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浙江省高等职业教育招生考试复习丛书

名师编写  
权威审定

# 高职考 淘宝攻略

GAOZHICAO  
TAOBAO GONGLÜE  
YAZHOU JINJUAN

# 压轴金卷



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## 英语

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# 浙江省高等职业技术教育招生考试

## 英语(一)

(满分 120 分,时间 120 分钟)

一、单项选择:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分)

- ( ) 1. There's \_\_\_\_\_ "h" in the word "hour" and \_\_\_\_\_ hour has sixty minutes.  
A. an; an                      B. a; the                      C. the; an                      D. a; a
- ( ) 2. \_\_\_\_\_ room is big and bright. They like it very much.  
A. Tom and Sam                      B. Tom's and Sam  
C. Tom and Sam's                      D. Tom's and Sam's
- ( ) 3. \_\_\_\_\_ of them knows Japanese, so I'll have to ask another person for help.  
A. Neither                      B. Either                      C. Both                      D. Each
- ( ) 4. Li Na won the tennis match \_\_\_\_\_ January 25th, 2014.  
A. in                      B. at                      C. to                      D. on
- ( ) 5. With the help of the Internet, information can \_\_\_\_\_ every corner of the world quickly.  
A. get                      B. reach                      C. arrive                      D. return
- ( ) 6. We can't get in. It says " \_\_\_\_\_ " on the sign.  
A. No Smoking                      B. No Entry                      C. No Touching                      D. No Shouting
- ( ) 7. — \_\_\_\_\_ time does your father spend watching TV every day?  
—About two hours.  
A. How much                      B. How many                      C. How long                      D. How often
- ( ) 8. \_\_\_\_\_ of the building \_\_\_\_\_ built in 2013.  
A. One sixth; were                      B. First six; was  
C. One sixths; were                      D. One sixth; was
- ( ) 9. Tom did badly in the sports meeting. I did even \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. bad                      B. more bad                      C. worse                      D. worst
- ( ) 10. — \_\_\_\_\_ plastic bags we use, \_\_\_\_\_ it will be for the environment.  
—I agree.  
A. The fewer; the better                      B. The less; the better  
C. The less; the worse                      D. The fewer; the worse
- ( ) 11. Mrs. Smith warned her daughter \_\_\_\_\_ after drinking.  
A. never to drive                      B. to never drive                      C. never driving                      D. never drive
- ( ) 12. There \_\_\_\_\_ an English party in our school this evening.  
A. has                      B. is going to have                      C. is going to be                      D. will have
- ( ) 13. Some people do not use money. Instead, they \_\_\_\_\_ by money.  
A. use                      B. used                      C. were used                      D. are used
- ( ) 14. He hardly comes to play computer games, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. doesn't he                      B. isn't he                      C. does he                      D. is he

- ( ) 15. —Why didn't you answer my phone?  
—Sorry, I \_\_\_\_\_ chemistry experiments at that moment.  
A. am doing                      B. did                      C. will do                      D. was doing
- ( ) 16. Look! The lights in the office are still on. Our teacher \_\_\_\_\_ be in the office now.  
A. must                      B. can't                      C. shouldn't                      D. can
- ( ) 17. Either Bob or his parents \_\_\_\_\_ going to watch the movie.  
A. am                      B. is                      C. are                      D. be
- ( ) 18. —Can you come to our party tonight?  
—Sorry, but I do wish I \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. had                      B. can                      C. could                      D. will
- ( ) 19. The foreigner tried his best, but he still couldn't make his point \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. understand                      B. understanding                      C. to understand                      D. understood
- ( ) 20. I like the second football match \_\_\_\_\_ was held last week.  
A. which                      B. who                      C. that                      D. /
- ( ) 21. You will learn English well \_\_\_\_\_ you put your heart into it.  
A. if                      B. so                      C. until                      D. and
- ( ) 22. I still remember the day \_\_\_\_\_ I first came to the college.  
A. which                      B. that                      B. at which                      D. when
- ( ) 23. Those \_\_\_\_\_ have caught H7N9 disease must be kept off from us.  
A. which                      B. who                      C. what                      D. whom
- ( ) 24. If the sun \_\_\_\_\_ in the west, my life would be different.  
A. had risen                      B. were to rise                      C. rises                      D. has risen
- ( ) 25. —Could you tell me how many classes \_\_\_\_\_ every day?  
—About seven.  
A. does Tom have                      B. Tom has                      C. did Tom have                      D. Tom had
- ( ) 26. What a fine day! How about \_\_\_\_\_ out for a walk?  
A. go                      B. to go                      C. gone                      D. going
- ( ) 27. —You look nice in this skirt today.  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. No, not at all                      B. Thanks a lot  
C. I don't think so                      D. No, you are kidding
- ( ) 28. —The sweater is too large. Would you mind showing me a smaller one?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ Here you are.  
A. All right.                      B. That's a good idea.  
C. Yes, please.                      D. Of course not.
- ( ) 29. —I think Jerry will pass the exam this time.  
— \_\_\_\_\_ He has been studying hard this year.  
A. I don't agree.                      B. Yes, that's all right.  
C. No, he can't.                      D. I think so.
- ( ) 30. —How would you like your coffee, sir?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ It's my favourite.  
A. Black, please.                      B. Very much.                      C. It tastes good.                      D. No, thanks.

二、完形填空:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

(A)

Good morning, everyone.

Welcome to the new Sea Life Centre at Plymouth. The Sea Life Centre is a really exciting place. There are so many things to 31 here and everything is enjoyable. It costs £3.70 for grown-ups, £2 for children and less for over sixties and school groups. It's 32 from 9:00 a. m. to 4:30 p. m. every day except 25th and 26th of December.

Special 33 include hourly feeding times for all the different animals and fish, and shows in the sea life theatre. 34 is always there to answer questions about what you've seen. If you are in a group of six or more people, we can give you a guided tour of the centre. But you 35 to arrange(安排) this at the information desk 36 you arrive.

The latest attraction is a big glass tunnel you can walk 37. All around you, you will see fish swimming—sometimes even over your head. You certainly have the clearest view of the undersea world. Children 38 it and it's really amazing for grown-ups, too.

When you get 39, there is a relaxed family dining room serving food.

That's all. For more 40, phone 01743-564219. Enjoy your holiday! Thank you.

- ( )31. A. see                      B. do                      C. play                      D. take  
( )32. A. open                      B. closed                      C. free                      D. full  
( )33. A. changes                      B. facts                      C. interests                      D. performances  
( )34. A. Someone                      B. Anyone                      C. Everyone                      D. No one  
( )35. A. decide                      B. like                      C. hope                      D. need  
( )36. A. if                      B. when                      C. until                      D. while  
( )37. A. across                      B. through                      C. over                      D. on  
( )38. A. want                      B. visit                      C. love                      D. find  
( )39. A. tired                      B. bored                      C. thirsty                      D. hungry  
( )40. A. fun                      B. information                      C. advice                      D. advertisements

(B)

The teacher stood before his class and was going to hand out the final exam papers. "I know how 41 you have worked to prepare for this test," he said. "And because I know you can do it well, I am willing to offer a 'B' to those who 42 not to take the test."

Many students thanked the teacher and left. The teacher looked at the students left and said, "Does anyone else want to get a 'B'? This is your last 43." Two more students decided to go.

Only seven students were still in the classroom. The teacher then handed out the papers. There were only three sentences on the paper: Congratulations! You have just 44 an "A" in this class. Keep believing in 45.

I never had a teacher like that, but I think it is a test that any teacher could give. Students who are not 46 in what they have learned are "B" students at most.

