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# 雅思口语

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《雅思口语》编写组 编著

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# Part 1

## 简短问答

在 Part 1 中，考官会就考生熟悉的话题进行提问，一般是日常生活的各个方面。



## Name 名字



Part 1 音频

### 1. What's your full name please?

My name is Zhang Zhe.

### 2. What's your first name/given name please?

My given name is Zhe.

**Tip** 若考官问的是 first name/given name, 考生应回答自己名字。若考官问的是 surname/last name/family name, 考生应回答自己的姓氏。

### 3. Does your Chinese name have a special meaning?

Yes. My name was given by my grandparents. Zhe in Chinese means knowledge and wisdom. So, you can see the name carries my grandparents' good wishes. They hoped that I would become a wise and knowledgeable man one day.

**good wish** 美好的愿望

**knowledgeable** /'nɒlɪdʒəbəl/ *a.* 有见识的

### 4. Do you like your name?

Yes. It's easy to remember and easy to call. And more importantly, it bears my grandparents' expectations that have always encouraged me to be a better person.

**expectation** /'ekspeteɪʃən/ *n.* 期待

**be a better person** 成为更好的人

### 5. Have you changed your name?

No, never. First of all, the name was given by my grandparents. Out of respect for them, I don't think I would be allowed to change it. Plus, the name sounds fine to me. I don't see any need to change it.

**out of respect for...** 出于对……的尊重

**do not see any need to do...** 不认为需要做……

### 6. Do Chinese people like changing their name? Why or why not?

No, I don't think so. In China, the name of a person is deliberately picked from a dictionary or by a fortune-teller. It normally contains a special meaning that parents believe will bring good luck to their kids. So Chinese people normally don't change their own name.

**fortune-teller** *n.* 算命师, 算命先生

**bring good luck to sb.** 给某人带来好运

## Study 学习



Part 1 音频

### 1. Are you working or studying?

I'm a student and I'm currently in my second year at Peking University.

### 2. What's your major?

I major in English./I'm an English major.

### 3. Why did you choose this major?

I'm so into language and English has long been my favourite. To my knowledge, it has gone through a checkered history. I want to find out how the language suppressed by the upper class long

time ago can **develop into** a global language today.

**to my knowledge** 据我所知

**a checkered history** 曲折的历史

**develop into...** 发展成为……

**Tip** 问选择某个专业的原因时,可以考虑几个因素:个人兴趣、专业的热度及就业前景、以及父母的意愿。

#### 4. Is it a popular major?

Yes, I believe so. We're witnessing a rapid increase of international trades **in all respects** between our country and other nations, so there's huge **demand** for English majors in the job market. I think the major will become even more popular in the future.

**in all respects** 在各方面

**demand** /di'mɑ:nd/ *n.* 需求

#### 5. Which part of your studies do you find most interesting?

I like learning the history of English, mostly because the teacher of this course is actually an Englishman. He is **proficient in** British history and can **retell** it in an accurate and **vivid** way. I really enjoy his lectures.

**be proficient in** 精通

**retell** /ri:'tel/ *v.* 重讲,复述

**vivid** /'vɪvɪd/ *a.* 生动的

#### 6. How much time do you spend on study every day?

I normally spend about 4 hours on my study daily. Unless I **feel** a little **tired of** reading or studying, I would **stick to** my daily routine and study for at least 4 hours after supper.

**feel tired of...** 对……感到厌烦

**stick to** 坚持

#### 7. Do you like studying in a group?

No, not really. I prefer studying **by myself**, because when I'm reading something or learning something, I need a quiet environment to **stay focused**. So, I don't think working in group can help me with that.

**by oneself** 独自地,单独

**stay focused** 持续专注;保持专注

#### 8. Where do you study?

Normally, I study in my home, specifically speaking, on my **veranda**. I would make myself some tea, reading my books under the sunlight while having some cookies as a treat. **Occasionally**, I would go to the city library. It's close to my house and I can easily get all the books I need.

**veranda** /və'reɪndə/ *n.* 走廊;阳台

**occasionally** /ə'keɪʒənəli/ *ad.* 偶尔,间或

#### 9. Why did you choose this school/college/university?

There're a few good reasons, such as its good situation, reputation and **facilities**, but the most important of all is that my parents both went to this school. From them, I knew that the school **focuses on** teaching you how to be a better person while helping you achieve high **academic scores**. That is what I think a good school is for.

