

A DICTIONARY OF DIFFICULT WORDS

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**Arrow Books Limited
3 Fitzroy Square, London W1**

An imprint of the Hutchinson Publishing Group

**London Melbourne Sydney Auckland
Wellington Johannesburg and agencies
throughout the world**

First published by Hutchinson & Co (Publishers) Ltd

First published 1938

Second edition 1944

Third impression 1947

Third edition 1948

Fourth (revised) edition 1958

Fifth (revised) edition 1969

Seventh impression 1971

Arrow edition 1978

© Revised edition Hutchinson & Co (Publishers) Ltd 1969

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Made and printed in Great Britain

by The Anchor Press Ltd

Tiptree, Essex

ISBN 0 09 914820 X

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PREFACE

THE only aspects of this Dictionary requiring comment or explanation are those concerned with the arrangement of entries and the pronunciation system.

The arrangement is, of course, alphabetical ; but in certain cases where it is convenient or where the alphabetical order is not unduly departed from by doing so, a system of grouping for compounds and derivatives has been adopted. The entry that heads the group is either the first word in the group from the alphabetical standpoint, or the most familiar word of the group ; the remaining entries of the group comprise different "endings" to the same stem as that of the main entry. By means of such grouping reference is facilitated, and the number of entries which it is possible to include in a book of this size is greatly increased.

Foreign words and phrases are not relegated to a separate vocabulary, but are included in the body of the book in their alphabetical order.

As regards pronunciation, the simplest method consistent with accuracy has been adopted. The ordinary alphabet, with the addition of only six phonetic symbols, has been used. Vowels are clearly distinguished ; short vowels are printed with no modification, and long vowels bear the conventional sign of length (-) above them. Consonants are printed as ordinarily pronounced. The six symbols referred to are : *e*, representing the vowel murmur ; *dh*, representing the voiced *th* sound ; *zh*, representing the sound of *s* in *pleasure* ; and *n*, *ü* and *k*, representing the French nasal and fronted *u*, and the Scottish guttural *ch* respectively. At the foot of each pair of facing pages there is a key to the pronunciation, and the system is more fully explained on page 8.

It should be emphasised, since this is one of the departures from common practice in this Dictionary, that the pronunciations given are those occurring in ordinary speech, particularly as it is spoken *at the usual speed* by a fluent speaker, and do not represent the pedantic exactitude that insists on the clear and full value being given to every vowel and consonant.

Extremely precise pronunciations, though of course correct, are too often merely the sign of ignorance ; one who is thoroughly familiar with a word does not say it as if he were

PREFACE

reading it syllable by syllable from a pronouncing dictionary. For this reason the difficult words in this work are given the pronunciations with which they are spoken by those who habitually use them; the aim is to show how a word is pronounced by the majority of educated persons rather than how it *should* be pronounced.

R. H. H.

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS WORK

abbr.—abbreviation, abbreviated as.	log., Log.—logical, logir.
adj.—adjective.	long.—longitude.
adv.—adverb.	mag., Mag.—magnetic, magnetism.
agric., Agric.—agricultural, agriculture.	manuf.—manufacture.
Amer.—American, America.	Matt.—Matthew (Gospel).
anat., Anat.—anatomical, anatomy.	mech., Mech.—mechanical, mechanics or machinery.
anct.—ancient.	med., Med.—medical, medicine.
app.—applied.	metall., Metall.—metallurgical, metallurgy.
Arab.—Arabic, Arabian.	meteor., Meteor.—meteorological, meteorology.
arch., Arch.—archaic; archaeological,	
archeology.	
archit., Archit.—architectural, architecture.	
astron., Astron.—astronomical, astronomy.	
astron., Astron.—astronomical, astronomy.	
Austral.—Australian, Australia.	Mex.—Mexican, Mexico.
biol., Biol.—biological, biology.	mili., Mil.—military (affairs).
bot., Bot.—botanical, botany.	mod.—modern.
bp.—bishop.	Moham.—Mohammedan.
Brit.—British.	MS(S).—manuscript(s).
c.—circa (about).	mt., Mt.—mountain.
Can.—Canadian, Canada.	mus., Mus.—musical, music.
cent.—century.	myth., Myth.—mythical, mythology.
Cent.—Central.	n.—noun.
chem., Chem.—chemical, chemistry.	n. pl.—plural noun.
Chin.—Chinese, China.	N.—North.
comm., Comm.—commercial, commerce.	N.Z.—New Zealand.
dept.—department.	obs.—obsolete.
dial.—dialect, dialectal.	opp.—opposite.
E.—East.	orig.—originally.
eccl., Eccl.—ecclesiastical.	ornith., Ornith.—ornithological, ornithology.
e.g.—for example.	parl., Parl.—parliamentary, parliament.
elec., Elec.—electrical, electricit	pert.—pertaining.
erron.—erroneously.	phil., Phil.—philosophical, philosophy.
espec.—especially.	philol., Philol.—philological, philology.
etc.—and other things.	phon., Phon.—phonetic, phonetics.
Eur.—Europe, European.	photog., Photog.—photographical, photography.
excl.—exclamation.	phys., Phys.—physical, physics.
fem.—feminine.	pl.—plural.
Fr.—French, France.	pop.—popularly.
gen.—generally.	Port.—Portugal, Portuguese.
geog., Geog.—geographical, geography.	psych., Psych.—psychological, psychology.
geol., Geol.—geological, geology.	rad., Rad.—radio.
geom., Geom.—geometrical, geometry.	R.C.—Roman Catholic.
Ger.—German, Germany.	relig.—religious, religion.
govt.—government.	respec.—respectively.
Gr.—Greek.	rhet., Rhet.—rhetorical, rhetoric.
gram., Gram.—grammatical, grammar.	Rom.—Roman.
Gt. Brit.—Great Britain.	Russ.—Russian, Russia.
her., Her.—heraldic, heraldry.	S.—South.
Hind.—Hindu, Hindi, Hindustani.	Scot.—Scottish, Scotland.
Hung.—Hungarian.	sev.—several.
i.—intransitive.	sing.—singular.
i.e.—that is.	sl.—slang.
Ind.—India, Indian; Indies.	Sp.—Spanish, Spain.
instr.—instrument.	surg., Surg.—surgical, surgery.
Ir.—Irish, Ireland.	t.—transitive.
It.—Italian, Italy.	theol., Theol.—theological, theology.
Jap.—Japanese, Japan.	Turk.—Turkish, Turkey.
lat.—latitude.	v.—verb.
Lat.—Latin.	v.in.—intransitive verb.
lit., Lit.—literally; literary, literature.	v.t.—transitive verb.
	W.—West.
	Yid.—Yiddish.
	zoo., Zoo.—zoological, zoology.

