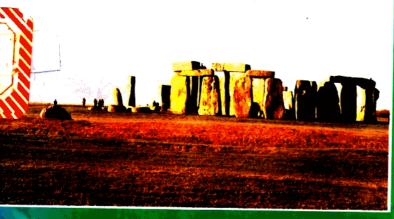
电大英语 教科书 Ⅱ

中央广播电视大学教材 下琳 主编

TVU ENGLISH

Course Book II





中央广播电视大学出版社

前言

本教材为全国广播电视大学公共英语课新编教材第二册——TVU English Course Book I(《电大英语教科书 I》简称 CB I),与之配套的还有录像带和录音带,TVU English Student's Handbook I(《电大英语学生用书 I》简称 SHB I),TVU English Teacher's Guide I(《电大英语教师用书 I》,简称 TG I)。

与第一册相比,本册教材每单元(Unit)增加了一节(Programme),内容是一篇以阅读理解为目的的课文。增加这一节内容的目的是在不消弱听说技能训练的同时,逐渐向本套教材的最终目标——提高学生阅读理解英语的能力过渡。在通过电视教学媒体教授阅读方面,本教材力图体现某些新意和特色。这一意愿是否实现,尚等实践验证。

本书由陈琳主编;英国专家克里斯·惠勒(Chris Wheeler)编写了原始材料;参加编写的还有鄂鹤年、李士芗、牛健;刘黛琳和俞月芳参加了前六个单元部分内容的编写;菲利帕·杰弗里(Philippa Jeffrey)对部分原始材料做了修改;卡罗尔·埃金顿(Carol Edgington)也参加了部分原始材料的编写工作。

本书由张祥保教授(北京大学)主审,参加审定工作的有王维镛教授(北京师范大学)和陈忠美副教授(北京气象学院)。

李学英承担了书稿的打字工作;插图由于万绘制。

本册教材在编写方法和设计上虽有所创新,但尚处于探索阶段;加之我们水平有限,经验不足,书中难免有疏漏之处。诚恳希望使用者提出批评和建议,以便修订时补正。

本书的编写得到了英国海外发展署(the British Overseas Development Administration)的支持与帮助,在此表示感谢。

编 者 一九九四年三月 主持教师: 鄂鹤年

主 编:陈琳

编 者:克里斯·惠勒 (Chris Wheeler)

鄂鹤年

李士芗

牛 健 刘黛琳

俞月芳

菲利帕·杰弗里 (Philippa Jeffrey)

卡罗尔·埃金顿 (Carol Edgington)

Content

Unit One	(1)
Unit Two	(20)
Unit Three	(36)
Unit Four	(52)
Unit Five	(71)
Unit Six	(89)
Unit Seven	(105)
Unit Eight	(125)
Unit Nine	(146)
Unit Ten	(169)
Unit Eleven	(189)
Unit Twelve	(210)
Unit Thirteen	(232)
Unit Fourteen	(254)
Unit Fifteen	(275)
Unit Sixteen	(298)
Unit Seventeen	(321)
Unit Eighteen	(344)
Appendix I: Situational Dialogues	
Appendix I: Vocabulary List	

UNIT ONE

Programme One

Mary Has Lost Her Key

Pre - TV

1. Read the text and answer the following questions.

John and Mary meet outside the local supermarket one day. Poor Mary is feeling very upset, so John is sorry for her. She has travelled into town to do some shopping, but all the shops have closed early for Christmas. Now she has just missed her bus because the timetable has changed since she visited town last week. Worst of all, she can't find her door key, so she has checked her pockets and her handbag. She has also asked at the bus station but it isn't there.

Mary wants to cry, but John has just remembered something. Has Mary looked in her purse? Women often carry their keys in their purse. Mary hasn't looked in her purse because she hasn't used it that day. She hasn't needed any money to do the shopping. The shops have already closed for the holiday!

- 1) Why is Mary feeling very upset? Give two reasons.
- 2) Why have all the shops closed early that day?
- 3) How has Mary travelled into town?
- 4) Has Mary spent any money?
- 5) Is John a nice man?

Note the following

- i. 文中划线部分是动词的现在完成时形式(由助动词 have/has+过去分词构成)。关于过去分词的构成和现在完成时的肯定、否定及疑问式请参阅《学生手册》。
- ii. 现在完成时的主要用法:

