

初中英语 自测试题解答

● 初中总复习辅导丛书

北京师范大学附属实验中学

《初中复习自测试题解答》编写组 编

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● 科学技术文献出版社

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1986

内 容 简 介

本书是在初三英语教学中所补充的练习题及考试题的基础上编写的。可帮助初三学生复习初中阶段所学英语知识，提高运用语言的能力，同时也可供初二、初三老师教学和补充练习时参考。

练习按教材的顺序，由浅入深。考虑到时态对于初学英语的人非常重要，所以每个练习都注意到时态的运用，而在第四册的复习题后，特意编写了两个时态综合练习。

本书附有两份模拟考试题，以及北京市1983年、1984年及1985年高中统一招生英语试题各一份。

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编 者 的 话

为了配合初中毕业班的总复习工作，我们约请了多年来教初中毕业班，并在教学上有一定经验的老师，编写了这一套初中数学、语文、外语、物理、化学、政治六科的《初中复习自测试题解答》，每科各成一册。

编写这套书的指导思想是遵循中学教学大纲的要求，考虑到学生学习的现状和他们的实际需要，既要注意到基础知识的复习巩固，又要注意到各种能力的培养和提高；既要照顾到整个初中阶段的复习内容，又要注意到以初三的复习内容为重点。使学生通过练习不仅巩固知识，而且能掌握规律，学会方法，从而扎实、稳步地提高学习质量。我们对现行的全日制十年制学校课本的基本内容进行了系统全面的整理，编写出各科的《初中复习自测试题解答》，分别有以下几部份内容：

- 一、单元练习题及综合练习题；
- 二、期中考试、期末考试及模拟考试题；
- 三、每份试题的参考答案；
- 四、对部分试题中重点、难点的分析说明；
- 五、近三年的北京市考试题及评分标准。

参加本套书编写和审阅工作的同志是：数学分册由张继林、刘德泉、蔡晓东编写，由张春条、李光华、李令倩审阅；语文分册由谭雪莲、许庆桐、张春风、刘淑

兰编写，由谭雪莲审阅；外语分册由刘本鑑编写；物理分册由赵世昌、曹首宪编写；化学分册由李洪璐、陈乾编写；政治分册由夏大益编写。

北京师范大学附属实验中学

《初中复习自测试题解答》编写组编

一九八五年九月

新 书 推 荐

向同学们推荐科学技术文献出版社最近出版的一套丛书——《初中总复习辅导丛书》。本丛书由北京师范大学附属实验中学编写，共分六册：

《初中语文自测试题解答》

《初中政治自测试题解答》

《初中英语自测试题解答》

《初中数学自测试题解答》

《初中物理自测试题解答》

《初中化学自测试题解答》

同时出版两册作文选：

《生活的彩带——1985年北京中考优秀作文选》

《桃李芬芳——初三范文选评》

此外，还备有一套可供中学生使用和中学老师参考的工具书：

《数学小辞典》

《化学小辞典》

《生物小辞典》

欢迎同学们选购。

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初中第一册复习题

I. 给每组写出四个含有同样元音字母或字母组合而发音相同的单词:

- | | | | |
|---------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1) like | <u>life</u> | <u>climb</u> | <u>find</u> |
| 2) day | <u>way</u> | <u>pay</u> | <u>by</u> |
| 3) map | <u>bag</u> | <u>back</u> | <u>bad</u> |
| 4) bus | <u>run</u> | <u>sun</u> | <u>fun</u> |
| 5) ball | <u>all</u> | <u>tall</u> | <u>small</u> |
| 6) tree | <u>meet</u> | <u>beef</u> | <u>keep</u> |

II. 下列各组单词中, 其中有三个单词其元音字母或字母组合发音相同, 一个发音不同, 请用线标出发音不同的一个:

- 1) room look book good ✓
- 2) little pig sister nice ✓
- 3) do no so go ✓
- 4) sport short work morning ✓
- 5) read meat please bread ✓
- 6) cock come dog doctor ✓
- 7) home rose nose now ✓
- 8) close mother month brother ✓

III. 按所给音标写出下列单词:

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) ['jeləu] <u>yellow</u> | 2) [paɪə'niə] <u>power</u> |
| 3) ['wimin] <u>women</u> | 4) [flaʊə] <u>flower</u> |
| 5) ['traʊəz] <u>trousers</u> | 6) ['frend] <u>friend</u> |

IV. 用适当的介词填空:

- 1) There is an orange tree in the house. behind
- 2) How many days are there in January?
- 3) Mary usually gets up at six thirty.
- 4) That young woman is good at singing

and dancing.

- 5) Is Jack's uncle a teacher of physics?
- 6) Please go to the next room and get a chair for your teacher.
- 7) Do you know the little girl with fair hair?
- 8) Look at the map of the world on the front wall.
- 9) Look, the boy in blue dress is coming.
- 10) The teacher said, "Please open your books and turn to page 43".