Note.—In order to save space the word that forms the main entry of a group of derivatives and compounds is often abbreviated to its initial letter when it occurs again in the group. E.g., under aberration occur the entries chromatic a., and spherical a., meaning "chromatic aberration" and "spherical aberration" respectively.

PRONUNCIATION

a	= a in <i>fat</i> .	oo	= oo in <i>foot</i> .
ah	= a in <i>father</i> .	oor	= oor in <i>moor</i> .
ā	= a in <i>sate</i> .	ow	= ou in <i>soul</i> .
ār	= are in <i>fare</i> .	u	= u in <i>hull</i> .
aw	= a in <i>fall</i> .	ūr	= u in <i>tune</i> .
e	= e in <i>fell</i> .	th	= th in <i>think</i> .
ē	= e in <i>feel</i> .	dh	= th in <i>there</i> .
er	= ear in <i>fear</i> .	zh	= s in <i>leisure</i> .
ə	= er in <i>father</i> .	ñ	= Fr. nasal :
ɔ	= ur in <i>furl</i> .	ahn	= ant in <i>gant</i> .
i	= i in <i>fill</i> .	awñ	= on in <i>bon</i> .
í	= i in <i>file</i> .	ah	= ain in <i>pain</i> .
ír	= ire in <i>fire</i> .	uu	= un in <i>lundi</i> .
o	= o in <i>fond</i> .	ü	= Fr. fronted u, as in <i>tué</i> .
ō	= oa in <i>foal</i> .	k	= ch in Scottish <i>loch</i> .
ōr	= ore in <i>fore</i> .		
oo	= u in <i>full</i> .		

Note.—Pronunciations of Latin phrases follow the “old” or “English” style, which is still more common in everyday usage than the so-called “neo-Classical” style.

A DICTIONARY OF DIFFICULT WORDS

A

aardvark (ahd'vahk), *n.* long-snouted, ant-eating, burrowing mammal of S. Africa.
aardwolf (ahd'woolf), *n.* hyena-like, burrowing mammal of S. Africa.
aasvogel (ahs'fögl), S. African *n.* vulture.
aba (ah'bä), *n.* coarse, striped, camel-hair or goat-hair fabric of Arabia; loose Arab coat.
abaca (ab'ëkä), *n.* Philippine Is. plant, yielding fibre for Manila hemp.
abaction (abak'shn), *n.* cattle-stealing.
abacist (ab'ësist), *n.* person using abacus; calculator.
abaculus (abak'ülas), *n.* small tile for mosaic.
abacus (ab'ëkës), *n.* frame with beads for calculation; *Archit.*, uppermost member of capital of column.
abalone (abolō'ni), *n.* ear-shaped marine shell-fish, yielding mother-of-pearl; ear-shell.
abandonment (aban'dənmənt), *n.* *Comm.*, giving over by owner to underwriters of ship or cargo damaged beyond recovery. -*nee* (abandənē'), *n.* underwriter to whom such ship or cargo is abandoned.
abapical (abap'ikl), *adj.* at lowest point.
abarticular (abahtik'üla), *adj.* not connected with joint. -*lation*, *n.* diarthrosis.
à bas (ah bah'), *Fr.*, "down with."
abasia (abā'zhiə), *n.* inability to control muscles in walking. -*sic* (-sic), *adj.*
abatement (abät'mənt), *n.* *Law.* statement of cause why civil action should be abandoned; interposition of stranger between

death and entry of heir on a seisin; *Her.*, mark on arms to indicate bastardy.
abatis, -tis (ab'ëtis), *n.* barricade of fallen trees.
abatjour (abazhür'), *Fr. n.* skylight; device at window to throw light downwards.
abat-sons (abasawñ'), *Fr. n.* device for directing sound downwards.
abattoir (ab'atwah), *n.* slaughter-house.
abat-vent (abavahñ'). *Fr. n.* sloping slats to break force of wind.
abat-voix (abavwah'), *Fr. n.* sounding-board.
abaxial, -ile (abaks'üäl, -üll), *adj.* distant, or turned away, from axis.
abb (ab), *n.* yarn for warp; part of fleece.
abba (ab'ë), Aramaic *n.* father; bishop in Syriac and Coptic churches.
abbozzo (abot'sö), *n.* rough, preliminary sketch.
additive (ab'ditiv), *adj.* remote; hidden. -*tory*, *n.* secret hiding-place.
abdominous (abdom'inës), *adj.* having big belly.
abducent (abdüs'ënt), *adj.* carrying or turning away, *espec.* of nerve or muscle.
abecedary (äbësë'dëri), *n.* book arranged in alphabetical order; elementary text-book. -*rian* (-där'ëan), *n.* member of 16th-century German Anabaptist sect who refused to learn to read.
abele (abël'), *n.* white poplar.
aberdevine (abædevin'), *n.* siskin.
aberrant (aber'ënt), *adj.* wandering; deviating, *espec.* from virtue; abnormal. -*nce*, *n.*
aberration (abərä'shn), *n.* deviation; momentary mental lapse; *Astr.*, apparent deviation from heavenly body's true position due

hat, bah, häte, häre, crawl; pen, ève, hère; it, ice, iffe; on, böne, boil, böre, howl; foot, food, boor, hull, tübe, püre. ä=er in *father*; å=er in *pert*; th=th in *thin*; dh=th in *then*; zh=s in *pleasure*; k=ch in *loch*; ñ=Fr. nasal *n*; ü=Fr. *u*.

to movement of observer. **chromatic** a., focusing of light of different colours at different points. **spherical** a., focusing at different points of rays passing through different parts of lens.

ab extra (ab eks'trah), *Lat.*, "from outside."

abietic (abiet'ik), *adj.* pert. to fir tree or resin.

ab initio (ab inish'iō), *Lat.*, "from the beginning."

abiocchemistry (abiökem'istri), *n.* inorganic chemistry.

abiogenesis (abiöjen'isis), *n.* generation of living from inanimate matter.

