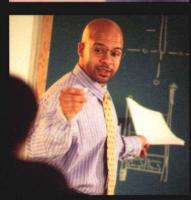
Experiencing CORRECTIONS



FROM PRACTITIONER TO PROFESSOR

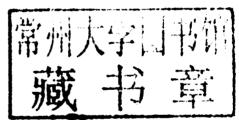


Edited by LEE MICHAEL JOHNSON



CORRECTIONS

FROM PRACTITIONER TO PROFESSOR



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SAGE Publications, Inc. 2455 Teller Road Thousand Oaks, California 91320 E-mail: order@sagepub.com

SAGE Publications Ltd. 1 Oliver's Yard 55 City Road London EC1Y 1SP United Kingdom

SAGE Publications India Pvt. Ltd. B 1/I 1 Mohan Cooperative Industrial Area Mathura Road, New Delhi 110 044 India

SAGE Publications Asia-Pacific Pte. Ltd. 33 Pekin Street #02-01 Far East Square Singapore 048763

Acquisitions Editor: Jerry Westby Editorial Assistant: Erim Sarbuland Production Editor: Karen Wiley Copy Editor: Patricia Sutton Typesetter: C&M Digitals (P) Ltd. Prooffeader: Gail Fay Indexer: Jeanne Busemeyer Cover Designer: Candice Harman Marketing Manager: Erica DeLuca

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Printed in the United States of America

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Experiencing corrections: From practitioner to professor / edited by Lee Michael Johnson.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 978-1-4129-8847-6 (pbk.)

1. Corrections. 2. Educational sociology. I. Johnson, Lee Michael.

HV8665.E975 2012 364.6—dc22 2010046431

This book is printed on acid-free paper.

11 12 13 14 15 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Preface

his book is a collection of essays written by professors with practical experience in corrections. It was written to help bridge the gap between academia and practice. Its main purpose is to support teaching and learning activities that integrate vicarious and experiential learning in corrections. Few outlets are offered to social scientists desiring to publish scholarly works using their personal experiences. This is unfortunate given that personal employment experiences of scholars constitute a valuable resource for making concrete connections between academics and practice. Directly experiencing "each world" increases the scholar's ability to identify these connections. Creating this book served as an opportunity for professors to conduct scholarly analyses using personal experiences and to counter the impression that academic scholars are "out of touch" with the real world. It is offered to help readers develop their abilities to connect scholarship and practice and, by doing so, increase their power to improve practice and make corrections work more rewarding.

Getting students to make meaningful connections between course work and "the real world" is important to most teachers, but finding materials that help students make these connections can be difficult. As most students understand, applying academics and practice to one another is a complicated task; the connections are often not readily apparent. Like other important abilities that students are expected to acquire, such as writing and data analysis skills, conceptualizing connections between academics and practice is an ability that teachers must develop in students. One method frequently used by instructors is drawing from past experiences to help explain lecture material, which is attractive because the concreteness and familiarity of personal examples make concepts clearer to students. This book employs

the same general strategy but in a more involved and structured way; it gives readers written detailed descriptions that they can carefully analyze.

This book is intended primarily for adoption in college level general corrections courses. Since the essays are narratives written in first person, the book is highly "readable"—comprehendible at all college levels. It is complementary to a number of corrections books, including most introductory texts. The book is useful for students in criminology and criminal justice and social work programs, especially those aspiring to work in a corrections field, along with current practitioners. Because authors demonstrate how to connect academics with practice, the book could also be used in internship, practicum, and some social work courses. Also, while the essays are elegantly written, they are the personal reflections of accomplished scholars and thus contain insights appropriate for advanced study. On the graduate level, the book would work well alone or with another book in courses on correctional treatment and counseling, professional applications, and special topics. Finally, the essays contain useful and citable information, such as anecdotal evidence, that may be of interest to other scholars and current practitioners.

This book has unique features intended to make it an important contribution to criminal justice literature. Few books focus on the use of personal experience in studying and teaching corrections. This book reviews academic and practice knowledge garnered by individuals who have been correctional practitioners and are now academic scholars. The essays contain authors' valuable and insightful reflections on their efforts to achieve important objectives while they were employed in the field. Authors use their real world experiences to explain and illustrate theoretical and methodological concepts and to demonstrate approaches to practice. In retrospectively applying concepts and perspectives to corrections, the authors contribute significantly to the development of a marriage between academics and practice.

While the essays are diverse with regard to topics, writing style, and specific organization, each author includes pertinent background information, an overview of the workplace, a narrative of experiences, and conclusions or implications based on the experiences. Spanning the three general types of correctional environments—incarceration, community corrections, and 'juvenile corrections—the collection of essays discusses working in prisons or prison systems, probation and parole, and juvenile residential and community corrections.

