

# 英语听世界

——高三英语听力





## 听世界——聆听梦想开花的声音

当我们怀揣梦想,沐浴在花季雨季温暖的风里,  
当我们憧憬未来,凝望蓝天白云掠过缕缕遐思。  
听世界,在你聆听的时候,  
世界的窗口为你开启。

当你的面前呈现出一行行精心编辑的文字,  
当你的耳畔回荡着一句句纯美温情的话语。  
听世界,我们真诚奉献给你的,  
你的世界从此不再沉寂。

没有桥梁,我们的脚步不能跨过湍急的河流,  
没有彩虹,我们的梦想不能穿越广阔的天空。  
听世界,一条为你铺设的路,  
引领你走向人生的成功。

承诺,是设计的科学,是内容的新颖,  
是汗水浇灌的土地蓬蓬勃勃的希望。  
责任,是提升的台阶,是收获的微笑,  
是山登绝顶的时刻精彩纷呈的风景。

最简单的音符需要最艰苦的练习,  
最遥远的路途呼唤你风雨兼程。  
听世界,为了梦想,为了莘莘学子匆忙的脚步,  
一次选择,一生无悔,我们和你同行。



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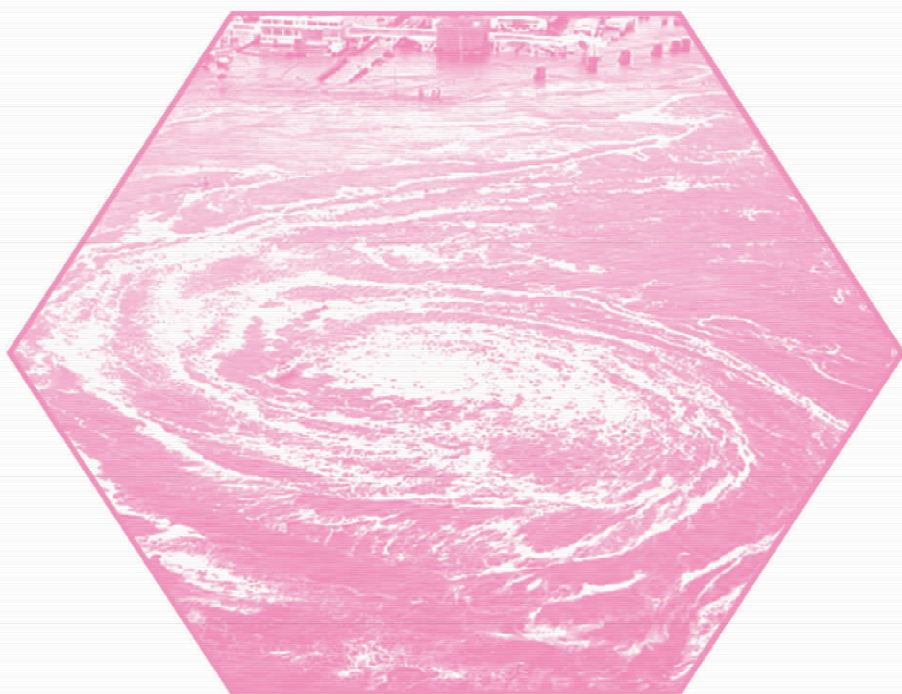
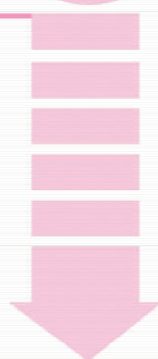


