

**英语**

**结构习题集**

《研究生系列英语》之二

**ENGLISH  
STRUCTURE  
WORKBOOK**

张亦政 编

中国科学技术大学出版社

**GETTING THROUGH  
GRADUATE SCHOOL ENGLISH  
ENGLISH STRUCTURE PRACTICE  
WORKBOOK**

(With Answer Key)

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研究生系列英语之二

**英 语 结 构 习 题 集**

(附答案)

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## 内 容 简 介

本书是《研究生系列英语》之二。该书主要为研究生进一步提高熟练运用语法知识的能力,掌握并正确使用英语结构,为听、说、读、写各项技能的全面提高打好基础。书中力图将语法要点和中国学生常遇到的难点编成练习题,突破死记硬背的框框,供读者通过实际练习来深刻领会、了解和掌握各种语法知识。本书保留单句语法练习外,还提高到段落至篇章的语法结构练习,使之“情景化”,有助读者获得直接“语感”,从而提高英语表达能力。

本书可供各高等院校、各部、所的研究生院或研究生部作教材用,亦可供研究生、出国人员英语进修、有志于报考研究生或欲提高诸如 TOEFL、VST 等类考试应试能力的具有中等以上英语水平的读者自学使用。

## GETTING THROUGH GRADUATE SCHOOL ENGLISH English Structure Practice Workbook (With Answer Key)

### 《研究生系列英语》之二 英语结构习题集

(附答案)

张亦政 编

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## 前 言

《英语结构习题集》(English Structure Practice Workbook) 是为中国科技大学研究生院(北京)编写的研究生英语系列教材中的一本。它可与系列教材之一《高级英语教程》(Advanced English Text) 配套使用,也可单独使用,目的是帮助研究生巩固、加深和扩展已经学过的语法知识,渐臻熟练掌握并正确使用英语结构,为听、说、读、写各项语言技能的全面提高打下一个比较坚实的基础。

本习题集共分十二个单元。每个单元含十个左右的练习,围绕一至二个语法项目进行专题训练。习题集不阐述语法概念。采用这些语法项目作专题、以及这些项目的选择、分类和排列,完全是根据我们多年来研究生英语教学的实践,其目的是为了便于教员组织教学、帮助对传统英语语法较为熟悉的学生有效地解决学习中的疑点和难点。这些语法项目高度概括。教员在安排教学时,可不受这些项目的限制。例如第十单元是短语动词(Phrasal Verbs),很难设想在一、二个课时内完成教学。因此,教员既可以围绕“短语动词”这一项目介绍英语动词句型结构,也可侧重动词与小品词(particles)的搭配进行词汇训练。此外,布置学生课前完成规定的练习,课上开展讨论,由教员答疑,让学生在大量的语言实践活动中不断加深对语法概念的认识,这一方法也值得一试。本习题集可供研究生一学年使用。

也许很多教员已经注意到,学生做完了大量的单句结构训练之后,仍然会犯各种错误,这些错误往往就是单句训练期要解决的问题;另外,在单句结构方面素有训练的学生,在连贯表达一个思想(口头或笔头)的时候,往往对一些并不复杂的结构形式束手无策,心中无数。为了弥补传统单句训练的不足,本习题集在保留单句训练内容的同时,增加了相当数量的段落和篇章的结构练习,以帮助学生提高在语篇水平上运用语法结构知识的能力。这些练习,有的是单项,有的则是多项综合。由于取材于英美报刊、杂志和一些较有影响的工具书、教科书,学生在练习语法结构的同时,还能涉猎到广泛而有趣的英美文化背景知识、饶有趣味的故事小品,从而不知不觉地丰富了词汇,增强了语言的表达能力。

本习题集的全部习题均附有答案,以供教员参考。必须说明,在大多数可能有多种答案的情况下,所提供的参考答案往往只有一个,这并不意味着所提供的是唯一的标准答案,其它的各种可能以及由此引起的讨论,正好给教学提供了必要的灵活性。

本习题集注重强化对英语共核部分的训练,因此它不但适用于科技类研究生,也适用于非英语专业的其它类型的研究生。对有志掌握英语或想提高参加诸如 TOEFL、VST 等类考试应试能力的人,也是一本很实用的书。

本习题集在编写过程中,曾参考了于振中副教授、吴桂林副教授及蒋自新等人编写的《研究生实用练习百题》以及教研室诸位同事在使用《研究生实用练习百题》时所提出的宝贵意见。于振中副教授、李佩副教授审阅了全书的初稿。在此一并致以深切的谢意。

编 者

1986.1.