The same is 47 in our daily life. The "A" students are those who believe in what they are doing because they have 48 both successes and failures. They have got life's lessons, not only from normal education, but from events in their 49, and have become 50 people. You see, one should always believe in himself.

- ( )41. A. luckily                      B. terribly                      C. quietly                      D. hard  
( )42. A. dislike                      B. go                      C. prefer                      D. start  
( )43. A. chance                      B. trouble                      C. test                      D. idea  
( )44. A. given                      B. sent                      C. discovered                      D. received  
( )45. A. himself                      B. yourself                      C. themselves                      D. ourselves  
( )46. A. confident                      B. lucky                      C. difficult                      D. easy  
( )47. A. wrong                      B. impossible                      C. true                      D. good  
( )48. A. heard of                      B. dreamed of                      C. learned from                      D. cared about  
( )49. A. studies                      B. activities                      C. lives                      D. trips  
( )50. A. ruder                      B. braver                      C. worse                      D. better

三、阅读理解:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 15 小题,每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

(A)

### Special Offers

<p>Free soft drink</p> <p>Buy any meal for at least 6 <i>yuan</i> at Mike's Cafe and receive a free soft drink. We serve the best hamburgers and snacks in the mall. Come in and try our delicious meals and our excellent service. Free soft drink offer ends on November 12.</p>	<p>Buy one, get one free</p> <p>Buy one shirt at LOTTE-Mart's Menswear (男士专柜), and get another shirt of the same value for free. You can choose any tie here, then we will give you another one at no cost. Hurry! Offer ends on November 10.</p>
<p>10% Off</p> <p>Show this ticket at Xihua Bookstore to get a 10% discount on any book you buy. We have lots of books to choose from, including children's books, novels, travel guides and hobbies. You are sure to find something that you'll enjoy. Shop now for Christmas.</p>	<p>6 Hours' free parking</p> <p>If you spend 100 <i>yuan</i> or more in RT-Mart, you will receive six hours of free parking. When you have spent 100 <i>yuan</i> or more, just take this ticket that you pay for your goods to the service desk. They will stamp(盖章) your parking ticket to allow 6 hours of free parking.</p>

- ( )51. The information above is probably taken from \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a sports report                      B. a storybook  
C. a fashion magazine                      D. an advertisement poster
- ( )52. If the price of the book is 40 *yuan*, you need to pay \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. 4 *yuan*                      B. 36 *yuan*                      C. 40 *yuan*                      D. 44 *yuan*
- ( )53. You can get another tie for free \_\_\_\_\_ at LOTTE-Mart's Menswear.  
A. on November 9                      B. on November 11  
C. on December 10                      D. on Christmas Day
- ( )54. How long can you park your car for free at most after spending 108 *yuan* in RT-Mart?  
A. 1 hour.                      B. 5 hours.                      C. 6 hours.                      D. 7 hours.
- ( )55. What can Tom get for free after he has spent 7 *yuan* at Mike's Cafe?  
A. A soft drink.                      B. The best hamburgers.  
C. The best snacks.                      D. A delicious meal.



(B)

Born into a farmer's family, life was not easy when I was a kid. We were so poor that we often did not know where our next meal was coming from. I had to sell cabbages at the marketplace to support my family.

A storyteller once came to the marketplace, and I went to listen to him. My mother was unhappy with me for forgetting my job. But that night, while she was making clothes for us under the weak light of an oil lamp, I couldn't help retelling stories I'd heard that day. She listened impatiently at first, since in her eyes professional storytellers were smooth-talking men—nothing good ever came out of their mouths. But slowly she was attracted by my retold stories. And from that day on, she never gave me any task on market days, unspoken agreement to enjoy new stories. As a repayment for mother's kindness and a way to show off my memory, I'd retell the stories for her in lively detail. Soon, she wasn't the only member of my audience, which later included my elder sisters, my aunts, even my stubborn grandmother.

I knew she was worried about me. Talkative kids are not well thought of in our village, for they can bring trouble to themselves and to their families when they talk too much. Mother often reminded me not to talk so much, wanting me to be a silent and modest teenager. However, my natural desire to talk never went away, and that is what makes my name—Mo Yan, which means “no speaking”. This strong wish to talk also improved my ability to express myself, which is important for writers who are also considered as storytellers.

- ( ) 56. Mo Yan lived a/an \_\_\_\_\_ life when he was young.  
A. hard                      B. colourful                      C. easy                      D. rich
- ( ) 57. From the second paragraph, we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. little Mo Yan was interested in selling vegetables  
B. his mother was attracted by the retold story at first  
C. his mother didn't let him listen to the new stories again  
D. little Mo Yan had quite a good memory
- ( ) 58. Why did his mother dislike the professional storytellers?  
A. Because she thought they never said anything good.  
B. Because she thought they couldn't make much money.  
C. Because she thought they would affect Mo Yan's schoolwork.  
D. Because she thought most people didn't like listening to stories.
- ( ) 59. In Mo Yan's opinion, a writer should be a \_\_\_\_\_ child when they were young.  
A. silent                      B. modest                      C. talkative                      D. trouble-making
- ( ) 60. Which is the best title of the passage?  
A. My Unlucky Childhood                      B. A Storyteller's Childhood  
C. My Kind Grandmother                      D. More Talking Leads to Success

(C)

A smile will tell people around you that you are a kind and friendly person. However, many people don't smile because they think they have ugly teeth. For example, one of my classmates, Mike, doesn't have very nice teeth, so that is why he seldom opens his mouth. He even says that he has lost confidence because of his teeth. So it is very important for us to look after our teeth. In fact, a lot of people have this problem. Some people inherit teeth problems from their parents, while others' teeth are damaged because of bad habits, like heavy smoking, eating too much sugar or not brushing teeth often. If your teeth are in

bad shape, you should see a dentist and ask for help. They can help improve your teeth and tell you how to take care of them.

Smiling can help you to feel more confident and make other people think of you as a more friendly person. If you want to keep healthy, you should not only smile but also laugh. An Indian doctor called Kataria said that young children should laugh about 300 times a day, while adults should laugh between 7 and 15 times a day. So please take this chance to smile and laugh now!

- ( ) 61. What has made Mike lose his confidence?  
A. His bad habit.                      B. His bad teeth.  
C. Not smiling.                      D. Eating too much sugar.
- ( ) 62. Many people don't smile because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. they don't like smiling                      B. they think they are ugly  
C. their teeth are not beautiful                      D. they can't open their mouths
- ( ) 63. A dentist can \_\_\_\_\_ according to the passage.  
A. help improve your bad teeth  
B. tell you how to take care of your bad teeth  
C. tell you how to brush your teeth  
D. both A and B
- ( ) 64. If you want to keep healthy, you had better \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. not smile often                      B. laugh all the time  
C. neither smile nor laugh                      D. smile and even laugh often
- ( ) 65. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?  
A. Ugly teeth will make people smile less.  
B. If parents' teeth are ugly, their children's teeth may be ugly, too.  
C. Smile and laugh often, and you will be more confident.  
D. Adults should laugh more than children.

#### 四、完成对话(本大题共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

(A) 在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。

Mr. Brown: Hello! Could I speak to the headmaster, please?

Teacher: 66 I'm sorry he isn't here right now. May I help you?

Mr. Brown: 67 But I want to speak to him about my son, Mike Brown. We are going to Hainan Island on Friday. I hope to see him as soon as possible.

Teacher: Are you free later today, Mr. Brown?

Mr. Brown: 68

Teacher: Can you come tomorrow?

Mr. Brown: 69 What time?

Teacher: Between 8:30 and 9:30.

Mr. Brown: Yes, that would be fine.

Teacher: 70

Mr. Brown: Many thanks. Goodbye.

