# 新编英语教程

李观仪主编

# A NEW ENGLIS COURS

Workbook

上海外语教育出版社

### 高等学校教材

# 新编英语教程

英语专业用

4

练习册

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## 新雄芸造教

英语专业用

無区款

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> 高等学校教材 新编英语教程 练习册 李观仪主编

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### 出版说明

《新编英语教程》是为我国大专院校英语专业编写的一套综合训练英语教材, 共分五级,每级教材由学生用书、练习册、教师用书组成。本教材第一至第三级 以语法结构为基础,第四至第五级以课文为主,兼顾交际法教学原则,综合训练 听、说、读、写语言能力,也培养一定的交际能力,狠抓基本功,给学生打好扎实 的英语基础。本书是这套教材中的第 4 册,配有英语国家人士录制的课文和听力 材料的录音磁带。

参加本书审稿工作的有中山大学、山东大学、北京大学、辽宁大学、南开大学、复旦大学、上海师范大学、华东师范大学、广州外国语学院、解放军外国语学院、国际关系学院等十一所高等学校的代表,并由中山大学方淑珍教授担任主审。参加审稿会的代表对这套教材提供了宝贵的意见和建议,并认为本教程是一套思想性、科学性和实践性较强的教材,一致推荐出版。现经高等学校外语专业教材编审委员会审查批准,同意公开出版,特此说明。

### A FEW WORDS ABOUT THE WORKBOOK

Each unit in the WORKBOOK of A New English Course, Level 4, consists of: TEXT I

Comprehension. Here inferential questions, questions on the author's attitude and intention, and questions on the students' own opinion are asked. Besides, some complicated sentences with implicit meanings are to be explained by the students in their own words. These two types of exercises, it is believed, will help the students to gain a thorough comprehension of the text.

Language Work. Exercises in this section aim at familiarizing the students with grammatical and lexical items and items of usage arising from the text.

TEXT II

Comprehension. Comprehension questions in this section are of various types. They aim at a general comprehension of the text.

TEXT III

An authentic text in the form of a magazine article, a page from an encyclopaedia, etc, is given in each unit. Each text is followed by a comprehension exercise.

LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Questions to test the students' listening ability are of various kinds.

**GUIDED WRITING** 

Sentence Combination. This aims at helping the students to reconstruct sentences.

Composition Writing. This is to be done by the students individually.

Letter Writing. Informal letters of various kinds are to be written.

INTEGRATED EXERCISES

Spelling

Dictation

Blank Filling

Translation

This Year It's Going to Be Different  Omprehension  Answer the following questions.  1. What does the sentence 'New Year's resolutions are like anything else — you get out them what you put in' mean?  2. How did the writer try to make this year different from other years?  Seroinal in the bradead ban reduct being a did strong will be by did in bib will.  3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?  Strongs Abad now award or yequal took of year's Day?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		The state of the s	2	d and H
This Year It's Going to Be Different comprehension  Answer the following questions.  1. What does the sentence 'New Year's resolutions are like anything else — you get out them what you put in' mean?  The property of the p	Jnit 1	e writer was?	you think th	nd husband do	ind of father a	+ what k
This Year It's Going to Be Different comprehension  Answer the following questions.  1. What does the sentence 'New Year's resolutions are like anything else — you get out them what you put in' mean?  This Year It's Going to Be Different growing else — you get out them what you put in' mean?  The what you put in' mean?  The whole the property of th						
2. How did the writer try to make this year different from other years?  Sential in the behavior of the sentence of the senten	EXT I					
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2. How did the writer try to make this year different from other years?  Sometime in the behavior of the second to the second the second the second to the second to the second th	omprehension	Tills	Icai It's Gui	ng to be Differ	CIR	
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them what you put in' mean?  South mood, and helpful altitude;  Loud all his wife react to his considerateness, good mood, and helpful altitude;  How did the writer try to make this year different from other years?  Output  Output			Year's resolu	tions are like a	nything else —	you get out
6. Why did all his efforts to be a good father and husband end in failure?  3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?					and the second s	and the state of t
6. Why did all his efforts to be a good father and husband end in failure?  3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?						
6. Why did all his efforts to be a good father and husband end in failure?  3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?						
6. Why did all his efforts to be a good father and husband end in failure?  3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?	An enter research research and Control to the Control of the Contr			Section of Section Sec		and the second second
3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?						6. Why di
3. Why did the writer look forward eagerly to New Year's Day?	go ann a the secure parameter again an					
	Para de la constante de la con					
	<u> </u>					
7. What is the implied meaning of 'We're just happy to have you back again'?	3. Why die	d the writer look for	rward eagerly	to New Year's	Day?	
	g'nie	to have you back ago	e just happy t	aning of 'We'r	the implied m	7. What is
	-6					
	(A)					

