

Series C: Matters of Opinion

Pack C1

MEN AND WOMEN IN SOCIETY
STUDENTS AND THEIR ATTITUDES

Oxford University Press

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Series C: Matters of Or

LISTENERS

Mary Underwood and Pauline Barr

MEN AND WOMEN IN SOCIETY
STUDENTS AND THEIR ATTITUDES

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MEN AND WOMEN IN SOCIETY

	What are the differences? At school; physical strength; in business; driving.	7
	Role differences Stereotypes and roles; housework and housewives; looking after the children; a male 'housewife'.	10
Part 3	At work Jobs for women; equal opportunities; career or family; discrimination and positive discrimination.	15
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	STUDENTS AND THEIR ATTITUDES	
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Part 2	Attitudes to study Dawn, Mike, Don and Sheila give their views.	3*
Part 3	Attitudes to money Being short of money; loans instead of grants; coping on a grant.	33
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What are 'Listeners'?

A series of listening programmes on cassette, designed to be used by students working on their own. Each cassette contains two programmes lasting 30 minutes each; and the book which goes with the cassette contains the notes and exercises for both programmes.

What's the aim of 'Listeners'?

'Listeners' give you the opportunity to hear, and learn to understand, 'the real thing'—English as native speakers use it when they talk to each other. To get the most out of the programmes, you should use the book and do the exercises at the same time as you listen. After that, listen to the programme again just for pleasure.

What's in the programmes?

Conversations, discussions, interviews and stories about the topic of the programme. These 'Extracts' are linked together in the programme by the presenter's commentary and by songs and music; another speaker gives you the instructions.

What's in the books?

Short introductions to the Extracts; Notes on the language used by the speakers; Exercises to help you understand them; the Transcript of the Extracts; the Answers to the exercises where they are needed; and the Words, if any, of the songs.

How do you use 'Listeners'?

- The book will tell you when to listen to your tape. As you read through, you will come to the words 'Start your tape' and see a symbol in the margin; you must start your tape whenever you come to that symbol.
- 2 The tape will tell you when to read your book. As you listen, you will hear the words 'Stop your tape and read about Extract A' or 'Stop your tape and do Exercise A', and then you will hear three musical notes; you must stop your tape and read your book whenever you hear those notes.
- 3 If you have a counter on your cassette recorder, set it at 000 when you begin the programme. Then, whenever you see the symbol in the margin, write the counter number in the box before you press the







button. This will help you to find the correct place if you want to rewind the tape and listen again.

- 4 The Extracts. These are the parts of the programme you must listen to most carefully. Don't worry if you don't understand everything you hear, but do rewind your tape and listen again if you haven't understood enough to do the exercises. You will hear people with all kinds of accents, some speaking slowly, others more quickly. Remember that, in order to benefit from the programmes and to enjoy them, you don't need to understand every word the speakers say.
- 5 The Notes. Many of the Extracts have notes on the language used by the speakers. Study these notes before you listen to the Extracts; they will help you to understand.
- 6 The Exercises. These are designed firstly to help you practise listening and to focus your attention on the Extracts, and also, in some cases, to help you find out how well you have understood. Some of the exercises should be done before you listen to the Extract, others after you listen, and others while you are listening; the book tells you when and how to do them. Also, some of the exercises are recorded on the tape; again, the book will tell you how to do them.
- 7 The Transcript. This is a printed version of the exact words of the speakers in each Extract. Try not to look at the Transcript until after you have listened to the Extract and done the exercises.
- 8 The Answers. The answers to some of the exercises are printed after the Transcript; the other exercises do not have a definite or 'correct' answer—they depend on your opinions or imagination. Don't look at the answers until you have done the exercises.

Remember these two rules:

Read until you see the symbol



Listen until you hear the notes



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MEN AND WOMEN IN A SOCIETY OF SOC

Start your tape and listen.

Part 1 What are the differences?

Extract A At school.

Fiona, who's fifteen, talks about boys and girls at school.

disciplined here, behaving properly.
put over to (informal) persuade.

impressions here, doing things to impress others favourably.

show-off moods (informal) doing things to make other people

vice versa the other way round.

a mixed school a school with both boys and girls.

looked up to respected.

smarter quicker, cleverer.

the sixth form the highest class in a secondary school, for pupils aged sixteen to eighteen.

outlooks attitudes.