## CONTENTS

Introduction .....	
Unit 1 Verb Tenses .....	1
Unit 2 Passive Voice .....	9
Unit 3 Concord and Cohesion .....	15
Unit 4 The Infinitive and Gerund .....	29
Unit 5 Participles .....	41
Unit 6 Pronouns and Determiners .....	53
Unit 7 Conjunctions and Connectives .....	65
Unit 8 The Conditional and Subjunctive .....	81
Unit 9 Prepositions .....	93
Unit 10 Phrasal Verbs .....	109
Unit 11 Word Order .....	127
Unit 12 Cloze Tests .....	141



## Unit 1 VERB TENSES

Exercise 1: Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tenses.

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ (be) here for a little while, but I don't know where he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) now.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a hard time trying to convince her that he can do the job.
3. My friend Jack is a clever chap, but I think he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) very foolish just now.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) that it's Wednesday today? The last show is always at 7 on Wednesdays.
5. I have a bit of headache, in fact. I think I \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) too much recently. I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) to three parties this week.
6. They \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of practice this past month, so they should be in top condition.
7. She is the only one who \_\_\_\_\_ (have) any trouble.
8. I am not sure whether he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) there or not, as he \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) there lately.
9. I was feeling tired because I \_\_\_\_\_ (work) hard all day.
10. What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (do) since you came to China?
11. This restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ (be) air-conditioned. Guests respectfully \_\_\_\_\_ (request) to wear jackets and ties.
12. Billy \_\_\_\_\_ (smack). He used a bath towel to clean his bicycle. The towel, of course, \_\_\_\_\_ (have to) \_\_\_\_\_ (throw) away.
13. Whenever we \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to that village, they used to give us delicious olives that \_\_\_\_\_ (prepare) according to a special method that they \_\_\_\_\_ (use) for centuries.
14. The court \_\_\_\_\_ (find) you guilty of the crime of which you \_\_\_\_\_ (charge). Have you anything to say before sentence \_\_\_\_\_ (pass)?
15. The noise from the street is so awful that it \_\_\_\_\_ (take) me a long time \_\_\_\_\_ (get) to sleep without earplugs. Even now, I sometimes have to use them if I \_\_\_\_\_ (wake) in the middle of night.
16. Unless we \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) immediately, they will certainly \_\_\_\_\_ (begin) by the time we \_\_\_\_\_ (get) there, and we \_\_\_\_\_ (not allow) to go in till the interval.
17. Fashion really is a nuisance! They say that skirts \_\_\_\_\_ (be) to be shorter again. Well, I \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to buy anything new. I \_\_\_\_\_ simply \_\_\_\_\_ (have to) have my existing ones shortened.
18. I should like to \_\_\_\_\_ (invite), too, but I did not expect to be. I \_\_\_\_\_ (never show) much friendliness to them.

19. We \_\_\_\_\_ (grow) used to \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) able to park our car outside our own house. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not stop) being angry about it, though.
20. They \_\_\_\_\_ already \_\_\_\_\_ (succeed) in putting out the fire themselves by the time the fire brigade \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive).

Exercise 2: Read the following sentences carefully and determine which are correct English and which are incorrect. Rewrite the incorrect sentences.

1. Perhaps someday armed guards will watch the stadium gates, and a search of the fans will be conducted by them.
2. Contact sports like football and hockey are characterized by a rough style of play that sometimes overflowed into the stands.
3. There have been a number of traffic accidents involving bicycles this month.
4. To compile the bibliography, separate the articles from the books. You have, of course, recorded the name, number and date of the journal in which the article appears.
5. Rich countries have got richer at different speeds and times, but the underlying pattern is the same.
6. Throughout the world, the shift from agriculture has been going on. Sometimes this is for good reasons; but in some less developed countries, it was also caused by agricultural failure.
7. This is the first time that an authentic TOEFL test is offered in this city of the country.
8. The time that the group spent on that project before Christmas was well spent.
9. During the period that they have been at the Graduate School, they have taken at least two English courses.
10. The less developed countries have made some progress, but the rich-poor gap still has been unhealthily wide.