-netic (-jinet'ik), *adj.* -nist (-oj'enist), *n.* believer in that theory.

abiology (abiol'oji), *n.* study of inanimate things.

abiosis (abiösis), *n.* absence of life.

-otic (-ot'ik), *adj.*

abiotropy (abiot'räf), *n.* physical degeneration; loss of vitality.

-phic (-of'ik), *adj.*

abirritate (abir'ität), *v.t.* *Med.*, reduce irritation or sensitiveness. -tant, *n.* such drug. -tation, *n.* loss of sensitiveness in tissues; debility.

abkari (abkahr'i), Anglo-Ind. *n.* sale or manufacture of, or excise duty on, spirits.

ablaetate (ablak'tät), *v.t.* wean. -tation, *n.*

ablation (ablä'shn), *n.* removal; wearing away. -titious, *adj.* decreasing, *espec.* *Astron.*, app. to force decreasing gravitational pull between heavenly bodies.

ablative (ab'lätiv), *adj.* signifying agency; *n.* such gram. case.

a. absolute, *Lat.* adverbial phrase formed by noun and adjunct (*espec.* participle), both in a.

ablatut (ab'lout), *n.* special change or relation in vowel sound, as in vowels of "ring, rang, rung."

ablegate (ab'ligät), *n.* special papal envoy.

ablepsia (ablep'sia), *n.* blindness. -ptic, *adj.*

abluent (ab'looënt), *n.* & *adj.* cleansing (substance).

ablution (ablöö'shn), *n.* act of washing; *pl.* washing the face and hands; washing place. -ary, *adj.*

abnegate (ab'nigät), *v.t.* renounce. -tion, *n.*

hat, bah, häte, häre, crawl; pen, ève, häre; it, ice, fifc; on, böne, boil, böre, howl; foot, food, boot, hull, tübe, pure.

aboma (abö'ma), *n.* S. Amer. snake; ringed boa.

abomasum (abomä'süm), *n.* fourth stomach of ruminants.

aboral (abör'äl), *adj.* distant from, or opposite to, mouth.

aborigine (aborij'inë), *n.* inhabitant from earliest times. -nal, *adj.* indigenous; *n.* aborigine.

abolilia, -bul- (aböö'lëa, -ü'-), *n.* loss of will power. -ic, *adj.* -omania, *n.* form of insanity marked by a.

ab ovo (ab ö'veö), *Lat.*, "from the egg"; from the beginning. a.o.

usque ad mala, "from the egg to the apples"; from the beginning to the end.

abrade (abrad'), *v.t.* rub off; scrape; cause injury thus.

abrasion (abrä'zhn), *n.* injury caused by, or act of, rubbing or scraping; graze. -sive, *adj.* causing or used in abrasion; *n.* such substance.

abreaction (abriak'shn), *n.* removal of psych. complex.

abreuvoir (abrë'vwah), *n.* gap between stones in masonry.

abrogate (ab'rögät), *v.t.* cancel; repeal. -tion, *n.*

abruption (abrup'shn), *n.* sudden stop; breaking in two.

abscond (absind'), *v.t.* cut off; pare.

abclass (absis'a), *n.* (*pl.* -æ), *Math.*, horizontal distance of point from fixed line.

abcession (absish'n), *n.* cutting off; separation, *espec.* of cells at base of leaf-stalk.

absconce (abskons'), *n.* *R.C.*, dark lantern used in night offices.

absente (absentë'), *n.* one not present; worker absent from work; *adj.* app. to landlord not living in country from which he derives his rent. -ism, *n.* practice of such landlords; habitual absence from work.

absente reo (absen'ti rë'ö), *Lat.*, *Law*, "the defendant being absent" (*abbr.* abs. reo).

absinth(e) (ab'sinth; Fr., absant'), *n.* wormwood; liqueur flavoured with wormwood. -thial, *adj.*

-thism, *n.* condition due to excessive consumption of a.

absit omen (ab'sit ö'men), *Lat.*, "may there be no evil omen"; may no harm result.

absolutism (ab'solütism), *n.* tyran-

nical government ; principle of autocracy.

absolutory (absol'utri), *adj.* absolving ; forgiving.

absorptionmeter (absawption'mits), *n.* instrument measuring solubility of gases in liquid.

abstentious (abst'ens'is), *adj.* practising temperance ; teetotal.

abstergo (abst'go'), *v.t.* wipe clean ; purify. -*nt*, *adj.* cleansing ; *n.* such substance. -*sion*, *n.*

abstinent (ab'stinent), *adj.* abstemious ; fasting. -*nce*, *n.*

abterminal (abt'minal), *adj.* from end inwards.

ab urbe condita (ab ɔ̄bi kon'dita), *Lat.*, "from the foundation of the city" (Rome), in c. 753 B.C. (abbr. A.U.C.).

abut (abut'), *v.i.* & *t.* be adjacent to ; lean upon. -*ment*, *n.* supporting part of arch, etc. ; part of bridge next to land. -*al*, *n.* land or parish boundary. -*ter*, *n.* proprietor of premises adjacent.

aby(s)e (abl'), *v.t.* pay penalty of ; atone for.

abyssal (abis'al), *adj.* like or pert. to abyss ; *Biol.*, more than 300 fathoms below surface of sea.

academic (akadem'ik), *adj.* pert. to academy ; learned ; unpractical. -*al*, *adj.* pert. to university or other academy. -*als*, *n. pl.* university costume. -*ian* (akademish'an), *n.* member of academy, esp. of Arts. -*ism*, *n.* formalism. -*ic*, *n. pl.* learned debate.

acajou (ak'ozhō), *Fr. n.* cashew nut and tree ; mahogany tree and timber.

acaleph (ak'aif), *n.* kind of stinging jellyfish.

acantheous (akan'shos), *adj.* prickly.

acantha (akan'tha), *n.* prickle. -*ous*, *adj.*

acanthion (akan'thion), *n.* species of porcupine.

acanthus (akan'thos), *n.* kind of prickly herbaceous plant, the bear's breech ; *Archit.*, leaf decoration used on Corinthian capital.

