

新英
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念语

实用新概念

NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH 同步测试

实践与进步 NEW EDITION 新版

ENGLISH

一
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一
测

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多
用

Sophie H 审定
Gary Bostwick [英] 主审
曹冬 主审

与教材
配套同步
一课一练一测

与高考
应试训练
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吉林电子出版社

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——《新概念英语同步测试》第二册

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出 版:吉林电子出版社

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印 刷:北京市书林印刷有限公司

开 本:787×1092 1/16

印 张:21

版 次:2009年3月第1版第1次印刷

书 号:ISBN 978-7-89454-006-5

定 价:29.80元(CD-ROM光盘配书)



实用新概念——《新概念英语同步测试》

编者的话

《新概念英语》为广大英语教师和学生所推崇。如何使它在中国特定的英语教育环境中更好的服务于学生，已被更多的英语教育工作者所重视。编者结合一线教学经验，在深入挖掘这部经典教材与我国主流英语教学关系的基础上，力求使《新概念英语同步测试》有针对性地解决中国学生在英语过程中遇到的实际问题，以便他们有的放矢地检查学习效果。

本书紧密跟踪课文，把各课知识点与历年各类考试真题紧密结合。真题是命题专家反复推敲而成，反映的知识点较全面，体现了权威的命题规律思路。本书即与教材同步配套、又适用中高考、CET4等考试，梯度分明，循序渐进，满足不同程度学习者实际需要，可谓一书多用；题型和难度贴近国内各类考试要求，确保学生者对各类考试有所系统训练和提高；有完善计分机制，可用于自学巩固练习，也可用于班级教学测验；对SD(难点)和KS(关键句型)训练鲜明突出，侧重语法、词汇、翻译和阅读的灵活训练培养；同时兼顾口语交际、人文科普等实用内容，选材多源自英美国家原汁原味的语言，培养学习者对于英语语言文化的兴趣，并对语言学习产生学有所用、立竿见影的成就感，

《新概念英语同步测试》以服务学生为根本，以紧扣教材为基础，以“实用同步”为特色，在编写过程中统筹兼顾了以下五个方面的关系。

- 一、紧密贴近前作与内容创新发展的关系。
- 二、扎根经典教材与适应广泛考试的关系。
- 三、提高应试能力与培养综合素质的关系。
- 四、牢固夯实基础与适度拔高水准的关系。
- 五、深入汲取真题与灵活编写新题的关系。

2009年3月



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第1课

一、根据首字母填空 (每题1分, 共10分)

1. Turn _____ round and let me look at your back.
2. She tried to pay a _____ to what he was saying.
3. Are you going out with Kate tonight? 'That's my b _____'.
4. How often do you go to the t _____?
5. The students laughed l _____ at the joke.
6. I was a _____ because he hadn't told me his plans.
7. She was afraid she wouldn't be able to b _____ the pain.
8. I was in the back s _____ and Jo was driving.
9. They had a short c _____ in German.
10. The hotel has 110 bedrooms, all with p _____ bathrooms.

二、读下列句子, 用适当的冠词填空 (零冠词不填) (每题0.5分, 共5分)

11. The younger Beck, who never went to _____ university, learned to work a ten-hour day.
12. The last time I went to _____ cinema was when I saw 'Stigmata'.
13. My parents go to _____ church every Sunday.
14. I was too upset to go to _____ school.
15. Mummy, I need to go to _____ toilet!
16. I need to go to _____ store for some milk.
17. By the time she went to _____ hospital, the pain was really bad.
18. His Mum went to _____ work this afternoon.
19. I still don't enjoy going to _____ dentist.
20. Donna left school and went to _____ art college.

三、选正确的词, 用适当形式完成句子 (每题1分, 共15分)

21. Nina's quit her job. Yes, so I've _____ . (hear/listen)
22. He _____ carefully to every word I said. (hear/listen)
23. _____ me when I'm talking to you. (look/see/watch)
24. _____ carefully. You may learn something. (look/see/watch)
25. You can _____ the Houses of Parliament

from here. (look/see/watch)

26. I'd be very _____ to _____ your opinion. (interested/interesting/hear/listen)
27. I got an _____ letter in the mail today. (interested/interesting)
28. I found his talk very _____. (interested/interesting)
29. The debate was _____ by 97 million viewers. (look/see/watch)
30. We sat around _____ to music. (hear/listen)
31. I've always been _____ in music. (interested/interesting)
32. I couldn't _____ what they were saying most of the time. (hear/listen)
33. If you _____ hard, you can _____ the sound of the sea in the distance. (hear/listen)
34. I've _____ everywhere, but I can't find my gloves. (look/see/watch)
35. Can you _____ where the marks are on the wall? (look/see/watch)

四、用括号中词将下列句子改写成一般过去时 (每题1分, 共10分)