**facility** /fə'sɪləti/ *n.* [pl.]设施

**focus on** 专注于

**academic score** 学业成绩

**Tip** 问选择某间学校的原因时,可考虑以下要素:地理位置、交通便利程度、校园设施、课程设置、教师队伍的水平、学校的声誉和父母意愿等。

#### 10. What kind of job do you want to do in the future?

I want to be an **architect** in the future, just like my father. The idea that those **renowned** build-

ings have existed for hundreds or even thousands of years always fascinates me. I also want to create something as **immortal** and remarkable as those.

**architect** /ɑ:kitekt/ *n.* 建筑师

**renowned** /ri'naund/ *a.* 著名的

**immortal** /i'mɔ:tɪl/ *a.* 不朽的

### 11. Do you think it's important to receive a good education?

Yes, definitely. A good education above all can provide you with a lot of **eye-opening** and **thought-provoking** knowledge. The more you learn, the wider your horizons would be. No doubt, people with a doctorate degree would **gain a deeper insight of** the world than a high school **dropout**, **not to mention the fact that** employers nowadays **place a high priority on** candidates' educational backgrounds.

**eye-opening** *a.* 大开眼界的

**thought-provoking** *a.* 发人深思的

**gain a deeper insight of...** 对……有更深刻的见解

**dropout** /drɒpaʊt/ *n.* 辍学者

**not to mention the fact that...** 更不必说……

**place a high priority on...** 高度重视……

**Tip** 问教育的重要性,可以考虑以下因素:未来就业、塑造人格、认知和完善自我、拓展视野、开发潜能、承继前人知识成果等。



Part 1 音频

## Work 工作

### 1. What do you do for a living?

I work as an **interpreter** in a private company. My sole responsibility is helping my boss negotiate trade deals. I've got to say it's quite **challenging** because if I misspoke, it might cost our company gigantic loss.

**interpreter** /ɪn'tɜ:pri:tə/ *n.* 口译员

**challenging** /tʃæləndʒɪŋ/ *a.* 有挑战性的

### 2. Why did you choose that career?

Well, I'm **good at** English and Chinese, so one of my teachers suggested that I should become an interpreter. I remembered telling my parents this and they both agreed. Since big companies always need an interpreter to **deal with** foreign clients, it won't be too difficult to find a job. Plus you can get a **handsome** salary.

**be good at...** 擅长……

**deal with** 对付;处理

**handsome** /'hænsəm/ *a.* 可观的,丰厚的

**Tip** 问做某个职业的原因,可以考虑几个因素:个人兴趣,职业前景,家人意愿,公司福利等。

### 3. How did you find the job?

Actually, I found this job **by chance**. I was surfing the net the other day when suddenly the **recruitment came up**. I was interested in it so I sent my resume and received a reply soon. Then I got an interview and they gave me the job immediately because they **badly needed** someone to **fill the vacancy**.

**by chance** 偶然地

**recruitment** /ri'kru:tmənt/ *n.* 招聘

**come up** 出现

**badly need** 急需

**fill the vacancy** 填补职位空缺



#### 4. Is it a popular line of work in your country?

To be honest, I don't know exactly whether it's popular or not. But what I know for sure is that interpreters are **indispensable for** a big company, especially for a multinational company these days. As we live in a global village, **promoting international trades** has gradually become the most important business for a company. And interpreters surely **play an essential role in this**.

**to be honest** 坦白说

**be indispensable for...** 对……不可或缺

**promote international trade** 促进国际贸易

**play an essential role in...** 在……中起到必不可少的作用

**Tip** 回答此题,如果你无法确定在你的国家你所从事的职业是否大众,你可以选择避重就轻,直接跟考官说你了解这个情况,但是要做适度的延伸,可以谈谈你对你的职业的理解,例如范例给出的,谈谈这个职业的重要性。

#### 5. Are you satisfied with your job?

Yes, definitely. I've learned a lot in my company. I've met some interesting people and my colleagues and **superiors** are all very nice and helpful.

**superior** /su:'piəriə/ *n.* 上司

**Tip** 回答是非题,可以给出肯定的回答或否定的回答。但注意一点,要对回答做出适当延伸。可以是原因,或是一两句的个人经历。

#### 6. Do you intend to stay at that job?

Well, yes. I like challenging myself so the job is perfect for me. And my superior is very good to me. Every day, he shows me some cases of failure in business interpretation and teaches me how to deal with those situations. I've learned a lot from him.

#### 7. Do you get on well with your colleagues?

Yes. We have a team of interpreters in the company, and we're pretty close to each other. When I started the job, they helped me a lot. We have lunch together every day. It's a good chance to learn more about each other.