- ( ) 66. A. Yes, of course.                      B. Hello! I speak here.  
C. Hold on for a moment, please.                      D. Have a good time, please.
- ( ) 67. A. No, you can.                      B. That's very kind of you.

C. No, thanks.

( )68. A. Yes, I'm free today.

C. Sorry, I'm free every day except today.

( )69. A. No, I can't.

C. It's a pity.

( )70. A. I'll leave a message on his desk.

C. That's OK.

D. You are good.

B. Yes, what do you want?

D. No, I'm busy this month.

B. I think so.

D. Yes, but I feel not well.

B. Goodbye.

D. You are so kind.

(B)下列提供的七个备选答案只有五个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。

(Lucy and Bob are talking about School Science Show. "L" is for Lucy. "B" is for Bob.)

B: Lucy, are you going to the School Science Show?

L: 71 When does it start?

B: I saw the poster yesterday. 72 It will last two days.

L: Oh, July 5th and 6th. 73

B: Yes. And this time it will be open from 10:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.

L: That sounds good. It will give more people the chance to enjoy it. 74

B: Only \$2 for students, but adults should pay \$10.

L: Great! It's much better than before.

B: The poster also says there are many new inventions to watch and try this time.

L: 75 I won't miss it!

71. 72. 73. 74. 75.

A. It's the first weekend of July.

B. It must be very exciting.

C. How much are the tickets?

D. How much should I pay?

E. Does it last two days?

F. It says the show starts on July 5th.

G. Yes, I plan to.

五、词义配对: 根据对所提供单词或词组的理解, 找出相对应的正确解释。(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 0.5 分, 共 5 分)

( )76. maybe

( )77. event

( )78. customer

( )79. cooperation

( )80. avoid

( )81. career

( )82. GDP

( )83. immediately

( )84. lately

( )85. improve

A. to stay away

B. recently

C. make somebody or something better than before

D. 国内生产总值

E. probably

F. at once and with no delay

G. joint operation or action

H. job or profession for the whole life

I. an item in a sports program

J. buyer

六、选词填空: 请根据短文大意从方框中选择合适的词填空, 注意使用正确的形式, 使句子通顺, 语法正确。(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

certainly we confidence something communicate

How can we practice our spoken English? The first and the most important thing is to believe in yourself. You should always be full of 86. You should often encourage yourself. "Come on, don't be afraid!" You should never lose heart and never give up.

Maybe you are afraid of losing face, but you should think since we are students and we are

learning, there is no need to worry about 87. We must always be active in practice. We should 88 with our classmates as often as possible in English. We must know that the main way to study English is that we should make 89 understood. We should believe that native speakers will not laugh at us, instead they will encourage us. So if we are brave enough, we'll 90 make much progress in our spoken English. Don't be shy or afraid! Just have a try.

86. 87. 88. 89. 90.

七、英汉互译(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分, 中译英给出关键词以供参考)

91. 她成功地完成了这项特殊的任务。(succeed in doing sth.)

92. 对别人微笑, 别人也会以微笑回报你。(in return)

93. 你越细心, 犯的错误就越少。(the + 比较级, the + 比较级)

94. He feels people should respect the world, and that includes respecting an animal's life too.

95. A good winter brings a good summer.

八、书面表达: 根据提示写一篇短文。要求文句通顺, 无明显语法错误, 意思完整。(本大题共 1 小题, 满分 10 分)

过马路闯红灯近年来已成为社会关注的热点话题。请结合下面的一则报道和图片, 写一篇英语小短文, 词数在 60 词左右。短文应包含以下几个方面:

1. 简单描述图片内容;

2. 谈谈你对此类行为的感受或看法;

3. 提出解决此类问题的合理建议。

(参考词汇: run a red light, be punished, build more footbridges / underpasses, keep orders)

注意: 1. 语言通顺, 意思连贯, 书写规范;

2. 文中不得出现真实的人名和校名。

### A Report from People's Daily

"Chinese style of crossing the road" is a ridicule (调侃) used by the netizens. It describes a way of some Chinese walking across the road, namely crossing the street once there is a big enough group without regard for traffic lights. It is generally believed that as long as they cross the road together, no car dares to hit them. Here is one of the excuses given by a pedestrian (行人).

Reporter: You know, you can't run a red light, can you?

Pedestrian: No, I can't.

Reporter: But why did you do that just now?

Pedestrian: I am in a hurry. I'll be late for work.

...

Everyone knows rules are made for people to follow, not to break.





# 浙江省高等职业技术教育招生考试

## 英语(二)

(满分 120 分,时间 120 分钟)

一、单项选择:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分)

- ( ) 1. My mother had \_\_\_\_\_ fever, so I had to look after her.  
A. a B. the C. / D. an
- ( ) 2. —Can you tell me when \_\_\_\_\_ is?  
—Yes. It's on the third Sunday in June.  
A. Mother's Day B. Father's Day  
C. Children's Day D. Thanksgiving Day
- ( ) 3. —Could you bring me an English newspaper?  
—Certainly, sir. I'll bring \_\_\_\_\_ as soon as possible.  
A. one B. it C. that D. this
- ( ) 4. The Spring Festival this year fell \_\_\_\_\_ January 31st, 2014.  
A. on B. in C. at D. from
- ( ) 5. It isn't always easy to \_\_\_\_\_ right from wrong.  
A. tell B. speak C. say D. talk
- ( ) 6. —Who made a phone call for me just now, David?  
—I don't know, but it was a girl's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. sound B. voice C. noise D. number
- ( ) 7. In winter, about \_\_\_\_\_ visitors come to the north of China to feel the taste of ice and snow.  
A. ten thousand B. ten thousands  
C. ten thousand of D. ten thousands of
- ( ) 8. I like English very much. I think it's a little \_\_\_\_\_ than math.  
A. easy B. easier C. easily D. more easily
- ( ) 9. This term we have learned \_\_\_\_\_ words \_\_\_\_\_ we did last term.  
A. as many; as B. as more; as C. many; than D. as many; than
- ( ) 10. Christmas Day is coming. I have a lot of e-mails \_\_\_\_\_ to my friends this week.  
A. send B. sent C. sending D. to send
- ( ) 11. —I hear your father has been to Japan once.  
—Yes. He \_\_\_\_\_ there last year.  
A. has been B. went C. goes D. has gone
- ( ) 12. I \_\_\_\_\_ ten minutes to decide whether I should reject the offer.  
A. gave B. was given C. was giving D. had given
- ( ) 13. —You haven't been to the Great Wall, have you?  
—\_\_\_\_\_ How I wish I could visit it again.