acariasis (akar'iisis), *n.* infestation with mites or ticks ; the itch.

acaricide (akar'isid), *n.* substance killing mites. -*cidal*, *adj.*

acarpous (akah'pas), *adj.* Bot., not yielding fruit.

acatalectic (akatəlekt'ik), *adj.* metrically complete ; *n.* such verse line.

acatalepsy (akat'lepsi), *n.* state of being impossible to understand ; *Phil.*, Sceptic doctrine that knowledge cannot be certain ; *Med.*, uncertainty of diagnosis ; feeble-mindedness. -*ptic* (-lep'tik), *adj.*

acaudate (akaw'dat), *adj.* lacking tail.

accelerometer (akselerom'its), *n.* instrument measuring acceleration.

accensor (aksen'sor), *n.* R.C., acolyte.

accentor (aksen'tor), *n.* hedge-sparrow ; *Amer.*, water-thrush.

acceptance (aksep'tans), *n.* Comm., agreement to pay bill of exchange when due. a.-house, merchant banker. a. for honour, taking up by person other than drawer of bill of exchange to protect honour of party to bill.

acceptation (akseptāshn), *n.* free remission of liability or debt ; *Theol.*, God's acceptance of Christ's sufferings as complete atonement for man's sins.

accessit (akses'it), *n.* honourable mention of one who comes nearest to a prize.

accioccatura (achakotūf's), *n.* Mus., very short note played before a longer note ; short appoggiatura.

accidence (ak'sidens), *n.* science of gram. inflexions.

accident (ak'sident), *n.* Log., non-essential ; attribute not included in definition ; Gram., change in form of word, esp. by inflection.

accidental (aksiden'tal), *n.* Mus., note made temporarily sharp, flat, or natural. -*ism*, *n.* Med., system based on symptoms only.

accipiter (aksip'its), *n.* bird of prey. -*tal*, -*trine*, *adj.* like such bird ; rapacious. -*trary*, *n.* falconer.

accidens (aksiz'mos), *n.* rhet. device of pretending to refuse.

acclinate (aklin'it), *adj.* sloping upward.

acclivity (akliv'iti), *n.* slope upward. -*tous*, -*vous* (-li'ves), *adj.*

accolade (ak'oläd), *n.* ceremony of knighting ; *Mus.*, vertical line coupling staves ; *Archit.*, curved moulding.

e-er in father ; ɔ̄-er in pert ; th-th in thin ; dh-dh in then ; zh-zh in pleasure ; k-kh in lock ; n-Fr. nasal n ; ü-Fr. u.

accoalent (ak'elənt), *adj.* neighbouring.
accommodation (akomodā'shn), *n.* adjustment, *espec.* of eye muscles ; adaptation ; lodgings ; loan. *a.* bill, bill of exchange signed by person lending his name to another. *a. train*, Amer., train stopping at all or most stations.
accouchemen(t) (akōsh'mahn), *n.* childbirth. -cheur, -cheuse (-shür', -öz'), *n.* male and female midwife respectively.
accoutre (akōöt'ə), *v.t.* equip ; clothe. -ments, *n. pl.* equipment.
accredit (akred'it), *v.t.* attribute ; gain belief for ; attach officially.
accremētition (akrimentish'n), *n.* growth by addition of similar matter.
accrecent (akres'ent), *adj.* growing larger. -ence, -ency, *n.*
accretion (akrē'shn), *n.* growth, *espec.* by addition from outside.
accubation (akübā'shn), *n.* act or state of reclining ; *Med.*, accouchement.
accumbent (akum'bənt), *adj.* reclining. -ency, *n.*
accusative (akü'zativ), *adj.* Gram., objective ; *n.* such case in declension of nouns.
aceldama (asel'dämə, ak-), *n.* field, or scene, of bloodshed.
acæiology (asiol'ajī), *n.* therapeutics.
acephalous (aſef'ələs), *adj.* lacking a head or a leader. -lus (*pl.* -li), *n.* hexameter line commencing with short syllable ; headless monster.
acerate (as'ərāt), *adj.* needle-like.
acerbit(y) (asə'bītē), *n.* bitterness, *espec.* of feeling. -bate (as'-), *adj.*
aceric (aser'ik), *adj.* pert. to the maple.
acerose (as'ərōs), *adj.* like a needle ; like-chaff.
acerous (as'ərōs), *adj.* without horns or antennae.
acervate (asə'vāt), *adj.* in heaps ; clustered. -tim (-vā'tim), Lat. *adv.* summarily. -tion, *n.* heaping up. -tive, *adj.* -vuline, *adj.* like little heaps.
acescent (ases'ent), *adj.* becoming, or tending to be, sour. -nce, *n.*
acetarius (asitar'īs), *adj.* app. to plants used in salads.
acetic (asē'tik, -set'-), *adj.* sour ; of vinegar. *a.* acid, acid of vinegar.

-tate (as'itat), *n.* salt of a. acid.-tated, *adj.* treated with a. acid.
acetify (asē'tifi), *v.i. & t.* turn or become sour ; make into vinegar.-fiable, *adj.* -fication, *n.*
acetimeter, -ōm- (asitim'ītə, -ōm'-), *n.* instr. measuring strength of acetic acid or vinegar. -try, *n.*
acetone (as'itōn), *n.* liquid obtained from maize or wood spirit, used as solvent, in manuf. of chloroform, etc. -tonaemia, *n.* presence of a. in blood.
acetous, -ose (as'itēs, -ōs), *adj.* sour ; of vinegar.
acetyl (as'itil), *n.* the radical of acetic acid. a.-salicylic acid, aspirin.
achar (achah'), Anglo-Ind. *n.* kind of pickles.
a chara (akar'ə), Ir., salutation, equiv. of *Dear Sir*, in Ireland.
achene (akēn'), *n.* small one-seeded fruit of plant ; naked seed.
à cheval (ah shaval'), Fr., "on horseback" ; astride ; straddling.
Achilles (akil'ēz), *n.* anc. Gr. hero ; mighty soldier. A.'s heel, vulnerable spot. A.'s spear, anything curing injury made by itself. A.'s tendon, hamstring ; tendon between calf and heel.
achloropsia (aklōrōp'siə), *n.* colour-blindness, *espec.* towards green.
acholia (akō'līə), *n.* lack of bile. -lic (-līk), -lous (ak'-), *adj.*
achor (ə'kaw), *n.* eruption on the scalp ; "scald-head."
achroma (akrō'mə), *n.* *Med.*, pallor. -mic, -mous, *adj.*
achromat(e) (ak'rōmat, -māt), *n.* achromatic lens ; colour-blind person. -tic, -tous (-ō'mātəs), *adj.* non-coloured ; free from chromatic aberration ; *Mus.*, having few accidentals. -tin, *n.* liquid plasmic substance in nucleus of cells resistant to staining agents. -tise, *v.t.* -tism, *n.*
achromatopsis, -sy (akrōmətōp'siə, -si), *n.* colour-blindness. -pe, *n.* colour-blind person.
achroous (ak'rōs), *adj.* colourless.
acicicular (asik'ūlə), *adj.* needle-like. -late *adj.* having bristles or spines ; with scratched appearance.
acidæmia (asidē'miə), *n.* undue acidity of blood.
acidimeter, -ōm- (asidim'ītə, -ōm'-), *n.* instrument for measuring amount and strength of acids. -try, *n.*