V. 按实际情况回答下列问题:

- 1) What is your name?
- 2) How old are you?
- 3) Are you a middle school student?
- 4) Which grade and which class are you in?
- 5) How many boys and girls are there in your class?
- 6) What subjects do you study at school?
- 7) Can you speak English? (Do you speak English?)
- 8) How many lessons do you have every day?
- 9) At what time do you have sports every day?
- 10) Are you interested in chemistry?(English? physics?)

VI. 把下列句子改写为复数形式:

- 1) There is a picture on the wall.
- 2) What colour is that model plane?
- 3) This young woman is a nurse.
- 4) There is a big apple tree in front of my house.
- 5) There is a basketball under the table.

- 6) Whose pencil-box is this?
- 7) Jenny has a picture book in her school-bag.
- 8) Who is that young man?

初中第二册复习题(一)

I. 下列各组单词中, 用黑体字标出的元音字母或字母组合, 有三个读音相同, 请划线标出读音不同的一个:

- 1) heavy ready bread season
- 2) class grass glad glass
- X 3) some stop brother mother
- 4) now slow snow grow
- 5) middle rice ship chick
- 6) busy hurry much study

II. 给下列每组写出四个含有左边元音的单词:

- 1) (i) big ship chick middle
- 2) (əu) now slow grow four
- 3) (au) now hour hour brown
- 4) (ɔ) stop shop clock dog
- 5) (u) back good look put
- 6) (ə:) bird word work heard

III. 在下列各句空白处填上适当的词。

- 1) There is a piece of bread on the plate.
- 2) Please give me a glass of water I am very thirsty.
- 3) Mike has two pencils in his pencil-box.
- X 4) Pass Rose and Kate like fish and chicken. some
- X 5) A bee has four legs. six
- X 6) Is this new jacket your sister's sister's
- 7) Are these young men your classmates

8) Joan can eat two bowls of rice at a meal.

9) Give the little girl a piece of bread, please.

She is very hungry.

10) Is there any tea in that green cup?

IV. 在下列句中填上适当的谓语动词:

1) Is there any rice in the bowl?

2) Mary has three beautiful pictures in her bag.

3) The black shoes under the table are Tom's.

4) How many people are there in your family?

5) We have four lessons in the morning and two in the afternoon.

6) Her sister usually does her homework at school.

7) Look, some young pioneers water flowers in the garden.

8) John often helps his little brother with his lessons.

9) The teacher said, "Li Ming, come here and write down these new words on the blackboard".

10) John has finished doing his homework.

Now he is reading an English story book.

V. 在下列短文的空白处填上适当的动词:

Chang Jie is a school girl. She studies in the No. 39 Middle School.

Chang Jie gets up at 6 every day. After that, She washes her face and brushes her teeth. He reads English in the morning. She has breakfast at

7. Chang Jie usually goes to school at 7:20.

Classes begin at 7:45. She has four lessons in

the morning and two in the afternoon. She ^{studies} ~~has~~ maths, Chinese, English, physics and other subjects. She ^{likes} ~~likes~~ sports very much. She often ~~play~~ volleyball and table tennis after class.

Chang Jie usually ~~goes~~ home at 5:30. After supper she ~~does~~ her homework. Sometimes she ~~watch~~ TV with her family. She ~~goes~~ to bed at about ten.

初中第二册复习题(二)

I. 在下列空白处填上适当的字母:

- 1) night bright off ten climb
- 2) birth-day not hing thank early
- 3) cheap easy meeting reech
- 4) about mouth cloudy around
- 5) worked m afterneon schedule of feet ball
- 6) certainly perhaps he lself servant

II. 按所给音标写出下列单词:

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) ('ɔ:təm) <u>autumn</u> | 2) ('preznt) <u>present</u> |
| 3) (fi:ld) <u>field</u> | 4) ('pezənt) <u>peasant</u> |
| 5) (flo:) <u>floor</u> | 6) ('peərənt) <u>parent</u> |
| 7) ('ha:vist) <u>harvest</u> | 8) (wenzdi) <u>Wednesday</u> |

III. 在下列空白处填上适当形容词或副词的比较级或最高级:

- 1) A tortoise is slower than a duck.
- 2) The Changjiang River is longer than Hwang Ho River.
- 3) Hares ran faster than cats.

- 4) The peasants are busier in autumn than in winter.
- 5) It is colder in winter in Harbin than in Peking.
- 6) Mary's handwriting is the best in her school.
- 7) When spring comes, the weather gets warm and warmer.
- 8) Jenny usually gets up earlier than her sister.
- 9) The Chomolungma is the highest mountain in the world.
- 10) Which is the biggest, the sun, the moon or the earth?

IV. 用所给动词的适当时态填空:

- 1) It is seven o'clock. John's family is having (have) breakfast.
- 2) Where is our headmaster? She is talking (talk) with Mary's father in the teacher's office.
- 3) Our classroom is always clean. We clean (clean) it every morning.
- 4) Who is the maths teacher talking (talk) with, do you know?
- 5) Mr White usually reads (read) newspaper after supper.
- 6) Do you often do (do) morning exercises at school?
- 7) Mother is telling (tell) an interesting story to her son and daughter.
- 8) Look, the boys are swimming (swim) in the river. How happy they are (be)!
- 9) Look, the schoolgirls are watering (water) the flowers in the garden. How busy they are!