- A. Yes, I do. B. No, I don't. C. Yes, I have. D. No, I haven't.
- ( ) 14. —\_\_\_\_\_ I do the report by myself?  
—No, you needn't. You can ask for help.  
A. Must B. Need C. Can D. Should
- ( ) 15. —Why didn't you go to movies yesterday?  
—Because I \_\_\_\_\_ it before.  
A. have seen B. saw C. see D. had seen
- ( ) 16. Over 80 percent of the population \_\_\_\_\_ workers.  
A. will be B. are C. is D. was
- ( ) 17. My shoes are broken. They needs \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. repair B. to repair C. repairing D. repaired
- ( ) 18. It is high time that we \_\_\_\_\_ our attention to this problem.  
A. turned B. turn C. had turned D. would turn
- ( ) 19. Not until I began to work \_\_\_\_\_ how much time I had wasted.  
A. didn't I realized B. I realized C. did I realize D. I realize
- ( ) 20. The old man \_\_\_\_\_ son is a doctor lives on the second floor.  
A. who B. that C. which D. whose
- ( ) 21. Although it's raining, \_\_\_\_\_ they are still playing football on the playground.  
A. / B. but C. and D. so
- ( ) 22. They talked a lot about the things and persons \_\_\_\_\_ they remembered in the school.  
A. which B. that C. what D. who
- ( ) 23. He's got himself into a dangerous situation \_\_\_\_\_ he was likely to lose his life.  
A. at which B. in what C. where D. that
- ( ) 24. If everyone \_\_\_\_\_ clean water to drink, there would be much less disease.  
A. has had B. had had C. has D. had
- ( ) 25. —Do you know when \_\_\_\_\_?  
—Next Tuesday.  
A. he came B. he will come C. did he come D. will he come
- ( ) 26. \_\_\_\_\_ role she played in the film! No wonder she has won an Oscar.  
A. How interesting B. How an interesting  
C. What interesting D. What an interesting
- ( ) 27. —What a mess! The visitors will be here soon.  
—\_\_\_\_\_ I promise your rooms will be perfect in a minute!  
A. Take your time. B. Take it easy. C. Never mind. D. Not at all.
- ( ) 28. —Could you tell me how to get to the nearest hospital?  
—\_\_\_\_\_ I'm new here.  
A. Sorry. B. Excuse me. C. That's OK. D. My pleasure.
- ( ) 29. —I'm thinking of the test tomorrow. I'm afraid I can't pass the exam.  
—\_\_\_\_\_ I'm sure you'll make it.  
A. Go ahead. B. Good luck! C. No problem. D. Cheer up!
- ( ) 30. —Thank you very much for giving me so much help.  
—\_\_\_\_\_  
A. That's right. B. You don't say so. C. It's my pleasure. D. With pleasure.

二、完形填空:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

(A)

There are times when people are so tired that they fall asleep almost anywhere. We can see a lot of people sleep on the bus or train on the 31 home from work in the evenings. A man will be reading the newspaper, and seconds later it appears as if he is trying to 32 it. Or he will fall asleep on the shoulder of the stranger 33 next to him. 34 place where unplanned short sleep goes on is in the lecture hall where a student will start snoring(打鼾) so loudly that the professor has to ask another student to 35 the sleeper awake. The worst time to fall asleep is when 36. Police reports are full of 37 that occur when people fall into sleep and go off the road. If the drivers are 38, they are not seriously hurt. One woman's car, for example, went into the river. She woke up in four feet of 39 and thought it was raining. When people are really 40, nothing will stop them from falling asleep—no matter where they are.

- ( ) 31. A. way                      B. road                      C. path                      D. street  
( ) 32. A. open                      B. eat                      C. find                      D. finish  
( ) 33. A. lying                      B. waiting                      C. talking                      D. sitting  
( ) 34. A. Next                      B. Every                      C. Another                      D. One  
( ) 35. A. leave                      B. shake                      C. keep                      D. watch  
( ) 36. A. thinking                      B. working                      C. walking                      D. driving  
( ) 37. A. changes                      B. events                      C. ideas                      D. accidents  
( ) 38. A. lucky                      B. awake                      C. calm                      D. strong  
( ) 39. A. dust                      B. water                      C. grass                      D. bush  
( ) 40. A. tired                      B. drunk                      C. lonely                      D. lazy

(B)

Mary, a 22-year-old young woman, stands in the kitchen of the Edsa Shangri-La Hotel in Manila, preparing to make a cake. It would seem to be natural for a cook, but Mary is not normal. She has no 41.

Her disability (残疾), however, only 42 her down while working. Using other parts of her body, Mary can cut grapes and strawberries into pieces and coat the sides of the cake with them. "When I first saw Mary, I was worried she might hurt herself when using a knife, but that has never been a problem," says the manager of the hotel. "She does not get 43 treatment and works just as hard as the rest of the cooks."

Mary has come a long way since the day in September 2002 when she and her uncle were attacked (攻击) by two men, who were trying to force her family off their land. The 11-year-old girl passed out (晕倒) as she tried to 44 herself from the blows. After she came to her sense, she found her uncle dead and saw her arms broken. Later, the doctors did an 45. They saved her life but could not save her hands.

In 2006, with the help of the family, Mary went to live at the House with No Steps, a Manila rehabilitation (康复) and training centre for disabled people. She 46 how to write and do housework there. And more importantly, she came to terms with her disability. She believed she 47 live a normal life although she was disabled. She thought she had something important to do in life because she was still alive after the terrible attack. After she finished high school, she took a two-year Hotel and Restaurant Management 48 because she had enjoyed cooking since she was a little girl.

When Mary was reported on television, she didn't shy away from the attention. "I wanted others living with disabilities to believe it's 49 to live a normal life," Mary says. "It is difficult to make a living, but I don't lose 50. I believe nothing is impossible if you dream and work hard."

- ( ) 41. A. arms                      B. hands                      C. legs                      D. feet  
( ) 42. A. puts                      B. takes                      C. slows                      D. quiets  
( ) 43. A. enough                      B. special                      C. usual                      D. common  
( ) 44. A. save                      B. keep                      C. prevent                      D. protect  
( ) 45. A. operation                      B. examination                      C. introduction                      D. explanation  
( ) 46. A. practiced                      B. studied                      C. reviewed                      D. learned  
( ) 47. A. would                      B. could                      C. should                      D. might  
( ) 48. A. class                      B. lesson                      C. course                      D. subject  
( ) 49. A. exciting                      B. excellent                      C. simple                      D. possible  
( ) 50. A. direction                      B. hope                      C. love                      D. life

三、阅读理解:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 15 小题,每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

(A)

#### Guitar Player Wanted

Are you a lover of music? Can you play the guitar? Can you sing or dance? Join our Sunshine Rock Band. Please call Mike at 5487-6598 or send email to sunshine@yahoo.com.

#### Hot Club

Do you like to play table tennis? Do you want to play it well? Mr. Zhang is a good teacher. You can come here every Saturday afternoon from 2:30 to 5:30.

Telephone: 8665-7868

Address: Room 15, Lantian Hotel

#### Swimmer Wanted

Can you swim? Do you like children? Can you teach them to swim on Sundays? Come and join us. Call Joe at 8472-9999 for more information.

#### Summer Job

Do you like to talk with people? Do you like to write stories? Would you like to work for a magazine? Then come and work as a reporter. Please call Karen at 5561-8823.

- ( ) 51. Sunshine Rock Band needs \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a guitar player                      B. a reporter  
C. a swimming coach                      D. a table tennis coach  
( ) 52. If you can swim very well and like children very much, you will be more interested in the \_\_\_\_\_ advertisement.  
A. first                      B. second                      C. third                      D. fourth  
( ) 53. If you like writing, you can call \_\_\_\_\_ for a job.  
A. 8472-9999                      B. 8665-7868                      C. 5561-8823                      D. 5487-6598  
( ) 54. Your classmate wants to learn table tennis, so you can advise her to call \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Joe                      B. Mr. Zhang                      C. Karen                      D. Mike  
( ) 55. The above ads are probably from \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a newspaper                      B. a story book                      C. a science book                      D. a text book

(B)

Fish and apple soup? Yes, and you won't believe how delicious it is. This first came out of a restaurant in Singapore, but it is now very popular as the soup du jour in Chinese restaurants.