· 1 ·

	a)表示经验或经历。常与 ever 或 never 连用。
	eg. Have you ever been to Hangzhou?
	I've never travelled by air.
	b)表示最近发生过的动作或情况。常与 already 或 yet 连用。
	eg. We have already written to her.
	She hasn't spent much time on it yet.
	c)表示刚刚发生过的动作或事情。常与 just 连用。
	eg. They have just sent us a telegram.
	She has just come here.
	d)表示过去发生、目前可能仍在继续进行下去的动作或事情。常与 since 或 for 连用。
	eg. He has lived there since 1950.
	We have known each other for more than two years.
2.	Use the words given to make sentences and put the verbs into the Present Perfect. (用所给的词造句,动词用现在完成时。) Dear Bill,
	Lots of things have happened in the last few months. Bob/travel/bus 1)
	all over America. Jack and Kate/decide 2) to get married. Kate/already
	start/3) a new job. In fact she only started on Friday, the day before
	yesterday.
	Tom only started driving lessons six weeks ago but/pass/driving test/already 4)
	He's a clever guy. You/start/driving lessons/yet 5)?
	I'm starting lessons next week.
	I/check/diary 6) and I see you're staying with us during the holidays.
	Great! I can't wait! Mary and I/talk/your visit 7) for the past month.
	You/look at/train timetable/yet 8)?
	Let us know when you are arriving. I must go now. Look after yourself.
	Yours,
	Peter
3.	In this exercise you have to use just to answer the questions. (用 just 回答下列问题。) 1) Has Ann phoned yet? Vec.
	1) Has Ann phoned yet? Yes,
	2) Have yor finished your homework yet? Yes,
	3) Have professor Liu and Prefessor Chen marked our exams yet? Yes,

In this part of the exercise, you have to write sentences with already. (用 already 完成每题后的句子。)

- 4) -Don't forget to post that letter . -Don't worry,.....
- 5) -Can you please phone Tom now? -But
- 6) —Shall I pay the waiter? —NO,.....
- 4. Read the test and answer the following questions.

Mary is a student and she has rented a room in Mr. and Mrs. Jones' house for the last two years. She hasn't enjoyed it very much because Mr. Jones has never been very kind to her.

After she has told him that she has lost her door key, he is very angry. Mary has already searched her room from top to bottom. Has he seen it in the kitchen by any chance?

Mr. Jones has never lost anything since he was young. But Mrs. Jones has just lost her purse and she hasn't found it yet. So Mr. Jones is even more angry. He has never understood young people because they are always losing things. He's always thought that Mary is careless. Now Mary feels angry too!

- 1) Why hasn't Mary enjoyed her stay with Mr. and Mrs. Jones?
- 2) How long has she lived at their house?
- 3) What has she told Mr. Jones about her key?
- 4) Where has she looked for her key?
- 5) When did Mr. Jones last lose anything?
- 5. Write down three things that you have never done. (把你从未做过的三件事写下来。) eg. I have never played badminton before.
- 6. Ask 5 questions using the Present Perfect tense. Ask your neighbour in class if s/he has done any of the things that you have not done. They should make an appropriate answer. (用现在完成时间五个问题,看你的同伴是否做过你没做过的事。)
 - eg. Have you ever travelled by plane before?
 - -Yes, I have, /No, I haven't.

TV

Listening 1

Write down the correct number in the squares according to the order in which the following verbs occur in the dialogue. The first is done for you . (根据对话中下列动词出现的顺序,将

序号填入方格内。第一个动词的序号已填入。)

ſ			
		come	remembered
		bought	looked
	1	lost	searched
		left	asked
		had	done
		checked	

Speaking 1

- 1) Watch, listen and repeat.
 - 2) Say Mary's answers to John's questions in the silent pauses. (在对话停顿处,用 Mary 的话回答 John 的问题。)
 - eg. How-are things? Things aren't so good actually ... (silent pause)

Listening 2

Watch and listen, and then tick whether the following are True or False. (听看电视, 然后做正误练习。)

- 1) Mart hasn't searched her room very well.
- 2) She never asks Mr. Jones any questions.
- 3) Mr. Jones is always losing things.
- 4) He doesn't know much about young ladies.
- 5) Mary wants to look in the kitchen.
- 6) She thinks Mr. Jones is very helpful.
- 7) Mr. Jones doesn't think Mary is very careful.
- 8) After about an hour, Mary finds her bag.

Ť	F

Speaking 2

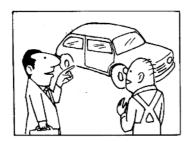
- 1) Watch, listen and repeat.
- 2) Ask questions or make answers using the Present Perfect Tense when the film stops at

specific moments. Use verbal cues on the screen to help you. (当对话暂停时,用现在完成时做问答练习。屏幕上打出的字会给你提示。)

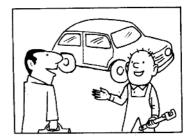
Post TV

1. Look at the four sets of pictures below. For the first two, write a suitable response in the spaces provided using the Present Perfect. In the second two, write a suitable question in the spaces provided using the Present Perfect. (下面是四组图组片。前两要求你根据图片的意思和所提的问题,用现在完成时做出恰当的回答。后两组要求你根据图片的意思和所做的回答,用现在完成时提问。)

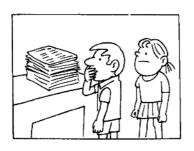
1)



Hasnt'anyone repaired this car yet?



