

根据托福历年真题统计及最新考试趋势编写

# 最新托福考试

# 词汇考点记忆手册

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## 词汇考点记忆手册

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## 前言

任何英语考试,最使人头疼的事就是背单词了,如何使考生能在最短的时间内牢固地记住足够多的词汇呢?选择一本好的单词书很重要,市面上流行的书各有其特点,本书则参考了众多的同类书籍,并根据 TOEFL 考试的特点,精选出了 2000 个重复率高、最常考的核心单词,同时给出了它们记忆法、同义词和例句,使大家能够事半功倍地记住单词,争取高分。本书具有以下特点:

第一,本书单词同时给出了英、中文两种解释。由于语言、文化等的不同,有些英文单词的精确意思用中文往往不能很好的表达出来,所以本书同时给出了两种解释,考生可互相对照记忆,最大限度地达到了对单词精确意思的理解和记忆。

第二,本书对单词给出了记忆法。

这一部分是本书的重点,也是编写本书的目的所在。目前,市面上各种记忆法可谓花样繁多,但我们只选择了几种我们认为合适的方法提供给大家。如分割联想记忆,比较记忆,寻根探源法及构词记忆法(也叫词根、词缀记忆法)等。

按词根归类的构词记忆法是一种很有效的方法,即根据词根、词缀化整为零地记忆单词。词根系一个单词的主要组成部分,是其意义的根源,掌握了某一词根,就可以掌握此词根所派生的许多词的意义。英语中最常用的词根、词缀不过数百,只要牢记了这些词根、词缀,就可以通过它们轻而易举地记住几千个单词。因而本书中大部分单词所给出的记忆法都是构词记忆法,同时书后还附有常用词根、词缀表。

对于词根很难记忆或没有词根的单词则给出了其它的一些方法,如一个单词分成几个常见单词,并用联想方法记忆的分割联想法;将有些非常相似的单词一起列出以增强记忆效果的比较记忆法等。有些单词和词根来源于古希腊、罗马神话,圣经,以及历史上的某些人物或事件,只要了解了其来源,这些单词往往能一下子就记住。

当然,读者并不一定要拘泥于本书所提供的几种记忆法,特别是当你已经有了自认为非常适合自己的方法时。还有一点要注意

的是,书中有些个别的记忆法或联想看起来不合逻辑,甚至是荒谬的,这一点大家不必深究,因我们的目的只是为了记住单词。

第三,本书的每个单词都给出了同义词,学习同义词也是一种扩大词汇量的方法。

第四,本书的每个单词都给出了例句。实践表明,在一个句子中记忆单词最能理解其精确含义,唯一的不足是,由于篇幅所限,本书中每个单词只能给出一个例句,对于意思较多的单词就只能靠大家在课外阅读中注意了。本书中的例句主要来自 TOEFL 真题或原版书刊。

此外,针对 TOEFL 试题材料涉及范围广的特点,本书提供了 TOEFL 分类知识词汇(见附录 1),作为核心词汇的补充,使读者掌握后,面对试题能更加得心应手。

本书将单词分为 40 个 List,可按每天一个 List 的进度记忆。在记单词时,建议读者注意以下几点:1. 采用循环反复的方法,不断复习记过的词;2. 一天中利用多个较短的时间段进行记忆和复习,这样比花整整半天或一晚上的效率要高;3. 要常常活用所记的单词,如做模拟题、阅读英文报刊书籍等,这样单词不断在头脑里闪现,才能牢记在心。

另有一点需要说明的是,本书不仅可作为准备 TOEFL 考试之用,还可用来帮助广大英语学习者突破单词瓶颈,提高英语水平。掌握本书的单词,单词量水准将在 10000 以上。

由于编者的水平有限,加之时间仓促,书中不免有些错误,还望广大读者批评指正。

编 者

1999 年 9 月

# LIST 1

**abate**

[ə'beɪt] v. to become less fierce; decrease 减轻, 减弱

[记忆法] a (去除) + bat (打) + e, 比较 debate  
v. 争论

[同义词] lessen, diminish, relieve.

[例] The ship waited in the harbour until the storm abated.

**abbreviate**

[ə'briːviɪt] v. to make (a word, story, etc.) shorter  
缩写, 缩短

[记忆法] ab + brev (短) + iate.

[同义词] shorten, abridge.