Ingredients (serves 4):

One whole fish

Two apples, quartered

4 ~ 6 ginger slices (姜片)

One bunch of spring onions, cut into pieces; one red tomato, cut into 8 pieces; oil; salt and pepper

Methods:

1. Remove the bones from the fish.

2. Pour oil into a pan. Fry the ginger slices, and the spring onions. Add the fish bones and oil.

3. Add enough water and boil it for about 15 to 20 minutes.

4. Add the apples, the fish and the tomato.

5. When the apples go soft, add salt and pepper.

- ( ) 56. This passage is probably \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a poem B. a piece of news C. a story D. a recipe
- ( ) 57. The name of the soup in Chinese restaurants is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. fish and apple soup B. tomato soup C. union soup D. ginger soup
- ( ) 58. The underlined word "quartered" means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. 榨汁 B. 切成四份 C. 洗净 D. 炸碎
- ( ) 59. If you want to cook the soup for 8 people, you will need \_\_\_\_\_ red tomatoes.  
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
- ( ) 60. In what order should you add the ingredients while cooking the soup?  
A. Apples, fish and tomato, ginger slices and spring onions, oil, fish bones.  
B. Oil, fish bones, ginger slices and spring onions, apples, fish and tomato.  
C. Oil, ginger slices and spring onions, fish bones, apples, fish and tomato.  
D. Ginger slices and spring onions, fish bones, apples, fish and tomato, oil.

(C)

Without proper planning, tourism can cause problems. For example, too many tourists can crowd public places that are also enjoyed by the local people of a country. If tourists create too much traffic, the local people become unhappy. They begin to dislike tourists and to treat them impolitely. They forget how much tourism can help the country's economy (经济). It is important to think about the people of a destination country and how tourism affects them. Tourism should help a country keep the customs and beauty that attract tourists. Tourism should also advance (推进) the well-being (health and happiness) of local people.

Too much tourism can be a problem. If tourism grows too quickly, people must leave other jobs to work in the tourism industry. This means that other parts of the country's economy can suffer.

On the other hand, if there is not enough tourism, people can lose jobs. Businesses can also lose money. It costs a lot of money to build large hotels, airports, air terminals, first-class roads and other support facilities needed by tourist attractions. For example, a major international-class tourism hotel can cost as many as 50 thousand dollars per room to build. If this room is not used most of the time, the owners of the hotel will lose money.

Building a hotel is just a beginning. There must be many support facilities as well, including roads

to get to the hotel, electricity, sewers to handle waste, and water. All of these support facilities cost money. If they are not used because there are not enough tourists, jobs and money are lost.

- ( ) 61. What is probably the reason if local people dislike tourists?  
A. Tourists come to enjoy the customs and beauty.  
B. Local people lose jobs.  
C. A lot of hotels are built.  
D. Too many tourists cause traffic problems.
- ( ) 62. What can we do to solve the problems caused by tourism?  
A. Make plans properly.  
B. Help the country's economy.  
C. Build fewer hotels.  
D. Advance the well-being of local people.
- ( ) 63. If tourism grows too quickly, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. businesses will lose money  
B. other parts of the country's economy will make more money  
C. local people will be happier  
D. more local people will work for tourists
- ( ) 64. Support facilities needed by tourist attractions includes \_\_\_\_\_.  
①public places ②hotels ③airports ④roads ⑤electricity ⑥sewers  
A. ①②③④⑤ B. ②③④⑤⑥ C. ①②③⑤⑥ D. ①③④⑤⑥
- ( ) 65. If the writer wants to add Paragraph 5 to the passage, he may tell us \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. whether people need to build more hotels  
B. whether people need to plan tourism properly  
C. how to deal with the problems above  
D. how to prevent tourism growing too quickly

四、完成对话 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

(A) 在每小题列出的四个备选答案中, 只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。

A: How was your day off, Tina?

B: Oh, it was awful.

A: Really? 66

B: Well, we wanted to go camping, but the weather was terrible. 67

A: Oh, that's too bad. Then what did you do? Did you watch TV at home?

B: No. 68. It was boring.

A: Sounds terrible, Tina.

B: 69

A: I think I had great fun. I went to the museum and met a famous actor. 70 And I got his autograph.

B: That sounds wonderful.

- ( ) 66. A. What happened? B. Are you OK?  
C. Can you help me? D. How is the weather?
- ( ) 67. A. It is raining now. B. It rained all the time.  
C. It is sunny. D. It was fantastic.
- ( ) 68. A. We often go there by ship. B. We will go out for a walk.

- C. We helped mom with the chores.  
( )69. A. Would you like to go with me?  
C. Why did you meet a famous actor?  
( )70. A. I'm going to be a nurse.  
C. I can't stand soap operas.
- D. We like delicious food.  
B. When did you get to the museum?  
D. How about your day off, Tony?  
B. I don't like action movies.  
D. I took a photo with him.

(B) 下列提供的七个备选答案只有五个是符合题目要求的。错涂、多涂或未涂均无分。

Mum: Okay, Brian. It's time to make a schedule for chores around the house.

Brian: Oh, Mum!

Mum: No complaining, come on. 71

Brian: That's what I like to do. When shall I walk him?

Mum: 72 And then, when you go out, don't forget to take out the trash.

Brian: 73 Does she need to do anything?

Mum: Of course. She has to wash the dishes from Monday to Friday.

Brian: That's fair enough.

Mum: And I want both of you to make your beds and pick up your things after you get up in the morning. 74

Brain: Okay. But you know I don't like doing that. 75

Mum: Yes. You can have a rest on weekends.

71. \_\_\_\_\_ 72. \_\_\_\_\_ 73. \_\_\_\_\_ 74. \_\_\_\_\_ 75. \_\_\_\_\_

五、词义配对: 根据对所提供单词或词组的理解, 找出相对应的正确解释。(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 0.5 分, 共 5 分)

- ( )76. kph A. in fact  
( )77. go Dutch B. to give  
( )78. schedule C. a prize that is given each year in the US for the best film, actor etc. in the film industry  
( )79. different D. give sb. a hand  
( )80. help E. not the same  
( )81. actually F. a television station  
( )82. afford G. pay a bill of one's own  
( )83. channel H. kilometers per hour  
( )84. represent I. stand for  
( )85. Oscar J. timetable

六、选词填空: 请根据短文大意从方框中选择合适的词填空, 注意使用正确的形式, 使句子通顺, 语法正确。(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

large interesting win enter flower

Joe Sanders has the most beautiful garden in our town. Nearly everybody 86 for "The Nicest Garden Competition" each year, but Joe wins every time. Bill Frith's garden is 87 than Joe's. Bill works harder than Joe and grows more 88 and vegetables, but Joe's garden is more 89. He has

made neat paths and has built a wooden bridge over a pool. I like gardens too, but I do not like hard work. Every year I enter for the garden competition too, and I always 90 a little prize for the worst garden in the town!

86. \_\_\_\_\_ 87. \_\_\_\_\_ 88. \_\_\_\_\_ 89. \_\_\_\_\_ 90. \_\_\_\_\_

七、英汉互译(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分, 中译英给出关键词以供参考)

91. 我们可以通过朗读提高英语水平。(by doing...)

92. 为了避免再次迟到, 她比往常早了 20 分钟离家。(in order not to)

93. Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise.

94. It is said that he is one of the best doctors in this city.

95. It's wrong to read people's private letters without permission.

八、书面表达: 根据提示写一篇 60 词左右的短文。要求文句通顺, 无明显语法错误, 意思完整。

(本大题共 1 小题, 满分 10 分)

有一种节约叫光盘, 有一种公益叫光盘! 所谓光盘, 就是吃光你盘子中的食物。拒绝浪费, 珍惜粮食! 针对这项行动, 并根据以下提示, 请你以 "No Wasting On Food" 为题写一篇短文, 号召大家参与这项活动。



- 注意: 1. 短文必须包括所有内容要点, 可适当发挥;  
2. 短文标题与开头已为你写好, 不计入总词数;  
3. 词数: 60 词左右。

Reasons	a waste of food, money
	pollute the environment
	...
Suggestions	eat up all your food / clear your plate
	take the leftovers(剩饭菜) home
	order less or smaller dishes
	...