What kind of father and husband do you think the writer was?	Unit 1
	r neszem
	EXT I
This March of Going to Be Different	ompreheusion .
the sentence 'New Year's resolutions are like arything cise — you get o	
How did his wife react to his considerateness, good mood, and helpfu	terior constit
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	A LOS TENERS
Why did all his efforts to be a good father and husband end in failur	
the writer look forward cagerly to New Year's Day?	3. Why did t
. What is the implied meaning of 'We're just happy to have you back	again'?

life, boundless lo	ve from his family a		s would be blessed to of the community address guiwolion and s	3V/ 31
Adverb	Adjective	615V	unon	
Be spontaneous in beautifully	n showing affection.		viivi16513	2.
	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-3:
A sincere complin	ment is worth its wei	ght in gold.		5.
		200	collection	6.
Meet your child	at his own level.			.8
differently				:6
		(magine	,	.01
. There was a serie	es of shrieks down t	he hall. I found	Gretchen in tears.	.11
	impressive			
distributively				.81
The most trivial	chore can prove rew	varding if approac	hed with zest.	14
. The most trivial	enote can prove ter	arding ir approac	disappointment	15.

8. You never bothered with si	mall talk before. Why start now?
Townson Someton Will Si	man talk belote. Why start how:
	Explain the following sentences in your own words:

# life, boundless love from his family and the admiration of the community. A. Complete the fallowing table.

Noun	Verb	Adjective	Adverb
1. creativity			
2.		a showing affection	beautifully
3.	resolve	antergraphique (anterior anterior de grant de l'article de l'article de l'article de l'article de l'article de	
4.		).	morally
5.	eight in gold.	w sil diraw st men illustrative	A sincere compli
6.	suggest		
7. collection		1999	
8.		admirable	Meet your child
9.			differently
10.	imagine	9	,
11. harmony nederated	the hall. I found	es of shrieks down	There was a seri
12.		impressive	
13.			distributively
14.	explain	Security of the security of th	
15. disappointment	warding if appreas	chore can prove to	The most trivial

### B. Fill in each blank with a word or a phrase from the box.

admiration of the community	be about four-fifths done
be about to perform open-heart surgery on	bevblessed with a chiw besseld bed

be in a poisonous mood of body of the heavy strain acoustrain and be spontaneous with a discount of the heavy engagement by a conversation with use of the heavy engagement of the heavy engagement by the point of the strain of becoming a grebular and the realized of the heavy engagement of the

### My Mother

On December 1, 1903, my mother was born in a little village in New York State where her father was principal of the school. She (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a happy life and two doting parents. At a very early age she showed a talent for music. Before she was five she had learned to play on the old square piano that had been the cherished possession of the family. Being their only child, she had (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ from her parents. They gave her all the advantages that they could afford. When she was seven years old, the family moved to Springfield, Illinois. Fortunately their next-door neighbour there was a kindly old German musician who always (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_. When he discovered my mother's love of music, he (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in offering to give her lessons free. That same year she entered school, but her greatest interest was music. Before she was twelve, she had read a number of books (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ music and was never (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ practising, and she had played in many a public concert.

On her sixteenth birthday, she was overjoyed by the gift of a new piano. She approached her music lessons (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ than ever before. She thought her diligence was (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to her parents. Her happiness didn't last long. Within a year, she lost her father. Having to support herself and her mother, she began giving music lessons to the children of the neighbourhood. Soon she won the (9) \_\_\_\_\_. With the help of two of her musical friends, she took part in public concerts and gave readings. Many young men (10) \_\_\_\_\_, (11) \_\_\_\_\_, her talent.

When she was eighteen, she met my father who (12) her and they gradually (13) by discussing a variety of subjects. Before long she married my father, who was an engineer. She then worked as an accompanist. The next year I was born and mother had to give up her work. Father worked overtime on a building project. Ten months of hard work broke his health. When the project (14) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, my father died.

Father's death was a terrible blow to my mother. For months she (15) and she became suddenly older and grey hair began to (16) her. Everybody feared that she would never get over her loss. But as soon as she regained her health, she bravely set about trying to earn a living for the three of us, Mother herself, my (17) brother and I. Six afternoons a week she played in one of the largest theatres. She was earning a comfortable living, but after

a time the heavy strain began	ı to	affect her h	ealtl	n. Ar	ybo	dy els	e (	(18)	<del>isonos</del> i	but s	he in	asiste	d on
keeping every engagement.	On	November	12,	1937,	she	had	a l	heart	attack	.aaW	hen	they	(19)
her she died											maaa		

In the estimation of the world, perhaps my mother did not accomplish anything of note. Her dream of becoming a great musician she failed to realize, but her brave efforts proved her character. During her brief life of thirty-four years she made hosts of friends and brought happiness to many people. To me her courageous struggle will always be an inspiration.

