全 新

# 英语动词句型 用法手册

A HANDBOOK OF ENGLISH VERB PATTERNS

高凌 主编



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# 前言

众所周知,要想学好一门外语必须下苦功夫而无捷径可走,但学习方法的得当与否却会使学习效果迥然不同。前人的无数经验已经证明,在浩如烟海的英语词汇中把2000个最常用的动词学深、学透、学活,是学习英语会话、造句、作文的关键。正因为如此,英语大师霍恩比(A.S. Hornby)才在他那部著名的《牛津高阶英语词典》(OALD)中花费大力气引入了英语动词句型分类法,从而使该词典具有了极强的活用功能。学习者在掌握并记熟这2000个常用动词的主要词义之后,若能再掌握这些动词的常用句型,便可以说基本上掌握了活用英语的精髓,英语水平也就上了一个新的台阶。

本词典就是基于以上认识和力求帮助使用者达到以 上目标而编纂的。

本词典词义选择精当,句型分类简明,例句典型通俗,版式清晰明快,可供各种英语水平的读者翻查检索,也是广大英语爱好者闲暇时浏览阅读的好书和案头必备的工具书。

限于编者水平,书中错误和疏漏之处在所难免,敬请读者不吝赐教。

编者 谨识 2002年5月

# 体例说明

- 1. 本手册共收录常用动词 2000 个,短语 2590 个。
- 2. 条目词按字母顺序排列,英美拼法差异者英式拼法在前,美式拼 法在后。
- 3. 条目词后附有国际音标。
- 4. 条目词下按义项分类,常用义项在前,不常用义项在后;词义相近的用逗号分开,词义相距较远的则用分号分隔。
- 5. 每个义项的用法均以句型形式编写,主要的句型分类及顺序为:
  - $\square \spadesuit \sim (+A)$ 
    - $\spadesuit \sim + to-v$
  - $\Box \Phi \sim + (to be) n/a$ 
    - $\triangle \sim + (as) n/a$
    - $rianleleft \sim + to-v$
    - $\triangle \sim + v ed$
    - $\triangle \sim + th-cl$
    - $\sim + wh\text{-}cl$
    - ♠ ~ + as if-cl
  - $|T| \triangle \sim + sb/sth$ 
    - $\triangle \sim + to-v$
    - $riangle \sim + wh-to-v$
    - $\Phi \sim + (sb's/sb) v inq$
    - $rianleleft \sim + th-cl$
    - $riangle \sim + wh-cl$
  - $\square \spadesuit \sim + sb + sth$ 
    - $\Phi \sim + sth + to/for sb$
    - $\spadesuit \sim + sb + to v$
    - $rianleleft \sim + sb + wh-to-v$
    - $riangle \sim + sb + th-cl$
    - $\Phi \sim + sb + wh-cl$
  - $\square \Phi \sim + sb/sth + (to be) n/a$ 
    - $\triangle \sim + sb/sth + (as) n/a$
    - $\Phi \sim + sb/sth + to-v$

- $\Phi \sim + sb/sth + v-ing$
- $\triangle \sim + sb/sth + v-ed$
- 6. 常用习语排在义项之后,其搭配关系与习语同时给出,习语本身排黑体,搭配词排白体。
- 7. 本手册所使用的符号及含义如下:
  - []:不及物动词
  - [].系动词
  - 们:及物动词
  - D!:双宾语动词
  - [C]:复合宾语动词
  - ~: 代替原词或其不变部分
  - A: 状语
  - sb · 某人
  - sth·某物
  - to-v:动词不定式
  - wh-to-v:带疑问词的不定式
  - v-ing:动词-ing 分词
  - v-ed:动词-ed 分词
  - th-cl:that 引导的从句
  - that...(should):虚拟的 that 从句
  - wh-cl.疑问词引导的从句
  - as/if-cl:as或if引导的从句
  - ⇔:短语动词中宾语既可置于小品词之前,也可置于其后
  - n:名词
  - a:形容词
  - ad:副词
  - pr-ph:介词短语
  - ...:句型中可填加的部分
  - []:可替换
  - /:可选择使用
  - ():可省略或附加说明



# abandon [ə'bændən]

1.舍弃,丢弃

T ← + sb/sth

The crew abandoned the sinking ship after a hard struggle.一番艰苦搏斗之后,船员们丢弃 了正在下沉的船。

 $\square \triangle \sim + sth + to sb$ 

☞ They abandoned their lands to the enemy. 他们 丢下了土地,遭到敌人的占领。

2. 遗弃,抛弃

 $\boxed{T} \triangleq \sim + sb/sth$ 

■ It's cruel of him to abandon his wife. 他音然抛 弃了他的妻子,真狠心。

3. 放弃

T - + sb/sth

♠~+ v-ina

■ He abandoned the whole idea. 他完全放弃了那 个想法。

The doctor advised me to abandon smoking. 医 牛劝我戒烟。

\*abandon oneself to sth/v-ing

陷入,沉溺于

■Don't abandon yourself to despair. 不要悲观 失望。The sailors abandoned themselves to drinking. 水手们纵情饮酒。