Exercise 3: Each of the following sentences contains an error in the use of tenses. Decide how to correct these sentences, then rewrite them.

1. Barbara promised to show me the dress she bought the day before.
2. The plane's wing has been weakened by the vibration, and soon it snapped completely.
3. The game will be played by that time.
4. I have always been told that a rolling stone gathered no moss.
5. Since the new administration came into office our city showed steady progress.
6. I'm coming to this hotel for the last ten years.
7. If they would have done what they were told, they would have won the game.
8. Next month Mr. Baldwin will be principal for ten years.
9. If he would have played the game correctly, he would have won.

10. After he had been warmed up by the jockey, the horse decides to quit.
11. Over a century and a half ago, a French chemist proved that water was made up of hydrogen and oxygen.
12. After the class was over, Bruce was proud that for once he had the courage to speak up in public.
13. You know that I'd have helped you if you would have asked me to.
14. At their first meeting, Bob acted as if he has known Louise for years.
15. This report deals with conditions that have been corrected five years ago.
16. Have you forgotten that Labor Day always fell on a Monday?
17. Each speaker managed to finish within the time limit that the moderator announced at the opening of the debate.
18. If the judge would have known the background of the case he might have reached a different decision.
19. Every booth for the bazaar had been sep up before the first visitor arrives.
20. He is the proprietor of this store for the past ten years.
21. If you would have treated Paul and me as equals, this unhappy situation would never have arisen.
22. I thought that I lived long enough when I heard Alice admit that she had made a serious error.
23. Salk proved beyond a reasonable doubt that man was capable of curing all of his ills once he put all of his efforts into the task at hand.
24. Under such circumstances there cannot be a better solution than the one that you suggest.
25. Anybody who thinks that you are going to solve the world's problems is much more gullible than I have ever imagined a human being to be.
26. My father bought this house before my sister was married.
27. If they would have gone home on time, this tragic incident could never have resulted.
28. Thomas and I lived in this house for the past five years.
29. When Alice was four, her mother had taught dancing to the children of the neighborhood in order to pay the mounting doctor bills.
30. Phyllis told me, "When I came in, you are to leave immediately."

Exercise 4: In each of the following sentences, four words or phrases have been underlined. Choose the one word or phrase which should be corrected or rewritten.

1. No sooner had I laid down the telephone began to ring endlessly.  
a b c d
2. After the gun had fired, Thomas' windshield was found shattered.  
a b c d
3. The woman was finally located the flea market and bought herself a used telephone booth.  
a b c d







their own. Joe 5 (save) up enough money to buy a house by the sea and a small motor boat. He 6 (go) fishing every day and his wife 7 (raise) vegetables in their garden, so they will be able to 8 (live) a quiet life on his pension. When his grandchildren visit him he 9 (take) them fishing and 10 (teach) them how to fix things. Joe always 11 (feel) better when he 12 (think) about his retirement dream.

Exercises 7: Fill in the blank spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

For millions of years, the tropical rain forests of South East, South America, and Africa 1 (be) the earth's natural chemical laboratories, botanic gardens and zoos. Today we 2 (destroy) them at such a rate that within 25 years only fragments 3 (remain) of the vast forests of Malaysia and Indonesia. Because they 4 (grow) in poor tropical soil, the forests 5 (can/not/replace). When the trees 6 (fell), soil erosion 7 (begin), and within a few years, the whole area that 8 (be) once forest 9 (become) wasteland. We 10 (lose) for ever the earth's greatest treasure house of plants and animals for the future. And it 11 (happen) in areas where poverty already 12 (verge) upon starvation. But it can be stopped if enough of us 13 (show) enough concern.

Exercise 8: Fill in the blank spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

In September 1973, Helen 1 (become) a graduate student. She 2 (begin) to study for her M. A. She 3 (graduate) from college already. She 4 (study) anthropology for three years.

In September 1976, Helen 5 (begin) to work on her dissertation. She 6 (study) the Seminole Tribe. She 7 (specialize) in the American Indians for two and a half years. She 8 (take) her doctoral exams, but she 9 (not/go) to the reservation yet.

