

《学习报》主编

2004年

# 中考全攻略

## 最新全国中考试题

### 分类题解与闯关训练



复习指导



考点透视



典型试题导析



跟踪强化训练

英语



山西教育出版社

2004年



# 中考全攻略

zhongkaoquanguongonglu

## 最新全国中考试题

### 分类解析与闯关训练

## 英语

主编 《学习报》

编者 李 潮 李晓燕 李金玲

张晓红 郝 平 朱晋艺

郭钦绵

山西教育出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

中考全攻略.英语/《学习报》主编. —太原:山西教育出版社,2003.8

ISBN 7-5440-2175-0

I. 中… II. 学… III. 英语课—初中—升学参考资料 IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2001)第 029677 号

山西教育出版社出版发行

(太原市迎泽园小区 2 号楼)

山西新华印业有限公司新华印刷分公司印刷

新华书店经销

2003 年 8 月第 3 版山西第 11 次印刷

开本:850×1168 毫米 1/32 印张:14

字数:452 千字 印数:105001—135000 册

定价:14.00 元



## 策划人语

如果将考场比做没有硝烟的战场,那么,想成为“常胜之军”的考生们手中所急需的,便是一份考场“战略图”。而此刻展现在你眼前的《中考全攻略》系列丛书,正是这样一套值得信赖的“中考指南手册”。与同类图书相比,它显现出许多独有的闪光点。

### 战略目标明确——回顾旧形势,预测新走向

正所谓,“知己知彼,百战不殆”,掌握中考的相关信息,恰似扼住考场的“咽喉”,变“大海捞针”为“有的放矢”,从而彻底改变考生盲从被动的应考局面。本丛书中相关信息的收集与整理,皆是各地名师数年心血的凝结,既具有理论上的指导意义,同时也为考生复习指明了“攻取”的方向。

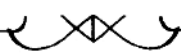
### 战略部署精当——汇各地名题,创全新体例

如何给考生提供一份精确而细致的“中考透视图”?本丛书正是以此作为编写思路的基点,走出题海战术的误区,开创了以“知识梳理为骨架,考点透视为血脉,典型试题导析为精髓,跟踪强化训练为延伸”的全新体例,将“复习”与“应考”完美地融合在一起,体现出本丛书的前瞻性和创新性。

### 战略指挥权威——聚天下名师,把中考命脉

本着革新“应考观念”的宗旨,众多名师“作客”本丛书,将一种全新的学习理念渗入具体的操作实践中。面对每一学科的不同考纲要求,名师们从知识点出发,倡导思维的广泛性与创新性,搭建起理解与运用的桥梁,使知识真正转化为一种能力。凭借本丛书独到的知识疏导方式,一种“以一当十”的中考新体验将成为现实。

也许,每一年的中考都是一次探索的重复,而对于每一位考生,这一验证过程却是独一无二的。本丛书试图给予你的,正是冲刺前的“能量补充”。在起跑线前,多一份清醒,多一点信心,你的“应战步伐”定将迈得更加轻松自如。





## 第一部分 听说能力训练



攻略一·复习指导	1
攻略二·跟踪强化训练	2

## 第二部分 基础知识训练

### 17 A 词汇

攻略一·复习指导	17
攻略二·考点透视	17
攻略三·典型试题导析	21
攻略四·跟踪强化训练	26

### 64 B 语法

攻略一·复习指导	64
攻略二·考点透视	65
攻略三·典型试题导析	118
攻略四·跟踪强化训练	121

## 第三部分 交际能力训练

攻略一·复习指导	161
攻略二·考点透视	161
攻略三·跟踪强化训练	170



## 第四部分 完形填空

●	攻略一·复习指导 .....	243
	攻略二·考点透视 .....	245
●	攻略三·跟踪强化训练 .....	249

## 第五部分 阅读理解

●	攻略一·复习指导 .....	288
	攻略二·考点透视 .....	290
●	攻略三·跟踪强化训练 .....	292

## 第六部分 书面表达

●	攻略一·复习指导 .....	363
	攻略二·考点透视 .....	364
	攻略三·跟踪强化训练 .....	368
●	▲ 参考答案 .....	408