2)



Hasn't anyone marked the homework yet?





4)



I haven't caught him yet.

I'll catch him soon!





We haven't caught them yet.
We'll catch them soon!

- 2. What would you say in the following situations? Practise orally and then write it down. One is done for you. (在下列情况下,你会说什么? 先做口头练习,然后写下来。第一题已给示范。)
 - 1) You are speaking to the manager of a restaurant. You have lost your wallet/purse. Excuse me, but I've lost my wallet/purse?
 Excuse me, but have you seen my wallet/purse?
 - 2) You left some shoes for repair. You are in the shop. You have forgotten your receipt (收据).
 - 3) You are in the library. You want a book. You have lost your card.
 - 4) You are in a shop that sells glasses. You have broken your glasses.
 - 5) You have just seen a new popular film at the cinema. You talk to a friend about it.
 - 6) You are talking with a friend about the exams. You want to know about his experience.

Programme Two

Mary Hasn't Found Her Key

Pre - TV

Read the text and answer the following questions.

After she has argued with Mr. Jones, Mary goes to the police station. She has lost things before so the policeman knows her well. She hasn't seen her keys since she went shopping earlier that day and she still hasn't found them. She has also asked her friends but they haven't seen them anywhere.

However, she has just remembered something. When she came to town earlier that day, she went to the library. She has always read the newspapers there for the last two years. Has she left her keys there? The policeman rings the library, but she hasn't left them there.

After she has left the police station, the policeman shakes his head sadly. What a girl!

- 1) Why does the policeman know Mary well?
- 2) Have her friends seen her keys?
- 3) What has Mary just remembered?
- 4) What has Mary done in the library for the last two years?
- 5) What does the policeman do after Mary has left the police station?

Note the following

我们在第一册中学习了动词的过去时,知道动词可分规则动词和不规则动词。动词的现在完成时也涉及这个问题,即动词的过去分词的规则变化和不规则变化。关于这一点的详细解释请参见《学生手册》。

2.	Now put the verbs in the following sentences into the Present Perfect tense.	(把下列句子
	中所给的动词变成现在完成时。)	

- 1) He (become) very lazy.
- 2) Mary and Jane (do) well in their exams, but they both (just, fail) their driving test.
- 3) John (give) me a book for my birthday, but I (not/

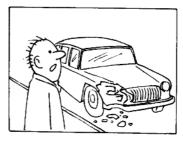
• 7 •

		٠.	
read)	1 t	vet.

- 4) We (already, learn) the present and past tenses in English but we (not/study) the future tense yet.
- 5) Jane (stand) by that tree for over an hour, but her boyfriend (not/come) yet.
- 3. Look at the pictures and decide what people have just done. There are vocabulary items printed below to help you. (叙述图中的人物刚刚做了什么。可利用所给的词汇来帮助你。)



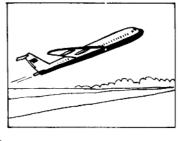
1) She's just had a baby.



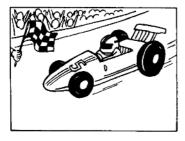
2)



3) _____



4) _____



5)



6)

to take off (起飞) to win to fall asleep to marry/to get married to have an accident

4. Read the text and answer the following questions.

I've lost things all my life and I usually can't find them either. I've lost my wallet at least six times, but I haven't had to worry very much because my wallet is usually empty anyway. And I'm always losing books or socks or some money. My mother has often told me that I have a hole in my head. That's not true. I just lose things. That's all.

Recently I've tried a bit harder not to lose things. I've put on different socks or worn odd shoes to remind me about something. On one day last week, I even wore my shirt back to front because I didn't want to forget the football match on TV that evening. But I've continued to lose things or to forget. Only yesterday I forgot to meet my girlfriend and do you know what she said to me on the phone later? She said, "Get lost!"

Well I've decided not to lose myself because nobody will find me. Oh, I've just remembered something. It's my girlfriend's birthday tomorrow. She will be happy that I didn't forget. There's only one problem. The shops have shut for the day and I haven't bought her a present!

- 1) What types of things has he lost during his life?
- 2) What things has he done to help him to remember?
- 3) Did his girlfriend say good bye to him because he always forgets things?
- 4) Why can't he buy a present for his girlfriend?

٠.	Tou are asking someone about things s/ne has done in his/her life. (回别人一些问题,看
	看他/她做过什么?)
	eg. (you ever/be/to Italy)? Have you ever been to Italy?
	1) (you ever/read/any/English books?)
	2) (you live/in this town all your life?)
	3) (how many times/you/be/to Beijing?)
	4) (you ever/fail/exams?)
	5) (voil ever/speak/to a famous person?)