### No Wasting On Food

Recently, nearly 30 restaurants in Hangzhou have joined the "Clearing Your Plate" campaign(活动) against wasting food by offering smaller dishes.

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# 浙江省高等职业技术教育招生考试

## 英语(三)

(满分 120 分,时间 120 分钟)

一、单项选择:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分)

- ( ) 1. You should put \_\_\_\_\_ “m” at the end of this word.  
A. an                      B. /                      C. a                      D. the
- ( ) 2. Yesterday some \_\_\_\_\_ came to visit some \_\_\_\_\_ in Hangzhou.  
A. Germans; place of interest                      B. Germans; places of interest  
C. Germen; places of interest                      D. Germen; place of interests
- ( ) 3. \_\_\_\_\_ was terrible news \_\_\_\_\_ H7N9 avian influenza was found in Hangzhou again.  
A. That; that                      B. What; that                      C. It; what                      D. It; that
- ( ) 4. Another subway \_\_\_\_\_ in Hangzhou now.  
A. has been built                      B. is being built                      C. is built                      D. is been built
- ( ) 5. Great changes \_\_\_\_\_ in my hometown since 2010.  
A. had taken place                      B. have been taken place  
C. took place                      D. have taken place
- ( ) 6. The food in the fridge smells \_\_\_\_\_. Please throw it away.  
A. badly                      B. bad                      C. nice                      D. nicely
- ( ) 7. Hurry up! There is \_\_\_\_\_ time left.  
A. little                      B. few                      C. a little                      D. a few
- ( ) 8. At weekends she used to go to \_\_\_\_\_ and play with her cousins.  
A. her uncle                      B. hers uncle                      C. her uncle's                      D. hers uncle's
- ( ) 9. She \_\_\_\_\_ be over forty years old, she looks so young!  
A. may not                      B. can't                      C. mustn't                      D. needn't
- ( ) 10. The project will \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money and manpower.  
A. call back                      B. call off                      C. call at                      D. call for
- ( ) 11. —I am sorry I didn't do a good job.  
—Never mind. \_\_\_\_\_ you have tried your best.  
A. Above all                      B. In all                      C. At all                      D. After all
- ( ) 12. The mum with her child \_\_\_\_\_ getting on the bus now.  
A. is                      B. are                      C. were                      D. was
- ( ) 13. Is this factory \_\_\_\_\_ you visited last week?  
A. that                      B. where                      C. the one                      D. in which
- ( ) 14. —It's a bit hot here. Would you mind my opening the window?  
—\_\_\_\_\_  
A. No, please do.                      B. Yes, please.                      C. I'd love to.                      D. No, please don't.

- ( ) 15. I prefer \_\_\_\_\_ at home to \_\_\_\_\_ outside.  
A. staying; playing                      B. to stay; play                      C. staying; play                      D. to stay; playing
- ( ) 16. —Are you going hiking this weekend?  
—If you go, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. I also go                      B. so do I                      C. so I will                      D. so will I
- ( ) 17. This playground is \_\_\_\_\_ ours.  
A. three times big as                      B. as three times big as  
C. as big three times as                      D. three times as big as
- ( ) 18. The thick fog and haze has brought us \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. great trouble                      B. a great trouble                      C. the great trouble                      D. great troubles
- ( ) 19. The man asked \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. what was matter with his car                      B. what was the wrong with his car  
C. what the matter is with his car                      D. what wrong is with his car
- ( ) 20. \_\_\_\_\_ it is! Put it into the computer, please.  
A. What useful information                      B. What a useful information  
C. How useful information                      D. How an useful information
- ( ) 21. Let's have dinner together tomorrow evening, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. shall not we                      B. will not we                      C. shall we                      D. will you
- ( ) 22. If you had come here earlier, you \_\_\_\_\_ a ticket for the interesting film.  
A. could buy                      B. had bought                      C. could have bought                      D. can buy
- ( ) 23. Never \_\_\_\_\_ such a moving film.  
A. I have seen                      B. have I seen                      C. I have watched                      D. have I watched
- ( ) 24. I can't chat with my grandmother any more because she \_\_\_\_\_ deaf.  
A. turns                      B. becomes                      C. goes                      D. grows
- ( ) 25. My brother is \_\_\_\_\_ interested in music.  
A. greatly                      B. deeply                      C. very much                      D. badly
- ( ) 26. Your hair needs \_\_\_\_\_. You'd better have it done this weekend.  
A. cut                      B. to cut                      C. cutting                      D. being cut
- ( ) 27. \_\_\_\_\_ and out of breath, we reached the top of the mountain and stopped \_\_\_\_\_ the beautiful scenery.  
A. Tiring; to enjoy                      B. Being tired; enjoying  
C. Tired; to enjoy                      D. Tired; enjoying
- ( ) 28. —Do you think it will be warm tomorrow?  
—\_\_\_\_\_ It has been too cold for a week.  
A. So it is.                      B. I'm afraid so.                      C. I hope so.                      D. Of course not.
- ( ) 29. —I should apologize for my rudeness last night.  
—\_\_\_\_\_  
A. It is your fault, I think.  
B. You are ill.  
C. You did it.  
D. We need to clear out our misunderstandings.



( )30. —Let's go to play basketball after class, OK?

—

- A. Not at all.      B. Why not?      C. Never mind.      D. Take it easy.

二、完形填空:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

(A)

It was winter, and Mrs. Brown wanted to do a lot of shopping, so she waited 31 it was Saturday. When her husband 32, she took him to the shops with her to pay for everything and to carry her bags. They went to a lot of shops, and Mrs. Brown 33 a lot of things. She often 34 and said, "Look, Joe! Isn't that beautiful?" He often answered, "All right, dear. How 35 is it?" and took his money 36 to pay for it. It was dark when they came out of the last 37, and Mr. Brown was 38 and thinking about other things. He would like a nice drink by the side of the warm fire at home. Suddenly his wife looked 39 at the sky and said, "Look at the beautiful moon, Joe!" 40 stopping, Mr. Brown answered, "All right, dear. How much is it?"

- ( )31. A. until      B. as      C. while      D. when  
( )32. A. is free      B. was free      C. free      D. would be free  
( )33. A. sold      B. lent      C. borrowed      D. bought  
( )34. A. stops      B. is stopping      C. stopped      D. has stopped  
( )35. A. many      B. heavy      C. much      D. big  
( )36. A. of      B. out      C. from      D. into  
( )37. A. shop      B. library      C. house      D. museum  
( )38. A. angry      B. busy      C. happy      D. tired  
( )39. A. for      B. after      C. up      D. around  
( )40. A. Don't      B. Without      C. With      D. No

(B)

Can trees talk? Yes, but not in words. Scientists have reason to believe that trees do communicate with each other. Not long ago, researchers learned some 41 things. First a willow tree attacked in the woods by caterpillars (毛虫) changed the chemistry of 42 leaves and made them taste so 43 that they got tired of the leaves and stopped 44 them. Then even 45 astonishing, the tree sent out a special 46 —a signal causing its neighbors to change the chemistry of their own 47 and make them less tasty.

Communication, of course, doesn't need to be in 48. We can talk to each other by smiling, raising our shoulders and moving our hands. We know that birds and animals use a whole vocabulary of songs, sounds, and movements. Bees dance their signals, 49 in certain patterns that tell other bees 50 to find nectar (花蜜) for honey. So why shouldn't trees have ways of sending message?