听力材料 .....	427
------------	-----

2019年10月  
2019年10月  
2019年10月

## 第一部分 听说能力训练



### 第一部分 · 复习指导

听力试题主要考查学生对语言的分辨、理解、反应及词汇的拼写能力。题型主要分为句子理解、情景反应、对话理解和短文理解。同学们在日常训练及听力考试中经常会遇到对单词意义的语境判断差、猜词障碍大、抓不住主要内容和问题信息、语法规则掌握不扎实、缺乏应有的背景知识等问题。

为了使同学们能够积极备战,消除在考试中的紧张情绪,尽快进入考试状态,下面介绍一些如何提高听力能力和做好听力测试的方法,以备同学们参考。

1. 听是理解和吸收口头信息的交际能力。同学们在日常学习中一定要加强阅读和朗读,注意词汇及背景知识的积累。因为阅读是外语学习中重要的“输入过程”和“信息积累”过程;而出声的朗读能够解决语音辨别能力低、语言连贯能力弱、不同口音的辨析能力差等问题。

2. 一般说来,听力测试主要考查获取具体的事实性信息的能力,这些问题多以 when, where, who, what, why, how 等疑问词的形式出现。该部分主要包括某事件的细节、数字与计算(时间、价格等)、地点与方向、身份与职业等等,因此提醒考生在听力测试中要重点倾听第二个人的答语或问话,以便从中捕捉到所需信息。

3. 听力测试题与笔试题的不同之处在于它是一次性的,过期不补。因此要养成抢记内容的能力,如人名、地名、时间、数字等。记录时要尽量采用简便易写且自己能懂的方式,如听到 Mr White is two years older than Mr Brown 时,可记为 W2 > B。同理,在填写较长的单词如 October twelve 时,可先写 10. 12, 录音完毕再从容地改写成英文。遇上那些一时拿不准、写不出的词时,要学会用音标、汉语、拼音等总之能唤起回忆的任何方法做快速记录,这样可以在录音结束后为自己创造追忆的条件。另外,在做题过程中如遇到确实听不懂

的,要舍得果断放弃,集中精力,紧跟磁带速度走,切不可瞻前顾后,一误再误。

4. 在做短文或独白的听力题时,同学们要注意抓文章的中心思想。短文或独白的主题句一般是在文章的句首,有时也出现在句中或句末。主题句通常是一篇听力材料的中心思想,文章中的其他内容都是用来说明主题句的。

5. 听力结束后,不要急于做笔试题。要利用头脑中还保留的短暂记忆和记录的内容,对那些不太肯定的答案进行语法上的推敲。如听短文填词中有这样一句话:

The boy \_\_\_\_\_ the cap to his mother.

听到的音是 /pa: st/, 很多同学毫不犹豫地填上 past, 没有考虑句子的意思及语法。past 只能作介词或副词, 而这里需要的是谓语动词 passed (递给), 此题正是利用了 past 和 passed 的同音现象进行迷惑。再如:

This is really a very fast game, the fastest I have never \_\_\_\_\_ before.

本题需填 seen, 但很多同学填的是 see, 这是因为 see 和 seen 的读音从录音中不易区别, 另外, 同学们没有注意句中的完成时态造成的。类似这种由于漏听或误听造成的 -s, -ing, -ed 等现象经常发生。因此一定要注意所填词在句中的语法功能, 从句意和语法上理顺它们的关系。

## 取题二 • 跟踪强化训练

### Test 1

I. 看图听句子, 选择与图画内容意思相符的选项。(每个句子读两遍)



①



②



③



④





20. A. Because he wants to go shopping and visit museums.  
B. Because he wants to know more about different people, places and ways of life.  
C. Because he has never been to any other places.