(be)!

10) I think Li Ming ^{is waiting} (wait) for us at the school gate. We must go at once.

V. 熟读下列句子, 然后改为问句和否定句:

- 1) Her uncle is a bus-driver.
- 2) Rose is making a model train now.
- 3) Mike's father usually has a walk after supper.
- 4) The peasants are busy getting in the crops.
- 5) Peter speaks French best in his class.

VI. 按下列说明描述: (最少10句)

这是一间居住室。内有椅子一把, 桌子一张和两张床。桌上有书、钟、墨水瓶及字典。墙上有一张世界地图和两张画, 床下有玩具。

初中第三册复习题(一)

I. 每组写两个包括左边元音的单词:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1) (i:) <u>nest</u> <u>eat</u> | 2) (u:) <u>heap</u> <u>up</u> |
| 3) (i) <u>ship</u> <u>concern</u> | 4) (u) <u>top</u> <u>book</u> |
| 5) (e) <u>pen</u> <u>wet</u> | 6) (ɔ:) <u>son</u> <u>talk</u> |
| 7) (æ) <u>factory</u> <u>any</u> | 8) (ɔ) <u>know</u> <u>daybell</u> |
| 9) (ə:) <u>form</u> <u>use</u> | 10) (a:) <u>artist</u> <u>path</u> |
| 11) (ə) <u>daughter</u> <u>mother</u> | 12) (ʌ) <u>hungry</u> <u>funny</u> |

II. 写出下列动词的过去式:

| | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| stay <u>stayed</u> | keep <u>kept</u> | bring <u>brought</u> |
| carry <u>carried</u> | lend <u>lent</u> | leave <u>left</u> |
| wake <u>wake</u> | buy <u>bought</u> | know <u>knew</u> |
| begin <u>begin</u> | think <u>thought</u> | swim <u>swam</u> |

III. 将下列句子改为一般问句和否定句:

1) Mary's brother has a new bike.

Does Mary's brother have a new bike?
Mary's mother doesn't have a new bike.

- 2) Rose has many ^{old} story-books in her home.
- 3) We usually have sports at half past four
- 4) His grandfather usually read newspapers after supper.
- 5) The students had no lessons last Saturday.
- 6) We ^{didn't} had a very good time during the ^{long} summer holidays.

IV. 应如何正确地回答下列问题?

- 1) How do you do? I'm fine.
- 2) How are you? I'm well.
- 3) Her aunt isn't a nurse, is she? No, she isn't.
- 4) They had a class meeting last Saturday afternoon, didn't they? Yes, they did.
- 5) Must I hand in my homework now? No, you needn't.
- 6) May I take this magazine out of the reading-room? No, you can't.
- 7) Excuse me, may I use your calculator (计算器)? Certainly. Here it is.
- 8) Can I keep the book a little longer? Yes, you can.
- 9) Must I come and renew it? Yes, you must.
- 10) Would you like to have a beer? No, thank you.

V. 按实际情况用英语填写一份初三课程表:

| 星期 名称 | 学科 名称 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| 1 | | English | maths | biology | politics | history | chemistry |
| 2 | | maths | English | chemistry | physics | Chinese | art |
| 3 | | Chinese | maths | English | chemistry | physics | biology |
| 4 | | physics | maths | Chinese | Chinese | biology | English |
| 5 | | chemistry | Chinese | English | maths | physics | |
| 6 | | chemistry | Chinese | politics | English | Chinese | |
| 7 | | | | | | | |

VI. 用动词的正确时态填空:

- Mary usually has (have) her lunch at school. But yesterday she had (have) her lunch at home.
- The girl in yellow dress is (be) our monitor. She is working (work) for the wall-newspaper now.
- I wrote (write) a letter to my uncle the day before yesterday. I will write (write) him another one next month.
- The students have (have) no school today. They will watch (watch) a football match in the City Stadium this afternoon.
- Last Sunday it rained (rain) hard. We stayed (stay) at home all day long.

- 6) Mother ~~has come~~ (go) out to do some shopping.
She will be (be) back in about an hour.
- 7) Mike can make (can, make) model plane himself. Now he is helping (help) his classmates to do a big one.
- 8) The baby stopped (stop) crying and listened (listen) to the music.
- 9) Today is (be) August the 17th. What was (be) the date yesterday?
- 10) My mother and my father will (give) me a new bike as a gift (礼物) on my birthday.

VII. 按要求完成下列句子:

- 1) Wei Fang says she'll help me with my English,
(她打算帮我学习英语)。
- 2) I think she studies better than last year.
(她能比去年学得好一些)。
- 3) You must come and renew the book if you can't finish reading it.
(如果你不能按时读完)。
- 4) I am afraid I can't see a film with you together.
(不能和你一起看电影)。
- 5) It takes a long time for one to study English well.
(学好英语)。

初中第三册复习题(二)

I. 用形容词或副词的适当形式填空:

- 1) I think this story-book is more interesting
(interesting) than that one.
- 2) Some one says physics is more difficult (difficult)
than maths.
- 3) Mr Green speaks English more slowly (slowly) than
most boys