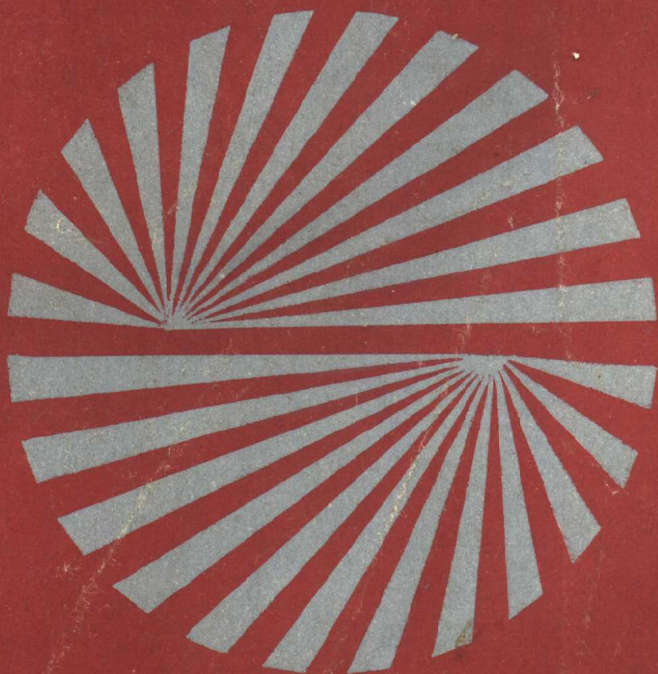


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# 大学英语练习集

杨同福等 编



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哈尔滨工业大学出版社

## 内 容 提 要

本书是根据大学英语教学大纲有关要求编写的。其原则是，在中学原有的基础上，进一步扩大与加深基本语法知识，侧重语法结构在语言交际活动中的运用。本书内容包括语法结构，词语搭配及用法，完形填充，汉译英四部分。本书练习形式多样，重点放在读者容易出错之处及不易掌握的语言难点和疑点上。书后附有练习答案，以便查对。

本书供高等院校学生使用，也可供自学英语者参考。

## 大学英语练习集

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## 前 言

本书是在哈尔滨工业大学本科生试用的基础上，根据大学英语教学大纲的有关教学要求，经过多次修改和补充编写成的。

编写本书的目的是，帮助读者系统地复习巩固已学过的语法知识，进一步扩大词汇及提高运用语言的能力。在编写体系上，我们对国内外的不同作法采取兼收并蓄的态度，力求练习形式多样，针对性强。训练的重点放在读者容易出错之处及不易掌握的语言难点和疑点上。

参加本书编写工作的有：杨同福（动词及完形填充），吴世珍（词语用法），陈福民（形容词、付词及汉译英），关素琴（介词、连词及主谓一致）、杨传里（强调、倒装及否定）、陈仲利（名词、代词及词语搭配）。在最后定稿时，由杨同福统一整理编排。耿宪章教授审阅了全书，并给予许多指导和帮助。美籍教师 Margaret Slocum, Cheryl Mohr 及 Kris Torkelson 参加了审阅工作。编写中参阅了国内外一些书刊，引用了很多例证，均未一一提名或列出参考书目，在此一并致以谢意。

由于编者水平有限，不妥及错误之处，敬希读者不吝指教。

编 者

一九八七年三月

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# SECTION ONE: GRAMMATICAL STRUCTURE

## I. Nouns and Pronouns

### Exercise 1

Fill in each blank with the given noun in its proper form.

1. Before liberation he could hardly live on his (wage).
2. One has to be especially careful under such (circumstance).
3. Our institute is in the western (suburb) of Beijing.
4. The school (authority) will take care of it.
5. The (surrounding) a child grows up in may have an effect on his development.
6. The students are making (preparation) for the coming festival.
7. Have you made (arrangement) for your trip to Harbin?