Exercise A1

What do you think are the differences between boys and girls in school? Put a tick $(\ \)$ in one of the columns on the left to show what you think. (Don't use the columns on the right yet.)

	I think:		Fiona thinks:	
Min letinite tirk a quality.	boys of 15	girls of 15	boys of 15	girls of 15
i Who is more disciplined?	BUILD E SUITE	omenso-marks		
2 Who is more respected?				
3 Who is more serious about their work?	Listen and	Britset C		
4 Who is further ahead?	THEO OF THE	HOR SHIP I	Par he area	listen to



Find out what Fiona thinks by listening to Extract A. Fill in the columns on the right as you listen.

Start your tape and listen to Extract A.

Exercise A2 Answer these questions to show what Fiona thinks.

- I Are the girls impressed when the boys 'show off'?
- 2 Why are the girls respected more than the boys?
- 3 Are the boys always behind the girls?
- 4 Are fifteen-year-old boys more grown up than fifteen-year-old girls?

Extract B

Physical strength.

Nigel compares the strength of men and women.

hardier tougher, more able to bear extremes.

Exercise B1

Do you think men are stronger than women? Find out if Nigel agrees with you by listening to Extract B.

10

Start your tape and listen to Extract B.

Exercise B2

Mark each of the following statements T for true and F for false according to Extract B. If the answer is not clear from the tape, mark the statement with a question mark (?). Listen to Extract B again if you need to.

- I Women are hardier than men.
- 2 Women cannot do heavy work.
- 3 Men have more physical strength.
- 4 Men live longer.
- 5 Women can survive better in extreme temperatures.

Extract C Who does best?

Margaret and Fiona discuss whether men do better

Exercise C1 You can find the words which are missing below in Extract C. Listen and fill them in.

- I the ability to bear terrible things
- 2 the ability to achieve things by yourself
- in ive

3 the ability to keep trying until you achieve your aim

The self of	. 2
	11
FER BUILDING	1.5

4 being adventurous p p . . . p p p

Start your tape and listen to Extract C.

Exercise C2 Listen to Extract C again and write down Margaret's final remarks. Begin:

'No, I, I still think in business

Extract D Driving.

Pat is a driving instructor. He has taught many hundreds of men and women to drive.

have the impression believe.

pick it up learn it.

whereas but.

licence here, driving licence.

entitles him allows him.

tear up destroy.

the plates 'L' (learner) plates, showing that the driver has not yet

got his licence.

slide here, return to bad habits.

Exercise D Look at the statements below. Put a tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) or a cross (x) in the column on the left to show whether you agree with them or not.

opical activates. Write down two	I think:	Pat thinks:
1 Men are good drivers.	rant painting the	
2 Women are bad drivers.	ng dictaions	
3 Men learn to drive quickly.	Comments instito	
4 Women learn to drive more slowly.	L. Hornes, K. archit	macine Till
5 Women forget good driving habits.	Be on the state of	10000
6 Men remember good driving habits.	a period of nater.	



Fill in the column on the right for Pat as you listen to Extract D.

Start your tape and listen to Extract D.



Part 2 Role differences

Start your tape and listen.

Extract E

Stereotypes.

David talks about male and female stereotypes.

stereotypes fixed traditional pictures of what people are like.
ironing making clothes smooth, after washing.
fixed jokes here, the same old 'funny' stories.
mother-in-law jokes jokes about the wife's mother.
reinforce make stronger.
conception here, idea, image.
is pushed on us i.e. we are made to believe it.



Exercise E1

Imagine you have to prepare an advertisement for television. You want to show a man, a woman, a boy and a girl all doing 'typical' activities. Write down two activities you might choose for each. For example, man: painting the house.

A Maria Jessan en detre quillos



Listen to Extract E to find out whether David talks about the 'typical' activities you have written down.

Start your tape and listen to Extract E.

Exercise E2 List all the things which David says reinforce the stereotype of a woman, Listen to Extract E again if you need to.

Extract F The roles people play.

Malcolm, a sociologist, talks about the different roles men and women play in society.

ambiguity here, no clear distinction.
predictability able to be guessed.
child-rearing bringing up children.
division of labour who does which jobs.
joint shared.
tasks jobs.
rigidly strongly, clearly.