[例] It is seldom acceptable to abbreviate words in formal writing.

**abhor**

[əb'hɔː] v. to feel great hatred for; detest 憎恨, 憎恶

[记忆法] ab + hor (hor = horror 害怕, 厌恶), 同根词: horrible a. 可怕的, abhorrent a. 厌恶的

[同义词] hate, loathe.

[例] Most people abhor cruelty to children.

**abiding**

[ə'baidɪŋ] a. 持续的, 永久不变的

[记忆法] 来自 abide v. 容忍, 能容忍就能坚持很久

[同义词] enduring, lasting

[例] The concept of upward social mobility has been an abiding feature of American life.

**ablaze**

[ə'bleɪz] a. 发光的, 闪耀的, 着火的

[记忆法] a + blaze (闪耀, 火焰)

[同义词] gleaming, glowing

[例] In autumn, the northern mountains are ablaze with shades of red, yellow, and orange.

- abolish** [ə'bolɪʃ] *v.* to bring to an end by law; stop 依法废除; 废止  
 [同义词] abandon, eradicate  
 [例] They voted to abolish the office of second vice-president.
- aborigine** [ˌæbə'ridʒɪni] *n.* 土著, 土人  
 [记忆法] 来自 origin *n.* 起源  
 [同义词] native, aboriginal  
 [例] They are aborigines from Australia.
- abound** [ə'baʊnd] *v.* to exist in large numbers or great quantity 大量存在, 盛产  
 [记忆法] 比较: abundant *a.* 丰富的  
 [同义词] flourish, overflow  
 [例] The area abounds in wild game.
- abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] *a.* sudden and unexpected 突然的, 出其不意的  
 [记忆法] ab + rupt (破裂) → 东西破裂会使人感到突然 → 突然的, 同根词: rupture *n.* 破裂, disrupt *v.* 使分裂  
 [同义词] sudden, unexpected  
 [例] The train came to an abrupt stop.
- absolve** [əb'zɒlv] *v.* to free (someone) from fulfilling a promise or a duty, or from having to be punished for a wrong 免除(义务); 赦免  
 [记忆法] 比较记忆 resolve *v.* 解决。  
 [同义词] free, exonerate  
 [例] The judge absolved the man of the crime.
- accede** [æk'si:d] *v.* to agree to a suggestion, plan, demand, etc., often after disagreeing 允诺, 同意  
 [记忆法] ac + ced (让步) + e, 同根词: concede [kən'si:d] *v.* (退一步) 承认, 容许  
 [同义词] agree, consent  
 [例] My wife didn't accede with what you suggested

to us.

**accelerate**

[æk'seləreit] *v.* to (cause to) move faster 使加速, 加速

[记忆法] 比较 decelerate *v.* 减速

[同义词] hasten, quicken.

[例] Pollutants introduced into a lake can rapidly accelerate its natural aging process.

**accessible**

[æk'sesəbl] *a.* easy to get or get into, to, or at 易得到的, 易接近的

[记忆法] access(接近) + ible(形容词后缀)

[同义词] available, obtainable.

[例] Bone and ivory are light, strong, and accessible materials for Inuit artists.

**accessory**

[æk'sesəri] *n.* something which is not a necessary part of something larger but which makes it more useful, effective etc. 附件

[记忆法] access(接近) + ary(名词后缀) → 接近的东西就是附属的部件。

[同义词] concomitant supplement

[例] Car accessories include the roof rack and radio.

**acclaim**

[ə'kleim] *v.* to greet or publicly recognize 为……喝彩, 欢呼

[记忆法] ac(朝向) + claim(叫) → 叫喊 → 欢呼

[同义词] applaud, approve

[例] Margaret Atwood has been acclaimed as one of Canada's most talented writers.

**accommodate**

[ə'kɒmədeɪt] *v.* to have enough space for 容纳

[记忆法] ac + com(共同) + mod(度, 尺度) + ate, 同根词: moderate *a.* 有节制的, 适度的

[同义词] contain

[例] This university auditorium can accommodate over three thousand people.

**accomplice**

[ə'kɒmplɪs] *n.* a person who helps someone to do



wrong 帮凶, 同谋犯

[记忆法]ac + com(共同) + plice(重叠)→一起干→同谋, 同根词: complicate *a.* 错综的, 复杂的

[同义词]accessory

[例]The thief was apprehended, but the accomplice escaped.