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# 第一篇

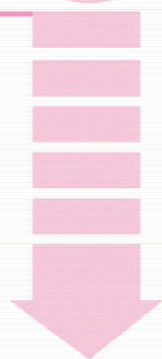
## 策略探究



命题依据	最新考纲	要求考生听懂有关日常生活中所熟悉话题的简短独白和对话。考生应能： (1)理解主旨和要义； (2)获取事实性的具体信息； (3)对所听内容作出简单推断； (4)理解说话者的意图、观点和态度。
	课标要求	《普通高中英语课程标准(实验)》 <b>八级语言技能之听力技能</b> ： (1)能识别不同语气所表达的不同情感； (2)能听懂有关熟悉话题的讨论和谈话并记住要点； (3)能抓住一般语段中的观点； (4)能基本听懂广播或电视英语新闻的主题或大意； (5)能听懂委婉的建议或劝告等。
命题趋向	1. 更加口语化,体现交际原则。所选材料是日常生活中的口语材料,具有交际性,可以考查学生的听力和语感。 2. 由易到难,循序渐进。听力试题编排顺序是对话在前,短文在后,由易到难,由短到长。 3. 逐步向真实材料过渡。大多数材料选自广播、电视,也有选自车站、码头、机场等公共场所所录下的材料。 4. 关于对话深层含义理解的试题逐年增加。 5. 更体现实践性原则。所选材料大多属于日常生活类,贴近生活,贴近时代,都是中学生所熟悉的话题,如购物、话别、开会、外出、旅行、生日聚会、迟到等话题。 6. 听力朗读逐渐出现美音和英音并存的局面。	
技巧点拨	<p>多听多练是提高听力的前提,是增加语感、提高听力之本,但考场上正确的听力技巧和策略是必要的。</p> <p>1. <b>抢时预测</b>。快速浏览试题及选项,预测文章内容和试题答案。这种提前阅读的方法是做好听力题的重要保证。听录音时,只需验证一下自己的预测就可以了。同时由于选项及试题里的短语、句子可能会在听力内容里有所体现,因此认真读题还能提高听的质量。此外,答完一小题后马上快速浏览下一小题,否则就会跟不上、找不准,最后势必心情急躁,影响下面做题。</p> <p>2. <b>准确作答,克服犹豫</b>。对有把握的试题应快速作答,对无把握的试题也要在所听信息的基础上排除错误选项,优化处理。不会作答的,立即暂时搁置,准备听新的题目。</p> <p>3. <b>边听边记,抓关键信息</b>。听录音时重在听懂对话主要信息和内涵,排除冗余信息。要注意捕捉所涉及的人物(who)、事件(what)、时间(when)、地点(where)、原因(why)、方式(how)、程度(how long, how soon, how much)、数字(how many, how much)、选择(which...)等,并且边听边把要点及回答问题的关键词记下来。</p> <p>4. <b>整体理解</b>。不管听什么材料,注意力一定要集中在整体内容的理解上,千万不能只停留在个别单词或单句上,听不清时马上放弃,不要强迫自己听清并理解每一个词,要把重点放在听关键词即实词上。</p> <p>5. <b>注意首尾句</b>。文章的首句往往是对短文内容的概括,如讲话的目的、主要内容,作者的论点,故事发生的时间、地点及事由等。</p>	

# 第二篇

## 仿真模拟





高三 英语听力  
listening English



仿真模拟演练  
1

**第一节** 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

**1. What are they talking about?**

- A. Looking for some suitable clothes for a play.
- B. Buying new clothes for a play.
- C. Buying out-of-date clothes for a play.

**2. What does the woman mean?**

- A. The man has mistaken her for someone else.
- B. She has won the second prize.
- C. She's never fond of singing.

**3. What does Mr King want to do?**

- A. To get in more crops.
- B. To protect the wild forest.
- C. To kill the wild animals.

**4. How many pills should the man take a day?**

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.

**5. What will the woman do this evening?**

- A. Stay at home.
- B. Visit her friends.
- C. Go to the concert with her husband.

**第二节** 听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 8 题。

**6. What did the man use to think of Sunny's cousin?**

- A. Common.
- B. Very beautiful.
- C. Gentle.

**7. Who is the shortest of the three people?**

- A. The man.
- B. Sunny.
- C. Sunny's cousin.

**8. What is the main reason for Sunny's liking her cousin?**

- A. Because Sunny's cousin is very tall.
- B. Because Sunny's cousin is very healthy.
- C. Because Sunny's cousin is gentle and understanding.



听第 7 段材料,回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. How soon will the conference start in New York?

- A. In a week.
- B. In a month.
- C. The conversation doesn't refer to it.

10. What will the man do during the coming conference?

- A. Hand in some famous scientists' papers.
- B. Act as the chairman of the conference.
- C. Read the report instead of the woman.