36. Where do you live? (last year)

37. She often works at the weekend. (yesterday afternoon)

38. Davis gives a wonderful performance as an 81-year-old man. (last weekend)

39. Have you ever been to the China Moon Caf ? Yes -- we go there quite often. (the day before yesterday)

40. Janet usually wears jeans to work. (yesterday morning)

41. Usually, I'll just get a sandwich for lunch. (today)

42. I always say my prayers before I go to bed. (last night)

43. Christina runs a restaurant in Houston. (ten years ago)



44. Cable TV service costs \$19.95 a month. (last month)

45. I know I won't get the job. (at that time)

五、排列下列词和短语，构成句子（每题1分，共10分）

46. built / themselves / cabin / his / and / father / the / John

47. at/new/today/bought/I/a/Macy's/dress

48. the / to / finish / report / stayed / She / late

49. Victoria (车站名) / leave / hour / from / Coaches / every

50. really / can / She / draw / well

51. car / a / two / were / in / men / the / woman / There / and

52. ten / Holland / in / for / They / lived / years

53. laughing / next / Someone / the / in / was / room

54. the / taking / Anna / her / music / summer / be / will / exam / in

55. Boston/five/miles/from/about/live/We

六、根据汉意提示用过去进行时完成句子（每题1分，共5分）

56. Nobody _____ me up there. (在那儿没有人注意我)

57. While he _____ with the doctor, I _____ with the nurse. (他和医生谈话时我在和护士谈话。)

58. At that time, those young men _____ . (当时那些青年在踢足球。)

59. What _____ on wet ground for yesterday afternoon? (你昨天下午为什么坐在湿地上?)

60. He _____ in external of that room. (他正在那房间的外面留神听着。)

七、单项填空（每题1分，共10分）

61. In this seaside resort, you can _____ all the comfort and convenience of modern tourism.

A. enjoy B. apply C. receive D. achieve

62. How are the team playing

They're playing well, but one of them _____ hurt.

A. got B. gets C. are D. were

63. Your performance in the driving test didn't reach the required standard _____, you failed.

A. in the end B. after all
C. in other words D. at the same time

64. The telephone _____, but by the time I got indoors, it stopped.

A. had rung B. was ringing
C. rings D. has rung

65. I called Hannah many times yesterday evening, but I couldn't get through. Her brother _____ on the phone all the time!

A. was talking B. has been talking
C. has talked D. talked

66. I know a little bit about Italy as my wife and I _____ there several years ago.

A. are going B. had been
C. went D. have been

67. --- Where did you put the car keys?

--- Oh, I _____ I put them on the chair because the phone rang as I _____ in.

A. remembered; come
B. remembered; was coming
C. remember; come
D. remember; was coming

68. My cousin went to Canada two years ago. He _____ there for a few months and then went to America.

A. worked B. would work
C. would be working D. has been working

69. I shouted at Bob just now, but he _____ at that time!

A. was listening to music
B. has been listening to music
C. has listened to music
D. listened to music

70. Did you watch the basketball match yesterday? ----Yes, I did. You know, my brother _____ in the match.

A. is playing B. was playing



- C. has played D. had played

八、完形填空 (每题1.5分, 共15分)

A terrible earthquake (地震) happened in Wenchuan on May 12, 2008. 71__ people lost their lives and homes. During those days, a lot of stories about 72__ could be heard. Here is 73__ of them. After the earthquake, under a fallen building, some soldiers found that a 74__ died in a very strange way. When they were ready to take her away, they were surprised to find that a baby in her arms was 75__ alive. The baby was sleeping and 76__ hurt at all. Between the dead mother 77__ the living baby, there was a cell phone (手机) with a short 78__ on the screen, My dear baby, if you can survive(幸存), remember that I love you. Everybody 79__ when they read these words. Besides this story, many other stories also moved (感动) us deeply. 80__ these stories, we know more about love.

You're lucky if you're loved by others. You're great if you love others when you're in danger.

- 71. A. All B. Many C. Few D. No
- 72. A. home B. life C. love D. hope
- 73. A. one B. none C. some D. each
- 74. A. man B. woman C. boy D. girl
- 75. A. still B. often C. never D. not
- 76. A. is B. isn't C. was D. wasn't
- 77. A. or B. and C. also D. but
- 78. A. story B. film C. message D. song
- 79. A. smiled B. shouted C. laughed D. cried
- 80. A. From B. On C. To D. With

九、阅读理解 (每题2分, 共20分)

A



We are often asked to make a speech in life. Most of us are afraid of it and don't do a good job. Here are some simple steps to make your speech a successful one. First of all, find out everything you can about your subject and at the same time find out

as much as you can about your audience. Who are they? What do they know about your subject? Put yourself in their shoes as you prepare your speech.

