

英语 专业水平 测试题集

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陈治安主编 ● 西南师范大学出版社

TESTS FOR ENGLISH MAJORS-BAND I

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MAJORS-BAND I

● 英语专业水平测试题集

(一级)

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前 言

国家教委组织实施的英语专业四级统考(TEM4)和八级统考(TEM8)是根据《高等院校英语专业基础阶段教学大纲》和《高等院校英语专业高年级教学大纲》的要求而设计的全国性统考,是检测各类学校英语专业教学质量的重要手段。为了提高考生对统考的适应性,指导和帮助他们达到两个《大纲》规定的相应指标,根据西南地区高等师范院校英(外)语系系主任工作联络会的建议,西南师范大学,四川师范大学,云南师范大学,贵州师范大学,四川外语学院,四川师范学院,重庆师范学院和云南教育学院等联合编写了这套《英语专业水平测试题集》(1至8级)。该题集按照英语专业全国统考试题设计,包括了听力理解、听写、语法结构、改错、填空、词汇、阅读和写作等项目。题型、难度等均与正式考题相同,系统全面。

本书为《英语专业水平测试题集》(一级),共编写试题五套(包括答卷),供英语专业一年级上学期使用,它也可供攻读硕士研究生入学考试、出国人员外语考试作模拟练习,供自学英语人士及英语爱好者检测和提高英语水平。

编 者

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GRADED TEST FOR ENGLISH MAJORS
TEM1 (TEST 1)

Part One

(Time limit: 75 minutes)

Writing (24 points) (Time: 45 mins)

1. Task One (15 points)

Write a composition of about 150 words on the following topic:

The Best Teacher I Have Ever Had

You are to write three paragraphs:

- State who is the best teacher you have ever had.
- Tell briefly but clearly why he or she is the best teacher you have ever had.
- Describe your feeling toward the teacher.

2. Task Two (9 points)

(Time: 10 mins)

A Note to a Friend

Directions: The statements will be spoken one by one. They are written out for you, and you must listen carefully in order to understand them.

Write a friendly note of about 80 words for the following situation: All of your family will come for your wedding. Write a note to your sister giving details of the arrangements for the wedding.

II. Proofreading (15 points) (Time: 15 mins)

Do the proofreading task as instructed in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

III. Dictation (15 points) (Time: 15 mins.)

Listen to the following passage and write down the whole passage. All together the passage will be read to you four times. For the first time, just listen and try to understand the meaning. The first reading will be read at the normal speed. For the second and the third reading, the passage will be read slowly and sentence by sentence. The last reading will be read at the normal speed again and it is for you to check your work.

Now let's begin with the dictation. Please write the passage in the corresponding space in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

GRADED TEST FOR ENGLISH MAJORS

TEM1 (TEST 1)

Part Two

(Time limit: 90 minutes)

IV. Listening Comprehension (30 points) (Time: 25 mins.)

Section A

Directions:

In this section, you will hear 10 short statements. The statements will be spoken once only. They will not be written out for you, and you must listen carefully in order to understand what the speaker says.

After you hear a statement, you will have a period of 15 to 20 seconds to read the four statements in your test book and decide which one is closest in meaning to the statement you have heard. Then in your answer booklet, find the number of the question and mark your answer by drawing with a pencil short bar across the corresponding letter in the brackets.

Listen to the following example:

Your will hear:

Would you mind helping me with this load of

books?

You will read:

[A] Please remind me to read this book.

[B] Could you help me carry these books?

[C] I don't mind if you help me.

[D] Do you have a heavy course load this term?

Sentence [B] 'Could you help me carry these books?' is closest in meaning to the statement 'Would you mind helping me with this load of books?' Therefore, you should choose answer [B] and mark your answer in the answer booklet by drawing with a pencil a short bar across the corresponding letter in the brackets.

Sample Answer

[A] ~~[B]~~ [C] [D]

1. [A] Mr. Wilson won't have time.
[B] Mr. Wilson will take us there.
[C] We can make it there without Mr. Wilson's help.
[D] We are to pick up Mr. Wilson right away.
2. [A] He reads 2 books a week.
[B] He reads 4 books a week.
[C] He reads 8 books a week.
[D] He reads 10 books a week.
3. [A] It is an attractive house.
[B] Green colour made the house more attractive.
[C] Green colour spoiled the house appearance.
[D] It is an ugly house in every way.
4. [A] We have 8 tickets at present.
[B] We have 10 tickets at present.
[C] We have 12 tickets at present.
[D] We have 14 tickets at present.
5. [A] My back was against one of the chairs.
[B] All my chairs are in the back of the room.
[C] Three of my dining room chairs have backs.
[D] My chairs are back to back against each other.
6. [A] She only comes on special days.

- [B] She comes from time to time.
- [C] She frequently has occasion to drive.
- [D] She comes as frequently as possible.