11. What can you conclude from the conversation?

- A. The woman must have her own business.
- B. The woman has also been invited to the conference.
- C. The woman must be the man's secretary.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 12 至 14 题。

12. What did the man telephone Mary for?

- A. To buy a present for her.
- B. To ask her to help him choose a present.
- C. To buy a T-shirt for him.

13. What day is his mother's birthday?

- A. Friday.
- B. Saturday.
- C. Sunday.

14. Why are they going to the Buy Well Department Store?

- A. There will be summer sales there.
- B. The goods are very beautiful.
- C. The store is very near.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. Who had a birthday yesterday?

- A. The woman's aunt.
- B. The woman's sister.
- C. The woman's brother.

16. What did the woman do after the birthday party?

- A. She typed a paper.
- B. She studied history.
- C. She went home to bed.

17. What does the man say he is unable to do?

- A. Sleep during the day.
- B. Plan a birthday party.
- C. Work well under stress.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. How long will the English week last?

- A. 5 days.
- B. 6 days.
- C. 7 days.

19. What is one of the main purposes of the English club's video evenings?

- A. To improve English.
- B. To write film reviews.
- C. To gather the members.

20. What will the money for the tickets probably be used for?

- A. Encouraging more people to join the club.
- B. Helping the school to buy video equipment.
- C. Supporting those who can't afford education.

## 技巧点拨

### 基本技能

1. 区别语音。
2. 认识单词。
3. 识别重读单词和词组。
4. 识别交谈中的语言功能(例如道歉)。
5. 把语言线索与副语言线索(如语调和重音)以及非语言线索(如手势等)相结合,以便于理解。
6. 运用背景知识(我们已知的内容和形式)与语境(对方已经说了什么)来预测和确认说话人的含义。
7. 回忆重要词语、话题和中心思想。
8. 给予说话人以恰当的反馈。
9. 重新组合说话人所说内容。



高三 英语听力  
listening English



仿真模拟演练  
2

## 第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When did the man go to bed last night?

- A. At about 11 o'clock.
- B. At about midnight.
- C. At about 2 o'clock.

2. What does the man want to do?

- A. To phone someone.
- B. To talk to the operator.
- C. To check his number.

3. What are the two speakers talking about?

- A. A book.
- B. A plant.
- C. A painting.

4. How does the woman feel?

- A. Relaxed.
- B. Worried.
- C. Stressed.

5. Where will the woman stay tonight?

- A. In the cinema.
- B. At the theater.
- C. At home.

## 第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What does the woman do?

- A. A student.
- B. A doctor.
- C. A teacher.

7. What are the two speakers carrying now?

- A. Boxes.
- B. A desk and a chair.
- C. Furniture.

8. Where is the newcomer now?

- A. In the woman's office.
- B. In the classroom.
- C. In the dormitory.



听第 7 段材料,回答第 9 至 10 题。

9. What has the woman been doing since graduation?

- A. Studying.
- B. Working.
- C. Looking for jobs.

10. What can we know about the woman?

- A. She hasn't found a job.
- B. She will leave Beijing.
- C. She will work as a journalist.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Why do the two speakers want to go somewhere?

- A. They haven't gone out for long.
- B. They want to see the new play.
- C. They have nothing to do.

12. What does the woman like best?

- A. Plays.
- B. Concerts.
- C. Movies.

13. What will the two speakers do tonight?

- A. Go to the concert.
- B. Read the newspaper.
- C. See a movie.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. Who is the man?

- A. A car driver.
- B. A policeman.
- C. A shopkeeper.

15. What does the man want the woman to do?

- A. Move her car away.
- B. Get off her car.
- C. Get into her car.

16. Where is the parking lot?

- A. Two blocks away.
- B. Around the corner.
- C. On the other side of the street.

17. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. The woman blocked the traffic.
- B. The woman lost her driver's license.
- C. The woman received a ticket.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What does the speaker think of homework?

- A. It is quite interesting for kids.
- B. It is useless for students.
- C. It is a major part of study.

19. How many pieces of advice are mentioned?

- A. 3.
- B. 4.
- C. 2.

20. What should you do if you have problems?

- A. Put them aside.
- B. Ask the teacher.
- C. Think about them personally.

## 休闲一刻

### Coincidence

A woman was singing. One of the guests turned to a man by his side and criticized the singer.

"What a terrible voice!" he said. "Do you know who she is?"