Then try to arrange your material so that your speech is clear and easy to follow. Use as many examples as possible. Never forget your audience. Don't talk over their heads or talk down to them. When you are giving your speech, speak slowly and clearly, look at your audience and pause for a few seconds from time to time to give your audience chances to think over what you've said. Just remember: be prepared, know your subject and your audience say what you have to say and be yourself so that your ideas will bring you and your audience together.

- 81. Put yourself in their shoes as you prepare your speech. means that while preparing your speech, you must _____.
 - A. put your shoes away and put on theirs
 - B. try on their shoes to see if they fit you
 - C. wear the shoes in the same size as theirs
 - D. He wondered if he was in good health.
- 82. When he is giving his speech, the speaker should _____.
 - A. let his eyes rest on the subject
 - B. follow the audience step by step
 - C. face the audience in a natural way
 - D. look up and down from time to time
- 83. During the course of a speech, it is not right for a speaker to _____.
 - A. think nothing of the audience
 - B. speak in a clear voice
 - C. take a short stop at times
 - D. give a lot of examples
- 84. What does the underlined word pause mean in the passage?
 - A. listen B. stop C. choose D. search
- 85. Which title gives the main idea?
 - A. How to Remember the Audience
 - B. How to Pick out the Topic for a Speech
 - C. How to Prepare the Material for a Speech
 - D. How to Improve Your Speech

B



Taking away a city's rubbish is a big job. Every day trucks come into a city to collect it. Most rubbish is made up of things we can't eat or use. If we kept these



things we would soon have a mountain of rubbish. In some cities the rubbish is collected and taken outside of city to a dump. Often the city dump is placed where the ground is low or there is a big hole. The kitchen rubbish is broken into small pieces and sent into the sewage system. The sewage system takes away the used water from toilet, bathtubs and other places. To keep mice and flies away, some earth is used to cover the newly dumped rubbish. Later, grass may be planted on the rubbish-filled land. Finally, a house or a school may be built there, and then you'd never know that this had once been an old rubbish dump. In other cities the rubbish is burnt in special places. The fire burns everything but the metal. Sometimes the metal can be used again in factories where things are made of metal. The food parts of rubbish are put in special piles where they slowly change into something called humus, which looks like black earth. It is rich with the kinds of things that feed plants and help make them grow.

86. You can most probably read the passage in ____.
- A. a science book B. a TV guide
C. a history book D. a telephone book
87. The main idea of the passage is ____.
- A. to let us know taking away rubbish is a big job
B. to explain the need for rubbish collection
C. to introduce different ways to treat rubbish
D. to tell people to take useful things out of rubbish
88. The underlined word sewage means ____.
- A. 排污 B. 染色 C. 洗涤 D. 洗尘
89. According to the passage, the food parts of rubbish can be used again ____.
- A. to feed animals B. to feed plants
C. to build a house D. to make machines
90. How should we take care of a used metal box according to the passage?
- A. By burning it off.
B. By putting it in water.
C. By throwing it away.
D. By reusing and recycling it.

第2课

一、看释义写单词或短语 (每题1分, 共5分)

- a telephone makes a sound to show that someone is telephoning you _____
- the sister of your father or mother, or the wife of your father's or mother's brother _____
- to get out of your bed after sleeping _____
- to say or write something again _____
- not in a room or building but be close to it _____

二、用适当的介词填空 (每题1分, 共10分)

- _____ the end of the day we had sold over 2000 tickets.
- Jane shut the door _____ her.
- We meet _____ Tuesdays.
- Let's wait _____ the rain stops.
- I go swimming every day _____ work.
- _____ now on, I will only be working in the mornings.
- He sent presents _____ the children.
- I've got a present _____ you.
- I had a pain in the back _____ my leg
- Shaw first visited Russia _____ 1927.

三、从方框中选词填空 (每题1分, 共5分)

out of petrol out of danger out of sight
out of the window out of season

- The sick man is _____ at last.
- He looks _____ for a few minute.
- He never lets his children _____ his _____.
- There aren't any fresh peaches; they're just _____.
- Fill up the tank, please. My car 's running _____.

四、用括号中动词适当形式填空 (每小题0.5分, 共10分)

- Every year my parents _____ (give) me a present for my birthday.
- Mike, where are you _____ you _____ (wait) for me there
- What _____ you always _____ (do) on weekends.
- We usually _____ (have) four classes in the morning. There _____ (be) a break



between two classes.

- 25. Look! Something _____ (lie) there.
- 26. She _____ (write) a letter now.
- 27. The singer _____ (sing) two songs on TV once a week.
- 28. Your teacher _____ (look) young though he is sixty years old.
- 29. My aunt _____ (arrive) here to see me at the beginning of next month.
- 30. Listen! The students _____ (sing) Take Me to Your Heart.
- 31. I think Tom _____ (know) the answer.
- 32. I _____ (get) up at six and _____ (have) my breakfast at about six thirty then I _____ (go) to school at seven every day.
- 33. Please hold on. He _____ (come).
- 34. Everyone _____ (want) a good job.
- 35. The reading room is quiet. Everybody _____ (read) books or magazines.
- 36. We often _____ (play) games.
- 37. Keep quiet. Father _____ (sleep) in the next room.
- 38. What's your plan about the vacation
We _____ (go) to the beach.
Will you please go with us
- 39. Jenny _____ (visit) her grandparents every Saturday.
- 40. What _____ Ann _____ (do)?
She _____ (do) her homework.

