



ENGLISH

BASIC ENGLISH

37
体育、艺术院校教材

基础英语

BASIC ENGLISH

上册

(适用于体育、艺术类在校生及成人自考、自学者)

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前 言

本教材适用于体育和艺术院系的大学生，也适用于成人自学、自考者。

本书分上、下两册，上册共 30 课，下册共 28 课。供在校生 2 学年使用。全书生词量约 2000 个。

上册教材除课文和系统的英语基础语法知识外，还在每课课文后面配有日常会话练习，力求使学习者的听、说、读、写技能都能得到发展。下册教材进一步加深课文，扩大词汇，并且巩固、补充和深化已学语法项目，使语法知识的学习更加系统、全面和熟练。教材中的练习主要包括课文理解、语法练习、词汇练习、翻译练习、说写练习和课外阅读等项目。

书中课文语言规范，题材多样，内容丰富，趣味性强。既有文化、风俗、文学、语言等方面的内容，又有现代新科技成果介绍。学习者可在提高英语语言水平的同时拓宽知识面。

本教材的主编为田慧，副主编为李伟。编写组成员有田慧、刘丰、刘忻、刘瑞红、朱珠、李伟、宋玉梅、杨存真、侯莹、韩冰和蔡雁宁。

美籍专家 Chapman Lam 先生审阅了全书，并提出了不少宝贵意见。我们在此深表谢意。

对于本书可能存在的缺点，诚恳希望使用者不吝指正。

编 者

2000 年 6 月

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Lesson One

TEXT

ALL THE STUDENTS IN MY ENGLISH CLASS ARE ABSENT TODAY

All the students in my English class are absent today^[1]. George is absent. He's in the hospital^[2]. Maria is absent. She's at the dentist^[3]. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are absent. They're at the Social Security Office^[4]. Even our English teacher is absent. He's home in bed^[5]!

What a shame^[6]! Everybody in my English class is absent today. Everybody except me^[7].

DIALOGUE

NICE TO MEET YOU

Ted: Hi, Mike. How's everything?

Mike: Fine. How's everything with you?

Ted: Ok. (*to Gloria*) Hi.

Mike: Oh, excuse me. Ted, this is Gloria. Gloria, this is my brother, Ted.

Gloria: Nice to meet you, Ted.

Ted: Nice to meet you, Gloria.

NEW WORDS

lesson /'lesn/ *n.* 一课; 功课

text /tekst/ *n.* 课文, 正文

all /ɔ:l/ *adj.* 所有的

English /'ingglɪʃ/ *adj.* 英语的; 英国的 *n.* 英国

absent /'æbsənt/ *adj.* 缺席, 不到

today /tə'dei/ *adv.* 在今天 *n.* 今天, 当代

hospital /'hɒspɪtl/ *n.* 医院

dentist /'dentist/ *n.* 牙科医生
social /'səʊʃəl/ *adj.* 社会的;社交的
security /si'kjuəriti/ *n.* 安全;保障
office /'ɔfɪs/ *n.* 办公室;事务所
even /'i:nən/ *adv.* 甚至;
what /wɔ:t/ *adj.* 多么 *pron.* 什么
shame /ʃeim/ *n.* 羞耻,羞愧 [口] 遗憾的事
everybody /'evribədi/ *pron.* 每人,人人
except /ik'sept/ *prep.* 除……之外
dialogue /'daiəlog/ *n.* 对话;对话
nice /naɪs/ *adj.* 美好的,合宜的
meet /mi:t/ *vt.* 认识;遇见
how /haʊ/ *adv.* 怎样;多少;多么
everything /'evriθɪŋ/ *pron.* 每件事,事事,凡事
fine /fain/ *adj.* 美好的 *adv.* [口] 很好,妙
with /wið/ *prep.* 和……一起;跟;具有
excuse /iks'kjuz/ *vt.* 原谅

PROPER NAMES

George /dʒɔ:g/ *m.* 乔治
Mr. /'mɪstə/ (缩)先生
Mrs. /'mɪsɪz/ (缩)夫人
Smith /smiθ/ *s.* 史密斯
Mike /maɪk/ *m.* 迈克
Ted /ted/ *m.* 特德
Gloria /'glɔ:rɪə/ *f.* 格洛瑞娅
[注] *m.* 为缩写,意为男子
f. 为缩写,意为女子
s. 为缩写,意为姓氏

NOTES TO THE TEXT

1. All the students in my English class are absent today.

这里的 all 表示“全部、所有的”,修饰后面的 the students, 也可以写成 all of the students。

2. He's in the hospital

此处 be in the hospital 表示“住院”的意思，而“出院”则是 leave the hospital。以上是美式英语中的用法，在英式英语中，the 通常被省略。

3. ... at the dentist. = at the dentist's

可译为“在牙科诊所”。dentist 本意是牙科医生。介词 at 可以与所有格(见第五课语法)连用，表示“在某人家里”或“在某家店铺里”。例如：

He is at the barber's. 他在理发店。

We are at our teacher's. 我们在老师家里。

4. ... the Social Security Office.