"Yes," was the answer. "She is my wife."

"Oh, I beg your pardon." The man said, "Of course her voice is not bad, but the song is very bad. I wonder who wrote that awful song."

"I did," was the answer.



高三 英语听力  
listening English



仿真模拟演练  
3

## 第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What day is today?

- A. Friday.
- B. Saturday.
- C. Sunday.

2. When must the man check out?

- A. By 9:00 a. m. .
- B. By 12:00 a. m. .
- C. By 3:00 p. m. .

3. What does the woman want the man to do?

- A. Return a book to Laura.
- B. Borrow a book from Laura.
- C. Borrow a book for her.

4. Why doesn't the woman wear the black dress?

- A. Because she does not like it.
- B. Because it does not fit her very well.
- C. Because it is too formal for the occasion.

5. What does the woman mean?

- A. She doesn't want to ask Mr Jones herself.
- B. She doesn't want to work for Mr Jones.
- C. Mr Jones might fix the MP3 player.

## 第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What is the main reason for having the fair (市场)?

- A. To organize activities for children.
- B. To sell local farm products.
- C. To make money for the hospital.

7. What will the woman do during the fair?

- A. Sell food.
- B. Play in a band.
- C. Collect tickets.

8. What is the man's opinion of the auction (拍卖)?

- A. It will be too crowded.
- B. It's mainly for children.
- C. It would be worthwhile.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. How does the man feel about the additional English courses?

- A. Difficult.
- B. Helpful.
- C. Easy.





10. What's the trouble with the woman?

- A. She can't quite follow her English teacher.
- B. She can't catch up with Mike very well.
- C. She can't agree with her mother on her English course.

11. What will the woman do next?

- A. Ask for her mother's permission.
- B. Register the class immediately.
- C. Learn English with the man.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 12 至 14 题。

12. Who is the man talking with?

- A. Joan.
- B. Mary.
- C. Susan.

13. What are the two speakers talking about?

- A. Race views of Joan's parents.
- B. Religious background of Joan's parents.
- C. Opinions on mixed marriages.

14. Which of the following is Joan's father concerned about?

- A. Joan's real feeling.
- B. Mark's citizenship status.
- C. Mark's salary.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. How many artists are mentioned in the conversation?

- A. Three.
- B. Four.
- C. Five.

16. Where is the National Museum located?

- A. On the 86th Street.
- B. On the 68th Street.
- C. On the 5th Avenue.

17. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. It is enough to take half a day to go through the exhibition.
- B. The man will buy some reproductions for his mother.
- C. The woman may come from Sweden.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Why do students in universities usually take examinations?

- A. To prove that they are fit for further studies.
- B. To get the qualification for future work.
- C. To classify the students into different grades.

19. Why are office workers required to take examinations according to the talk?

- A. Because they can show whether they are smart enough for harder work.
- B. Because they can show whether they are fit for their present job.
- C. Because the exam results can be used to set the salary.

20. Which of the following best expresses the main idea of the talk?

- A. The system of examinations.
- B. The results of examinations.
- C. The functions of examinations.

## 技巧点拨

### 听力指导

具备一定的背景知识和常识, 留意东西方文化的差异, 对解答听力理解题很重要。这有利于捕捉信息, 作出敏锐判断。若仅凭自己熟悉的思维和逻辑去听和理解, 就很可能出差错。丰富的常识和广泛的背景知识, 能提升自己的英语水平。例如:

W: John, do you want to go swimming with me today?

M: Sure. But I can't leave now. I have an appointment with my professor at three o'clock.

Q: Why can't the man go swimming now?

- A. He must meet his teacher.
- B. He must attend a class.
- C. He must go out with his girlfriend. (A)

在美国等大学里, 学生有时和老师约定时间, 单独讨论问题, 这是很普遍的现象。本题对话中的关键词为 appointment, 原作“约会, 约定”解, 这里指安排与老师面晤。而 meet 除了“遇见”的意思外, 可作“(约定)会面”或“晤谈”解。应防止误解为“(男女)约会”, 或认为只有上课才跟老师见面。



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## 第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

**1. How old is the man's brother?**

- A. About 28 years old.
- B. About 38 years old.
- C. About 48 years old.