### C. Fill in each blank with a word from the box.

after	back	down	for
in	off	on	out
	tle village in New	•	a December 1, 1903, my mailing

- call of a little lyou how to get to the little town of Stratford-upon-Avon in detail, as You'd better take it was a long of the little town of Stratford-upon-Avon in detail, as You'd better
  - 2. By wearing a well-tailored suit and a bowler hat with an umbrella in one hand and a suitcase decorated with British flags in the other, he hitch-hiked successfully in the U.S. because everybody took him \_\_\_\_\_ an Englishman.
- 3. 'Why do some women like to decorate the Christmas tree but dread taking it ?' Because it is not easy to take a tree ...... It is sometimes difficult to remove the dec-
  - 4. My cousin has an ear for music; I think he takes \_\_\_\_ his father in musical ability.
- and behave properly in his new surroundings, and the roundings of the roun
- 6. This factory is going to take \_\_\_\_ more skilled workers for the project.
- anything I am reading because my mind is completely on adding the picnic we're going on tomorrow.
  - 8. The Class 2 boys had a bad habit of taking \_\_\_\_\_ the principal and the teachers.
  - 9. Henry went to the dentist and had one of his decayed teeth taken painlessly.
- 10. 'Do you suppose he'll take a bribe?' What do you take him \_\_\_\_\_?' a prizzuggib ve
  - 11. 'Mrs Long, this sleeve is too big.' Will you please take it is a about half an inch for me?' I want have to a dimensional and project the sleeve was too small and you had it let \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. You really are fussy.' I standard in I want to show to a remainder the sleeve was too small and you had it let \_\_\_\_\_\_. You really
- - 13. Peter had measles so he took \_\_\_\_\_ his bed for a week, mg ... sol and revo tog rever
- a 214. Who do you think will take \_\_\_\_\_ the boxing commission since the well-known promoter week she played in one of the largest theatres she was earner a carrier and has retired?

of her spare time.	ehold chores take mos
ers Be Cetting a Break? II TXIT	Will Tax Cheat
	Now can the U.S. gover a-
connesty programs. Among licen Budget committee	without raise tax revenues
vrusa of drive anola regga My Financial Career in the	way may be to get tax evaluers
setts took in \$85 million. HI, noted that anmesty could	to pay up. To excourage those trushes to come forth, Warls
Comprehension of xat extra was a make future tax on onormal satural sa	ington is considering in the
	ducing its first tax-amnests program—one that would al-
Put a T before the statement if you think it is true and put an F	
	Supporters without penning
1. The hero of the story didn't know that he would act in	such a foolish way in the bank
If he had known, he wouldn't have gone.	lion from guilt-ridden Ameri
idea as an insult to those who has yet to take a stand on pay their lair share. "It pe-annesty, but the lure of bil-	cans. And congressional sup- porters of the plan say that
nalizes houset people and is lions of dollars in new 107-	the states have shown an see
2. It was the last time he went to a bank,	ty can work. In the last three
Montgomery with 'Good morning' and introduced to  ( The clerks were angry because of his foolish manner,	ruant n. here, tax evader;
	imnesty n. general pardon onv <b>e</b> rt n. person who chang
(	onv <b>e</b> rt n. person who chang
(	envert n. person who chang
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went	onvert n. person who charge comprehension
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went (**Seame very rich, he never went	onvert in person who charge comprehension  Multiple choinings sind of the US povernment.
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went  (***	onvert n. person who diang comprehension Victible choinisgs sinse and of the Wise can the US government.  A. By punishing tax avacuations.
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went  (	onvert n. person who charge comprehension  Vertiple choi nings shad add of the wan the US government.  A. By punishing tax two B. By protecting benests
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went contraise tax revenues?  'TEXT III  5. Although the man became very rich, he never went contrained to the contrained	envert no person who charge comprehension  Verified the cheinings shad and or the weam the US government.  A. By punishing tax available protecting benests.  C. By making the 'treath
TEXT III  TEXT I	onvert n. person who charge comprehension  Voltiple cheinisgs sinse all of the wan the US government. A. By punishing tax two as B. By protecting benestating the freast C. By making the freast.
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went  contraise tax revenues?  (**TEXT III**  TEXT III**  Text in fail.  Bear in mind the following questions when you read the text.	onvert no person who charge comprehension  Violtiple choinisgs shad of the treat of the WS poverries  A. By punishing tax avacuable benesing the freat of the following is  C. By making the freat the following is  A. The tax-amnesty idea.
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went  (	onvert n. person who charge comprehension  Multiple cheinisgs sinse aft of the US government of the September of the following is treated.  C. By making the 'treated of the following is A. The tax-amnesty idea.
TEXT II  Sometiment of the following questions when you read the text.  Why is Washington considering introducing its first tax-an  How many billion dollars could a six-month amnesty raise?	onvert n. person who diang comprehension  Violtiple choinisgs shad off the wear the US governs  A. By punishing tax avacable. By protecting benest, and C. By making the freant the following is which of the following is A. The tax-amnesty idea commission (nobise) yetson.  C. Annesty could advers
5. Although the man became very rich, he never went  (	omprehension  Juntiple choinisgs shad advers  How can the US government of the punishing tax evoc  B. By punishing tax evoc  C. By making the 'treat  Which of the following is  A. The tax-amnesty idea  c. Amnesty could advers  Why is it likely that amnest