五、根据提示写出感叹句 (每题1分, 共10分)

He is a clever boy. (what)

What a clever boy he is!

- 41. You have a good heart. (what)

- 42. It is an interesting book. (what)

- 43. The children are having a good time. (what)

- 44. They are beautiful flowers. (what)

- 45. It is bad news. (what)

- 46. He did the work carefully. (how)

- 47. Time passed quickly. (how)

- 48. he wished for a drink. (how)

- 49. you've changed a lot. (how)

- 50. I missed you very much. (how)

六、根据汉意完成句子 (每题1分, 共15分)

- 51. I _____ the library _____. (我每个星期一下午都去图书馆。)
- 52. The museum is open _____. (博物馆直到下午六点才关门。)
- 53. I _____ get up _____. (我直到吃饭时间才起床。)
- 54. The rain _____ evening. (雨直到晚上才停。)
- 55. _____ awful ____! (天气真糟糕!)
- 56. _____ wonderful! (真精彩!)
- 57. I _____ every day. (我每天做公共汽车去上班。)
- 58. Who _____? _____, John. (是谁? 是我, 约翰。)
- 59. He _____ this evening. (今天晚上他要去剧院看戏。)
- 60. Dear ____! / My ____! (天哪!)
- 61. I m _____ for appointments. (我约会从不迟到)
- 62. _____ he _____ jokes. (他有时给我们讲笑话。)
- 63. We _____ that coffee shop. (我们经常在那家咖啡馆见面。)
- 64. _____ friendly to people. (她对人总是那么友好。)
- 65. _____ you _____ working? (你还在工作吗?)

七、单项填空 (每题1分, 共10分)

- 66. Was his father strict with him when he was at school.
Yes. He had never praised him _____ he became one of the top students in his grade.
A. after B. unless C. until D. when
- 67. You can't have this football back _____ you promise not to kick it at my cat again, the old man said firmly.
A. because B. since C. when D. until
- 68. It is difficult for us to learn a lesson in life _____ we've actually had that lesson.



- A. until B. after C. since D. when
69. _____ role she played in the film! No wonder she has won an Oscar.
A. How interesting
B. How an interesting
C. What interesting
D. What an interesting
70. The little boy came riding full speed down the motorway on his bicycle.
_____ it was!
A. What a dangerous scene
B. What dangerous a scene
C. How a dangerous scene
D. How dangerous the scene
71. Ladies and gentlemen, please fasten your seat belts. The plane _____.
A. takes off B. is taking off
C. has taken off D. took off
72. He will have learned English for eight years by the time he _____ from the university next year.
A. will graduate B. will have graduated
C. graduates D. is to graduate
73. I _____ ping-pong quite well, but I haven't had time to play since the new year.
A. will play B. have played
C. played D. play
74. You're drinking too much.
Only at home. No one _____ me but you.
A. is seeing B. had seen C. sees D. saw
75. Can I help you, sir
Yes, I bought this radio here yesterday, but it _____.
A. didn't work B. won't work
C. can't work D. doesn't work

八、完形填空 (每题1.5分, 共15分)

Billy is a boy of fifteen. His parents died three years ago. One day when he was walking in the street, he 76 a wallet. He returned it to the owner, Mr Baker. He gave his 77 to the boy. As the boy had no job, Mr Baker made him work for him in his 78. Billy worked so hard that Mr. and Mrs. Baker were 79 with him. Mr Baker loved planting 80. The week before last, he brought a few trees home, planted them in the 81 himself and watered them every day. Several days 82, he had to leave for another

city. Before he started, he said to Billy, Take good care of these trees. Some boys near our house always want to steal them. Don't 83 about them, sir, answered Billy, I'll try my best to watch them. Six days passed and Mr Baker came back. He asked, 84 anyone ever come to steal the trees? No, sir. said Billy. To stop someone from stealing the trees, I 85 them up six days ago, I have hidden(藏) them for almost a week!

76. A. bough B. found C. carried D. wanted
77. A. wallet B. pity C. thanks D. excuses
78. A. office B. factory C. town D. home
79. A. pleased B. angry C. bored D. sad
80. A. grass B. flowers C. vegetables D. trees
81. A. garden B. office C. city D. room
82. A. ago B. later C. before D. after
83. A. think B. talk C. learn D. worry
84. A. Did B. Does C. Has D. Will
85. A. sent B. pulled C. put D. picked

九、阅读理解 (每题2分, 共20分)

A



Once there was a baby eagle living in a nest (巢) on a cliff (山崖). The baby eagle loved his nest. It was warm, soft and comfortable. And even better, he had all the food and love that his mother could give.