Today, Helen 10 (live) on the reservation. She 11 (work) on her Ph. D. for three years. She 12 (be) engaged for several months. She 13 (not/see) her fiancé since she came to the reservation.

Helen is going to get married about one year from now. By then she 14 (work) on her Ph. D. for four years, and she 15 (almost/be) finished. She 16 (not/live) on the reservation any more. She 17 (write) her dissertation.

Exercise 9: Fill in the blank spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

Whitman Hall 1 (be) a student-initiated project from the start. Last February, a

group of eight students 2 (petition) the Housing Office to establish a house oriented to the arts. It 3 (take) several months to work out the details and to decide what to call the house. Last month the group finally 4 (settle on) the name Whitman Hall, honoring Walt Whitman, the nineteenth century poet.

The students then 5 (find) twelve professors to support their proposal, which the Housing Office 6 (accept) the next day. Soon after that, a professor and her husband 7 (volunteer) to be faculty residents in Whitman. Since accepting the position, the couple 8 (help) the original committee define its goals. The students hope to create a relaxed, artistically oriented environment in Whitman Hall. They 9 (make) a few plans already. They 10 (set aside) two guest rooms for local artists and community leaders. In addition, they 11 (schedule) a blues concert for the beginning of Fall Quarter. Future plans 12 (depend) on the interests of the new residents.

Exercise 10: Rewrite the following paragraph, completing it by using the verbs underneath. Each verb should be used only once. Pay attention to your punctuation.

The plans for new road \_\_\_\_\_ in the near future however certain facts \_\_\_\_\_ an entirely new route \_\_\_\_\_ and the distance between the two cities \_\_\_\_\_ by nine kilometers it is possible therefore that a number of existing houses \_\_\_\_\_ the road \_\_\_\_\_ to carry up to 2,000 vehicles an hour and it \_\_\_\_\_ a width of 12 meters the total cost \_\_\_\_\_ to exceed \$5 the plans \_\_\_\_\_ to state that only local building materials \_\_\_\_\_.

are to be announced

are expected

are to be used

will have

is designed

are already known

will have to be destroyed

will be reduced

is estimated

will be taken

Exercise 11: In the passage below, some verb forms are incorrect. Read it carefully and correct all the improper forms.

In a world that has become more and more interdependent, there is an ever-increasing need to link communications systems on various continents and to have provided live international television coverage. The need has met now by the communication satellites.

Communication satellites makes use of technology that will have been available for some time: the microwaves radio relay. As long ago as 1945, Arthur C. Clarke, an English science-fiction writer, proposed that manned "stationary" satellites were used to relay and broadcast electromagnetic communication signals. In 1945, of course, the idea of getting a satellite out into space seemed fantastic. But within ten years satellites had been close to

reality with first launching of a satellite into orbit by the Soviet Union (Sputnik I) in 1957, the real development work on satellite communications was begun. Shortly thereafter two successful satellites had launched in the United States, Echo I and Telstar I. The commercial satellite Intelsat IV launched in June of 1972. With the launching of Intelsat IV, full global coverage by communications satellites at last was achieved.

**Exercise 12:** In the passage below, some verb forms are incorrect. Read the passage carefully and correct all the improper forms.

In 1822 the Danish physicist, Oersted, at the end of a lecture was happening to bring a wire joined at its two extremities to a voltaic cell, to a position above and parallel to a magnetic needle. At first he purposely held the wire perpendicular to the needle but nothing had happened, but when by chance he was holding the wire horizontally and parallel to the needle he astonished to see the needle was changed position. With quick insight he had reversed the current and found that the needle was deviated in the opposite direction. Thus by mere chance the relationship between electricity and magnetism was being discovered and the path was opened for the invention by Faraday of the electric dynamo. It was when telling of this that Pasteur had made his famous remark: "In the field of observation chance is favouring only the prepared mind." Modern civilization perhaps is owed more to the discovery of electro magnetic induction than to any other single discovery.

## **Unit 2            PASSIVE VOICE**

Exercise 1 Change the sentences like the examples.

Examples: Nobody can solve the problem.