Exercise F

There are four incomplete statements from Extract F recorded on your tape. For each one, choose from the possible alternatives below the one that would sensibly complete it. You can hear what Malcolm actually says when you listen to Extract F.

- I A society today
 B everything nowadays
 - C the roles people play
- 2 A how people think
 - B what people will do C when people work
- 3 A making money
 - B repairing things
 - C bringing up children
- 4 A sharing decisions
 - B women making decisions
 - C men making decisions

Start your tape for Exercise F and Extract F.



To be a housewife or not? Clare explains her views.



Start your tape and listen to Extract G.

Exercise G Complete this sentence:

Clare thinks that a woman should . .

Extract H Sharing the housework.

Dawn talks about men and women sharing jobs.



household chores housework.

Start your tape and listen to Extract H.

Exercise H

Is the situation Dawn describes true in your country? Write a short explanation of what generally happens. Begin like this:

In my country, the men usually . . .



Extract I Who looks after the children?

Barbara is expecting her first child very soon. She talks about the discussions she's had recently with her husband.

burden here, responsibility. modify change.

boosts his ego makes him feel more important.

the prop and stay the main support.

albeit even if.

a blow here, a shock.

come to terms with accept.

led to think persuaded.

Exercise II Agree or disagree with the following statements by putting a tick $(\sqrt{})$ or a cross (x) in the column on the left.

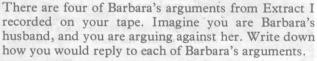
	I think:	Barbara thinks:
I Women with children at school shouldn't go out to work.		
2 It should always be the mother who looks after a sick child.		
3 Men's jobs are more important than women's jobs.	it unlag to large	in the
4 Men don't like to think that they're important.	wat County	er X o croding A s



Fill in the column on the right for Barbara as you listen to Extract I.

Start your tape and listen to Extract I.

Exercise I2



Start your tape for Exercise I2.

Extract J A male 'housewife'.

Barbara explains what a friend of hers does.

running the children back and forth here, taking them by car. goes through the roof (informal) gets very angry.

Exercise J1 There are four incomplete statements from Extract J recorded on your tape. For each one, choose the

alternative below which most sensibly completes the statement. You can hear what Barbara actually says when you listen to Extract J.

- I A to work
 - B to her mother
 - C to reading a lot
- 2 A left home
 - B stopped working
 - C made a lot of money
- 3 A ever
 - B two days
 - C two years
- 4 A he is happy
 - B he is angry
 - C he says nothing

Start your tape for Exercise J1 and Extract J. 1000 model

Exercise J2 What do you think of Barbara's friend's arrangement? Complete this sentence:

'I think don't think it's a good idea because ...'

Extract K Changing things.

Scilla explains her feelings.

category a group of similar things or people.

women mould the men women form the men, make them as they want them to be.

raise here, bring up.

feminists people who fight for women's rights.

a male-orientated society a society organized in favour of men.

Exercise K Find out whether Scilla agrees with these statements by listening to Extract K. Tick (\checkmark) the statements she agrees with.

- 1 No man ever nelps a woman.
- 2 Women are responsible for how men behave, since it is mothers who bring up sons.
- Women get the men they really deserve.



4 Feminists believe it's a male-orientated society.

5 Giving a little girl dolls to play with doesn't influence the role she will play in society.

Start your tape and listen to Extract K.



Part 3 At work.

Start your tape and listen.



Extract L Jobs for women.

Dawn talks about jobs for women.

bias specially favourable treatment.

Civil Service government administrators.

grades marks in exams.

ironed out here, solved.

- Extract M Equal opportunities.

 Scilla explains her views.
- Exercise M Do you think women have the same job opportunities as men? Look at the statements below. Show what you think by putting a tick (\(\sqrt{} \)) and a cross (x) in the column on the left.

	I think:	Scilla thinks:
I A woman has exactly the same opportunities as a man.		
2 A woman has to work just as hard as a man.		
3 In practice, women don't have the same opportunities as men.		
4 It's easier for a man to do well at work.		



Fill in the column on the right for Scilla as you listen to Extract M.

Start your tape and listen to Extract M.

Extract N

Working women in society.

Malcolm, the sociologist you heard in Extract F, gives some background information.

in a big wave in a sudden rush, in large numbers.

class background i.e. social class: working class, middle class or upper class.

skilled manual (work) specialized work using the hands.