TV

Listening 1

As you listen again, write down the missing parts of the dialogue. (在听对话时,将对话中所缺的部分填上。)

- O: May I help you, Madam?
- M: Well, I hope so. You see, I........... my handbag with my purse and car keys, I've everywhere for it.
- O: Were they the only things in the bag?
- M; Well, no. I've also my front door key.
- O: Oh dear, Madam. We're not having much luck. When did you last have your bag with you?
- M: I haven't seen it I went shopping this morning. I went by car and stopped outside the butcher's. I had my car keys with me then. I think I them in my bag but I can't remember after that.
- O: Have you the butcher?
- M: Yes, and I've back to the supermarket.
- O: So you didn't buy anything at the butcher's?
- M: No, I didn't spend any money.
- O: What about the supermarket?
- M: Oh yes, I've something. I went to the library before I went to the butcher's. I've awfully silly. I think I've my bag there.

Speaking 1

- 1) Watch, listen and repeat.
- 2) In the pauses, answer the presenter's questions with sentences of your own based on the dialogue. (根据对话的内容回答主讲老师的问题。)
 - eg. Presenter: What does Mary first say to the policeman?

You: I've lost my handbag with my purse and car keys.

Presenter: Is that all she has lost?

You: No, she has also lost her front door key.

Listening 2

As you watch and listen again, write down the past participles of the Present Perfect verbs that you hear. (在听看对话的同时,把从对话中听到的过去分词写下)。

Speaking 2

- 1) Watch, listen and repeat.
- 2) You are the friend Mary is phoning. The video will pause occasionally. In the pauses, ask appropriate questions. Verbal cues on screen will help you. (假设你是正在和 Mary 通电话的朋友。当节目停顿时你来问几个问题。电视上打出的字会提示你说些什么。)

Post TV

1.	Complete the answers to these questions. Use the verbs in brackets. Look at the example
	to help you.(按示例用所给的动词回答下列问题。)
	eg. Is it a beautiful painting? (see) Yes, it's the most beautiful painting I've ever seen.
	1) Is it a long novel? (read) Yes,
	2) Is she an interestiong person? (meet) Yes,
	3) Are they a good team? (watch) No
	4) Is he a good teacher? (have) Yes,
2.	Now you have to write questions and answers as shown in the example. (按照示例提问并
	回答。)
	eg. Jack is riding a bicycle but he's not feeling very safe.
	You ask: Have you ever ridden a bicycle before?
	Jack: No. I've never ridden a bicycle before.
	1) Len is playing badminton. He's not very good.
	2) Sue is riding a horse. She doesn't look very happy.

3. Answer these questions using the words in brackets. (用所给的词或词组回答下列问题。) eg. When did you last smoke? (for two years)

3) Maria is visiting England. She's just arrived and it's very new for her.

- and you last smoke; (for two ye
- I haven't smoked for two years.
- 1) When did it last rain? (for ages)
- 2) When did they last visit you? (since June)
- 3) When did you last play tennis? (for a long time)
- 4) When did you last go to Hong kong? (never)
- 5) When did she last write to you? (since last autumn)
- 4. Put the words in brackets in the most natural place. (将括号中的词放在句中的最合适处。)
 - 1) Have you been to china? (ever)
 - 2) He's had some very good news. (just)
 - 3) I've wanted to be rich. (never)
 - 4) Haven't you finished? (yet)

- 5) We've been very good friends. (always)
- 6) Don't worry. I've locked the door. (already)
- 7) He has forgotten his wife's birthday. (often)
- 8) It hasn't rained very much. (lately)

ī

Programme Three

Friends Tell Each Other Their News

Pre - TV

1. Read the letter and complete these questions on the letter. Make sure your questions ask for the answers given. (读这封信并完成就其内容所提的问题。注意所提的问题要与所给的答案一致。)

Dear Chris.

Lots of things have happened since I last wrote to you. Charles and Tom have visited Brazil and some other countries in South America. Charles has got a new interest, butterflies. John and Jill have decided to get married. They've been together now for nearly five years. Oh, I haven't told you this before, but Susan has had a baby. She has called her Joanna. Anyway I haven't seen the baby yet but she is very beautiful.

Monica has given up smoking since she was ill in June but she hasn't stopped eating so she's put on weight. Have you stopped yet? I haven't even tried to stop yet. George has passed his driving test but has failed his college exams. Anyway I haven't got much news for you so I'll stop. I hope to hear from you when you have the time.

Yours

Tim.

1)	Where? (Brazil)
2)	Who? (Charles)
3)	What? (get married)
4)	How long? (nearly five years)
	Who? (Susan)
6)	What? (Joanna)
7)	When? (in June)
8)	Why? (because she hasn't stopped eating)
	What? (his college exams)
	When? (when Chris has the time)

· 13 ·