**THE PROBLEM CAN'T BE SOLVED.**

They may have to cancel the meeting.

**THE MEETING MAY HAVE TO BE CANCELED.**

1. Nobody can change it now.
2. They will have to discuss the matter.
3. They must have frightened you.
4. The dentist needn't have pulled the tooth out.
5. Someone had better stop them before it's too late.
6. They are to hold the meeting on Friday.
7. You may not take cameras into the museum.
8. You can't take books into the exam.

Example: There's a cavity in one of her teeth. She's going to the dentist.

**SHE'S GOING TO HAVE/GET THE TOOTH FILLED.**

9. Her eyes needed testing so she went to an optician.
10. The boss can't type. His secretary types all his letters for him.
11. The old lady didn't carry the suitcases. A porter did.
12. They don't buy their newspapers in a shop. Someone delivers them every morning.
13. His suit was dirty so he took it to the cleaner's.
14. The petrol tank is nearly empty so the motorist has stopped at a garage.
15. The patient has appendicitis. He's in the operating room.

Examples: People say smoking is bad for your health.

**SMOKING IS SUPPOSED TO BE BAD FOR YOUR HEALTH.**

People say food is going up in price.

**FOOD IS SUPPOSED TO BE GOING UP IN PRICE.**

People say she was a secretary before she married the millionaire.

**SHE IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN A SECRETARY BEFORE SHE MARRIED THE MILLIONAIRE.**

16. People say the ancient Egyptians sent rockets to the moon.
17. People say the film star is going to study abroad.
18. People say vendors can make much more money than university professors today.
19. People say the escaped convict is hiding somewhere in the hills.
20. People say the Chinese food is the best in the world.



Example: They advised me to buy a second-hand car.

I WAS ADVISED TO BUY A SECOND-HAND CAR.

21. They advised us to travel by plane.
22. You must warn him not to be late.
23. Should they forbid students to wear make-up?
24. They lead me to believe that there was no danger.
25. Did he mean us to know?

Examples: Someone will take down what you say.

WHAT YOU SAY WILL BE TAKEN DOWN.

I don't like people staring at me.

I DON'T LIKE BEING STARED AT.

26. They should do away with capital punishment.
27. You can't take me in so easily. I wasn't born yesterday.
28. They put down his lack of progress to the fact that he was lazy.
29. Did they accuse the student of cheating?
30. You haven't carried out my instructions.

Examples: It is said that she's unreliable.

SHE IS SAID TO BE UNRELIABLE.

It was thought that he was too outspoken.

HE WAS THOUGHT TO BE TOO OUTSPOKEN.

31. It was understood that the information was confidential.
32. It is believed that there is life on Mars.
33. It is expected that inflation will rise.
34. It is reported that the hijacked plane is heading for the Middle East.
35. It was alleged that the policeman had accepted bribes.
36. It was claimed that the documents were forgeries.
37. It is presumed that all the passengers were killed in the crash.
38. It was rumoured that there had been an earthquake.
39. It was proved that he had been telling the truth.
40. It was admitted that the fire had been started intentionally.

Exercise 2: Change these sentences to passive in order to place greater emphasis on the object receiver. Keep the same verb tense and omit any non-essential agents. Follow any specific instructions given for a particular sentence.

1. Researchers are using many sophisticated and expensive research techniques.
2. Scientists have shown that coffee drinking and sleeplessness are related. (Change only the first clause)
3. Someone awarded a Nobel Prize to a young American Chinese professor at Princeton.
4. Many experts consider juvenile delinquency to be a major factor in rising crime rates.

5. People believe that the development of a manned space station will be the real industrial and research facility in space. (Change only the first clause)
6. People have not reached any agreement on the critical issue of seniority.
7. The committee members have considered your request, and they will announce a decision tomorrow. (Change both clauses)
8. Usually, only the leading officials who hold important Party or government posts own cars for private use in this country. (Change the second clause)
9. A language reveals the culture of the area where people speak it. (Change only the wh-clause)
10. In the past twenty years people have invented numerous fast means of transportation such as the jumbo jet and automated mass transit systems.