hat, bah, hâte, hâre, crawl ; pen, ève, hère ; it, ice, fire ; on, bōne, boil, bôre, howl ; foot, food, boor, hull, tube, pûre.

acidosis (asidō'sis), *n.* *Med.*, excessively acid condition of blood and tissues.
acidulous, -lent (asid'ūləs, -lēnt), *adj.* sharp in taste. -late, *v.t.*
acierage (as'iərij), *n.* process of steel-plating. -rate, *v.t.* make into steel.
aciform (as'ifawm), *adj.* needle-shaped.
acinasiform (asinas'ifawm), *adj.* having shape of scimitar.
aciniform (asin'ifawm), *adj.* shaped like cluster of grapes; full of seeds.
acinous, -ose (as'inəs, -ōs), *adj.* containing small seeds or drupes.
acipenser (asipen'sə), *n.* sturgeon. -id, -ine, *adj.*
aclastic (aklas'tik), *adj.* non-refractive.
acclinic (aklin'ik), *adj.* app. to line passing through all points where there is no magnetic inclination. a.line, magnetic equator.
acne (ak'nī), *n.* irruption of pimples on face, back and chest. a.rosacea, *n.* redness and swelling of face, *espec.* nose.
acology (akol'əjī), *n.* science of med. remedies; aceology. -logic, *adj.*
acolous (akō'lōs), *adj.* limbless.
acolyte (ak'ōlit), *n.* R.C., candle-bearer and assistant at Mass.
acomaia (akō'mīə), *n.* baldness. -mous, *adj.*
aconite (ak'ōnīt), *n.* the monk's-hood or wolf's-bane plant.
aconitine (akon'ītin, -ēn), *n.* poisonous alkaloid obtained from aconite.
acopie (akop'īk), *n.* & *adj.* *Med.*, curative of fatigue.
acor (ä'kōr), *n.* *Med.*, stomach acidity.
acoria (akōr'īə), *n.* *Med.*, morbid appetite for food.
à corps perdu (ah kōr pār'dü), *Fr.*, "with lost body"; impetuously; in desperation.
acosmism (akoz'mizm), *n.* doctrine denying existence of universe distinct from God. -mic, *adj.* unorganised. -mist, *n.*
actyledon (äkötile'dn), *n.* plant without differentiated seed lobes. -ous (-led'ənəs, -lē'-), *adj.*
acouasm (akōō'azm), *n.* ringing noise in head.
acoumeter (akow'mītə, -kōō'-), *n.* instr. measuring keenness of hearing. -try, *n.*

à coup sûr (ah kōō sūr'), *Fr.*, "with sure stroke."
acoustic (akoo'stik), *adj.* pert. to the hearing, to sound and its transmission; worked by sound or echoes. a. mine, mine detonated by sound waves from ship's engines. -ian (-ish'ən), *n.* expert in acoustics. -s, *n.* science of sound laws; properties of audibility of a building.
acquittance (akwit'əns), *n.* payment of, or release from, debt; full receipt.
acracy (ak'rəsī), *n.* anarchy.
acratia (akrā'shiə), *n.* impotence.
acrimonious (akrimō'nīəs), *adj.* bitter; caustic; angry. -ny (ak'rīmēni), *n.*
acritochromacy (akritēkrō'məsī), *n.* colour-blindness.
acroesthesia (akrōesthē'zhīə), *n.* *Med.*, increase in sensitiveness; pain in extremities.
acroamatic (akrōāmat'ik), *adj.* oral; secret; abstruse.
acrocephalous, -lic (akrəsēf'ələs, -sifal'ik), *adj.* having pointed skull. -ly, *n.*
acrogenous (akroj'inəs), *adj.* Bot., growing at summit.
acrolith (ak'rēlīth), *n.* statue with wooden trunk and stone head and extremities.
acrologic (akrēloj'ik), *adj.* pert. to initials. -gy (-ol'əjī), *n.*
acromegaly (akrōmeg'əlī), *n.* gigantism; enlargement of extremities, head, jaw, etc., due to excess secretion of pituitary gland. -lic (-al'ik), *adj.*
acromonogrammatic (akrōmonogrāmat'ik), *adj.* app. to verse in which each line begins with letter with which preceding line ended.
acronychal, -ycal, -ichal, -ical (akrōn'īkəl), *adj.* Astron., happening at sunset, *espec.* of star whose rising is at sunset. a.place, opposition of planet.
acronyx (ak'rēnīks), *n.* ingrowing nail.
acropathy (akrop'əthī), *n.* disease of extremities.
acrophobia (akrōfō'bīə), *n.* dread of heights.
acropodium (akrōpō'diəm), *n.* pedestal of statue.
acropolis (akrop'ōlis), *n.* fortified

elevated part of city, *espec.* of Athens. -itan (-pol'itan), *adj.*

acrosopic (akrōskop'ik), *adj. Bot.*, facing, or moving to, apex.

acroteleutic (akrōtelū'tik), *n. end of psalm*; words added to end of psalm; doxology.

acroteric (akrōter'ik), *adj. pert. to or affecting the extremities.*

acroterion, -ium (akrōter'īon, -īum), *n. Archit.*, ornament or its pedestal at angle of pediment.