## Hometown 家乡



Part 1 音频

#### 1. Where is your hometown?

I was born in Guangzhou, a **metropolis** in China, which is **located in** Guangdong Province.

**metropolis** /mi'trɒpəlis/ *n.* 首要城市,大都会 **be located in** 位于

#### 2. Do you live in a city or a village?

My hometown is a typical big city in China. Some people call it 'a city that never sleeps'. We had clubs, **karaoke bars** and other various entertainment places where people can **enjoy themselves** day and night.

**a city that never sleeps** 不夜城

**karaoke bar** 歌厅

**enjoy oneself** 过得快乐;玩得高兴

**day and night** 日日夜夜;没日没夜

#### 3. What kind of place is your hometown?

My hometown is **famous for** food. You can find all kinds of food here, from French cuisine to

Sichuan spicy specialities, you name it. From a different angle, that also reflects the open-minded and accommodating nature of the residents of the city. No wonder my friend said it's a habitable place.

**be famous for...** 因……而著名

**accommodating** /ə'kɒmədeɪtɪŋ/ *a.* 肯通融的; 随和的

**resident** /rezɪdənt/ *n.* 居民

**habitable** /'hæbrɪtəbəl/ *a.* 宜居的

**Tip** 回答本题可以从几个角度对家乡进行介绍: 地理位置、人口数量、当地特色、人文环境和自然环境等。

#### 4. What do you like best about your hometown?

Food is what I like most about my hometown. My favourite activity on weekends is spending hours and hours in a **teahouse**, doing nothing but **chatting with** my family and having my favourite **dim sum**. It's so tasty that I can never **get tired of** it.

**teahouse** /'ti:haus/ *n.* 茶馆, 茶楼

**chat with...** 与……聊天

**dim sum** 点心

**get tired of...** 对……感到厌烦、厌倦

#### 5. What kind of transport do people use there?

Guangzhou is one of the cities that have the most advanced **public transport system** in the country, even in the world. So, people mostly use public transport, such as buses and metros, because it's **inexpensive** and convenient.

**public transport system** 公共交通系统

**inexpensive** /,ɪnɪk'spensɪv/ *a.* 便宜的

#### 6. Have there been any changes in your hometown?

Yes, quite a few. First of all, new and modern buildings and shopping malls have **mushroomed** all over the places where there used to be narrow streets and alleys. Secondly, people used to ride bicycles, but now roads count three or four lanes on each side and almost everyone owns a car. These are all the amazing changes that have **taken place** in my hometown in the recent years.

**mushroom** /'mʌʃru:m/ *vi.* 迅速发展

**take place** 发生

#### 7. Do you prefer living in a big city or in a village?

I would go for the former. Although living in a village seems **idyllic**, it might cause some inconveniences. For one thing, villages normally **are poor in** transport systems, so, if something urgent happens, it can be difficult to get help from the hospital. For another, they're **badly off for** educational resources.

**idyllic** /ɪ'dɪlɪk/ *a.* 田园诗般的

**be poor in...** 在……方面差、贫乏

**be badly off for...** 缺乏……

**Tip** 回答居住在城市的好处, 可以考虑以下因素: 交通便利, 教育资源好, 医疗服务高, 娱乐设施、场所多样, 就业机会多, 美食多, 居民的文化素质高。

#### 8. If you had the chance, would you leave your hometown?

Yes, I think so. Although as a metropolis, Guangzhou **exceeds** many other cities of the country in many respects, it's indeed too crowded and has too fast **the pace of life**. So, I'd like to move to Hangzhou where life is more **tranquil** and I can have more time for the scenery.

**exceed** /ɪk'si:d/ *vt.* 超过, 超出

**in many respects** 在很多方面

**the pace of life** 生活节奏

**tranquil** /'trænkwi:l/ *a.* 宁静的

# Family 家人



Part 1 音频

## 1. Who do you live with?

I live with my parents. We're a **nuclear family** and I'm the **only child**.

**nuclear family** 核心家庭

**only child** 独生子

**Tip** 如果考生住在大家庭里,包括其(外)祖父母和姑(姨)等,便可称其家庭为 **extended family**。若为单亲家庭,便可称其家庭为 **single parent family**。

## 2. What do your parents do for a living?

My father is an architect and my mother is a teacher who teaches architecture in the university where I'm studying. What a nice coincidence!