# abide [ə'baid]

奪取

T - + sb/sth

 $\sim$  + to-v

 $\sim$  + v-ing

☞ She can't abide rude people. 她不能容忍粗鲁无 礼的人。She can't abide his rudeness. 她不能 忍受他的粗鲁行为。

He could never abide to be helped into the saddle. 他最受不了的是别人扶他上马。

☞I can't abide seeing such things. 目睹这些事, 真让我受不了。

\*abide by sb/sth 忠于,遵守,服从

■I abide by my friends. 我忠于我的朋友。The foreigners must abide by the laws of this country. 外国人必须遵守这个国家的法律。

# abstract [eb'strækt]

#### 写出(书等的)要点

 $\Box - + sth$ 

₩We should abstract this report. 我们应先写出 这份报告的要点。

# #abstract sth from sth

从…中提取〔取出〕

Fron is abstracted from ore. 铁是从矿石中提炼出来的。We should abstract the essence from the appearance. 我们应从表象中绎出本质。

# abuse [ə'bjuz]

#### 1. 濫用, 妄用

[T]♠~ + sth

■ We should never allow him to abuse his authority and position. 我们绝不允许他滥用职权。

#### 2. 虐待, 伤害

T - + sb

FFHis stepfather abuses him physically. 他继父在 肉体上虐待他。

#### 3. 辱骂

T • ~ + sb

■ The boss abused his employees in a loud voice.

那位老板大声辱骂他的员工。

# accelerate [æk'seləreit]

1.加速;加快

 $\Box \spadesuit \sim (+A)$ 

The taxi suddenly accelerated and overtook us. 那辆出租车突然一加速就超过了我们。

#### 2. 使(某事物)加快;加速

 $\Box \Phi \sim + sth$ 

#We should adopt appropriate measures to accelerate the economic growth. 我们应采取恰当的措施来加快经济增长。Fertilizers will accelerate the growth of plants. 化肥能促进植物生长。

# accept [ək'sept]

## 1.接受,领受

 $\Box \Phi \sim (+A)$ 

■ If you accept, please let me know. 如果你接受的话,请通知我。

**T♦** ~ + sth

₩ He accepted the present with hearty thanks.他衷心感激地接受了这件礼物。

# 2. 承认, 同意, 认可

T - + sth

♠~+ v-ing

☞ This theory has not been generally accepted.这一理论尚未被广泛接受。

wAt last she accepted marrying him. 最后她同意 嫁给他。She could not accept lagging behind others. 她不甘心落在别人的后面。

 $\Phi \sim + th-cl$ 

■ We've accepted that we'll vote tomorrow. 我们

一致同意明天表决。

#### 3. 认为某事物属实;相信

T - v + sth

■ The manager didn't accept his explanation. 经 理不相信他的解释。

 $\spadesuit \sim + th$ -cl

**She** could not *accept* that her husband was really dead. 她无法相信她丈夫已经死了。

 $\sim + wh-cl$ 

☞ Do you accept what he said? 你相信他说的话 吗?

 $|\overline{C}| - + sth + as n/a$ 

■ We all accepted her statement as truth. 我们都相信她说的是实情。Don't accept everything you have heard as true. 不要认为你所听到的一切都是真的。

# accommodate [əˈkəmədeit]

#### 1. 容纳

T - + sb/sth

■ The hall couldn't accommodate so many people. 食堂不能容纳这么多人。

#### 2. 向…提供住处(膳宿)

 $\Box - + sb$ 

■This hotel can accommodate 150 guests. 这家旅馆可供给 150 位客人住宿。

#### 3. 順应;考虑到

T - + sb/sth

● We should accommodate the special needs of minority groups. 我们应考虑到少数团体的特殊需要。

#### \*accommodate oneself/sth to sth

使适应;迁就

■ You must accommodate yourself to the changed circumstances. 你一定要适应变化了的环境。 They will accommodate their plans to ours. 他们将修改他们的计划以便与我们的相适应。

# accompany [əˈkʌmpəni]

#### 1. 陪伴,陪同

T • ~ + sb

时 He wished her to accompany him. 他希望她能陪伴他。 He agreed to accompany us to the theater. 他答应陪我们去剧院。 My daughter accompanied me on the trip. 我的女儿陪着我旅行。

#### 2. 伴随,和…一起发生

 $T riangle \sim + sth$ 

☞ Thunder often accompanies lightning. 雷声常伴着闪电。

# 4

#### 3. 为…伴奏〔伴唱〕

TI ~ + sb/sth

等不用e pianist accompanied her singing. 那位钢琴家为她的演唱弹钢琴伴奏。Bill accompanied the singer on the piano. 比尔为那歌手弹钢琴伴奏。She accompanies the song on the violin. 她用小提琴为汉首歌曲伴奏。

 $|C| \spadesuit \sim + sb + to - v$ 

\*\*FWho will accompany me to inspect the engine-room? 谁陪我去检查发动机房?