Whenever the baby eagle was hungry, his mother would always come just in time with the delicious food he liked. He was growing happily day after day. But suddenly his world changed. His mother stopped coming to the nest. He was full of sadness and fear. He thought he would die soon. He cried, but nobody heard him.

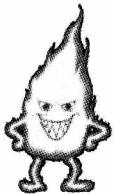
Two days later his mother appeared with some nice food. The baby eagle was wild with joy. But his mother put the food at the top of the mountain and then looked down at her baby. The baby eagle cried out. Mum, why did you do this to me? I'm hungry. Don't you know I will die if I have nothing to eat? Here is the last meal I give you. Come and get it by yourself, his mother said. Then she flew down and pushed the baby eagle out of the nest. The baby eagle



fell down, faster and faster. He looked up at his mum, Why do you abandon me? He looked down at the earth. The ground was much closer. Then something strange happened. The air caught behind his arms and he began to fly! He wasn't moving to the ground any more. Instead, his eyes were pointed up at the sun. "You are flying! You can make it! His mother smiled.

86. Which of the following is TRUE about the baby eagle's life before his mother stopped coming to the nest?
- A. He lived in a nest in the tree.
 - B. His mother offered him nice food.
 - C. He was always cold and hungry.
 - D. He lived very happily with friend.
87. How old the baby eagle feel as soon as he saw his mother coming again?
- A. Sad. B. Happy. C. Afraid. D. Angry.
88. What did the baby eagle's mother do when she came the last time?
- A. She put some food in the nest.
 - B. She just came to see him again.
 - C. She shouted at her baby eagle and flew away.
 - D. She pushed her baby eagle out of the nest.
89. What does the word abandon mean?
- A. 抛弃 B. 保护 C. 歧视 D. 拯救
90. We can infer(推断)from the story that _____.
- A. The baby eagle lost his mother
 - B. The baby eagle fell down and died
 - C. The baby eagle could get food himself
 - D. The baby eagle was still angry with his mother

B



People know the dangers of fires. It's good for a family to learn how to prepare for a fire. Here are some suggestions. Put a smoke alarm in the house. Smoke from a fire causes the alarm to go off. The

alarm makes a loud sound. The sound tells everyone to leave the house at once. Make escape(逃脱)plans. They should know all the ways out of the house. If there is a fire, everyone follows the plan to get out. Part of the plan is to check all the windows to make sure they can be opened easily. Buy fire extinguishers(灭

火器)in the house. Everyone in the family should know how to use them. Practice for a fire. They do fire practice because they teach children about fire safety. Everyone in the family should know the following fire rules:

- ★Don't open a hot door! The fire can grow more quickly if you open the door.
 - ★Stay close to the floor! Smoke can be more dangerous than fire. The best air is near the floor because smoke rises.
 - ★What will you do if your hair or clothes start to burn? First, stop! Don't run! The fire burns faster because of more airdrops! Fall to the floor. Then roll! Turning over and over will make the fire go out. Put a blanket(毯子)around you to keep air away from the fire that may still be on you. There are many possible causes for fires. A wise family is ready all the time. If there is a fire, don't forget to call 199 for help.
91. What does it mean when a smoke alarm rings at home?
- A. You have to get up.
 - B. Water is running to the floor.
 - C. Something is burning.
 - D. Someone breaks your window.
92. The writer advises people to do the following to prepare for a fire except that _____.
- A. they practise for a fire
 - B. they make escape plans
 - C. they buy fire extinguishers
 - D. they use electrical cookers
93. When a fire happens, _____ if you open the hot door.
- A. the fire will grow more quickly
 - B. the electricity will be cut off
 - C. the door will soon be on fire
 - D. the house will fall down
94. What are the right steps you should take when your hair or clothes catch fire?
- A. Stop, run, roll. B. Stop, drop, roll.
 - C. Run, drop, roll. D. Roll, drop, stop.
95. What is the best title for this passage?
- A. The Dangers of a Fire.
 - B. The Causes of a Fire.
 - C. Learn to Use a Fire Extinguisher.
 - D. Be Ready for a Fire.



第3课

一、根据首字母填空 (每题1分, 共10分)

- The m _____ has a few of Van Gogh's early paintings.
- We ate the w _____ cake in about ten minutes.
- It's a big d _____. Go home and discuss it with your wife
- W _____, could you bring me some water?
- Don't let him s _____ your evening.
- Don't forget to send us a p _____!
- Can you l _____ me £10 until tomorrow?
- We eat rice every s _____ day.
- Could you tell me where the p _____ telephones are?
- Betty's a warm and f _____ person.