7. [A] The boys and girls went to the movies and the theatre.
 [B] The boys and the girls went out together.
 [C] The boys and the girls went to the same place.
 [D] The boys went to one place, while the girls went to another.
8. [A] 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11.
 [B] 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10.
 [C] 1,3,5,7,9,11.
 [D] 1,11.
9. [A] We arrived after two o'clock.
 [B] We arrived just as the game began.
 [C] We arrived in the middle of the first half.
 [D] We arrived too late for the game.
10. [A] They fix telephones on holidays.
 [B] The telephone cannot be fixed.
 [C] They did not fix the telephone yesterday because it was a holiday.
 [D] They fixed the telephone yesterday because it was not a holiday.

Section B

Directions:

In this section you will hear 10 short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. You will hear the question once only. After you hear the question, you will have a period of 15 to 20 seconds to read the four possible answers marked [A], [B], [C] and [D], and decide which is the best answer. Mark your answer in the answer booklet by drawing with a pencil a short bar across the corresponding letter in the brackets.

Listen to the following example:

You will hear:

Man: Let's go for a nice long walk into the country this morning.

Woman: I'd love to, but I'm afraid I have a bad cold.

Third voice: What will the woman probably do?

You will read:

[A] Take a walk with her friend.

[B] Stay at home and do her homework.

[C] Catch up with her studies.

[D] Rest and take care of herself.

From the conversation, we know that the woman has a bad cold and needs to take a rest at home. The best answer, then, is [D], 'Rest and take care of herself.' Therefore, you should choose answer [D] and mark your answer in the answer booklet by drawing with a pencil a short bar across the corresponding letter in the brackets.

Sample Answer

[A] [B] [C] ☒ [D]

11. [A] Restaurant.

[B] Kitchen.

[C] Market.

[D] Cafeteria.

12. [A] 8:00.

[B] 8:15.

[C] 8:30.

[D] 8:45.

13. [A] Special medicine.

[B] Operation.

[C] Treatment.

[D] Rest.

14. [A] Sam Peterson will leave New York very soon.

[B] Sam's sister will leave for Chicago very soon.

[C] Sam's sister will leave for New York very soon.

[D] Sam has taken a new job in Chicago.

15. [A] \$10.
[B] \$9.
[C] \$4.
[D] \$1.
16. [A] Restaurant.
[B] Coffee shop.
[C] Dining room.
[D] Plane.
17. [A] It's going to rain.
[B] It's very dark.
[C] The woman's watch stopped three hours ago.
[D] It's four o'clock in the afternoon.
18. [A] It is an optimistic one.
[B] It varies according to her mood.
[C] It is usually sarcastic.
[D] It is determined by what she reads in the newspapers.
19. [A] At home.
[B] In the hospital.
[C] At work.
[D] At the store.
20. [A] She is going to earn more money.
[B] She's writing a book.
[C] She's enjoying reading good books.
[D] She's met some interesting students.

Section C

Directions:

In this section you will hear several passages. You will hear them once only. After each one, you will hear some questions. You will hear each question once only. After you hear the question, you will have 15 to 20 seconds to choose the best answer from the four choices given. Mark your answer in the answer booklet by drawing with a pencil a short bar across the corresponding letter in the brackets.

Questions 21--25 are based on the passage you have just heard.

21. [A] 1921.
 [B] 1621.
 [C] Last November.
 [D] On Thursday.
22. [A] To show friendship.
 [B] To ask for their help in the coming winter.
 [C] So they could eat some Indian bread pudding.
 [D] To try to convert them to their religion.
23. [A] Football is an old time tradition.
 [B] Large families often play football together.
 [C] The Indians taught the pilgrims to play football.
 [D] Most football fans are home from work.
24. [A] Cranberry sauce.
 [B] Pumpkin pie.
 [C] Pecan pie.
 [D] Roast turkey.
25. [A] The first English settlers.
 [B] The Indians.
 [C] The legend.
 [D] Massachusetts.

Questions 26--28 are based on the passage you have just heard.

26. [A] Because they like the taste of tar.
 [B] Because smoking makes them feel relaxed.
 [C] Because smoking to them means fun.
 [D] Because smoking cures them of cancer.
27. [A] Cigarette ashes.
 [B] Nicotine.
 [C] Tar.
 [D] Not mentioned here.
28. [A] They are less harmful.
 [B] They cost less.
 [C] They taste better.
 [D] They last longer.

Questions 29--30 are based on the passage you have just heard.

29. [A] They have changed much in their way of life.
 [B] They have not changed much in their way of life.
 [C] They no longer live in Arctic regions.
 [D] Their life in the past was miserable.

30. [A] Sleds.
 [B] Horses.
 [C] Cars.
 [D] Buses.