## Test 2

I. 听录音,在每组句子中选出一个你所听到的句子。(每个句子读两遍)

1. A. I can see a map on the wall. B. You must look after your watch.  
C. She flies kites in the park every autumn.  
2. A. Do you like Chinese tea? B. Would you like some hot water?  
C. Are there any trees in the picture?  
3. A. What food do you like? B. Whose coats are these?  
C. Where are our books?  
4. A. The best time to come to China is in spring.  
B. There was a strong wind the day before yesterday.  
C. Jim couldn't wash himself or get dressed.  
5. A. I've never been to that farm before.  
B. Some of the players were hard to stop.  
C. I told her to stay in bed till tomorrow.

II. 在录音中,你将听到5段对话及5个问题。请根据对话内容及问题选择正确答案。(每段对话及问题读两遍)

6. A. Lucy's new hat. B. Lucy's new kite.  
C. Lucy's new bike. D. Lucy's old hat.  
7. A. A cup of tea. B. Some orange.  
C. A glass of water. D. Something to eat.  
8. A. The blue one. B. The red one.  
C. The green one. D. Neither.  
9. A. At 8:00. B. At 8:30.  
C. At 9:00. D. At 9:30.  
10. A. It's made in Shanghai. B. It's made of cotton.  
C. It's made of wool. D. It's made in Jinan.

D. The fourth thing.

### Test 3

I. 关键词语。这一大题共有 10 个小题,在每一小题内,你将听到一个句子,并看到供你选择的 4 个单词或短语。请在每小題 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个你所听到的单词或短语。(每个句子读两遍)

- |                       |                     |                  |                  |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. shirt           | B. skirt            | C. short         | D. shop          |
| 2. A. hat             | B. had              | C. hand          | D. head          |
| 3. A. meet            | B. meat             | C. meal          | D. mend          |
| 4. A. simple          | B. small            | C. smile         | D. smell         |
| 5. A. weather         | B. whether          | C. feather       | D. waiter        |
| 6. A. daughter        | B. doctor           | C. dollar        | D. quarter       |
| 7. A. thirsty         | B. thirty           | C. Tuesday       | D. Thursday      |
| 8. A. ride a bike     | B. make a cake      | C. make a kite   | D. take a cat    |
| 9. A. sent out        | B. sold out         | C. so hot        | D. thought about |
| 10. A. four friends   | B. filled with food |                  |                  |
| C. fall off the truck |                     | D. full of fruit |                  |

II. 单句理解。这一大段共有 5 个小题,在每一小题内,你将听到一个句子,并看到供你选择的 4 个句子。请在每小題 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个与你所听到的句子的意义最接近的句子。(每个句子读两遍)

11. A. Miss Smith visited us.      B. Miss Smith was very busy.  
C. We visited Miss Smith.      D. We were too busy to visit Miss Smith.
12. A. Bob wouldn't like his son to be at home.  
B. Bob would like to do his homework.  
C. Bob would like his son to do his homework.  
D. Bob's son would like to do his homework.
13. A. I am busy every day.      B. I am busy on Sunday.  
C. I am free every day.      D. I am free on Sunday.
14. A. These shoes are either too big or too small.  
B. These shoes are neither too big nor too small.  
C. Some of the shoes are too big.  
D. Some of the shoes are too small.

15. A. Jack didn't mend his bike yesterday.  
 B. Jack didn't listen to music yesterday.  
 C. Jack mended his bike yesterday.  
 D. Jack listened to music while he was mending his bike.

III. 情景反应。这一大题共有 5 个小题,在每一小题内,你将听到一个句子,并看到供你选择的 4 个句子。请在每小題 A、B、C、D 四个句子中选出一个句子,该句子能正确回答或紧接你所听到的句子。(每个句子读两遍)

16. A. Yes, we really do. B. Not until the rain stops.  
 C. Yes, we have a car. D. No, the factory doesn't have a car.  
 17. A. OK. What's the time? B. I'd love to.  
 C. That's OK. You can borrow one. D. Oh, you're so lucky.  
 18. A. That's true. B. Look out!  
 C. Yes, do please. D. What a pity!  
 19. A. You can't miss it. B. You are welcome.  
 C. Congratulations! D. Here, this way please!  
 20. A. Yes, we should. B. History.  
 C. No, it's not ours. D. Let's take our books home.