- ( )41. A. exciting      B. surprising      C. excited      D. surprised  
( )42. A. its      B. his      C. their      D. him  
( )43. A. good      B. nice      C. terrible      D. happy  
( )44. A. to eat      B. eating      C. to leave      D. leaving  
( )45. A. quite      B. very      C. much      D. more  
( )46. A. sound      B. taste      C. smell      D. sign

- ( )47. A. leaves      B. trees      C. words      D. woods  
( )48. A. hands      B. shoulders      C. sounds      D. words  
( )49. A. to fly      B. flying      C. flew      D. flies  
( )50. A. where      B. when      C. how      D. why

三、阅读理解:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 15 小题,每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

(A)

If you go into the woods with your friends, stay with them. If you don't, you may get lost. If you do get lost, this is what you should do.

Sit down and stay where you are. Don't try to find your friends—let them find you. You can help them to find you by staying in one place.

There is another way to help your friends or other people nearby to find you. Give them a signal by shouting or whistling three times. Stop, then shout or whistle three times again. Any signal given three times is a call for help. You will be helped by others.

Keep up the shouting or whistling, always three times together. When people hear you, they will know that you are not just making noise for fun. They will let you know they have heard your signal. They will give two shouts, two whistles or two gunshots. When a signal is given twice, it is an answer to a call for help.

If you don't think that you will get help before night comes, try to make a little house and cover up the house with branches with lots of leaves and grass.

What would you do if you get hungry or need drinking water? You would have to leave your little branch house to look for a brook. Don't just walk away, pick off small branches and drop them as you walk so that you can find your way back.

The most important thing to do when you are lost is—stay in one place.

- ( )51. What would you do when you are lost in the woods?  
A. Stay where you are.      B. Give a signal three times.  
C. Either A or B.      D. Both A and B.
- ( )52. How do you let people believe that you are not just making noise for fun?  
A. Stop now and then.  
B. Go on shouting or whistling.  
C. Shout over and over at the top of your voice.  
D. Shout or whistle three times once a while.
- ( )53. If nobody answers you after your signal, what should you do then?  
A. Give two gunshots.      B. Try again.      C. Stop shouting.      D. Make a house.
- ( )54. If you feel thirsty when you are lost in the forest, what should you do?  
A. Go and find a brook.  
B. Light a fire and make yourself some tea.  
C. Go to find a brook and leave marks behind you.  
D. Find something to hold water.
- ( )55. What is the best title for the passage?  
A. What Do Three Shots and Two Shots Mean in a Forest



- B. How to Find Your Friends When You Are Lost in the Woods  
C. What to Do If You Get Lost in a Forest  
D. The Most Important Thing to Do Is Staying in One Place

(B)

### King's College Summer School

King's College Summer School is an annual (每年的) training program for high school students at all levels who want to improve their English. Courses are given by the teachers of King's College and other colleges in New York. Trips to museums and culture centers are also organized. Next year's summer school will be from July 25 to August 15. More information is as follows:

Application (申请) date Students in New York should send their applications before July 18, 2012. Students of other cities should send their applications before July 16, 2012. Foreign students should send their applications before July 10, 2012.	Courses English Language Spoken English: 22 hours Reading and Writing: 10 hours American History: 16 hours American Culture: 16 hours
Steps A letter of self-introduction A letter of recommendation (推荐) The letters should be written in English with all the necessary information.	Cost Daily lessons: \$200 Sports and activities: \$100 Travels: \$200 Hotel service: \$400 * You may choose to live with your friends or relatives in the same city.
Please write to: Thompson, Sanders 1026 King's Street New York, NY 10016, USA E-mail: KC-Summer-School@yahoo.com	

- ( ) 56. You can most probably read the text in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a newspaper      B. a travel guide      C. a textbook      D. a telephone book
- ( ) 57. How long will King's College Summer School last next year?  
A. 21 days.      B. 22 days.      C. 23 days.      D. 20 days.
- ( ) 58. Which of the following is true about King's College Summer School?  
A. Only top students can take part in the program.  
B. King's College Summer School is run every other year.  
C. Visits to museums and culture centers are part of the program.  
D. Only the teachers of King's College give courses.
- ( ) 59. If you are to live with your relatives in New York, you will have to pay the school \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. \$200      B. \$400      C. \$500      D. \$900
- ( ) 60. What information can you get from the text?

- A. The program will last two months.  
B. You can write to Thompson only in English.  
C. As a Chinese student, you can send your application on July 14, 2012.  
D. You can get in touch with the school by e-mail or by telephone.

(C)

Mexico's neighbours are the United States to the north and Guatemala (危地马拉) and Belize (伯利兹) to the south. Mexico is about one quarter of the size of the United States. Mexico has more than ninety million people. The language of Mexico is Spanish. This makes Mexico the world's largest Spanish-speaking country.

Mexico City is the capital and largest city of Mexico. The city is also very high. It is 7,349 feet high (2,240 metres). This makes it one of the highest capital cities in the world. The population of Mexico City grows bigger every day. About thirty million people live there. It has more people than any other city in the world, even more than Tokyo.

Mexico also has its specialties. Many of the foods we eat started in Mexico. Foods like beans, maize, avocados, tomatoes, peanuts, chili peppers, vanilla, and chocolate come from Mexico. Mexico is also famous for its cactus (仙人掌) plants. Mexico has more kinds of cactus than any other country.

- ( ) 61. Mexico is \_\_\_\_\_ the USA.  
A. on the south of      B. on the north of      C. a part of      D. as large as
- ( ) 62. Mexicans speak \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. English      B. French      C. Spanish      D. Latin
- ( ) 63. Which of the following is NOT true?  
A. Mexico City is the capital of Mexico.  
B. The population of Mexico City is 30,000,000.  
C. Tokyo is one of the cities with the largest population.  
D. Mexico City is the highest city in the world.
- ( ) 64. Tomatoes were originally grown in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. America      B. Spain      C. Tokyo      D. Mexico
- ( ) 65. The best title of the passage is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Mexico City      B. Mexico's Plants  
C. Mexico      D. Mexico's Population

### 四、完成对话 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

(A) 在每小题列出的四个备选答案中, 只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。

Cathy: Laura, you are very busy these days, aren't you?

Laura: Yes, Cathy. 66

Cathy: Have you got one?

Laura: 67 I haven't made up my mind about what to do. What's your idea about it?

Cathy: Everyone wants to have a highly paid job, but this kind of job is not easy to find.

Laura: 68

Cathy: 69 That's the most important thing.

Laura: Yes. Maybe it's good for me to be a teacher or a secretary.

Cathy: In my opinion, teaching is more suitable for a person like you.

Laura: 70 Thank you.

- ( )66. A. I'm going shopping. B. I'm doing my homework.  
C. I'm looking for a job. D. I want to find a boyfriend.
- ( )67. A. Not yet. B. No, I'm not. C. Yes, I have. D. I'm disappointed.
- ( )68. A. You're welcome. B. Thank you.  
C. What about you? D. That's true.
- ( )69. A. You'll choose an easier job.  
B. You have to find a highly paid job.  
C. You shouldn't follow your parents' advice.  
D. You have to consider your interests before you make a decision.
- ( )70. A. You can't understand me. B. I think so.  
C. You haven't a good idea. D. I'll take one.

(B)下列提供的七个备选答案只有五个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。

A: I want to rent a small western style apartment.

B: 71

A: Four. Living room, bedroom, kitchen and bathroom.

B: 72

A: About \$4,000.

B: When do you want it, sir?

A: 73

B: I'm sorry, I don't have an apartment now. I may have one next week. 74

A: Yes. Here you are.

B: Thank you. 75

- A. How much do you want to pay?  
B. I'll call you as soon as I have an apartment.  
C. How many rooms, sir?  
D. I'm going to change an apartment.  
E. Right away, please.  
F. I'll come again.  
G. Will you please write down your name and telephone number on my list?