acrotic (akrot'ik), *adj. pert. to surface.* -ism (ak'-), *n. failure of pulse.*

A.C.T.H., *abbr.* of adreno-corticotrophic hormone, a secretion of the pituitary gland which stimulates the adrenal cortex to produce cortisone.

actinism (ak'tinizm), *n. property of solar radiation of causing chemical change.* -nic (-tin'ik), *adj.*; **a-glass**, glass opaque to actinic rays.

actinium (aktin'īm), *n. rare radioactive element.*

actino-chemistry (aktinō-kem'istry), *n. chem. study of actinism.*

actinograph (aktin'ēgraf), *n. instr. for calculating time of photog. exposures.*

actinoid (ak'tinoid), *adj. star-shaped; like rays.*

actinology (aktinol'ēji), *n. science of chem. effects of light.*

actinometer (aktinom'ētē), *n. instr. measuring heating power of the sun's rays; Photog., instrument for calculating exposure times.* -try, *n.*

actinomorphic, -phous (aktinomaw'-fik, -ōs), *adj. having symmetrically radiated shape.*

actinomycin (aktinomē'sin), *n. antibiotic produced by a soil fungus.*

actinomycosis (aktinomikō'sis), *n. parasitic disease in men and cattle resulting in inflammation of jaw; "lumpy jaw."*

actinophone (aktin'ōfōn), *n. instr. in which sound is produced by actinic rays.* -nic (-fon'ik), *adj.*

actinotherapy (aktinōther'ēpi), *n. use of ultra-violet and other actinic rays in med. treatment.*

actuary (ak'tūri), *n. expert on insurance statistics and tables of expectation of life.* -rial (-īrl'), *adj.*

actum ut supra (act'ēm ut sōōp're), *Lat.*, "done as above" (*abbr. a.u.s.*).

aculeate (akū'lāt), *adj. Bot.*, bearing many sharp points; *Zoo.*, having sting; incisive.

aculeiform (akū'līfōrm), *adj. thorn-shaped.*

acumen (ak'ūmen, -ū'mōn), *n. quickness to perceive; shrewdness.*

acuminate (akū'mīnēt), *adj. pointed; tapering;* -(-āt), *v.t. sharpen;* *v.i. end in point.*

acuminulate (akūmin'ūlēt), *adj. very sharply pointed; ending in minute point.*

acupressure (ak'ūpreshō), *n. pressing needle across blood vessel to stop haemorrhage.*

acupuncture (ak'ūpungktūf), *n. inserting a needle into flesh, etc., as med. remedy.*

acutortion (ak'ūtawshn), *n. twisting artery with needle to stop bleeding.*

acyanopsia (āslēnop'siā), *n. colour blindness towards blue.*

acyensis (āsiē'sis), *n. sterility of female.* -etic (-et'ik), *adj.*

acyrology (asirōl'ēji), *n. incorrect dictio.* -gical, *adj.*

adactylous (adak'tīlōs), *adj. lacking fingers, toes or claws.* -lia (ādak-tīl'īo, *ad-*), -lism, *"".*

adamant (ad'āmēnt), *n. exceptionally hard substance;* *adj. impenetrable; immovable.* -tine (-an'tīn, -tin), *adj.*

adaxial (adaks'īal), *adj. on, beside, or turned towards, axis.*

ad captandum (vulgas) (ad kaptan'-dom, vul'gas), *Lat.*, "to capture" the affection or suit the taste (of the crowd).

addendum (adend'ēm), *n. (pl. -da), something added; appendix.*

addio (ahdē'ō), *It., adieu.*

additament (adit'ēmēnt), *n. thing added.* -ary (-men'tāri), *adj.*

additions (aditish'ēs), *adj. pert. to, or resulting from, addition;* *Astron.*, app. to force increasing gravitation between planet and satellite.

additive (ad'itiv), *adj. pert. to addition;* *Gram.*, signifying addition of similar elements or of new thought; *Phil.*, marked by addition and not union; *n. something added.*

hat, bah, hāte, hāre, crawl; pen, ēve, hēre; it, ice, ūfe; on, bōne, boil, bōre, howl; foot, food, bōor, hull, tūbe, pūre.

adduce (adūs'), *v.t.* bring forward as evidence. -*nt*, *adj.* drawing towards.

adeciduate (adēsid'ū ēt), *adj.* evergreen.

adelphogamy (adēfog'āmi), *n.* form of marriage in which brothers have common wife or wives.

ademonist (adē'monist), *n.* person denying existence of demons or the Devil.

ademption (ademp'shn), *n.* *Law.* revoking by testator, donor, etc., of legacy, donation, etc., by previously paying sum or parting with object bequeathed.

adenia (adē'nīə), *n.* *Med.*, enlargement of glands.

adeniform (aden'ifawm, ad'ēn-), *adj.* gland-shaped.

adenitis (adini'tis), *n.* inflammation of glands.

adenoid (ad'inoid), *adj.* pert. to or like gland. -*s*, *n.pl.* enlargement of lymphatic tissues at back of throat.

adenology (adinol'oži), *n.* study of glands. -*gical*, *adj.*

adenoma (adinō'ma), *n.* tumour of gland or like a gland. -*tous*, *adj.*

adenopathy (adinop'āthi), *n.* glandular disease.

adenose (ad'inōs), *adj.* gland-like; having many glands.

adenotomy (adinot'ōmi), *n.* incision into or removal of gland.

adephagous (adef'āgōs), *adj.* *Med.*, having morbid appetite for food.

adespoton (ades'patōn), *n.* anonymous saying, poem, etc.

ad eundem (gradum) (ad ēun'dēm, grā'dēm), *Lat.*, (admitted) "to same (rank)," esp. to same degree at different university.

