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英语水平测试(EPT)

试卷汇集



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## 《英语水平考试》

## (The English Proficiency Test)

## 简称(EPT)考试大纲 (征求意见稿)

我国《英语水平考试》(EPT) 歷专为我国英语。习者设计的一种考试,其目的并非检查某一数学太纲的完成情况,而是测试应试人员实际的英语水平。这一考试是在参考国外各种英语水平考试的基础上结合我国实际情况和需要而设计的,可以甲来测试下列人员的英语水平。

- 一、非英语专业的出国进修生:
- 二、已具有相当英语基础的在映职上、干部、教师、科技人员;
- 三、正在我国各类学(全国基础)余学校)修读中级或高级英语课程的学习者,

四、已具有相当基础的发展有关的。

《英语水平考试》(EPT)的试卷分第一试卷 (Paper One) 和第二试卷 (Paper Two) 二种,一般考生可参加第一试卷的考试;报考 【需要测试 听力和书》

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第一队心也拍二 1 即21:

第一部分: 语法结构 (Part I: Gramma led) (Spice Constant)

这是测试考生辨认标准英语书面语语法结构的能力。

第二部分: 词汇与阅读理解 (Part II: Vocabulary and Reading Comprehension)。这是测试考生掌握词汇的数量和非专业性材料的阅读程度。

第三部分: 综合填充 (Part III: Cloze Test)。这是测试 考生英语的综合理解程度。

第二试卷包括二个部分(程序编号接续第一试卷部分):

第四部分: 听力 (Part IV: Listening Comprehension)。 这是测试考生听懂英语的能力。

第五部分: 书面表达 (Part V: Guided Writing)。这是 测试考生日常应用文的初步写作能力。

英语水平考试(EPT) 今后每年在全国公开举 行 若 干 次 (供出国进修生考试之用)。每次考试的方式一样,深浅程度也大致相同。

## 第一部分 语法结构

这一部分包括二节:

A 节(Section A): 共有10道题, 每题为一个句子, 每句留有一处空白, 句子下面列有四个单词或短语, 要求学生从中选出最佳答案。

B 节(Section B): 共有10道题, 每题为一个句子, 每句中有四个单词或短语, 下面划有横线, 其中有一处是错误的, 要求考生给予指出。

这一部分主要测试考生对标准英语书面语语法结构的掌握 程度(不考语法术语)。测试内容的重点是:

- 一、名词数的构成和用法(包括所有格);
- 二、冠词的基本用法,

三、代词的用法以及代词与先行词的前后呼应;

四、形容词与副词的级的构成和用法:

五、介词和各种连接词的用法;

六、动词时态的主要用法、被动语态以**及主要的动词句型**; 七、非限定动词的用法;

八、主要情态动词、常用虚拟语气的用法;

九、各类句子的基本用法。

#### 第二部分 词汇与阅读理解

这一部分包括二节:

A节(Section A): 共有20道题,每题为一个句子,其中有一个词或短语,下面划有横线,要求考生从句子下面所列四个单词或短语中选出与划线部分意义最接近的一个单词或短语作为答案。这主要测试考生的词汇量有多大,能否适应阅读原著的一般需要。专业性很强的词汇不会在本节里测试。

B节(Section B): 共有40道题, 分别安排在若干题材、体裁、长度、难易程度不同的阅读材料(单句、短文、表格等)之后。每一材料后有一至几道题, 每题有四个供选择的答案。考生在读完材料后, 按照题目要求选择最佳答案。阅读材料的题材有: 科普、社会、文化、史地、人物、气象预报、日常生活……等, 体裁有议论文、叙事文、描写文、说明文, 亦有应用文, 如: 书信、通知、布告、广告、目录、说明书……等。这一节测试的要求是:

- 一、掌握所读材料的主旨和大意;
- 二、了解用以阐述主旨的事实或细节;
- 三、根据所读材料进行推理和判断;