**Exercise 3:** Complete each sentence with the appropriate form of the verb in parentheses.

1. Albert Einstein \_\_\_\_\_ (note for) the creation of his Theory of Relativity.
2. Carver \_\_\_\_\_ (bear) a slave on a farm in the state of Missouri in 1864; \_\_\_\_\_ (die) in 1943 and \_\_\_\_\_ (bury) at Simpson College in Iowa.
3. An unusual method \_\_\_\_\_ (devise) by auto manufacturers to determine whether or not a new car leaks. (Use present perfect tense)
4. China \_\_\_\_\_ (know for) its ancient architecture.
5. The United States \_\_\_\_\_ (make up of) fifty states.
6. Greater New York City \_\_\_\_\_ (comprise of) five districts.
7. The car \_\_\_\_\_ (subject) to a deluge of water, which \_\_\_\_\_ (contain) a chemical dye glowing in "black light".
8. The Micron Corporation presently \_\_\_\_\_ (consist of) one major plant and three small branches.
9. Domesticated horses \_\_\_\_\_ (derive from) the extinct wild horses of Asia.
10. The severity of the housing problem \_\_\_\_\_ (stem from) a shortage of space and lack of funds.
11. An anthology \_\_\_\_\_ (compose of) numerous articles or essays.
12. A disclosure made last week \_\_\_\_\_ (result in) a renewed investigation. (Use past tense)
13. When the big surge in regional airline traffic \_\_\_\_\_ (occur) during the late 1970s, many builders began to develop new ones.
14. This experiment is one of the first major algae cultivation projects which \_\_\_\_\_ (attempt). (Use present perfect tense)
15. Fertilizer should \_\_\_\_\_ (distribute) evenly over the soil.

**Exercise 4:** Fill in the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

Tobacco is the big crop in Virginia. This is the month of June. The fields have already

been plowed and fertilized and the young plants have 1 (transplant) from the seedbeds. They have 2 (spray) with insecticides and 3 (cover) with netting to protect them from the sun. In July the flowers 4 (cut) off the plants to stimulate the growth of the leaves. Then in August the crop 5 (harvest). The leaves 6 (string) together and 7 (hang) in airtight barn where they 8 (cure) for about a month. Then they 9 (sort), 10 (bale), and 11 (ship) to a warehouse. They 12 (keep) in the warehouse until they 13 (sell) at auction. Finally, the tobacco 14 (age), 15 (cut), and 16 (roll) into cigarettes.

Exercise 5: Fill in the correct form of verbs in parentheses.

Ptolemy, who 1 (live) in ancient times, 2 (note for) his theory that the universe 3 (compose of) heavenly bodies which 4 (revolve) around the Earth. In the fifteenth century Copernicus 5 (theorize) that our solar system 6 (make up of) planets which 7 (revolve) around the sun. Modern astronomy 8 (base on) this theory. Today, as a result of sophisticated techniques and space exploration we 9 (know) far more about the universe, especially about our own solar system. The Universe 10 (consist of) planets, stars, comets, "black holes," and other phenomena. Continuing analysis of lunar rocks and planetary data 11 (may/ reveal) when our solar system 12 (form) and what natural materials it 13 (contain). These studies will in turn 14 (lead) to more questions for astronomers to answer.

Exercise 6: Fill in the correct form of verbs in parentheses.

In many countries around the world, women are 1 (enter) the work force in great numbers for the first time. It is true that more women 2 (currently employ) than ever before. However, the goals of equal opportunity of employment for women 3 (not fully realize). For a variety of reasons, women usually 4 (hold) low ranking positions. The last to 5 (hire), they are usually the first to 6 (lay) off when employment 7 (drop) off. They 8 (usually hire) in lower-paying positions than men, and, often, they receive less pay even when they 9 (do) the same work. Certainly, great strides 10 (make) toward equal opportunity in recent years, but the obstacles to 11 (reach) this goal 12 (become) increasingly evident all the time. Although women 13 (come) a long way, they still 14 (have) a long way to go in their struggle for equal opportunity.

Exercise 7: Fill in the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

The simplest method of welding two pieces of metal together 1 (know) as pressure welding. The ends of metal 2 (heat) to a white heat in a flame. At this temperature the metal becomes plastic. The ends 3 (then press) or 4 (hammer) together, and the joint 5 (smooth off). Care must 6 (take) to ensure that the