71. 72. 73. 74. 75.

五、词义配对:根据对所提供单词或词组的理解,找出相对应的正确解释。(本大题共10小题,每小题0.5分,共5分)

- ( )76. be careful A. do it yourself  
( )77. jeans B. acting or working together  
( )78. cooperation C. rich  
( )79. freeze D. watch out  
( )80. DIY E. trousers of strong cotton for informal wear  
( )81. waitress F. turn or be turned into ice or another solid by cold  
( )82. Dragon Fruit G. a woman who works in a restaurant  
( )83. be crazy about H. be very interested in

( )84. wealthy

I. like...better

( )85. prefer

J.



六、选词填空:请根据短文大意从方框中选择合适的词填空,注意使用正确的形式,使句子通顺,语法正确。(本大题共5小题,每小题1分,共5分)

long sleep quick dream feel

"Dreams may be more important than sleep. We all need to dream," some scientists say. Dreams take up about one quarter of our 86 time. People have several dreams each night. Dreaming may be a way of trying to find an answer. Some people get new ideas about their work from 87. They may have been thinking about their work all day. These thoughts can be carried over into dreams. Sometimes we wake up with a good 88 from a dream. But often we can't remember the dream. Dreams can disappear (消失) 89 from memory (记忆). Too much dreaming can be harmful. The more we sleep, the 90 we dream. The mind is hard at work when we dream. That is why we may have a long sleep and still wake up tired.

86. 87. 88. 89. 90.

七、英汉互译(本大题共5小题,每小题2分,共计10分,中译英给出关键词以供参考)

91. 不论发生什么事情,我将永远都不会放弃。(no matter)

92. 只有当你更加努力学习后,你才能取得更好的成绩。(only if)

93. A good memory is a great help in learning a language.

94. Playing the sport you like is considered an essential part of a person's life.

95. Most people live too far from downtown to travel by bike.

八、书面表达:根据提示写一篇60词左右的短文。要求文句通顺,无明显语法错误,意思完整。(本大题共1小题,满分10分)

假定你是你校的学生会主席,为促进学校全体师生的英语学习,你校将举办英语晚会。请以学生会的名义发布一份英语书面通知,欢迎全校师生参加。

通知内容:时间:下周五下午13:00~15:00;

地点:学校大会议室;

节目:英语故事、英语歌曲、英语诗歌及短剧等;





届时,来自美国的外教格林夫妇及其子女将表演精彩的节目。

# 浙江省高等职业技术教育招生考试

## 英语(四)

(满分 120 分,时间 120 分钟)

一、单项选择:在每小题列出的四个备选答案中,只有一个是符合题目要求的。错选、多选或未选均无分。(本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分)

- ( ) 1. Zhang Wei likes playing \_\_\_\_\_ basketball, and he bought \_\_\_\_\_ expensive basketball last week.  
A. a; a                      B. the; the                      C. /; an                      D. /; /
- ( ) 2. It is a famous saying that \_\_\_\_\_ speak louder than words.  
A. voices                      B. actions                      C. sounds                      D. works
- ( ) 3. Zhong Daolong, the founder of Reverse English began to learn English in his late \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. forty                      B. fourty                      C. fourties                      D. forties
- ( ) 4. Which one means "No touching" ?  
A.                       B.                       C.                       D. 
- ( ) 5. It was \_\_\_\_\_ the teacher said \_\_\_\_\_ encouraged us to study hard.  
A. that; that                      B. what; that                      C. what; what                      D. that; what
- ( ) 6. No. 2 subway \_\_\_\_\_ in Hangzhou in 2015.  
A. builds                      B. will built                      C. built                      D. will be built
- ( ) 7. Please keep the door and windows \_\_\_\_\_. It's very hot here.  
A. open                      B. opened                      C. closed                      D. close
- ( ) 8. By the time he got here, the meeting \_\_\_\_\_ for ten minutes.  
A. has begun                      B. had begun                      C. has been on                      D. had been on
- ( ) 9. You \_\_\_\_\_ improve your English, unless you study harder at it.  
A. will                      B. may                      C. can't                      D. mustn't
- ( ) 10. Li Qiang is always coming to school \_\_\_\_\_, and he doesn't do well in his study, either.  
A. late                      B. lately                      C. early                      D. earlier
- ( ) 11. The milk has passed its sell-by date, it smells \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. badly                      B. bad                      C. nice                      D. nicely
- ( ) 12. If he had studied harder, he \_\_\_\_\_ in a better college now.  
A. will be                      B. would be                      C. is                      D. would have been
- ( ) 13. The problem is not easy \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. work out                      B. work it out                      C. to work out                      D. to work it out
- ( ) 14. I shall wait \_\_\_\_\_ the station \_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon of June 5th.  
A. for; on                      B. at; on                      C. for; in                      D. at; in
- ( ) 15. In China we are carrying out \_\_\_\_\_ Plan.  
A. the Twelfth Five-Year                      B. the Twelve Five Years'

- C. the Twelfth Five Years                      D. the Twelve Five-Years
- ( ) 16. \_\_\_\_\_ your spoken English, you should read more and practice more.  
A. Improve                      B. To improve                      C. Improved                      D. Improving
- ( ) 17. Would you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ in your school?  
A. anything interesting                      B. interesting something  
C. interesting anything                      D. something interesting
- ( ) 18. Keep in mind \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. what did the teacher say                      B. that the teacher said  
C. what the teacher said                      D. that did the teacher say
- ( ) 19. \_\_\_\_\_ it is to go swimming on hot summer days!  
A. What great fun                      B. How a great fun  
C. What a great fun                      D. How great fun
- ( ) 20. Don't be late again, \_\_\_\_\_ you?  
A. do                      B. will                      C. don't                      D. won't
- ( ) 21. —Jerry, I will spend a holiday in Hainan with my parents in the summer holiday.  
—\_\_\_\_\_  
A. That's a good idea.                      B. Have fun.  
C. Congratulations.                      D. I'm glad to hear that.
- ( ) 22. Hardly \_\_\_\_\_ the classroom \_\_\_\_\_ the bell rang.  
A. he had got into; when                      B. had he got into; when  
C. he had got into; than                      D. had he got into; than
- ( ) 23. —Don't you buy the ticket for the film?  
—\_\_\_\_\_ I have seen it with my friends before.  
A. Yes, I didn't.                      B. No, I didn't.                      C. Yes, I did.                      D. No, I did.
- ( ) 24. \_\_\_\_\_ you don't lose heart, I am sure you can pass the coming examination.  
A. As long as                      B. Unless                      C. As far as                      D. As for
- ( ) 25. Nothing but two books \_\_\_\_\_ in the bag.  
A. is                      B. are                      C. were                      D. has been
- ( ) 26. \_\_\_\_\_ of the pens is good, so I have to buy a new one.  
A. Each                      B. Both                      C. Either                      D. Neither
- ( ) 27. The Greens are talking with the guests, both of \_\_\_\_\_ are from Australia.  
A. them                      B. which                      C. who                      D. whom
- ( ) 28. Swill-cooked oil is oil that \_\_\_\_\_ several times, usually by the restaurant, for frying.  
A. has been used                      B. has used                      C. is used                      D. is been used
- ( ) 29. —Would you like \_\_\_\_\_?  
—Thank you, but I'm not thirsty.  
A. some bread                      B. any coffee                      C. some apples                      D. some orange juice
- ( ) 30. —Would you do me a favor and water the flowers for me?  
—\_\_\_\_\_  
A. It doesn't matter.                      B. With pleasure.  
C. It's my pleasure.                      D. That's all right.