15. Going to evening school after work and attending to household chores take ...... txeT

### **Will Tax Cheaters Be Cetting a Break?**

ow can the U.S. govern-ment raise tax revenues without raising taxes? One way may be to get tax evaders to pay up. To encourage those truants to come forth, Washington is considering introducing its first tax-amnesty program-one that would allow the cheaters to clear their consciences without penalty. Supporters of the idea say that a six-month amnesty. could raise up to \$25 billion from guilt-ridden Americans. And congressional supporters of the plan say that the states have shown amnesty can work. In the last three

years 18 states have offered amnesty programs. Among the success stories: New York raised \$334 million in three months; Massachussetts took in \$85 million.

Fair share: But not everyone is a convert. Internal Revenue Service Commissioner Roscoe L. Egger Jr. told the House Ways and Means Committee last week that he believes, the collection estimates are overstated. Most of the critics denounced the idea as an insult to those who pay their fair share. "It penalizes honest people and is one of the worst proposals

I've ever heard," says Republican Budget Committee member Sen. Slade Gorton. Egger, along with Treasury Secretary James A. Baker. III, noted that amnesty could make future tax collection even more difficult by suggesting the possibility of future amnesties. Backers of the plan say the government must vow that it would be a one-time offer, and that stricter enforcement would follow. The administration has yet to take a stand on amnesty, but the lure of billions of dollars in new revenues may be hard to resist.

KHT

Conu

DUE I

New read the text.

### 3. At the end of their talk, the manager was no longer laterested. So he syrabidasov

revenue n. Mthe total annual income of the state guinnout bood this view or morning.

truant n. here, tax evader; person who does not pay the right amount of tax

amnesty n. general pardon

convert n. person who changes from one principle or belief to another added ad T

### Comprehension

### Multiple choice questions and to the never went to the another man became very rich, he never went to the another man became very rich, he never went to the another man became

- 1. How can the US government raise tax revenues?
  - A. By punishing tax evaders.
  - B. By protecting honest people.
  - C. By making the 'truants' pay their tax in full.
- 2. Which of the following is the view of the supporters of the tax-amnesty programme?
  - A. The tax-amnesty idea is an insult to honest people not supported and an in most
  - The tax-amnesty lide is an insult to monest people, non-sup gravement and
- C. Amnesty could adversely affect future tax collection.
  - 3. Why is it likely that amnesty will cause more difficulties? Tollo avad satals was more well
    - A. Because it may create more cheaters, slidt to segant available add to smost one in it.
      - B. Because it will need strict enforcement.

		4
		2. To have large amon yeanom srom sakem of noi
4.	How many states have introduced amnes	It is often not safe to do so ?regrammes?
		3. People use cheques.
<b>5</b> .		People use credit cards. Stxat and ni benoitn
	A. Amnesty will allow all the cheaters	to have clear consciences to so ob signed isoM
	B. Amnesty can work.	4. Cheques are used to pay rent.
	C. New York has benefited from amner	
		They are used to pay telephene bills,
LI	STENING COMPREHENSION	They are commonly used.
		They can also be used to make purchases.
A.	Fill in the budget described in the dialogu	Credit cards are used to make purchasesar
	A Fai	Credit cards are mainly used in sutigbud vlim
	Income:	5. Gredit cards are pieces of plastic.
	Expenses:	They are usually 5.5 cm wide.
	Housing:	They are usually 8.5 cm long.
	Food:	-6. Gredit cards are issued by bruks.
	Car:	They are issued by stores.
	Electricity:	Stores want people to spend more money.
	Gas:	7. The buyer is purchasing something.
	Books:	He will use his credit card.
		The will give it to the seller
		-8. The seller will check the information and reco
В.	Answer the following questions.	He will accept it.
	Who does the man say he is? bear a	He will accept no money when a credit card
		9. The seiler will give the tuyer a receipt.
		the will give another receipt to the bank
	What is he actually and what does he	10. The bank will send the buyer a food of thew
		If will usually send him a bill after 30 days.
		Basic Writing Techniques
Ø8	walk in a park, by a billside on a bill on	Write what you see, hear, taste, smell and touch on a
G	UIDED WRITING	autuma afternoon.
	ntence Combination	Composition Writing
	_	fective paragraphs. The sentences in each numbered
_	•	book write the title, the opening paragraph, the b
1.	Is it common for people to carry cash i	
	It is much less common for people to	2. Write a composition on 'As ItaW alt ni os ob