此处是“社会福利局”的意思，是为老年人、失业者、残疾人提供社会福利的部门。

5. He's home in bed.

1) He's 是 He is 的缩写形式。

2) home 在这里作副词，类似的用法还有：

She is not in. 她不在家。

She must be out. 她一定是出去了。

3) in bed 表示“躺在床上”，“卧床”，“在被窝里”。例如：

He is in bed with cold. 他因感冒卧床。

6. What a shame! 真不应该！

这是一个省略了 it is 的感叹句；what 引起的感叹句常可以这样省略。例如：

What a pity (it is)! 多可惜啊！

7. Everybody except me.

此句完整的写法应该是 Everybody is absent except me. 句中的 except 是介词，后面跟名词或人称代词的宾格形式。例如：

Every student is here except Tom/him.

GRAMMAR

人 称 代 词

用以表示人称，如“我”、“你”、“他”等的词叫人称代词。见下表：

人 称	单 数	复 数
第一人称	I (我)	we (我们)
第二人称	you (你)	you (你们)
第三人称	he (他) she (她) it (它)	(他们) they (她们) (它们)

人称代词的主格和宾格

人称代词有人称、数和格之分。做主语时用主格代词，做宾语时用宾格。见下表：

人 称	单 数		复 数	
	主格	宾格	主格	宾格
第一人称	I	me	we	us
第二人称	you	you	you	you
第三人称	he she it	him her it	they	them

动词 be 的人称变化

I	am
He She It	is
We You They	are

EXERCISES

I. Reading Comprehension (阅读理解)

Complete the following according to the text. (根据课文完成下列练习。)

George

am

home in bed.

Maria

is

at the Social Security Office.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith

are

in the hospital.

Our English teacher

are

at the dentist.

I

in the classroom.

II. Grammar (语法)

1. Replace the underlined words with appropriate personal pronouns.

(用适当的人称代词替换下列句中的划线部分。)

- 1) All the books on the desk are new.
- 2) Mike is a clever boy.
- 3) My sister is very tall.
- 4) My father and I like football games.
- 5) My cat eats a lot of fish.
- 6) Gloria is very glad to meet Ted.
- 7) I meet Mike and Tom every day.
- 8) The teacher often asks Maria and me questions.
- 9) Everybody is here except Mrs. Smith.
- 10) We all like our English class.

2. Rewrite the following sentences with the pronouns given in the brackets. Pay attention to the changes of the verb **be**. (用括号中所给的代词改写下列句子，并注意动词 **be** 的变化。)

例如: Maria is at home. (she) 改写成: She is at home.

- 1) Ted is absent. (you)
- 2) I am very glad to meet you. (he)
- 3) We are students in the English class. (they)
- 4) My teacher is very nice. (she)
- 5) George is home in bed. (I)
- 6) Our class is very big. (it)
- 7) The book is interesting. (they)
- 8) Simon is in the office. (we)
- 9) Mary is 16. (we)
- 10) She is very clever. (you)

III. Vocabulary (词汇)

1. Choose the appropriate prepositions that best complete the following sentences. (选择适当的介词完成下列句子。)

- 1) The students in my Chinese class are often absent.
a. in b. at c. on
- 2) I meet Tom at the hospital.
a. of b. at c. in
- 3) Maria is at the dentist.
a. in b. on c. at
- 4) It is very late. Mr. Smith is still (仍然) in bed.

a. at b. on c. in

- 5) All the students are at the teacher's office ____ George.
a. of b. with c. except

2. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate words given in the list below. (选择适当的词填空。)

hospital absent everybody even shame

- 1) It is not good to be ____.
- 2) I feel bad. I want to go to the ____.
- 3) The teacher sees no students. ____ is absent.
- 4) No one likes the food. ____ our dog does not like it.
- 5) What a ____! You are late again.

IV. Translation (翻译)

Translate the following sentences into English. (将下列句子译成英语。)

1. 玛丽今天没来上课。
2. 我们都喜欢我们的英语课。
3. 除了迈克,所有的学生都在医院。
4. 大家都看电视(watch TV),甚至我们的老师也看。
5. —— 你一切都好吗?
—— 很好,谢谢。

V. Speaking and Writing (说与写)

1. Speaking

Complete the following dialogue according to the situation given. (根据所给的情景完成对话。)

You are on the campus with A (your sister/brother/friend) when you meet one of your classmates.

Classmate: Hi, _____. How's _____?

You: _____. ____ everything ____ you?

Classmate: _____. (to your sister/brother/friend) Hi.

You: Oh, ____ me. (to your classmate) This is my _____.

A: ____ to meet you.

Classmate: _____.

2. Writing

Choose a picture of your family. Write a short passage describing everybody in the picture. Pay attention to the use of pronouns and the verb **be**. You can start like this: (选出一

张你的家庭照片,写一段短文,描述上面的每一个人,并注意人称代词和 **be** 动词的用法。
你可以这样开头:)

Here is a picture of my family. This is my father. He...

VI. Extra Reading (课外阅读)

Look at the picture below. Try to match everyone in the picture with the sentences marked 1 through 7. (根据下面的图画将下列七组句子的序号填入相应的空格。)

MY FAMILY

1. This is our dog. His name is Roman. I love him very much!
2. This is Simon. He goes to school in Los Angeles. He is 13. He likes basketball.
3. This is me! My name is Mary. I am 11. I like sports and singing.
4. This is my father. His name is John. He works in an office. He enjoys swimming.
5. This is my brother Ray. He is a student. He likes dancing. He is 16.
6. This is my mother. She runs a shop. She plays tennis every Tuesday evening.
7. This is Lulu. She is Roman's girlfriend.