## accord

[ə'kɔ:d] *v.* to agree 同意

[记忆法]ac + cord(心)→心心相通→同意

[同义词]conform, concur

[例]He was accorded permission to use the library.

## accost

[ə'kɒst] *v.* to go up and speak to (esp. a stranger) 走近与陌生人搭话

[记忆法]ac + cost(肋骨)→靠近别人肋骨→与人搭话, 同根词: costa *n.* 肋骨

[同义词]address, speak to

[例]A strange man accosted him and asked for money.

## accretion

[æk'ri:ʃən] *n.* growth in size 增加, 积累

[记忆法]ac + cret(增加) + ion, 比较记忆 accrue *v.* 增加

[同义词]addition, accumulation

[例]It is now generally assumed that the planets were formed by the accretion of gas and dust in a cosmic cloud.

## accumulate

[ə'kju: mjuleit] *v.* to make or become greater in quantity or size; collect or grow into a mass 积累, 堆积

[记忆法]ac + cumul(堆积) + ate, 同根词: cumulate *v.* 累积, 堆积

[同义词]aggregate, amass

[例]While they were away on vacation, they allowed their mail to accumulate at the post office.

- accurate** [ˈækjʊrɪt] *a.* careful and exact; exactly correct 准确的, 确切的  
 [记忆法] ac + cur(小心) + ate → 小心而达到准确, 比较记忆 curator *n.* 图书馆馆长  
 [同义词] correct, exact  
 [例] Orchids are regarded as the largest family of flowering plants, although it is not possible to give an accurate estimate of the family's size.
- accuse** [əˈkjuːz] *v.* to charge (someone) with doing wrong or breaking the law; blame 控告, 谴责  
 [记忆法] ac + cuse (cuse = cause 诉讼)  
 [同义词] charge, censure  
 [例] He was accused of stealing a typewriter.
- accustom** [əˈkʌstəm] *v.* to make used to 使习惯于  
 [记忆法] ac + custom(习惯)  
 [例] In order to understand the concept of infinity, we must think in much broader terms than those we are accustomed to.
- acquaint** [əˈkweɪnt] *v.* to tell; make known to 告知, 使了解  
 [记忆法] ac + quaint(了解)  
 [同义词] familiarize, inform  
 [例] I'm not quite acquainted with the lady you spoke with yesterday.
- acquisitive** [əˈkwɪzɪtɪv] *a.* in the habit of acquiring or collecting things 常想获得的, 贪婪的  
 [记忆法] 来自 acquire(得到) → 总想得到 → 贪婪  
 [同义词] covetous, greedy  
 [例] He is a very acquisitive sort of person.
- acrid** [ˈækɪd] *a.* (of taste or smell) bitter; causing a stringing sensation 辛辣的, 刺激的, 苦的  
 [记忆法] 比较记忆 acid *a.* 酸的。  
 [同义词] pungent, bitter  
 [例] Wild raspberries have a more acrid flavor than

- do cultivated raspberries.
- acrimonious** [ækri'məniəs] *a.* bitter and caustic in temper, manner, or speech 尖刻的, 恶毒的  
 [记忆法] acri(辛辣、尖刻) + monious  
 [同义词] bitter, spiteful  
 [例] The acrimonious quarrel hurt her feeling deeply.
- actuate** ['æktjueit] *v.* 启动, 激励  
 [记忆法] act(活动) + uate(动词后缀), 比较记忆 activate *v.* 使活动  
 [同义词] motivate, stimulate  
 [例] Automotous are mechanical objects that become relatively self - operating once they have been actu-ated.
- acumen** [ə'kjumən] *n.* ability to think and judge quickly and well 敏锐, 机敏  
 [记忆法] acu(尖端) + men(名词后缀) → 尖锐 → 敏锐, 同根词 acupuncture *n.* 针灸  
 [同义词] shrewdness, keenness  
 [例] Her business acumen has made her very successful.
- acute** [ə'kju:t] *a.* (of the mind or the senses) able to notice small difference; severe; very great 敏锐的, 尖锐的; 严重的  
 [记忆法] acu(尖端) + te → 尖锐的  
 [同义词] sensitive, critical  
 [例] One of California's most acute problems is an inadequate water supply.
- addict** [ə'dikt] *v.* unable to free himself from a harmful habit 沉溺于  
 [同义词] indulge, habituate  
 [例] The children are addicted to television.
- adept** [ə'dept] *a.* highly skilled 熟练的, 擅长的  
 [记忆法] ad + ept(适合, 敏捷), 同根词: inept *a.*

笨拙的

[同义词] skillful, adroit, proficient

[例] He is very adept at cheating.