四、领会作者的态度和情绪。

## 第三部分 综合填充

这一部分为一篇短文,其中有20处空白,每一空白有四个 供选择的单词或短语,要求考生从中选出最佳答案最后构成一 篇完整的短文。这部分主要测试考生对语言的理解程度和综合 运用的能力,因此最好先通读全篇,掌握大意,然后根据自己 的语言知识选择答案。

#### 第四部分 听力

- 这一部分包括二节:

A 节(Section A): 共有20道题, 每题为一段对话 (一般为二句), 每段对话后有一个问句和四个供选择的答案。要求考生听完问句后在15—20秒的间隙时间里从中选出最佳答案。

B节(Section B): 共有15道题,分别安排在若干篇较长的会话或讲话之后。每篇后有一至几道题,每题为一个问句,并有四个供选择的答案。考生先听材料,并在听完每一问句后在15年20秒的间隙里从中选择最佳答案。听力材料的题材与阅读整解部分大致相似。

题述这一部分主要测试考生能否听懂正常语速的对话、会话和 一般性题材的讲话,具体要求是:

- **自身一、了解所听对话、会话和讲话的大意**;
- 二、抓住其中的主要事实;
  - 三、根据所听材料进行推理和判断;
  - 四、理解说话人的目的和态度。

## 第五部分 书面表达

这一部分是要考生在30分钟内写出或填写一至二篇总数为

100-150个词的材料或表格,例如简单的信件、便条或登记表格等等。考生应根据试题要求把意思表达清楚,语言务求合乎规范和得体。这部分主要测试考生是否具有初步书面表达能力以适应国外学习与生活的基本需要。

第一试卷和第二试卷的试题数目、计分和考试时间列表如下:

#### 第一试卷:

总

数

	. 武复数日	计 分 考试时间 (分钟)
第5 部分 上は終始 A 質 B 哲	10	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
第二部分 词汇与阅读理》 A 节 B 节	20 40	20 15 40 45
第三部分 综合填充	20	20
总 数	100	100
第二试卷:	\$	
	试题数Ⅱ	计
第四部分 听 力 A 节 B 节	20 15	20
第五部分 书间表达	1(成2)	25 30

36 (成 37)

60

60

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## 英语水平考试试题

## English Proficiency Test (SAM)

## Paper One

姓名	 工作单位

## 注 意 事 项

- 一、严格遵守考场规则。考试前将自己的姓名和单位等项写在 试题和答卷上。考试结束,将试题和答卷放在桌上,自行 离场。试题与答卷均不得带走。
- 二、注意仔细读懂题目的说明,并严格按照说明的要求在规定时间内回答问题。各种多项选择题都必须写在答卷上面,不能写在试题上。每一个小题只能选择一个答案,多选作废。多项选择题只算答对的分数,答错的不扣分。没有把握的也可以猜。注意字体清楚,卷面整洁。
- 三、多项选择题的答案选出后,必须用铅笔圈出,加以涂糯,如家

●) B) C) D)

如要改动答案,必须用橡皮擦去,再圈出另选的那个答案。四、做听力测验时,可以边听边做些记录,以帮助回答问题。在每个项目后有 15 至 20 秒钟的空隙以供选择答案。做阅读测验时,可以在阅读材料上作记号,划线。选择答案时一定要先看清楚题目问的是什么。做 cloze 测验时要先把整篇通读一两遍,尽量理解其大意,然后再行选择。所选的词必须在语法上和词义上与上下文相符合。

## PART I Grammatical Structure (20 minutes)

## Section A (1 mark each)

Directions: There are 10 items in this section. There are four words or phrases, marked A), B), C), D), beneath each sentence. Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a pencil. Example: I have been to the Great Wall three times.

1979.