二、选择正确的词或词组, 用其正确形式填空 (每题1分, 共20分)

a few / a little

- have spent _____ days, but walked only _____ places.
- I have to buy _____ things at the supermarket.
- The bedroom has _____ more space, but only _____ more.
- There's _____ money left.
- There were _____ people sitting at the back of the hall.

borrow / lend

- Can I _____ five pounds off you till next week?
- I _____ this dress from my sister.
- Did you _____ that book to Mike?
- I wish I'd never _____ him my car.
- The hospital agreed to _____ us a wheelchair.

spoil / damage

- Our camping trip was _____ by bad weather.
- She _____ those kids of hers.
- The storm _____ hundreds of houses.
- Don't let him spoil your evening.
- Smoking can severely _____ your health.

garden / park

- Grace brought us some flowers from her _____.
- Let's go for a walk in the Hyde _____.

make / reach / take a decision

- We finally _____.
- I often have to _____ difficult _____.

30. I _____ about it.

三、句型转换 (每题1分, 共10分)

They played football in the playground.

- 否定句: _____
- 一般疑问句: _____
- 肯、否定回答: _____

They played football in the playground.

- 否定句: _____
- 一般疑问句: _____
- 肯、否定回答: _____

37. He lent me a book. (换一种说法)

38. He sent a card to me. (换一种说法)

39. Please give him another chance. (换一种说法)

40. He brought a present for his son. (换一种说法)

四、用动词的适当形式填空 (每题1分, 共5分)

- Her father _____ (read) a newspaper last night.
- We _____ to zoo yesterday, we _____ to the park. (go)
- _____ he _____ (fly) a kite on Sunday? Yes, he _____.
- I _____ (sweep) the floor yesterday, but my mother _____.
- What _____ she _____ (find) in the garden last morning? She _____ (find) a beautiful butterfly.

五、阅读下列句子, 用to或者for填空 (每小题0.5分, 共5分)

- Will you kindly call a taxi _____ me?
- He worried at me to give it _____ him.
- Who else do you need to buy _____?
- Can you make up this dress length _____ me?
- Will you lend your knife _____ that man?
- I'd like to order some whisky _____ my husband, a cup of French brandy _____ me and a big cake _____ my daughter.
- My father teach me _____ work
- I remember to write a letter _____ my parents.
- Don't you agree with me (that) we should save money _____ the future?
- You have to return it _____ the company.



六、根据提示翻译句子，注意用双宾语结构
(每题1分，共10分)

56. Johnson 先生去年教我们德语。(teach, German)
Mr Johnson _____ last year.
57. 奶奶昨晚给我们讲了一个有趣的故事。(tell, story)
Grandma _____ last night.
58. Mary把钱包交给校长了。(hand, wallet, schoolmaster)
Mary _____.
59. 请把那本字典递给我好吗?(pass, dictionary) Would you please _____?
60. 他把车票给列车员看。(show, ticket, conductor) He _____.
61. 这个学期我已经给父母写过三封信了。(write, letter, parents)
This term I _____.
62. 我父亲已经给我买了一辆新自行车。(buy, bike) My father _____.
63. Robinson Crusoe 给自己做了一只小船。(make, himself, boat)
Robinson Crusoe _____.
64. 请你给我弄一本新的好吗?(get, new copy) Will you please _____?
65. 我替你叫辆出租汽车好吗?(call, taxi) Shall I _____?

七、单项填空 (每题1分，共5分)

66. I heard _____ boys in your school like playing football in their spare time, though others prefer basketball.
A. quite a lot B. quite a few
C. quite a bit D. quite a little
67. He _____ football regularly for many years when he was young.
A. was playing B. played
C. has played D. had played
68. Have you read book called Waiting for Anya? Who _____ it?
A. writes B. has written
C. wrote D. had written
69. I know a little bit about Italy as my wife and I _____ there several years ago.
A. are going B. had been
C. went D. have
70. Did you tidy your room? No, I was going to tidy my room but I _____ visitors.

A. had B. have C. have had D. will have
八、完形填空 (每题1.5分，共15分)

When Liu Kaiqu was young he was poor in Shanghai. One day he 71 a picture of a tiger and tried to sell it on the street. It caught the 72 of an American, who asked, How much does it cost? He said, 500 dollars. The foreigner thought it was too 73 and asked again, Can you make it cheaper? He answered, No, Then he tore(撕) it to pieces. In great 74, the foreigner said, Young man, are you angry? No, sir. I m not angry. I sold it 75 500 dollars because I thought it was worth the 76. But you wanted a lower price. It means 77 didn t think so and it is not good enough. I ll go on working 78 until my customers(顾客)are satisfied. At that time, 79 Liu Kaiqu was not famous at all, he never 80 his dream. Now he is well-known all over the world as a great artist.

