英语教程

(理工科用)

清华大学外语教研室 陆慈(主编)王文佳 赵静鹏(副主编)

快速阅读

RASTRADING



附册



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BOOK

A.T.S

本练习册为《英语教程(建工科用)》第四册的附册,供学生在课堂上作快速阅读练习使用。"快速阅读"是本书新增加的一种练习形式,旨在训练学生的阅读速度及在较短时间内理解文章大意的能力。本册文章选材范围较宽,多为带故事性情节的短文。

为配合课本的 12 课课文,共汇编了 12 个练习(16篇短文),每篇短文后均有供检查理解程度的练习题。练习 1—6(6 篇) 篇幅较短,语言难度较小,练习 7—12(10 篇)篇幅逐渐增加,难度也适当加大。

本练习册应由教师统一保管, 每次使用时发给学生,但应注意:

- 1. 每个练习要求在课堂上由教师指导于限定时间内完成:
- 2. 阅读前不作预习:
- 3. 要求不查阅辞典。文中少量较难的词已有注释,其他生词的词义要求学生联系上下文进行推测;
- 4. 每次练习后要作阅读时间、速度和理解程度的统计记录:
 - a) 开始时间 (STARTING TIME)
 - b) 结束时间 (FINISHING TIME)
 - c) 阅读速度——计每分钟词数(WORDS PER MINUTE)
 - d) 理解程度——计百分比 (% COMPREHENSION) 为了便于统计,每行末都标有词的累计数(WORDS)。
- 5. 阅读时应尽量记住文章主要情节,作练习题时就不能再翻阅 所读短文。

学期结束时可利用附录的记录总表(Record Sheet),综合 12 个 快读练习作一次比较统计,以了解理解能力的提高程度和阅读速度 的增长率。

"快速阅读法"在国外已使用多年,是一种使用范围较广的练习形式。这种方法在我国外语教学中正逐渐开始使用。由于缺乏经验和水平所限,一定有许多不完善之处,欢迎批评指正,以便改进提高。

参加本书编写工作的还有王维贯、李运。

稿 者 1982年5月

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STARTING TIME .

Machine Intelligence	# WORDS
Since the 18th century, a great amount of energy	9
has been devoted to creating imitations (模仿) of	16
human, rather than simply animal, activity. In	- 23
1736 a French inventor built a mechanical musi-	30
cian (音乐家) that could play 12 songs on his	, " 38
musical instrument, Not only did this machine put	46

its fingers in the right places on the instrument,	55
it moved its lips (曆) to control the flow of wind	64
into it. In 1774 another French inventor aston-	71
ished (使…惊讶) Europeans with a machine about	77
the size of a young boy, that could sit down and	88
write on a piece of paper.	94

But these were only machines doing a few pro-102 grammed things. Men continued to try to create 108 another kind of machine, one that could play chess 117 against a human. In 1769 all of Europe was aston-126 ished to see such a machine. It won most of its 136 games as it traveled through Europe and, later, 144 the United States. Among the famous people who 152 played against the machine were Frederick the 159 Great (腓特烈大帝) and Napoleon (拿破仑). But no 164 one could believe in the existence of a machine 173 that really worked in this way. The great Ameri-181 can writer Edgar Allan Poe (爱伦坡) wrote a story 189 for the newspapers, saying that the chess player 197 was a trick (骗局). He was right. It was not a 207 "thinking" machine at all, but instead was a well-215 constructed piece of machinery controlled by a very 223

FINISHING TIME ____

Fil	l in the blanks with suitable words according to the pas-
sag	e:
1.	Men have tried hard to make machines that mimicked men since
2.	The first mechanical musician was made by in 1736.
3.	The mechanical musician could move and and play
4.	The second machine was a writing machine about the size of a
5.	Later, men tried to build machines that could
6.	The chess-playing machine appeared in the year
7.	The chess-playing machine won the games in Europe and the United states.
8.	Edgar Allan Poe was a famous writer.
9.	believed the chess-playing machine to be a true "thinking" machine.
10.	was hidden in the chess-playing machine.
	WORDS PER MINUTE

% COMPREHENSION ____

STARTING TIME ____

Starships	
A	,
One day the human race will begin its greatest	9
adventure (曾险活动) — the journey to the stars.	48
Already space probes are on their way out of the	25
solar system. But even at their speed, it would	. 34
take 100,000 years to get to the nearest star which	43
is just over four light years away. Perhaps future	52
star journeys will last as long as that. Space trav-	61

elers might be kept unconscious (失去知觉的) in 67 deep-freeze during that time with their breathing, 74 heart rate and body functions slowed down. They 82 would be revived (苏醒) automatically when they 88 arrived, and their bodies would have aged very 96 little. Alternatively (另一个办法是), huge colony 100 (移民) ships could be sent on such a journey. 108 Thousands of generations would live, have children 115 and die during the journey. 120

