

tragedy, Misnar, the Sultan of India.

	Camden Town.
1824	John Dickens imprisoned for debt in the Marshalsea Prison (20
	February-28 May). The young Charles Dickens is sent to work
	at Warren's Blacking Factory (late January/early February-June).
1825	Attends Wellington House Academy.
1827	Family evicted for non-payment of rates (March). Dickens leaves
,	school and becomes a clerk at Ellis & Blackmore, solicitors.
1828-29	Learns shorthand and works as a freelance reporter at Doctors'
	Commons.
1830	Falls in love with Maria Beadnell.
1831-34	Works as a parliamentary reporter.
1832	Considers a career in acting but fails, on account of illness, to
	keep his appointment for an audition at Covent Garden Theatre.
1833	Publishes first story, "A Dinner at Poplar Walk," in The Monthly
	Magazine.
1834	Becomes reporter for The Morning Chronicle. Meets Catherine
	Hogarth (August). Publishes stories in various periodicals.
1836	Collects previously published stories into his first book, Sketches
	by Boz (First Series, 8 February). Marries Catherine Hogarth (2
	April). Serialization of Pickwick Papers (April 1836-November
	1837). The Strange Gentleman produced at the St. James's
	Theatre (29 September) followed by The Village Coquettes (22
	December). Sketches by Boz, Second Series published (17
	December). Resigns from The Morning Chronicle to assume edi-
	torship of Bentley's Miscellany.
:	

1812

1817

1821

1822

Chronology

- First number of *Bentley's Miscellany* (1 January). The first of his ten children is born (6 January). Moves to 48 Doughty Street (April). Death of Mary Hogarth (7 May). First visit to Europe (July). Oliver *Twist* serialized in *Bentley's* (February 1837–April 1839).
- Edits and publishes Memoirs of Joseph Grimaldi. Nicholas Nickleby serialized (April 1838-October 1839).
- 1839 Resigns editorship of Bentley's Miscellany (31 January).
- Sketches of Young Couples (10 February). Old Curiosity Shop serialized in Master Humphrey's Clock (25 April 1840-6 February 1841).
- 1841 Barnaby Rudge serialized in Master Humphrey's Clock (13 February-27 November).
- Visit to America (January–June). *American Notes* published (19 October).
- 1843 Martin Chuzzlewit serialized (January 1843–July 1844). A Christmas Carol published (19 December).
- Lives one year in Italy with his family (from July). *The Chimes* published (16 December).
- Returns to London (June). Directs and acts in Jonson's *Every Man in His Humour*. The Cricket on the Hearth published (20 December). Begins composition of the autobiographical fragment (c. 1845–48).
- Edits *The Daily News* (21 January-9 February) and lives part of the year in Switzerland and Paris. *Pictures from Italy* published (18 May). *Dombey and Son* serialized (October 1846-April 1848).
- The Haunted Man published (19 December).
- David Copperfield serialized (May 1849-November 1850).
- Founds and edits the weekly journal *Household Words* (until May 1859).
- Dickens family moves to Tavistock House (November).
- 1852 Bleak House serialized (March 1852-September 1853).
- 1854 Hard Times serialized in Household Words (1 April-12 August).
- Meets Maria Beadnell (now Mrs. Winter) again. Lives in Paris (October 1855–April 1856). Little Dorrit serialized (December 1855–June 1857).
- 1856 Purchases Gad's Hill Place, near Rochester in Kent.
- Directs and acts in Wilkie Collins's *The Frozen Deep*. Meets Ellen Ternan.
- Gives his first public readings for profit (29 April–22 July). Legal separation from Catherine (May). First provincial reading tour (2 August–13 November).

CHRONOLOGY

1859	Founds	s and edits All t	ne Year Koi	ına.	A Ia	ie of i	$wo \cup i$	ties seri-
	alized i	in the new weel	kly journal (30 F	April-	26 N	ovemb	er).
1860	Great	Expectations	serialized	in	All	the	Year	Round
	/ D	l A	A - 0 (- 1					

(1 December-3 August 1861).

Our Mutual Friend serialized (May 1864-November 1865).

- Staplehurst train wreck (9 June). Dickens sustains minor injuries and long-lasting trauma.
- American reading tour (November 1867-April 1868).
- Twelve farewell readings in London (January). Received by Queen Victoria (9 March). Begins serializing *The Mystery of Edwin Drood* (April). Dies on 9 June at Gad's Hill of a cerebral hemorrhage.

PREFACE

Dickens is unusual if not unique among canonical English-language authors in remaining at once a vital focus of academic research and a major figure in popular culture. Only Shakespeare, Mark Twain, and perhaps Jane Austen can compare with him in terms of their ability to hold the attention of both a scholarly and a general audience. The range of Dickens's appeal throughout the English-speaking world can be measured not only by his regular presence on school reading lists and in university courses, but by the frequency with which his novels continue to be adapted for the stage, for television, and for feature-length films. In Britain, where his image has appeared on postage stamps and on the ten-pound note, Dickens has become a staple of the national culture, a commodity available for export as well as for internal circulation. In North America, where hardly a day goes by without some Dickens reference appearing in the local or national press, A Christmas Carol has attained virtually the status of myth and elicits parodies, piracies, and annual theatrical performances with increasing frequency. Extending Paul Davis's apt phrase about the Carol, one might say that Dickens has become a "culture-text" for the world at large.

Meanwhile, Dickens's reputation in the academy continues to rise.¹ No longer dismissed as a mere comic entertainer, he is widely recognized as the preeminent novelist of the Victorian age and a major figure in world literature. Recent criticism has come to value not only the journalistic and documentary side of his work, but the very qualities of excess – sprawling melodramatic plots, larger-than-life characters, verbal extravagance – that earlier critics had identified as signs of artistic weakness. His novels provide a fertile testing ground for new theories and methodologies. They attract the attention of scholars coming from a wide variety of critical approaches: feminist, new historicist, psychoanalytic, and deconstructionist, as well as from more traditional historical and formalist perspectives.

The Cambridge Companion to Charles Dickens takes cognizance of the diverse audiences to which Dickens appeals and of the different approaches