71. A. stole B. picked C. drew D. saw
72. A. attention B. instruction
C. decision D. discussion
73. A. terrible B. big C. old D. dear
74. A. fear B. difficulty
C. surprise D. excitement
75. A. over B. for C. about D. among
76. A. size B. price C. weight D. position
77. A. we B. he C. you D. it
78. A. faster and faster B. better and better
C. slower and slower D. harder and harder
79. A. though B. because C. whether D. until
80. A. broke off B. cut up C. gave up D. sent off

九、阅读理解 (每题2分，共20分)

A

Every child has a dream of what they want to be, right? When Renee Butts was little, her dream was to become a volunteer fire-fighter because her father was one. Sadly, when she was 14, her father died and she was never able to volunteer with him. Renee s story doesn t end there, however, which is why I think of her as a true hero. She was strong-minded and never gave up, which makes her a good fire-fighter. Some days she must be ready to deal with any emergency, like fighting a fire, dealing with a car accident or helping someone who s sick. Other days she is in the driver s seat. Sometimes Renee



works nine to eleven days a month on 24-hour shifts. She also has a family to take care of. Her husband is a fire-fighter, too.



Renee remembers the first time she fought a fire. She was awoken early in the morning by the alarm. She said she was very nervous but did what she had to do.

When I asked Renee what the best part of her job is, she replied, Helping people and saving their lives. I think that shows signs of being a true hero. She's always glad to do anything for anyone in need. With 140 people in her station, Renee is one of the only three women.

I think she's great. We could never live without people like her who is glad to help other. Renee's deed helps me believe that I can anything. I hope someday to be just like her, to wake up and help people every day.

81. When her father died, Renee Butts ____.
- A. gave up her dream
B. decided to do as her father did
C. married a fire-fighter
D. became a child without family
82. What is Renee's husband's job?
A. driver B. writer C. doctor D. fireman
83. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
A. The writer learns a lot from Renee.
B. There are 143 members in the station.
C. Renee works 9 to 11 hours every day.
D. Renee wants to be famous by doing so.
84. What does the writer think of Renee Butts?
A. Clever. B. Careful.
C. Helpful. D. Outgoing.
85. What's the best title for the passage?
A. A True Hero B. A Busy Volunteer
C. A Famous Woman D. A Sweet Dream

B



Do you enjoy reading? Here readers of your age from all over the United States recommend (推荐) great books for you to read:

☺ My favourite book is *Don't Die, My Love* by Lurlene McDaniel. I love all her books, but

this was the first one I read and I have to say, it is by far my favourite. It doesn't end like other books, and I cried while reading.

☺ I think *Nancy Drew* is great! Nancy is a detective (侦探) who has many fantastic ideas! I love it because it's a book from when my grandma was my age, and I can share the fun with her!

☺ I highly recommend *Skinny Bones* by Barbara Park. It is funny so please add it on your book list. You don't want to miss out funny stories!

☺ I would suggest ____ by Judy Blume. It is based on real things that happened to Judy Blume. It is about a girl, Alice, who meets some girls at a new state. They become friends, make a club and meet once a week. They stop after two weeks because they all like a boy in their class and put him as number one. I think every girl should read this because it is about our growing up.

☺ I read a book called *Neela: Victory Song* and it was so good I read it twice! It takes place in India in 1936 and this 12-year-old girl named Neela tries to save her father! It has lots of history in it! I also learned a lot about different cultures! The author's name is Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni.

86. According to the reader, *Skinny Bones* can be described as a _____ story.
A. sad B. history C. funny D. detective
87. From which book can we learn different cultures?
A. *Skinny Bones*. B. *Nancy Drew*.
C. *Don't Die, My Love*. D. *Neela: Victory Song*.
88. Who is most probably an Indian author?
A. Judy Blume. B. Barbara Park.
C. Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni.
D. Lurlene McDaniel.
89. The best name of the 4th book is _____.
A. *My Secret* B. *Growing Trouble*
C. *Three Friends* D. *Alice Learns a Lesson*
90. Which is TRUE about *Nancy Drew*?
A. It doesn't have a common ending like other books.
B. It's based on real things that happened to the author.
C. It's about a 12-year-old girl who tries to save her father.
D. Both the reader and the reader's grandma love this book.



第4课

一、根据释义写出单词 (每题1分, 共5分)

1. in or to a foreign country _____
2. the middle of a space, area, or object, especially the exact middle _____
3. not like something or someone else, or not like before _____
4. a business or company, especially a small one _____
5. to get a letter, message, or telephone call, or something which someone has sent you _____

二、选正确的词或短语完成句子 (每题1分, 共30分)

excited / exciting

6. Steve flies home tomorrow - we're all really _____.
7. Hockey is a fast, _____ game to watch.
8. Doctors are very _____ by the discovery.
9. Let's do something _____.
10. When we get home, the dogs are always _____ to see us.

bored / boring

11. Are you _____ with your present job?
12. He's so _____ - all he ever talks about is football.
13. We got _____ of that, we moved on.
14. It's so _____ here. I wish we lived in L.A.
15. Dad, can we go home now? I'm _____!

disappointed / disappointing

16. I'm very _____ in you.
17. The team had a _____ season.
18. I felt a little _____ when she didn't come to the party.
19. It rained most of the time we were in England, which was pretty _____.
20. We were _____ to find that the museum was closed.

a great number of / a great amount of

21. He has a _____ English idioms at command.
22. We have _____ work to do.
23. He was selected out of _____ candidates.
24. They expended _____ time on the project.