Each essay tells an interesting and important story. The essays go beyond simple storytelling, however, as discussions of experiences are grounded in scholarship. At the same time, they keep academic and professional jargon to a minimum and avoid excessive citation. The essays are necessarily subjective, containing a great deal of advocacy and critique, but arguments are based on concrete experience and scholarly analysis. It is not the intention of this book as a whole to advocate any particular views or opinions, nor to dictate practice, but to use practical experience to illustrate concepts and demonstrate how to connect academics and practice. Additionally, although the authors are very frank and straightforward in narrating, evaluating, and contextualizing their experiences, the book is intended to be optimistic. It is intended to help prepare future corrections workers by giving them a view into the many possible challenges in this type of work, not to make them pessimistic about working in corrections.

This book's readability and "real life" analyses will help instructors generate student interest and involvement in their courses, helping those that find it difficult to see the practical relevance of academic knowledge. The essays put a "human face" on the study of corrections, without sacrificing learning quality (without "dummying down" material). They bring core corrections books to life by offering real life professional experiences and concept applications. Students may enjoy the book's personal touch and appreciate its relevance to their career interests. This book simultaneously serves two important instructional purposes that may often seem contradictory to students: disseminate academic knowledge and prepare them for the professional workforce.

The book contains three special pedagogical features. First, each essay chapter begins with an Editor's Introduction written to prepare readers to learn from the essay. These introductions identify general points in each essay regarding the author's work, challenges faced, type of scholarship applied, and overall lesson. Second, each chapter, including the introduction and conclusion, ends with three discussion questions. These are designed to assist instructors in developing group discussions, assignments, and exams or quizzes and assist students with a study aid for digesting the material in the chapter. Third, each chapter, including the introduction and conclusion, also ends with author recommended related readings. These are intended to help students further explore the subjects of the essays, providing them with possible sources for papers and instructors with possible additional readings to assign.

❖ ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Let me begin by saying thanks to all of the contributors for making this book happen. It was an honor and a pleasure to work with you. I am thankful for the opportunity to gather your work into this volume, and I learned much from your essays. Next, thanks go to Jeff Ross, John Fuller, Michael Braswell, and Jerry Westby for their encouragement and much needed assistance in helping me develop a clear vision and viable proposal for the book. Also, thanks go to reviewers for providing constructive criticism and suggestions that led to significant improvements throughout the book. Finally, thanks go to Ellen M. Coenen, Esq., for her thoughtful and helpful reviews of my chapters.

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1

Introduction

Connecting Academics and Practice in Corrections

Lee Michael Johnson



he essays to follow are written by professors with practical experience in corrections. Each essay contains the author's valuable and insightful reflections on their efforts to achieve important objectives while employed in the field. Like academia, the workplace is an environment in which important knowledge is produced and disseminated. The advantage of drawing from academic scholars with practical experience in corrections is that they can combine "real world" and academic knowledge and show the relevance between the two. The authors use their real world experiences to illustrate theoretical and methodological concepts and to demonstrate approaches to practice. In retrospectively applying their theories and perspectives to corrections, the authors contribute to the development of a bridge between academic scholarship and practice.

This first chapter is designed to introduce the reader to the book's two main tasks. First, it seeks to establish the value of integrating course work and practice by discussing some of the key benefits, difficulties, and general strategies involved in making connections between academics and practice. Second, it provides a preview by describing the general nature and purposes of the collection of essays, including an identification of the types of issues covered by the authors.

THE VALUE OF INTEGRATING ACADEMICS AND PRACTICE

Many if not most educators, professionals, and students would agree that it is important to be able to make connections between academic course work and everyday life, including professional practice. Instead of simply hoping that students will find a way to apply what they have learned in school after graduation, their abilities to use academic knowledge in practice must be cultivated while they are still in school. Relating concepts taught in courses to real world scenarios in assignments, tests, and other activities is good practice for applying them "for real" at work and in other environments. It cannot be assumed that the ability to make connections between academics and practice comes naturally. It can be difficult to make connections between what is learned in courses and what happens in practice even in studies oriented more toward professional practice. For example, social work students may find it difficult to see the relevance of theory to their experiences at internship or practicum sites (partly because of conflicting goals between the agencies and the academic discipline), even though making theory-practice connections seems to be one of the main purposes of such programs (Lewis & Bolzan, 2007). Also, students have their own backgrounds and theoretical orientations that may clash with some of the people they work with or under when entering the field, which could create interference or lack of support in attempts to connect academics and practice. Thus, to truly understand the usefulness of connecting academics to practice, studies must also be directed toward learning how to apply academics to practice and vice versa, not just about academic and practice subjects. The authors of this collection of essays assist here by exhibiting some connections between scholarship and practice.