IV. 对话理解。这一大题共有两个对话和 5 个小题,听完一个对话两遍后,你将接着听到几个有关该对话的问题,这些问题只念一遍,听完每个问题后,你将看到下面 4 个供你选择的回答。请在每小題 A、B、C、D 四个回答中选出一个正确的答案。(每个对话读两遍)

21.



A



B



C



D

22.



A



B



C



D

23. A. By himself.

B. With Joan.

C. With his friends.

D. Going shopping.

24. A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

D. Six.

25. A. Christmas trees.

B. Sweets.

C. Cakes.

D. Christmas cards.

V. 短文理解。这一大题共有一小段短文和 5 个小题,你可以一边听一边将要点记录下来,听完该段落两遍后,你将接着听到几个有关该段落的问题,这些问题只读一遍,听完每个问题后,你将看到下面 4 个供你选择的回答。请在每小题 A、B、C、D 四个回答中选出一个正确的答案。

8

26. A. Mrs King.

B. Tim.

C. Sam King.

D. Tom.

27.



A



B



C



D

28. A. They must learn English.

B. They can only do some reading.

C. They take exams.

D. They are free to do anything.

29. A. See a doctor.

B. Take dictionaries.

C. Speak English.

D. Have delicious food.

30. A. In three months.

B. In four months.

C. In three weeks.

D. In four weeks.



Dialogue 1

11. Why does Henry borrow a book about the earth?  
A. He will give a talk about the earth.  
B. He is interested in it.  
C. He borrows it for his friend.
12. How many books can Henry borrow at a time?  
A. One.                      B. Two.                      C. Three.
13. What kind of books is Henry interested in?  
A. Science books.        B. Sports books.        C. History books.
14. When isn't the library open?  
A. On Tuesday.        B. On Wednesday.        C. On Thursday.

Dialogue 2

15. Why can't the woman find the way?  
A. She has never been to Sydney before.  
B. Sydney has changed a lot.  
C. She is too old to remember the way.
16. How did the woman come to Sydney?  
A. By train.                      B. By air.                      C. By car.
17. Why doesn't her son come to meet her?  
A. He is in trouble.                      B. He is too busy.  
C. He doesn't know his mother came.
18. What does her son do?  
A. A teacher.                      B. A worker.                      C. A doctor.

















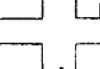



III. 听下面一段短文, 然后根据短文内容完成下列句子。听短文前你有 30 秒钟的时间阅读各小题。(每空写一词)(短文读三遍)

19. The middle school students in Beijing are getting \_\_\_\_\_ sleeping time.
20. The teachers and \_\_\_\_\_ give the students too much homework.
21. The students themselves don't know how to \_\_\_\_\_ the time.
22. The students don't do their homework \_\_\_\_\_, so it takes them much time.
23. Some students have to get up early on \_\_\_\_\_.
24. The students should have \_\_\_\_\_ hours' sleep every day at least (至少).



# Test 5

I. 每小题你将听到一段对话,从 A、B、C、D 四幅图中找出与你所听内容相符的选项。(每个小题读一遍)

1. 			
A 	B 	C 	D 
A 	B 	C 	D 
4. 			
5. 			

II. 根据所听对话及问题,选择正确答案。(每小题读两遍)

6. A. In Japan.      B. In England.      C. In India.      D. In America.
7. A. At a cinema.      B. In the park.      C. At a shop.      D. In the street.
8. A. Lucy does.      B. Lily does.      C. Ann does.      D. Nobody does.
9. A. A teacher.      B. A visitor.      C. A conductor.      D. A bus driver.
10. A. She will have a rest.      B. She will go on working.      C. She will have an exam.      D. She will work hard.

III. 根据所听句子,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个意思与其相同或相近的句子。(每个小题读两遍)

11. A. I often ride to school.      B. I often walk to school.      C. I often drive to school.      D. I often take a bus to school.