B

It may be possible to build faster ships, but scien-	128
tists believe that they couldn't travel as fast as	138
light. So they would still have long journeys ahead	147
of (在…前面) them. To get to the bright star	154
Capella (御夫座 α) would take over 45 years at the	162
speed of light. According to present theories, time	170
would slow down on board a ship moving near	179
this speed. Clocks and all body processes would	187
run slower on the ship. Although a speed-of-light	195
expedition (远征) to Capella would make the	201
round trip in 90 years by Earth calendars (日历),	209
to the crew it would seem as if only a few years	221
had passed. Yet when they returned, they would	229
find that nearly a century had passed on Earth	238
since they had left. So the space travelers of the	248

future will also be time travelers.

FINISHING TIME

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True or False:

A

- 1. Man will someday start his star travel and place his foot onto the surface of the stars.
- 2. It is estimated that the future journeys to the stars may last as long as 1,000 years.
- 3. The travelers on board the huge colony ships would not get old at all during the travel.

В

- 4. None of the starships could travel at the speed of light.
- 5. It would take the space probes over 45 years to reach the bright star Capella.
- 6. Although a speed-of-light trip to Capella would take 90 years, to the crew it would seem only a few years.
- 7. The space travelers of the years to come may well be called time travelers.

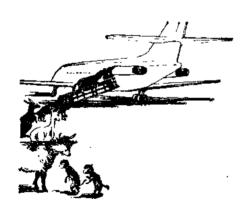
WC	RDS	PER	MINU	ſΕ	
%	COM	PRE	HENSIC	N	

STARTING TIME ____

Animals Up in the Air	WORDS
You may have heard about a dog being flown to	10
its new home, or a lion (獅子) to a zoo (动物园).	19
But do you know that planes now fly even more	29
animals than people? The airlines have men who	37
are trained to take care of animals. "Animalports"	44
at airports can care for anything - from fish to	53
elephants.	54
In a plane or at an airport, each kind of ani-	64
mal needs special care. The caretakers must know	72

just what to do for each kind.	78
Monkeys are flown in large numbers because	85
scientists in many countries want to study them.	92
Before each flight, a caretaker watches to see which	100
monkeys are the troublemakers. He puts these	107
monkeys into separate cages (笼).	111
For one thing, monkeys are very good at open-	119
ing cage doors. Once, a pilot had to radio to the	129
control tower, "Need to land immediately. Mon-	134
keys loose on plane." When the big plane came	143

sliding down the runway, there was a monkey 151



looking out of each window!	156
Airlines do not ship monkeys on a plane with	165
race horses (比赛用的马). You can't have a	172
\$100,000 race horse upset by the cry of a \$3.50	184
monkey! Yet certain animals like the company of	192
another kind of animal. Some race horses travel	200

better when a dog goes along with them.	204
Many fish are flown from the Far East. Some	217
travel in plastic bags partly filled with water.	225
Others are sent packed in dry ice. When they	234
arrive, about four out of five live, a good score	244
(成績) for a long trip.	248
The men who take care of animals in the air	258
and at an airport like and understand them. And	267
fliers have fun with their animal passengers.	274
One pilot was asked to bring a parrot (鸚鵡)	281
to the head of his airline company (公司). On the	290
trip, the men taught the parrot to talk. When	298
handed to his new owner, the bird cried, "More	307
pay (下條) for air crews!"	211

FINISHING TIME ____

True or False:

- 1. Aeroplanes used to have more animal passengers than people.
- 2. During each flight monkeys are all put into separate cages.
- 3. The plane had to land immediately because the monthlys had opened the cage doors and were all running about.
- 4. Race horses and dogs mustn't be shipped together.
- 5. Most of the fish flown from the Far East are alive when they arrive at their destination.
- 6. Airline pilots often enjoy their animal passengers.

WC)RDS	PER	MINUTE	**********
%	COM	PRE	IENSION	

STARTING TIME

Getting to Europe	WORDS
To swim the English Channel takes at least nine	8
hours. It's hard work and it makes you short of	19
breath (呼吸短促). To fly over the Channel takes	25
only twenty minutes (as long as you're not held	35
up (阻挡) at the airport), but it's an expensive	. 44
way to travel. You can travel by hovercraft if	52
you don't mind the noise, and that takes forty	62
minutes. Otherwise, you can go by boat, if you	. 71

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