- A) from
- B) after
- C) for
- D) since

Sample Answer

A B C

1. His explanation made the	problem
(A) even more complicated	
(B) to be even more compl	icated
C) that it became even me	ore complicated
D) be even more complica	•
2. "I'm not going to buy th	iat book."
" It's too expensiv	ve.''
A) I don't either	Save a section
B) So am 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Neither am I	
D) I am not too	
3. Anderson was disappointed	when he found out they
- had gone to the test-site	him.
$\langle {f A}  angle$ except	•
B) except for	
C) but	24
without	900 P
. "Would you rather watch I	Γ. V. or go for a walk?"
the T.V. program	is good this afternoon. I
think I need the exercise r	nore."
(A) Even though	
B) No matter how	
C) Despite of	
D) In spite of	
you are free tonight,	why not drop in and play
chess with me?	my not drop in and pray
A) For	
B) Since	
C <sub>f</sub> Because	
D) Even if	
3. I haven't seen Mary these p	Nact low dors I'm -C '1
. A march c seen mary mese p	rast itw days. I'm airaid
	,

•	she herself for some time.
	(A) hasn't been feeling
	(A) hasn't been feeling  (B) hadn't been feeling  (C) isn't feeling
·	
	D) wasn't feeling
	7. Sam knows a biologist owns a well equipped
\$	laboratory.
	A) whom
	B) who
See.	C) by whom
	D) to whom
	8. He couldn't remember
•	A) what was the formulae
	B) what the formulae was
	(1) what were the formulae
	(1) what the formulae were
	9. In computer programming, this model is 10
	any of the others we have in the department.
	A) whatever many class
	B) superior obviously
	C) obviously superior
	D) superior obvious
	10. John and Tony are both very learned, but Harry is
	A) more cleverer
	B) cleverer
	B) cleverer C) cleverest
	Section B (1 mark each)
,e	Directions: There are ten sentences in this section. Each
	sentence has four parts underlined. The four under-
	sentence has tom parts underfined. The four under-

lined parts are marked A), B), C), D). Identify the one underlined part that is wrong. Mark your answer by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a pencil.

Example: A number of foreign visitors were taken to the

(A) (B)

industrial exhibition which they saw many new  $\overline{(C)}$ 

products.

 $\frac{\text{Sample Answer}}{A \quad B \quad \bullet \quad D}$ 

Answer C) "which" is wrong because the sentence should read, "A number of foreign visitors were taken to the industrial exhibition where they saw many new products." So you should choose C).

11. She put forward the suggestion to the director, who,

after discussed it with other comrades, decided to (C)

accept it.

12. I didn't mind their coming late to the lecture, but I

 $\frac{\text{objected}}{(\mathbf{C})} \quad \text{their making} \quad \frac{\text{so much}}{(\mathbf{D})} \quad \text{noise.}$ 

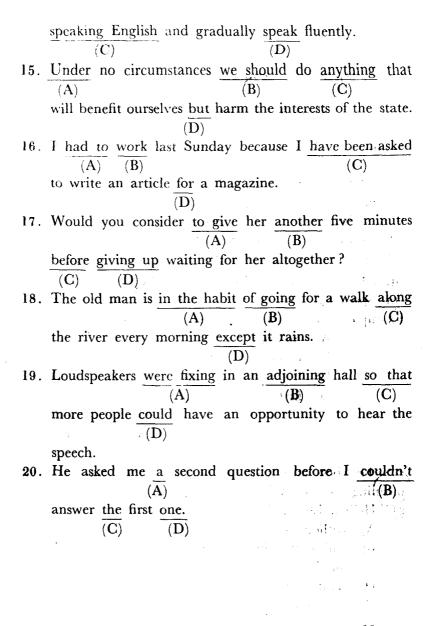
13. Don't leave the books on the desks. Put then back (A)

immediately where they belong to.

(B) (C) (D

14. Only by practice will you be able to improve your (A)

• 10 •



# PART II Vocabulary And Reading Comprehension (60 minutes)

## Section A Vocabulary (1 mark each)

Directions: There are 20 questions in this section. Each sentence has a word or phrase underlined. There are four other words or phrases beneath each sentence. Choose the one word or phrase which would best keep the meaning of the original sentence if it were substituted for the underlined part. Mark your choice by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a pencil.

Example: The initial step is often the most difficult.