## adequate

[ˈædɪkwɪt] *a.* enough for the purpose 足够的

[记忆法] ad + equ(相等) + ate → 与所需要的数量相等的 → 足够的

[同义词] sufficient, enough

[例] One of California's greatest problems is providing adequate water to meet the needs of its expanding population.

## adhere

[ədˈhiə] *v.* to stick firmly 粘附, 坚持

[记忆法] ad + her(粘附) + e, 同根词: coherent *a.* 连贯的

[同义词] stick, cling

[例] Some believe that might is right, but I do not adhere to that doctrine.

## adjacent

[əˈdʒeɪsnt] *a.* very close; touching or almost touching next 邻近的, 紧接着的

[记忆法] 比较记忆 adjoining *a.* 邻近的

[同义词] bordering, neighboring, next to

[例] Weed killers must be chosen and applied with great care to avoid damage to adjacent trees and shrubs.

## adjoining

[əˈdʒɔɪnɪŋ] *a.* next to, very close to 邻近的

[记忆法] ad + join(加入) + ing → 加入后就会在邻近的位置 → 邻近的

[同义词] next to, adjacent

[例] The City of Winston - Salem, North Carolina, received its name in 1913, when the adjoining towns of Winston and Salem were Combined.

## adjunct

[ˈædʒʌŋkt] *n.* something added or joined to something else but not as a necessary part of it 附属物

[记忆法] ad + junct(连接) → 连接上去的东西就

是附件,同根词: junction *n.* 连接

[同义词] accessory, addition.

[例] Artist Isamu Noguchi is best known for his abstract sculptures designed as adjuncts to architectural works.

## administer

[əd'ministə] *v.* to direct or control 实施, 管理

[同义词] govern, regulate, supervise

[例] We need the best man to administer the affairs of the company.

## admonish

[əd'monɪʃ] *v.* to scold or warn gently 告诫

[记忆法] ad + mon(警告) + ish → 告诫, 同根词 monitor *n.* 劝告者

[同义词] warn, caution

[例] A good student is eager to learn and does not need to be admonished about being absent too much.

## adolescent

[ədɔ'lesnt] *a. & n.* a boy or girl in the period between being a child and being a grown person 青春期的(的)

[记忆法] ad + olesc(olesc = alesc 成长) + ent

[同义词] juvenile, teenager

[例] Such a loss of dignity and decency into childish behavior on the part of the adults deeply shocks the adolescents.

## adopt

[ə'dɒpt] *v.* to approve formally; accept 正式通过, 采纳

[记忆法] 比较记忆 adapt *v.* 适应, adapt - 词有汉语“待”的发音 → 待在某地 → 适应

[同义词] accept, enact.

[例] New York was the first United States metropolis to adopt zoning laws.

## adore

[ə'dɔː] *v.* to worship; love deeply and respect highly 崇敬, 崇拜

[记忆法] ad + or(说) + e, 这词本义是“对神祈

祷、崇拜或(用嘴)吻地位高的人,同根词: oral  
a. 口头的

[同义词] admire, worship

[例] We adore him for his integrity and brilliant diplomatic accomplishments.

## adorn

[ə'dɔ:n] v. to add beauty or decoration to 装饰

[记忆法] ad + orn(装饰), 同根词 ornament n. 装饰

[同义词] decorate, embellish

[例] In the past, as today, men women and children adorned themselves with beads.

## adroit

[ə'droɪt] a. having or showing ability to use the skills of mind or hand 灵巧的

[记忆法] a + droit(灵巧), 同根词 maladroït a. 笨拙的

[同义词] skillful, adept, deft

[例] Under the adroit direction of coach Lewis, the team finished the season with twelve wins and no losses.

## advent

[əd'vent] n. the arrival or coming of (an important event, period, person, etc.) (重要事件、时节、人物等的)来到, 来临

[记忆法] ad + vent(到来), 同根词: convene v. 召集

[同义词] coming, arrival

[例] In many parts of Northern Hemisphere, April marks the advent of spring.