25. He has _____ references at his disposal.

been / gone

26. I've never _____ to Japan.
27. Xiao Yang has _____ to work in Beijing.
28. He had _____ in hospital for several days.
29. Winter has _____, and spring is at hand.
30. Have you ever _____ to Kyoto?

accept / receive / take

31. All the children will _____ a small gift.
32. She _____ no support from her parents.
33. Please _____ this small gift.
34. Someone's _____ a pen from my desk.
35. Hotel guests may not _____ visitors after 10 p.m.

三、用所给动词的适当形式填空 (每题1分, 共10分)

36. I _____ already _____ (see) the film. I _____ (see) it last week.
37. _____ he _____ (finish) his work today? Not yet.
38. _____ you _____ (be) to Hong Kong? Yes, I _____ (be) there twice.
39. _____ you ever _____ (eat) chocolate sundaes? No, never.
40. My father _____ just _____ (come) back from work. He is tired now.
41. Where's Li Ming? He _____ (go) to the teacher's office.
42. Shanghai _____ (be) a small town hundreds of years ago.
43. Now Shanghai _____ (become) a large city.
44. I _____ (work) here since I _____ (move) here in 1999.
45. So far I _____ (make) quite a few friends here.

四、句型转换 (每题1分, 共5分)

46. I have been to Macau before. (改否定)
I _____ been to Macau before.
47. He hasn't come to school because he was ill. (就划线部分提问)
_____ he come to school?
48. He has learned English for 5 years. (就划线部分提问)
_____ learned English?



49. I bought a new bike just now. (用just改写)
I just a new bike.
50. We began to learn English three years ago.
(改为同义句)
We English three years.

五、根据提示翻译句子 (每题1分, 共10分)

51. 你去过香港吗? (Hong Kong)

52. 他已经去了南方。(south)

53. 我认为这本书很有趣。

54. 你是否觉得这本书很让人失望? (disappointing)

55. 我下个月打算去西藏旅行。(plan, take a trip, Tibet)

56. 我刚刚乘火车到达。(just, arrive) _____
57. 他已经走了。(already, leave)

58. 从那以后我没有得到过他的音讯。(hear from, since then)

59. 火车还没有到。(yet)

60. 到现在为止天气还不错。(weather, so far) _____

六、单项填空 (每题1分, 共5分)

61. The taxi driver often reminds passengers to _____ their belongings when they leave the car.
A. keep B. catch C. hold D. take
62. So far this year we _____ a fall in house prices by between 5 and 10 percent.
A. saw B. see C. had seen D. have seen
63. By the time he realizes he _____ into a trap, it'll be too late for him to do anything about it.
A. walks B. walked
C. has walked D. had walked
64. Danny _____ hard for long to realize his dream and now he is popular.
A. works B. is working
C. has worked D. worked
65. I _____ it as a basic principle of the company

that suppliers of raw materials should be given a fair price for their products.

- A. make B. look C. take D. think

七、完形填空 (每题1.5分, 共15分)

Jody was ten years old when he decided he needed a job. He thought it might be 66 to raise (养) worms. He could sell them to farmers and people who fished. So in 67, he bought many worms. But that winter the cold weather killed all the worms because he had not 68 them in a warm place.

The next spring Jody 69 again. He bought more worms, which he took good care of. When winter came, he took them inside 70 they would stay warm. Many people bought his worms.

One day when Jody was twelve, he got a letter. It was from state (州) of New York. The letter said,

Everyone who 71 things has to pay taxes (税)! Jody made only one dollar selling worms. But he still 72 to pay part of that money to the state. He told many people in his town what had 73. Soon some people from a television station 74 with Jody. Many people saw it and they began to write letters to the state. The letters now said that the law was 75. Finally the law was changed. Children like Jody can now sell things without paying money to the state.

66. A. boring B. lucky
C. fun D. impossible
67. A. autumn B. spring
C. winter D. summer
68. A. caught B. found C. hidden D. put
69. A. tried B. waited
C. failed D. practised
70. A. before B. until C. though D. so
71. A. buys B. sells C. keeps D. presents
72. A. hoped B. wanted
C. had D. remembered
73. A. followed B. appeared
C. happened D. continued
74. A. talk B. visit C. quarrel D. work
75. A. common B. unfair
C. different D. useless

八、阅读理解 (每题2分, 共20分)

A