对外经济贸易英语精品系列教材

# 外经贸英语习题册

隋思忠 主编

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Exercise Book of Foreign Trade and Economic English

#### 对外经济贸易英语特品系列教材

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情思忠 虫编

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### 外经贸英语习题册

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## - Contents -----

Unit 1	(1)
Unit 2	(15)
Unit 3	(29)
Unit 4	(42)
Unit 5	(55)
Unit 6	(71)
Unit 7	(90)
Unit 8	(105)
Unit 9	(120)
Unit 10	(138)
Unit 11	(155)
Unit 12	(172)
Unit 13	(187)
Unit 14	(204)
Unit 15	(226)
Unit 16	(245)
Unit 17	(263)
Unit 18	(281)
Unit 19	(301)
Unit 20	(317)
Unit 21	(330)
Unit 22	(345)
Unit 23	(361)
Unit 24	(375)
Appendix	(385)
历年外销员考试试题参考答案	(385)

# Unit 1

1.	In what area has China made great achievements in the past?
2.	What does China aim at?
3.	What policy has China adopted in recent years? And for what purpose?
<b>4</b> .	What do businessmen from various parts of the world wish to negotiate with Chinese partners?
5.	What attract tourists from different parts of the world?
6.	What will people see if they go on a tour to some big cities of China?
7.	What do you know about service trade?

	8.	What is the open - door policy giving rise to?
п.	Tri	ue or False:
	1.	China is a developing country. ( )
	2.	China has made some achievements in the past ten years. ( )
		The Chinese people are working hard to modernize their country by the end of this century. ( )
	4.	China's open-door policy has helped to increase its economic intercourse with other countries in recent years. ( )
	5.	Businessmen from different countries and regions are coming to China with the sole purpose of negotiating joint venture projects. ( )
	6.	There are many enterprises jointly run by Chinese and foreign partners.
	7.	In China, there are a few modern hotels for foreign tourists. ( )
		Most of the markets in China are thriving. ( )
III.		ll in each of the blanks in the following sentences with the given verbs in its
		oper tense.
	1.	We (live) a happy life since then.
	2.	When (do) you (begin) writing the book?
		We (export) such commodities to that district for many years.
		Both parties (negotiate) the business all this morning but (not make) the contract.
	5.	What (be) you (do) now?
	6.	We (increase) production of these items in recent years.
		Where (be) you yesterday afternoon?
		I (work) in this corporation since I left school.
		Xiao Lin (make) much progress in his study over the past two years.
	10.	Why (do not) he attend the meeting that day?
		The workers in the factory (make) two ships this year.

12.	The workers in the factory (make) fifty trucks last year.
13.	Mr. Green (be) to Hangzhou three times.
14.	Mrs. White (go) to Hunan two years ago.
<b>15</b> .	Who (turn) on the TV set?
<b>16</b> .	Who (turn) on the light last night?
<b>17</b> .	How long you (live) in Wuhan?
18.	Her uncle (go) there to teach in 1980.
19.	He just (come) back from Japan.
20.	I (see) him after the maths class.
21.	I (leave) home at six this morning, but I (not go) far
	when I (remember) that I (forget) to shut the windows.
22.	When I (go) to see him, his mother (tell) me that he
	(leave).
23.	While I (write) a letter, my brother (listen) to the
	recorder.
24.	It (rain) when I went to bed last night.
25.	When she (come) to see me, I (type) a contract.
26.	We (play) football the whole afternoon, what you
	(do)?
27.	Our office (buy) three computers by the end of last year.
28.	I was very glad that my lost radio (find).
29.	When I went into the classroom, I found that all the desks (clean).
30.	Thomson (not go) to the Great Wall because he (be) three
	times.
31.	By the end of 1990, we (learn ) nearly 2000 English words.
32.	The meeting (already begin) when we (get) to the hall.
33.	Since 1980, China (open) its door to the outside world.
34.	We (wait) for Xiao - Liu all the time you (see)
	him?
<b>35</b> .	Last time, I (go) to Nanjing by ship. Next time I (go) by

	air.
	36. He (live) in our country for many years but he still can't speak
	our language.
	37. Who you (speak) to on the phone when I (bring) you wa-
	ter?
	38. My sister usually (go) to the films on Saturdays. She (do)
	that for more than five years. But tonight she (stay) at home.
	39. He (write) letters all morning. So far, he (write) six.
	40. She (study) English for two years before she came to the company.
IV.	Complete the following dialogs in English
	1. Is China a developed country?
	——中国是一个发展中国家。
	2. Why do we adopt the policy of opening to the outside world?
	——因为我们要发展经济,与世界各国人民进行贸易。
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	3. What does Mr. Johnson intend to do with us during his visit this time?
	——他打算和我们讨论在中国建立一家合资企业的可能性。
	4. Where do you think is a suitable place for our investment?
	——上海或南京也许是你方比较合适的投资地方。
	二、19、11次、12、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、19、
	5. By what time do you expect to complete this guest hotel?
	我们预期在今年年底建成这家宾馆。
	4月9879年7千年版是成及多天语。