**2. What will the man do this weekend?**

- A. Work in his garden.
- B. Go to the picnic.
- C. Go to the company.

**3. Why does the woman say "I'm sorry"?**

- A. She has never met the man before.
- B. The man can't recognize her at once.
- C. She has forgotten her meeting with the man.

**4. What will the man probably do after the talk?**

- A. Smoke the cigarettes himself.
- B. Bring his wife the cigarettes.
- C. Let Sarah smoke the cigarettes.

**5. What does the woman think the man should do?**

- A. Move to another part of the plane.
- B. Just smoke like her.
- C. Sit where there is a breeze.

## 第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 8 题。

**6. Why is the man so happy?**

- A. He has got a new job in the government.
- B. He has seen his brother and sister.
- C. He is going to get lots of money.

**7. How did the man's uncle get his \$ 15,000?**

- A. By selling his land to the government.
- B. By opening a hospital.
- C. By working in the government.

**8. What is not mentioned as a way to do with the money?**

- A. To put it into the bank.
- B. To pay off debts.
- C. To buy a house.



听第 7 段材料,回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. How long does the winter last in the woman's country according to the conversation?

- A. Six months.
- B. Four months.
- C. Two months.

10. Who spends more money on clothes?

- A. People in the man's country.
- B. People in the woman's country.
- C. All the men in the speakers' countries.

11. What can we know about people in the man's country from the woman?

- A. It's not easy to get along well with them.
- B. They have the same things to worry about.
- C. They needn't worry about their children.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 12 至 14 题。

12. What is the problem with the woman?

- A. She doesn't know what kind of shoes she should buy.
- B. She hardly knows what color is suitable for her grandson.
- C. She doesn't know what size her grandson wears.

13. How old is the woman's grandson?

- A. 8 years old.
- B. 9 years old.
- C. 13 years old.

14. What can we know from the conversation?

- A. The shoes there are very expensive.
- B. The man is very helpful.
- C. The woman will waste a lot of money.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. What can we know about mahjong according to the conversation?

- A. It is a beneficial hobby.
- B. It can become an addiction.
- C. It is too boring to play mahjong.

16. Which of the following is the man's other hobby?

- A. Collecting stamps.
- B. Watching TV series.
- C. Collecting science books.

17. What are the speakers going to do after the talk?

- A. Teach their partners.
- B. Learn old card games.
- C. Play mahjong games.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. How old are most American students when they graduate from secondary school?

- A. Fifteen or sixteen years old.
- B. Sixteen or seventeen years old.
- C. Seventeen or eighteen years old.

19. Why don't the parents have to pay the public school for their children's education?

- A. They are too poor to afford it.
- B. Those schools are supported by tax money.
- C. Those schools are supported by rich people.

20. What students at state universities will pay a bit less money for their college expenses?

- A. Students whose parents live in that state.
- B. Students whose families are not rich.
- C. Students who have part-time jobs.

## 休闲一刻



A father of five children came home with a toy, summoned his children and asked which one of them should be given the present, "Who is the most obedient, never talks back to Mother and does everything he or she is told?" he inquired. There was silence, and then a chorus of voices: "You play with it, Daddy!"

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## 第一节

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**1. What does the man think of the blouse?**

- A. It's unsuitable.
- B. It's up-to-date.
- C. It's old-fashioned.

**2. What does the woman mean?**

- A. She will have hard work.
- B. She won't take the test.
- C. She will finish the reading.

**3. What can you learn from the conversation?**

- A. The man used to go to bed late.
- B. The woman is used to getting up early.
- C. People in London are always lazy.

**4. What does the woman suggest?**

- A. They shouldn't go to the concert.
- B. They go to the concert in her car.
- C. They go to the concert by bus.

**5. What's the relationship between Lucy and Lily?**

- A. Friends.
- B. Classmates.
- C. Twins.

## 第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 8 题。

**6. How long will the man stay in the hotel?**

- A. A week.
- B. One and a half weeks.
- C. Two weeks.

**7. Which floor will the man stay?**

- A. On the eighth floor.
- B. On the seventh floor.
- C. On the 87th floor.

**8. What can you learn about the man?**

- A. He is on a tour in the city.
- B. He doesn't know much about Chinese culture.
- C. He is particular about his living room.