\*accompany sth by/with sth

伴随着,兼带着

♥ He accompanied his speech with gestures. 他 演讲时做着手势。She accompanied the advice with a warning. 她的规劝带有警告。

# accord [s'ko:d]

1.一致

[1]  $\wedge$  (+A)

■ Most of us accorded in that opinion. 我们中的大多数在这一点上意见是一致的。

2. 授予,赠与,给予

 $[D] \spadesuit \sim + sb + sth$ 

\*\*They accorded me a hearty welcome. 他们给我以热诚的欢迎。We were glad to be accorded this chance of visiting your company. 我们很高兴能有机会参观贵公司。

 $rianleleft \sim + sth + to sb$ 

They accorded a high appraisal to her. 他们给 她以很高的评价。

₩accord with sth 与…一致〔符合〕

The government's recent statement of the unemployment figures doesn't accord with the facts. 政府最近公布的失业人数与事实不符。

# account [ə'kaunt]

看作:视为

■I accounted him honest. 我认为他是诚实的。
She was accounted (to be) a fine musician. 她
被认为是一位优秀的音乐家。

#account for sb/sth

1.解釋:说明

● How do you account for your failure? 你如何解释你失败的原因?

2.报账

■ He accounts to his wife for the money spent every day. 他每天向妻子报账。

3. 摧毀某物;杀死某人

■ Our anti-aircraft company accounted for six enemy planes. 我们的防空连击落了六架敌机。
The police accounted for 18 desperados. 警方打死了18个亡命之徒。

# accumulate [əˈkjuːmjuleit]

#### 1. 积累,聚积

T - + sth

■ She's accumulated much experience of teaching over the years. 在过去的几年里, 她积累了主意的教学经验。

#### 2. 增加

 $\boxed{1} - (+A)$ 

EVP Dust and dirt soon accumulated in the house while we were gone. 我们不在家时,房子里不久便积起了灰尘。Snow accumulated to a depth of four feet. 积雪达四英尺深。

## accuse [əˈkjuːz]

#### 指责:指控:控告

T - + sb

写We all knew she was wrongly accused. 我们大家都知道她是被诬告的。

-+sb+asn

They accused his brother as Tom's accomplice. 他们指控他的弟弟是汤姆的帮以。

#### \*accuse sb of sth/v-ing

1. 指责 控告

\*\*They accused me of carelessness. 他们指责我粗心大意。He accused them of having broken their words. 他指责他们没有遵守语言。

2. 控告

\*\*PHe accused the man of theft. 他控告那人犯有 盗窃罪。We accused him of taking bribes. 我 们控告他受贿。

# accustom [ə'kʌstəm]

#### \*accustom oneself to sth

使习惯于

wilt'll take time for me to accustom myself to the new conditions. 我得需要时间才能适应新的情况。

# achieve [ə'tʃiːv]

#### 1.取得,获得

 $T \sim + sth$ 

They achieved some victories despite these odds. 尽管受到这些挫折,他们还是取得了一些胜利。

#### 2. 实现,达到,完成

[T] - + sth

☞We're fully confident that we'll overcome all difficulties and achieve our objectives. 我们完全有信心能克服一切困难,实现我们的目标。

# acknowledge [ək'nolid3]

#### 1. 承认

T - + sb/sth

- ☞He acknowledged his own faults. 他承认了错误。
- $\triangle \sim + v$ -ing
- FFHe acknowledged cheating in the examination. 他承认在考试中作了弊。
- $\triangle \sim + th-cl$
- Most of the people will now acknowledge that there is a crisis. 大多数人都会承认存在着一场危机。
- igspace It is/was  $\sim$  d + th-cl
- FIt is acknowledged that he is an experienced doctor. 公认为他是一个经验丰富的医生。
- $[\bar{C}] \spadesuit \sim + sb/sth + to-v$
- F He is generally acknowledged to have the finest collection of Dutch paintings in private hands. 人们普遍认为他所珍藏的荷兰绘画作品是私人收藏家手中最为精美的。
- ##I acknowledged him (as) my superior. 我承认他是我的上司。We acknowledge him (to be) the best player in the basketball team. 我们公认他是篮球队里最优秀的队员。We acknowledge it (to be) true. 我们承认这是真的。He acknowledged himself beaten. 他认输了。

#### 2. 告知收到(某物)

T ← ~ + sth

罗We should acknowledge his letter. 我们应告知他已收到了他的来信。

#### 3. 表示感谢

 $\Box \spadesuit \sim + sth$ 

We acknowledged his services to our company. 我们对于他对我们公司提供的服务表示了感谢。

#### 4. 打招呼(表示认识或注重到)

T ◆ ~ + sb/sth

■ The mayor stood up to acknowledge the cheers of the crowd. 市长站起来向欢呼的人群致意。 I met her in town but she didn't even acknowledge me. 我在城里遇见她,但她竟不认识我。

# acquaint [ə'kweint]

\*acquaint sb/oneself with sb/sth

使认识,使熟悉,使了解 FThe magazine acquaints us with their ideas.