- 6. Where do these businessmen come from?
  - ——他们中大多数来自非洲。
- 7. Are there scenic spots and places of historic interest in your city?
  ——是的,我们城市有许多名胜古迹,它们吸引着来自世界各地的旅游者。
- 8. What's the result of China's Open door policy? ——中国与外国的经济交往和贸易正日益扩大。

# V. Make sentences of your own, using the following phrases:

- 1. to live a happy life
- 2. aim at
- 3. as a matter of fact
- 4. with each passing day
- 5. a number of
- 6. in development
- 7. of interest
- 8. to go on a tour to

	. quite a few
	0. to give rise to
	1. as a result
	2. in the past few decades
VI.	Multiple Choice:
	. He have breakfast at seven o'clock when he lived alone.
	a) used to b) might c) is used to d) should
	. The warehouse stood there had been a rock.
	a) which b) where c) when d) in the place
	. When I my lunch, I rang him up.
	a) had b) was having c) had had d) have
	. You'll soon eating a large breakfast in England.
	a) is used to b) used c) get used to d) be used
	. Did you tell him where gone?
	a) she has b) had she c) she had d) has she
	. Mr. Li and Mr. Simpson since last autumn.
	a) know each other b) have known each other
	c) has known each other d) known each other
	· ? A sample – book.
	a) For what did he ask b) What did he ask for
	c) What did he ask d) For what did he ask for
	he lived in the countryside he usually went to swim in a river.
	a) While b) As c) Because d) Since
	. What is the language in France ?
	a) spoken b) saying c) talked d) speaking
	0. I have never heard the song in English.

	_
	a) sung b) is singing c) singing d) sang
11	. Do you know the visitor in the next room?
	a) is reading a newspaper b) read a newspaper
	c) reading a newspaper d) was reading a newspaper
12	. The students to you spoke yesterday are studying international
	trade.
	a) who b) that c) whom d) whose
13	. In the hotel there are many businessmen, come from all over the
	world.
	a) which b) that c) who d) what
14.	. Our teacher said that with his son.
	a) he went to Beijing b) he would have been to Beijing
	c) he is going to Beijing d) he would go to Beijing
15.	I told him that in five minutes.
	a) our school bus had arrived b) our school bus arrived
	c) our school bus would be arriving d) our school bus would arrive
16.	Tom is tall;, he is very good-looking.
	a) beside b) besides c) except d) except for
17.	It is to everybody that practice makes perfect (熟能生巧).
	a) true b) clear c) clean d) aware
18.	When the teacher came in, I saw the students from their seats.
	a) rose b) raise c) raised d) rise
19.	Lesson One is very important. Try to learn it heart.
	a) at b) with c) by d) to
20.	Mr. Simpson's secretary did not about her family.
	a) say b) tell to him c) speak to him d) speak him
21.	What to do if he wants that computer?
	a) can he b) he'll have c) will he have d) did he have
22.	They want the letter of credit as soon as possible.
	a) to open b) to have been opened

c) to be opened d) being opened
23. Can you to carry the suitcase by yourself?
a) arrange b) manage c) offer d) prepare
24. We ask him to advertise our goods but he will not to it.
a) accept b) take c) agree d) allow
25. There was much noise and the speaker couldn't make himself
a) hearing b) to hear c) heard d) being heard
VII. Fill in the blanks with the conjunctions given below:
( as, after, as soon as, before, till, but,
when, if, since, though, because, and, while)
1. It was very dark I got up this morning.
2. I shall wait for you the bell rings.
3 they talked for a while, they began to do their work.
4. Many days have passed they haven't replied to our letter.
5. Don't worry. I'll write to you I get there.
6. It is almost ten years I left home-town.
7. Our meeting has to put off we'll have an English Evening tonight.
8. She can speak English fluently she has only studied it for half a year.
9. Air freight is quick, it is expensive.
10 it's fine day tomorrow, we'll go outing have some pictures
taken.
11. They couldn't stay here long they were all very busy.
12. What was your boss doing you went into office.
13 you were reading newspapers I was preparing my lessons.
14. Had you heard of the book you read it?
15 I came here I'd written three letters to my friends in Beijing.
VIII. Translate the following into Chinese:

There is a factory in the city specializing in the manufacture of electric refrigerators. Most of its products are for export. To meet the needs of foreign buyers, the factory has been trying everything possible to improve the quality of its products. Recently it has been in negotiation with a foreign company for setting up a joint venture in China to manufacture refrigerators of the model similar to that of that foreign partner's product. There is no doubt that the joint venture, once set up, will help the factory not only improve the quality of its existing products but also raise its production.