& deux (ah dō'), *Fr.*, "for two"; *Mus.*, for two hands.

ad evisum (ad ivizm), *n.* denial of legendary gods.

ad finem (ad fin'ēm), *Lat.*, "to the end" (*abbr.* ad fin.).

ad hanc vocem (ad hank vok'ēm), *Lat.*, "to this word" (*abbr.* a.h.v.).

adhibit (adhib'it), *v.t.* grant admittance to; apply; attach. -*tion*, *n.*

ad hoc (ad hoc), *Lat.*, "to this"; for the present purpose alone; not provable by reference to other phenomena.

ad hominem (ad hom'inēm), *Lat.*,

"to the man"; appealing to prejudice or passions; illogical.

ad hunc locum (ad hunk lok'ēm), *Lat.*, *Law*, "at this place"; on this passage (*abbr.* ad loc.; a.h.l.).

adiabatic (ādiābat'ik, ad-), *adj.* without losing or gaining heat.

a.gradient, rate of change in temperature of rising or falling air.

adiabolist (ādiab'olist), *n.* person denying existence of the Devil.

adiactinic (adiaktin'ik), *adj.* not transmitting actinic rays.

adiaphoresis (ādiāfōrē'sis), *n.* absence or lack of perspiration. -*tic* (-et'ik), *n.* & *adj.* (drug) preventing perspiration.

adiaphoron (adiāf'orōn), *n.* (*pl.* -ra), matter of indifference; *Theol.*, religious observance left to conscience; amoral matter. -*rism*, *n.*

-rist, *n.* -*ristic*, *adj.* app. to certain controversies on religious observances. -*rous*, *adj.* neutral; indifferent.

adiapneustia (adiapnū'stiə), *n.* defective perspiration.

adiathermic (adiāthē'mik), *adj.* impervious to heat. -*mancy*, *n.*

ad infinitum (ad infini'tūm), *Lat.*, "to infinity"; for ever; without limit (*abbr.* ad inf.).

ad interim (ad in'terim), *Lat.*, "at interval"; meanwhile; for the present (*abbr.* ad int.).

adios (adiōs'; Sp., abdhiōs'), *Sp.*, adieu.

adipescient (adipes'ent), *adj.* becoming fatty.

adipic (adip'ik), *adj.* *Chem.*, pert. to fatty or greasy substance.

adipocere (ad'iposēr), *n.* fatty substance occurring in dead bodies in moist places. -*rous* (-pos'āras), *adj.*

adipose (ad'ipōz, -ōs), *adj.* fat.

a.tissue, connective fat-storing tissue. -*sis* (-ō'sis), *n.* fatness; fatty degeneration. -*ity* (-os'iti), *n.*

adipsy, -*sia* (ad'ipsi, -ip'sia), *n.* lack of thirst. -*sio*, *adj.* -*sous*, *adj.*

quenching thirst.

adit (ad'it), *n.* entrance, esp. horizontal passage into mine.

adjutator (aj'ōōtātō), *n.* helper.

adjutor (ajōō'tō), *n.* helper. -*tous*, -*y* (aj'ōōtōri), *adj.*

adjuvant (aj'oovant), *adj.* helping;

Med., remedial; *n.* such drug.

s-er in "father; *ō-er* in *pert*; *th-th* in *thin*; *dh-th* in *then*; *zh-s* in *pleasure*; *k-ch* in *lock*; *n*=Fr. nasal *n*; *ü*=Fr. *u*.

ad libitum (ad lib'item), *Lat.*, "at one's pleasure"; as much or long as desired; *Mus.*, according to desire of performer (*abbr.* ad lib.). **ad-lib**, *v.t.* & *t.* speak impromptu, *espec.* (of actors) jokes, words, etc., not written or rehearsed, or to replace forgotten lines; *adj.* said on the spur of the moment; *n.* an ad-lib statement.

ad locum (ad lok'sum), *Lat.*, "at the place" (*abbr.* ad loc.).

admaxillary (admaks'ilori), *adj.* near or connected with jaw.

admeasurement (admezh'ment), *n.* act or result of measuring; apportionment; dimensions.

admensuration (admensur'ashn), *n.* admeasurement.

adminicile (admin'ikl), *n.* aid; support; corroboration; *Nomismatics*, ornament round figure on coin. -cular (-ik'üle), *adj.* -culate (-ik'ülat), *v.t.* corroborate. -ulation, *n.*

adnascent (adnas'ent), *adj.* growing on something else. -nce, *n.*

adnata (ad'nat), *adj.* closely attached; related; grown together congenitally. -tion, *n.*

ad nausea (ad naw'siam), *Lat.*, "to nausea"; until disgust is felt.

adnominal (adnom'inäl), *adj.* pert. to adnoun.

adnomination (adnominä'shn), *n.* punning.

adnoun (ad'noun), *n.* adjective, *espec.* used as noun.

adobe (adö'bi), *n.* unburnt sun-dried brick; dwelling of a.; clay used for a.; *adj.* built of a.

Adonic (adon'ik), *adj.* pertaining to Adonis; app. to metrical foot comprising a dactyl followed by a spondee or trochee.

adomise (ad'əniz), *v.t.* & *t.* ornament; adorn oneself.

adoptionism (adop'shənizm), *n.* doctrine that Christ was Son of God by adoption and not birth. -ist, *n.* & *adj.* -ian, *adj.*

adoral (adör'al), *adj.* near to mouth.

adōsulation (adosülä'shn), *n.* sexual impregnation by contact only; wind-pollination.

adoxography (adoksog'refī), *n.* *Lit.*, fine writing on trivial or base subject.

adoxo (ad'oksi), *n.* belief neither orthodox nor heterodox.

adrectal (adrek'tol), *adj.* close to rectum.

ad rem (ad rem'), *Lat.*, "to the thing"; to the purpose; pertinent.

adrenal (adrë'snel), *adj.* close to kidney; suprarenal, *espec.* app. to ductless glands above kidneys. -in(e), *n.* hormone of a. gland; preparation from such secretion or synthetic drug used as haemostatic and heart stimulant.

adrenin(e) (adren'in, -én), *n.* hormone of adrenal glands.

adstitutive (adsitish'es), *adj.* supplementary; auxiliary.

adsorb (adzawb'), *v.t.* attract and hold to surface (minute particles of mixture or molecules of gas or liquid).