那本杂志使我们了解了他们的观点。He soon acquainted himself with the local customs.他很快就熟悉了当地的习俗。I got acquainted with her in Paris.我在巴黎和她相识。We soon became acquainted with the villagers there.我

#### 们很快就和那里的村民认识了。

# acquire [əˈkwaiə]

1. 获得,得到

 $\Box \triangle \sim + sth$ 

**EPP** Our firm has *acquired* an increasing prestige. 我们公司的声望不断提高。

2. 养成

 $[T] \spadesuit \sim + sth$ 

■ The habit is easily acquired but broken up with difficulty. 这种习惯养成容易,摈弃就闲难了。

# act [ækt]

1. 行动,做事

 $\square \spadesuit \sim (+A)$ 

■ Think carefully before you act. 你要三思而后 行。I don't think he acted quite right. 我看他 做得不太对。

2. 见效,起作用

 $\Box - (+A)$ 

☞ The medicine acts well. 这药很见效。

3. 假装,仿效

 $\Box \Phi \sim (+A)$ 

er You can't take her seriously because she always seems to be acting. 你不能对她太认真,她似乎一直在演戏。

 $\square \spadesuit \sim + n/a$ 

EFHe acted the gentleman and slept in the armchair. 他装模作样睡在一张扶手椅里。Sometimes she acts young for her age. 有时候她装出 年纪很轻的样子。

 $rianleleft \sim + v - ed$ 

▼The boy acted tired to avoid more work. 那男孩 装出疲倦的样子,不想再干活了。

4. 表演,演出(某一角色)

 $\Box \diamond \sim (+A)$ 

#We acted on the stage last night. 昨晚我们上台表演了。How long have you been acting? 你演戏有多久了?

 $\Box - + sb/sth$ 

## He acted (the part of) Romeo in the play. 他在那出戏中扮演罗察欧。

#act against sth

违反

They acted against the discipline of their school. 他们违反了学校的纪律。

★act as 8b/8th 充当

■ Sometimes they acted as referees. 有时他们担任裁判员。A copper wire acts as a conductor. 铜丝可用作导体。

斧act for sb 代表…行事

■ Please act for me during my absence. 我不在时,请充当我的全权代表。

\*act on sth

1.按照…行动

\*\*The lawyer will act on your instructions. 律师 将会照你的指示行事。I acted on my own judgement. 我按照自己的判断行事。

2.对…起作用

This medicine acts on the heart. 这种药对心脏起作用。

\*act out sth/v-ing/th-cl/wh-cl

表演

EPHe tried to act out the story he had read.他力图把他读过的那篇小说绘声绘色地描述出来。He got out his gun and acted out shooting at her.他拿出枪,把朝她开枪的动作比划了一遍。He acted out all that (what) had happened to him.他活灵活现地把他所遇到的事情描述了一番。

**∦**act up

出毛病;犯病

\*\* This old car is always acting up. 这辆旧汽车老是坏。His arthritis began to act up again. 他的关节炎又开始发作了。

# adapt [ə'dæpt]

1.(使)适应,(使)适合

 $[T] \spadesuit \sim + oneself/sth$ 

2.修改,改编

■ We must learn how to adapt ourselves. 我们必须学会适应环境。

 $\Box \Phi \sim + sth$ 

FReligious reformers attempted to adapt traditional religion. 宗教改革者们试图改革传统的宗教。He adapted an old car to drive his boat. 他利用一台旧汽车引擎驱动船。

**养adapt** sth for sb/sth 改编;改作

## He is going to adapt his play for television. 他 计划把自己的剧本改编成电视剧。 This building has been adapted for the dormitory of the students. 这幢大楼已经改造为学生宿舍。 This book is adapted for beginners. 本书经过改写 以适应初学者。

nadapt sth from sth 根据…改写或改编而成

PrThis text is adapted from a story in Chinese Literature. 这篇课文是根据《中国文学》上登载的一篇故事改写的。

\*\*adapt (oneself/sth) to sth

(使)适应

## She quickly adapted to the new surroundings. 她很快适应了新环境。I find it very difficult to adapt myself to the climate here. 我觉得自己