## 3. Do you have any siblings?

No, not really. I'm the **only child** in my family because of the **one-child policy**. But I do have many cousins, more than 10, and they're more than cousins to me. They're just like my own brothers and sisters. I suppose we're quite a **close-knit family**.

**one-child policy** 独生子女政策

**a close-knit family** 关系融洽的一家人

## 4. Do you get on well with your family?

Yes, we **get on pretty well**. I love my parents because of their easiness and openness. They never **force anything on me**. They never make me **follow in their footsteps** to be a teacher or an architect; instead, they always encourage me to be what I want to be. I really appreciate it.

**get on well** 相处融洽

**force sth. on sb.** 将某事强加给某人

**follow in sb.'s footsteps** 跟随某人的步伐

## 5. Do you think you have spent enough time with your family?

No, not really. Now that I'm studying in a **full-time university**, I have to stay in the campus during weekdays, so, I only have time for my parents on weekends. However, I also get a lot of work and research to do, and friends to **hang out with**. I don't think I have much time left for my family.

**full-time university** 全日制大学

**hang out with...** 与……闲逛

## 6. Do you prefer living alone or living with your family?

I prefer living alone. You know, although you're **in good hands** when living with your family, you've got to **start your own family** and learn to live without your parents one day. And living independently helps you **adjust to that**.

**be in good hands** 被悉心照顾

**start a family** 成家;生第一个孩子

**adjust to** 适应

## 7. Is family important to you?

**Without a doubt**. Take this metaphorically, family is like a harbour where you can rest after a long day of sailing, and also a tree under which you can always **find shelter**.

**without a doubt** 毫无疑问

**find shelter** 找到庇护



# Neighbourhood 邻里



Part 1 音频

## 1. What's your neighbourhood like?

Our family has just moved into a newly-built **residential area**. It's **equipped with** some facilities, such as pools and gyms. What my family like most is that there's a river nearby, so once in a while we can walk down the bank, enjoying the sunset and having some **quality time** together.

**residential area** 住宅区

**be equipped with...** 设有……

**quality time** (全心全意投入的)宝贵时间

## 2. How do you feel about your neighbourhood?

I'm quite satisfied with our neighbourhood. Honestly, we used to live several blocks away from this residential area, but there were no gyms or schools nearby, **let alone** a river **within walking distance**. So, I'm really glad that we've moved here.

**let alone...** 更不用提……

**within walking distance** 很近的距离

## 3. Has your neighbourhood changed much since your family first moved in?

No, not exactly. It's a newly-built residential area, so I don't expect any changes here soon. But I've heard that within the next 30 years, our neighbourhood would **be connected to** the underground, so going to work will be **a piece of cake** and I don't have to change three buses to get to work anymore.

**be connected to** 连接上, 连通上

**a piece of cake** 小菜一碟

## 4. How could your neighbourhood be improved?

Well, because this is a newly-built residential area, there're only a few entertainment places or supermarkets nearby currently. There's just one shop near my home and it often fails to **meet the demand for** food. Sometimes, I even have to drive far to purchase the things that I need. If we had more of these **facilities**, that would be so great.

**meet the demand for...** 满足对……的需求

**facility** /fə'sɪlɪti/ *n.* [pl.] 设施

## 5. How well do you know your neighbours?

Well, we're actually pretty close to each other. Our family **called on** them the day we moved in. Since then, we've been friends. I love hanging out with their kids. Sometimes, my family would **invite them over** for dinner and they would do the same.

**call on** 拜访

**invite sb. over** 邀请某人到家中

## 6. What kind of people are your neighbours?

They're a lovely couple with one child about my age. They're all **easy-going** and helpful people. Sometimes when no one is home, they would help pick up the packages for us. And it's always **pleasant** to talk to them because they know how to entertain others.

**easy-going** *a.* 随和的

**pleasant** /plezənt/ *a.* 令人愉快的, 讨人喜欢的

## 7. Do you like your neighbours?

Absolutely. They're all very successful and **delightful** people. Since both of them are highly-regarded professors, they've **made great contributions to** our community. I **hold them in high regard**.