-ate, *n.* substance or molecules adsorbed. -ent, *n.* & *adj.* (substance) adsorbing. -ption, *n.* **adsum** (ad'sum), *Lat.*, "I am present."

adulation (adülä'shn), *n.* excessive flattery; abject worship. -tory, *adj.*

adumbrate (ad'umbrät), *v.t.* shadow forth; outline; sketch out. -ant, -tive, *adj.* -tion, *n.*

aduncate, -ous (adung'kät, -kus), *adj.* hook-shaped; crooked; *v.t.* curve inward. -city (-un'siti), *n.* inward curvature.

ad ungues (ad ung'gwem), *Lat.*, "to the finger nail"; to a nicety; with great exactitude; to minute detail.

ad usum (ad us'um), *Lat.*, "to usage"; according to custom (*abbr.* ad us.).

ad valorem (ad valör'em), *adj.* in proportion to value, *espec.* of import duties of a percentage of the value of the imports (*abbr.* ad val.).

advenient (ad'ven'nt), *adj.* afferent.

adventient (advē'niant), *adj.* due to outside causes. -nce, *n.*

adventitious (adventish'es), *adj.* added from without; not essential; accidental; casual; *Med.*, acquired; *Bot.*, adventive.

adventive (adven'tiv), *n.* & *adj.* *Bot.*, (plant) not completely naturalised or growing out of natural habitat.

ad verbum (ad və'büm), *Lat.*, "to the word"; word for word.

adversaria (adversär'ia), *n.* pl. collection of notes and comments; commonplace book.

- adversative** (advə'sətiv), *n.* & *adj.* Gram., (word or clause) expressing opposition or antithesis.
- ad vitam aut culpam** (ad vi'tam awt kulp'am), *Lat.*, "to life or misdeed"; so long as good behaviour lasts.
- advowee** (advow'ē), *n.* eccl. patron; holder of advowson.
- advowson** (advow'zn), *n.* right to present to church living.
- adydynamic** (ädinam'ik), *adj.* lacking strength; causing weakness. -mia (-nā'miə), -my (-dī'nami), *n.*
- adytum** (ad'tūm), *n.* inner sanctuary of temple; secret room.
- adz(e)** (adz), *n.* axe with rounded blade set at right angles to handle; v.t. cut with a.
- aedile** (ē'dil), *n.* head of auct. Rom. office of works. -lity (-l'iṭi), *n.* a. s. office.
- aedontology** (ēdiō'l'ājī), *n.* study of generative organs.
- aegagrus** (ēgag'rəs), *n.* mountain goat of Asia Minor; paseng.
- aeger** (ē'jə), *Lat. adj.* "sick"; *n.* student's certificate of illness.
- aegilops** (ē'jilops), *n.* stye in inner corner of eye.
- aegis** (ē'jis), *n.* protection; shield, espec. of classical gods.
- aegrotat** (ē'grōtāt), *Lat.*, "he is ill"; *n.* certificate of student's illness for absence from university lectures or examination. a.degree, degree given to student absent from examination by reason of illness.
- aeneous** (ē'neōs), *adj.* like brass.
- Aeolian** (ē'liān), *adj.* pertaining to Aeolis or Aeolus, god of the winds; carried or caused by wind. **A-harp**, mus. instr. played by the winds.
- aeolipyle, -pile** (ē'l'ipīl), *n.* first steam engine, with globe made to revolve by steam jets, described in 1st cent. A.D.; kind of blowpipe.
- aeolic** (ē'līs'tik), *adj.* long-winded.
- aeolotropic** (ē'lōtrop'ik), *adj.* having different physical properties in different positions or directions. -py (-ot'repi), *n.*
- aeolianis** (ēplaw'nīs), *n.* large fossil bird of Madagascar.
- aere permanent** (ē'i pōrēn'tās), *Lat.*, "more lasting than brass."
- aerobe** (ērō'b), *n.* (*pl.* -bia) organism growing only in presence of oxygen. -bie, *adj.* -biogenesis, *n.* such growth or existence.
- aerodonastics** (ārōdōnet'iks, ā ēr'-), *n.* science of gliding.
- aerodromics** (ārōdrom'iks, ā ēr'-), *n.* science of mechanical flight.
- aerodynamics** (ārōdinam'iks, ā ēr'-), *n.* science of forces acting on bodies in motion in air.
- aerodyne** (ār'ādīn, ā ēr'-), *n.* heavier-than-air aircraft kept up by its movement through air.
- aerogenio** (ārōjen'ik, ā ēr'-), *adj.* derived from air; gas-forming. -nesia, *n.*
- aerolite, -lith** (ār'ōlīt, ā ēr'-; -lith), *n.* meteorite.
- aerology** (ārōl'ājī, ā ēr'-), *n.* study of physical properties of atmosphere, espec. meteorological.
- aeromancy** (ār'āmānsi, ā ēr'-), *n.* divination by the air; weather forecasting. -ntic, *adj.*
- aeromechanics** (ārōmākān'iks, ā ēr'-), *n.* science of mechanical properties of gases.
- aerometer** (ārōm'ētə, ā ēr'-), *n.* instr. measuring weight or density of gases. -try, *n.* such measurement; pneumatics.
- serophilately** (ārōfilat'īlī, ā ēr'-), *n.* collecting of air-mail stamps and covers.
- serophore** (ār'āfōr, ā ēr'-), *n.* apparatus for inflating lungs, espec. of still-born child.
- serophyte** (ār'āfīt, ā ēr'-), *n.* plant obtaining all nourishment from the air; epiphyte.
- seropleustic** (ārōplōō'stik, ā ēr'-), *adj.* pert. to aerial navigation.
- aeroscope** (ār'āskōp, ā ēr'-), *n.* instr. measuring purity of air. -py (-os'kōpī), *n.* observation of varying air conditions.
- aereo** (ērō'ōs, erō's), *adj.* brassy.
- aerosol** (ār'āsōl, ā ēr'-), *n.* mist-like suspension of minute particles in air or gas.
- aerostat** (ār'āstāt, ā ēr'-), *n.* lighter-than-air craft; balloonist. -ic, *adj.* -ies, *n.* science of gases in equilibrium; aerial navigation. -ion, *n.* act of navigating a.
- aerotherapeutics** (ārātherapū'tiks, ā ēr'-), *n.* med. treatment by modifying atmospheric pressure.
- aerugo** (ērōō'gō), *n.* rust, espec. of copper and brass; verdigris. -ginous (-jīnōs), *adj.*

ē=ē in father; ē=ē in port; th=th in thin; dh=th in then;
zh=z in pleasure; k=ch in loch; n=Fr. nasal n; ū=Fr. u.