tion	ı.
	As many details yet need to be discussed between both parties, it will take some
time	e to reach an agreement.
	<b>6</b>
IX.	Translate the following into English:
	(A)
	1. 近年来我国的对外经济贸易有了很大的发展。
	2. 自从引进新设备以来,那家工厂的产量与日俱增。
	3. 小王自毕业后一直在该公司工作。
	The second of th
	4. 从上午 9 点以来,我们一直在讨论这个问题。

5. 1995 年以来,他一直在本校教书。
6. 年初以来,我们在写一本关于外贸方面的书。
7. 自 1997 年以来,我们一直经营这项商品。
8. 我国的对外开放政策正在促进国内市场的繁荣。
(B) 9. 看,他们已经都来了。
10. 你看上去很累了。休息一会儿好吗?
11. 请设法改进一下包装。
12. 我不明白你想说什么。
13. 我们好久没有收到你们的信了。

14. 你听说这	<b>土她的姐姐吗</b> ?
15. 我们与世	世界上一百多个国家和地区进行贸易。
16. 我们已经	至按这个价格与他们达成交易。
X. Fill in each bl	ank with the correct form of the given verb:
1. When we	(come) into the room Peter (tell) them about his
experience	
<ol><li>The student day.</li></ol>	nts (play) basketball all afternoon the day before yester-
3. Mr. Green	(give) us a lecture this time yesterday.
	(draw) a picture at ten last night.
	telephone bell (ring) I (work) in the garden.
6. I told him	that I (not stay) for long.
	that they (spend) the night in the hotel.
	now he (not take) part in the match.
	(never be) to the King's Palace before.
	't answer the questions in Lesson Two, because he (not
review) tl	ne lesson well.
11. The story	wasn't new to me. I (hear) it many times before.
12. They coul	dn't eat any more. They (eat) a lot before they came
here.	
XI. Fill in the blan	nks with proper tenses of the given verbs:
<ol> <li>We're glad</li> </ol>	you (make) such great progress.
2 you	(meet) my sister at the party yesterday?
—Yes, I_	We (dance) together.

3. He (study) physics in France in 1992. He (come) back to
China in 1995 and (work) in Wuhan University ever since.
4. When he woke up, he (find) that it (be) already ten o'
clock in the morning. He couldn't believe that he (have) a good ten
hours' sleep.
5. There was dust all over the house. It was clear that no one (live) in
it for a long time.
6 you (see) that man at the corner? He (keep) stop-
ping people and asking questions you (think) he
(ask) the way?
7. Peter said that he (come) this morning, but it (be) now
half past twelve and he (not come) yet.
8. When I (arrive) at the station, Roger (wait) for me. As
soon as he (see) me, he (put) up his hand and
(shout) something, but I couldn't hear what he (say) because ev-
erybody (make) such a noise.
9. Father usually buys a toy car for John when he (go) shopping. I
hope he (not forget) it today because John (wait) for him at
the door.
10. When I arrived, he (still eat) his lunch, so I (wait) until
he (finish).
11. If all goes well, we (be able to ) reach the town before supper.
12. I (walk) down the street when I heard him calling me. He said that
he (run) a long way to catch up with me,
13. Jenny wants to know if you (finish) it yet. She says she
(finish) it ten minutes ago.
14. I (get) a letter from my sister yesterday. She (live) in Bei-
jing. In her letter, she said that she (come) to Wuhan next month.
If she (come) to my home, she (be) surprised. We
(now live) in a nice new house

15	. Mr Wang is not so strong	g as he (be) years ago. In the past he	
	(can work) long	hours without rest, but now after every two	
hours' work he (have) to stop for a short break.			
XII. Multiple Choice:			
<ol> <li>It was found upon examination that nearly 15% of the packages</li> <li>which was obviously attributed to improper packing.</li> </ol>			
	c. had been broken	d. been already broken	
2. We have the goods you asked for in stock and will deliver as soon as w			
	your order.		
	a. receive	b. received	
	c. receiving	d. will receive	
3.	We regret keenly for this d	elay and can only hope it will not have seriously	
	you.		
	a. trouble	b. inconvenient	
	c. inconvenienced	d. damaging	
4.	4. In most cases, goods are ordered on order forms.		
	a. printed	b. printing	
	c. print	d. to print	
5.	We expect certain sizable or	rders for within the next two months and	
	ask if we may defer paymen	nt of your account from August 2 to October 30.	
	a. to be paid	b. to be paying	
	c. paying	d. for being paid	
6. In mass media, big advertising dollars rule. But by doing busine		sing dollars rule. But by doing business on the	
		t as effectively through search engines.	
	a. get itself know	_	
	c. get itself known		
7.	We regret having received y	your offer too late, because we our needs	
	elsewhere.		
	<ul> <li>a. already cover</li> </ul>	b. already covered	