- A) quickest
- B) longest
- C) last
  - D) first

Sample Answer

The best answer is D) because "first" has the same meaning as "initial" in this sentence.

- 21. He'll finish reading this passage in no time.
  - A) without any pause
  - B) within the time allowed
  - C) on time
  - D) right away
- 22. Our petrol ran out.

:ill i..

- A) was used up B) leaked out C) flowed out D) was sold out 23. We cannot rule out that possibility. A) underline B) exclude C) make out D) work out 24. Their sole fault was a failure to recognize all the factors involved. A) maximum B) usual C) initial D) only 25. We found hundreds of phonograph records that were worn out. A) old-fashioned B) no longer usable C) for display only D) well known 26. The winner will be selected at random. A) by interview B) by testing C) by chance
  - 27. They met to consider the drawbacks in the proposal.
    - A) misgivingsB) shortcomings

D) by competition

- C) probabilities
- D) details

28.	The	two	copper	mining	companie	es will	be me	erged
	soon		• •					
		comb	ined					
	,		anized					
		opera						
	•		rupted					
29				and d	ifficulties,	the se	oldiers	were
20.		lute.			,			•
•	$\widetilde{\mathbf{A}}$	unco	mplainii	ng			••	
		untir	-		· .		• •	<i>! !</i>
	•		disciplin	.ed			Article i	
	,		rmined					
30.				his diag	gram of th	e mach	ine.	
		insid		· vu				
	B)	screv	ws				* '	
.,	<b>C</b> )	skete	ch					in the
	D)	mas	terpiece		٠		,	
31	. Ho	w ma	ny radio	os will th	is factory	turn o	ut this	year?
	A)	thro	w away				<del></del> -	
	B)	expo	ort					,
	(C)	mar	ufacture	:		4.00		
	<b>D</b> )	sell						
32	. Но	weve	r approp	riate his	remarks	were, l	ne shou	ld not
	ha	ve sho	outed.					,
	(A)	amı	using					
	<b>B</b> )	suit	able		•			
	( C)	inte	eresting					
	D)	imp	ortant					
33	. M	ary p	assed or	ut at th	e cinema	yesterd	lay afte	rnoon.
		die		_				
	B)	lost	consció	usness				
		•						
	• I	4 •						

	C) went past me D) disappeared
	34. Tom's prediction that there would be an earthquake
•	dismayed his friends.
	A) verification
	B) evidence
	C) prophecy
	D) reflection
	35. The senator agreed that his support of the measure
	would jeopardize his chances for reelection.
	A) assure
	B) increase
	C) endanger
•	D) destroy
	36. That's a very interesting hypothesis.
	B) hazard see the second seed of the second seeds of the second se
	T)\
•	37. Professor Clark continued his research work and
	31 1.1.1.1. 11
	A) ignored
	B) deplored
	C) explored
	plant D) implored and a second of the second
	38. The clerk had to break off the conversation in order
	to wait on a quatomer
	A) continue
	B) stop
	C) hurry
	D) begin

- 39. What is the scope of this undertaking? respect  $\mathbf{A}$ ) **B**) purpose C) title D) extent 40. The gift was from an anonymous person. A) ignored B) unremembered \*\*\*\*\*C) unrewarded D) un-named Section B: Reading Comprehension (1 mark each) Directions: In this section there are passages followed by questions or unfinished statements, each with four suggested answers. Choose the one you think is the best answer. Mark your choice by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a pencil. Answer Sheet with a pencil. Questions 41-43 are based on the following: Two miners trapped 100 feet underground for 24 days in a collapsed gold mine were rescued today. Both were muddy but smiling when, wrapped in white bed sheets, they were carried out of the mine on stretchers, with 41. What had happened to the two miners? A) They dug 100 feet into a gold mine in 24 days. B) They mined 100 feet of gold in 24 days. C) They collapsed in a gold mine 100 feet underground. D) They could not get out of a gold mine for 24 days. 42. Why were the miners smiling? A) They were rescued. B) They were muddy. C) They had been wrapped in sheets.
  - 16 •

D) They had found gold.