**delightful** /dɪ'lɪtʃfəl/ *a.* 讨人喜欢的

**make great contributions to...** 对……做出很大贡献

hold sb. in high regard 对某人很敬重

### 8. Do you think it's necessary to maintain a good relationship with your neighbours?

Beyond all doubt. If we're on bad terms with our neighbours, we may face more stress than we have to. We have to deal with lots of problems at work already. Imagine that you also have to cope with those from your neighbours, wouldn't that make you utterly give out.

be on bad terms with sb. 与某人相处不好

give out 疲惫



Part 1 音频

## Friends 朋友

### 1. Do you have many friends?

I think that depends on how you define friends. Some people consider their acquaintances to be their friends, but I have a rigid definition of friends. I only think of those who I can truly confide in as friends. And honestly, there're just a few.

depend on 取决于

acquaintance /ə'kweɪntəns/ n. 认识的人

confide in... 向……推心置腹

### 2. What do you see as the most important value in a friend?

The most important value I see in a friend is honesty. I hope that a friend can speak with candour about how she feels about things and how she sees things differently. Only in that way can we actually understand each other and build a strong relationship.

honesty /'ɒnɪsti/ n. 诚实, 真诚

speak with candour 直言不讳

### 3. How often do you hang out with your best friends?

At least twice a month when we're busy, and once a week when we're not. Since we don't live that close to each other, we can't hang out much like other besties. But we try to find time for each other as possible as we can.

close to 靠近, 在附近

bestie /'besti/ n. 好友

### 4. How do you keep in touch with your friends?

We normally talk through social media such as Weibo or Wechat. We used to chat on QQ, a Skype-like software, but now we all like to use Wechat where we can not only talk with each other, but also share our lives which can be seen by friends and family only.

social media 社交媒体

chat /tʃæt/ vi. 闲谈, 聊天

### 5. What do you like to do with your friends?

There're so many things I love to do with my friends, like doing sports, going out for a fancy meal or a movie. But the one thing I like most is reading a book together. We read the same book separately and then exchange our views. It's fun to know others' opinions on a subject.

do sports 做运动

exchange view 交流观点, 交流思想

### 6. Are you still friends with the people from your childhood?

No, not really. Honestly, when I was a child, the Internet and social media were not as popular as they are now, so my childhood friend and I have lost contact with each other through the years.

lost contact with... 与……失去联系

through the years 数年以来

### 7. How important are friends to you?

I think my friends are like the brothers and sisters that I could never have. They're the people who I can share my happiness and sadness with and who I can confide in without any worries about their laughing at me. I know I could always trust and rely on them about anything.

### 8. What do you think of your friends?

My friends and I are quite alike in many ways. We have similar tastes in food, music, values and outlook on life. So we get along pretty well. I love them and cherish our friendship so much.

**be alike in many ways** 在很多方面都相似

**have similar tastes in...** 在……上有相似的品味

**get along well** 相处得好



Part 1 音频

## Childhood 童年

### 1. What's the best memory of your childhood?

When I was a child, work kept my parents occupied, so they barely had time for me. I remembered one ordinary day, they dragged me off bed and took me to the Snowy Palace. It was an amusement park featuring artificial snow and ice sculptures, which, I later learned, was to close down. I hadn't seen snow before. It was magnificent. I really had the best time there with my parents.

**amusement park** 主题公园

**close down** 倒闭

**magnificent** /mæg'nɪfɪsənt/ *a.* 极好的

### 2. Do you think you have a happy childhood?

Yes, I think so. Although my parents weren't around for most of the time, I had my grandparents and many friends as my company. My grandparents indulged me so much that they never failed to provide me with anything that I wanted.

**indulge** /ɪn'dʌldʒ/ *vt.* 溺爱, 纵容

**fail to do...** 未能做……

### 3. What did you enjoy doing as a child?

When I was a child, I enjoyed hanging out with my best friend. On weekends, we normally went out shopping. Since we had a lot of allowance then, we could buy whatever we wanted. Now that I think back, hmmm, the things we bought at that time were literally a waste of money.

**allowance** /ə'laʊəns/ *n.* 零用钱

**think back** 回想

**a waste of money** 浪费钱, 挥霍钱

### 4. Which did you enjoy more as a child, watching TV or playing outside?

Well, I would go for the former. At that time, you've got to admit, there were a collection of brilliant cartoons on TV, such as Doraemon. Those animations caught every bit of my attention, so normally I just wanted to stay home and binge-watch them.

**cartoon** /kɑ:'tu:n/ *n.* 漫画, 动画片

**Doraemon** /dɔ:'rɔ:emɒn/ *n.* 哆啦A梦

**animation** /æni'meɪʃən/ *n.* 动画片

**binge-watch** *vt.* 大量观看(电视节目), 追剧

### 5. Do you still like the same game now as you did when you were a child?

No, not exactly. When I was a child, the game my friend and I both enjoyed was Chinese rope weaving. It's a game that you can play anywhere with a rope and a competitor. However, nowadays,