V. Cloze (15 points) (Time: 15 mins.)

Directions:

Decide which of the choice given below would best complete the passage if inserted in the corresponding blanks. Mark the correct choice for each blank in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

From the earliest time it was well (31)_____ to the Peruvians that when a cut (32)_____ made in the thick skin of a (33)_____ tree, a white liquid like milk came out. From this liquid a sticky mass of rubber might be made. This rubber is (34)_____ and wax-like when warm so that it is (35)_____ to give any form.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| (31) [A] seen | (32) [A] was |
| [B] known | [B] has |
| [C] talked | [C] will |
| [D] heard | [D] may |
| (33) [A] orange | (34) [A] soft |
| [B] apple | [B] hard |
| [C] rubber | [C] fast |
| [D] oak | [D] stubborn |
| (35) [A] possible | |
| [B] important | |
| [C] confusing | |
| [D] uncertain | |

The Peruvians (36)_____ the discovery that it is very good for (37)_____ out water. Then in the early (38)_____ of the century they made overshoes to (39)_____ their feet dry. Then a certain Mr. Mackintosh developed selling coats

of cloth which were (40) lined with rubber. Today Mackintosh raincoats are still

- (36) [A] found (37) [A] sinking
 [B] wrote [B] finding
 [C] returned [C] keeping
 [D] made [D] pouring
- (38) [A] half (39) [A] clean
 [B] sort [B] keep
 [C] part [C] form
 [D] kind [D] run
- (40) [A] applied
 [B] rich
 [C] full
 [D] lined

(41) after him.

But these first rubber shoes and raincoats were unpleasantly soft and sticky in (42) summer. They were also stiff and very (43) cold in winter. They were like wax although they (44) felt a bit stronger.

But the rubber (45) use today has been improved. It is not sticky but soft and elastic and strong enough for any season.

41. [A] search 42. [A] summer
 [B] named [B] March
 [C] touched [C] 1918
 [D] made [D] winter
43. [A] snowy 44. [A] produced
 [B] cold [B] decided
 [C] expensive [C] felt
 [D] beautiful [D] lessened
45. [A] she
 [B] he
 [C] we
 [D] I

VI. Grammar and Vocabulary (15 points) (Time: 20 mins.)

Directions:

There are 30 sentences in this section. Beneath each sentence there are 4 words or phrases marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer in the ANSWER BOOKLET by drawing with a pencil a short bar across the corresponding letter in the brackets.

Example:

Scarcely had they settled themselves in their seats in the theatre _____ the curtain went up.

- [A] then
- [B] when
- [C] before
- [D] than

The sentence should read, 'Scarcely had they settled themselves in their seats in the theatre when the curtain went up.' Therefore you should choose [B].

Sample Answer

46. She has been here _____.

- [A] after 1973.
- [B] in 1973.
- [C] for 1973.
- [D] since 1973.

47. He _____ quite a lot in his work.

- [A] use to travel
- [B] is used to travel
- [C] used to travel
- [D] was used to travel

48. You _____ your visa extended before it expires.

- [A] had better to get
- [B] had to get better
- [C] had better get
- [D] had better got

49. She's already made her reservation for next

Saturday, _____?

- [A] hasn't she
- [B] isn't she
- [C] doesn't she
- [D] hasn't it

50. The more he tried to help her, _____ she seemed to appreciate it.

- [A] less
- [B] lesser
- [C] the less
- [D] the lesser

51. Please write out the answers to the questions at the end of _____.

- [A] eight chapter
- [B] eighth chapter
- [C] chapter eight
- [D] chapter the eight

52. Let's stop by the _____ on the way home.

- [A] books store
- [B] book's store
- [C] book store
- [D] store of books

53. The examiner made _____ our identification in order to be admitted to the test centre.

- [A] showing
- [B] show
- [C] showed
- [D] to show

54. After seeing the movie, _____.

- [A] the book was read by him
- [B] the book made him want to read it
- [C] he wanted to read the book
- [D] the reading of the book interested him

55. Anna is good _____ new words.

- [A] to learn
- [B] learning
- [C] on learning
- [D] at learning

56. Scott _____ the opportunity to present his proposal.
 [A] realized
 [B] grasped
 [C] reentered
 [D] delivered
57. The Johnson's new garage was _____ for the camper to fit.
 [A] too new
 [B] too big
 [C] too long
 [D] too narrow
58. Bill is quite _____ in Chinese.
 [A] slippery
 [B] affluent
 [C] fluent
 [D] respective
59. Many dictionaries list _____ as well as antonyms.
 [A] synonyms
 [B] unrelated words
 [C] opposite words
 [D] words that show one's compassion
60. National papers _____ a wide range of political views and journalistic styles.
 [A] cover
 [B] exclude
 [C] spare
 [D] spell
61. He is a person who understands his _____ and attends to them.
 [A] restrictions
 [B] observations
 [C] annoyances
 [D] duties
62. The gun _____ by accident and wounded him in the leg.
 [A] went back on
 [B] went on with
 [C] went off
 [D] went out