1.1	0	*
2.	To have large amounts of cash on hand	C. Because it may lure the admislas tonesi
		. How many states have introduced amnesty p
3.		A. Twenty-five. B. Two. C. E.
	People use credit cards. Tixes ent no bear	. Which of the following ideas is not mention
		A. Amnesty will allow all the camentaliania
4.	Cheques are used to pay rent.	B. Amnesty can work.
	They are used to pay for utilities.	C. New York has benefited from amnesty.
	They are used to pay telephone bills.	
	They are commonly used.	LISTENING COMPREHENSION
	They can also be used to make purchases.	
	Credit cards are used to make purchases.	L. Fill in the budget described in the dialogue.
	Credit cards are mainly used in such a wa	A Familys
5.	Credit cards are pieces of plastic.	
	They are usually 5.5 cm wide.	Income:
	They are usually 8.5 cm long.	Expenses:
6.	Credit cards are issued by banks.	Housing:
	They are issued by stores.	Food:
	•	Сат
-	Stores want people to spend more money.	Electricity:
7.	The buyer is purchasing something.	Gast
	He will use his credit card.	Books:
	He will give it to the seller.	
8.	The seller will check the information and	record it on the credit card.
	He will accept it.	B. Answer the following questions.

He will accept no money when a credit card is used for a purchase in add 800b od W

9. The seller will give the buyer a receipt.

He will give another receipt to the bank.

What is he actually and what does he want to dilid a regular state of the want to dilid. It will usually send him a bill after 30 days.

### **Basic Writing Techniques**

Write what you see, hear, taste, smell and touch on a walk in a park, by a hillside on a hill ... on an autumn afternoon. GUIDED WRITING

### **Composition Writing**

1. Write body paragraphs 1-4 of 'An Exhilarating Experience'. In your composition exercisebook write the title, the opening paragraph, the body paragraphs, and the concluding paragraph.

1. Is it common for people to carry cash in China? or

Write a composition on 'A Typical Work Day', or elegan rol nonmon seel down it is

### Letter Writing

Write a letter to your Uncle Tom introducing one of your old classmates who needs some advice.

INTEGRATED 1		
Spelling		
1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.
7.	8.	9.
10.	11.	Hank Filling:
		fill in each blank with a suitable word.
Dictation		
	9	The Stock Marke
		Perhaps you can guess what happens at a stock
		narket because it is a place where some people (3
		th (4) of things takes place. The things t
		hares of stock in business or companies. The (3).
5		ompany. In (6) words, if you buy shares
, is a place wher	stock exchange, (9)	owner of the business. The stock market or
	or business.	eople can buy or sell shares in a particular (10).
stock market. Som	of stock in the	Many different (11) of people buy (12)
		of these people are very (13) They have a
sock in (15)	They buy shares of	han they really need for everyday living (14)
they buy (16)	s are not very rich, but	f getting more money than they have. Other people
it as a part of the plan	Or they may buy t	myway. They may buy it to try to become (17)
y and sell stock. In	und algoed kyw	o save (18) There are many other (19)
the people who buy	s to make meney. Al	20), everyone who buys or sells stock hope
(1	s. They are called (2	tock are investing money in a company or busines
		Investing money in the stock market is a (22)_
		23) Companies that need money are (24)
		o gamble in order to make money. The stock arnel
		he business (26)
al.		
		ranslation
		ranslate the following into English,
4018人在12年12日-1912年	工品本册 對立其匪	乔过去多次躲过了攀索的追捕, 但没有一次象
张巨 国四年基础	意 大江 法 唐 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>音声响,下面什么地方有人</b> 布噗噗和尖叫,悠丽地
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Dictation
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害怕了。他趴在屋顶上留神 不在意。他看看四周,寻抄