## adverse

[əd've:s] a. not in favour of; going against; opposing 不利的, 相反的

[记忆法] ad(对着) + ver(转) + se → 对着转 → 相反的, 同根词: convert v. 转变

[同义词] contrary, opposite, negative

[例] Adverse reactions to prescription drugs are a

	source of great concern to the medical profession.
<b>advocate</b>	[ˈædvəkeɪt] <i>v.</i> to speak in favour of ; support 主张, 提倡 <i>n.</i> 倡导者 [记忆法] ad + voc(声音, 叫唤) + ate → 提倡, 同根词: vociferous <i>a.</i> 嘈杂的 [同义词] propose, advise [例] The opposition party <u>advocates</u> an immediate reduction in transport costs.
<b>aesthetic</b>	[i: s' θetik] <i>a.</i> concerning, or showing a sense of beauty 美学的, 美的, aesthetically(副词) [例] Satires are read because they are <u>aesthetically</u> satisfying works of art, not because they are morally wholesome or ethically instructive.
<b>affable</b>	[ˈæfəbl] <i>a.</i> ready to be friendly 和蔼可亲的, 易于交谈的 [记忆法] af + fable(说, 讲) → 易于交谈的 → 和蔼的 同根词: inaffable <i>a.</i> 无法表达的。 [同义词] amiable, benevolent [例] The king was <u>affable</u> to his attendants.

## LIST 2

### affection

[ə'fekʃən] *n.* gentle, lasting love or fondness 爱慕, 爱

[记忆法]与下列词比较记忆 affect *v.* 影响, 感动 affectionate *a.* 挚爱的 affectation *n.* 做作

[同义词]love, fondness

[例]Lorraine Hansberry acquired a deep affection for Africa and its people from her Uncle William, a professor of African history at Howard University.

### affinity

[ə'fɪnɪti] *n.* a relationship, close likeness, or connection 密切关系

[记忆法]a(表否定) + f + fin(界限) + ity → 没有界限 → 关系很密切, 同根词 infinite *a.* 无限的

[同义词]connection relation, rapport

[例]There is an affinity among classmates that is often as strong as loyalty to one's family.

### affirm

[ə'fɜ:m] *v.* to declare 断言, 肯定

[记忆法]af + firm(坚定), 同根词 confirm *v.* 确认

[同义词]assert, declare

[例]I affirmed that I was telling the truth.

### afflict

[ə'flikt] *v.* to cause to suffer in the body or mind 使苦恼, 受折磨 affliction *n.*

[记忆法]af + flict(打击) → 受到打击 → 苦恼, 受折磨, 同根词: conflict *n.* 冲突

[同义词]torment, torture

[例]Caused by an ascorbic acid deficiency, scurvy was a serious human affliction until fairly recent times.

### affluent

['æfluənt] *a.* having plenty of money or other possessions 富有的, 富裕的 affluence *n.*



[记忆法] af + flu(流) + ent → 不断的流 → 富有,  
同根词 fluid *n.* 流体, 液体

[同义词] wealthy, abundant

[例] The affluence of most American people is astonishing.

**aggrandize**

[ə'grændaiz] *v.* to become large 增大

[记忆法] ag + grand(大) + ize → 增大

[同义词] expand, enlarge

[例] All he desired was to aggrandize his own power at the expense of others.

**aggravate**

['ægrəveit] *v.* to make more serious; make worse 加重, 使恶化, 激怒

[记忆法] ag + grav(重) + ate → 加重, 同根词:  
gravity *n.* 重力

[同义词] worsen, intensify, irritate

[例] The teacher gave the student extra work because she was aggravated by all the noise and talking in the classroom.

**aggregate**

['ægrɪt] *a.* 合计的 *v.* 集合, 总计

[记忆法] ag + greg(团体) + ate → 成为团体 → 集合, 同根词 gregarious *a.* 喜社交的

[同义词] collective, total

[例] Keep a record of the points scored by each player, as well as the team's aggregate score.

**aggressive**

[ə'gresɪv] *a.* always ready to quarrel or attack 好斗的, 挑衅的

[记忆法] ag + gress(走) + ive → 一再走过来 → 好斗, 挑衅

[同义词] invasive, intrusive, combative

[例] Some animals become aggressive to protect themselves and their territory from predators.

**agile**

['ædʒaɪl] *a.* able to move quickly and easily 灵活的, 敏捷的