8. Most of the houses in the village were burnt to \_\_\_\_\_ (ash) during the war.

9. He has spent all his \_\_\_\_\_ (earning).

10. When are you to report on your \_\_\_\_\_ (finding)?

11. He is making a study of fresh-water \_\_\_\_\_ (fish).

12. Our \_\_\_\_\_ (headquarter) staff is not very large.

13. Now the people are eating more \_\_\_\_\_ (fruit) than they did before liberation.

14. Various \_\_\_\_\_ (fruit) are on sale now.

15. Please tell us about your \_\_\_\_\_ (experience) in Tibet.

16. Everyone was in high \_\_\_\_\_ (spirit) that day.

17. Please keep your \_\_\_\_\_ (saving) in the bank.

18. Can you give me any \_\_\_\_\_ (information) on this matter?

19. It contained a little quantity of \_\_\_\_\_ (hair), not more than one or two long golden \_\_\_\_\_ (hair).

20. They exchanged \_\_\_\_\_ (greeting) whenever they met each other.

## Exercise 2

Complete each sentence by using one of the words given in parentheses

1. One \_\_\_\_\_ was damaged. (aircraft, aircrafts)

2. Two \_\_\_\_\_ were damaged. (aircraft, aircrafts)
3. Every \_\_\_\_\_ has been tried. (mean, means)
4. All possible \_\_\_\_\_ have been tried. (mean, means)
5. He keeps mainly livestock, cows, \_\_\_\_\_ and pigs. (sheep, sheeps)
6. There is a modern \_\_\_\_\_ in this area. (steelwork, steelworks)
7. The family is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the community. (nucleus, nuclei)
8. The protons and neutrons in the \_\_\_\_\_ of most common atoms are strongly held together. (nucleus, nuclei)
9. In wartime most young men are expected to join the \_\_\_\_\_. (force, forces)
10. I hope you've left none of your \_\_\_\_\_ in the hotel. (belonging, belongings)

### Exercise 3

Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

1. When we saw his face, we knew \_\_\_\_\_ was bad.  
 A. the news                      B. some news  
 C. a news                        D. news
2. \_\_\_\_\_ are hardworking people.  
 A. Chinese                        B. The Chinese  
 C. A Chinese                    D. The Chineses
3. He grabbed me \_\_\_\_\_ and pulled me onto the

bus.

- A. arm                      B. an arm  
C. the arm                  D. by the arm
4. That fellow is clever; he has \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. brain                      B. much brain  
C. the brain                  D. brains
5. She cut the cloth with \_\_\_\_\_ scissors.  
A. a couple of              B. a pair of  
C. two                        D. a
6. I have been to Lantao Island \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a hundred time  
B. many hundreds times  
C. hundreds of times  
D. hundred of times
7. I sent \_\_\_\_\_ presents.  
A. all them                  B. them all  
C. the girls all              D. them for all
8. My father never gave me \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. many advice              B. much advice  
C. many advices              D. a lot of advices
9. You will see \_\_\_\_\_ in the hills.  
A. a few fine sceneries  
B. few fine sceneries  
C. many fine sceneries  
D. much fine scenery
10. The storm has caused \_\_\_\_\_ to this region.  
A. many damages            B. much damages



- C. much damage    D. many damage
11. We don't have \_\_\_\_\_ tonight.
- A. many homeworks  
B. much homeworks  
C. many homework  
D. much homework
12. Dr. Jones ordered \_\_\_\_\_ for the laboratory,
- A. two equipments  
B. two pieces of equipments  
C. two pieces of equipment  
D. two equipment pieces
13. "Why couldn't they catch the 6:30 train"?  
"Because they were delayed by \_\_\_\_\_."
- A. some heavy traffics  
B. any heavy traffic  
C. a heavy traffic  
D. heavy traffic
14. How many \_\_\_\_\_ do you have?
- A. brothers-in-law    B. brother-in-laws  
C. brother-in-law    D. brothers-in-laws
15. Julie went to the \_\_\_\_\_ to buy a pair of shoes.
- A. shoes store    B. shoe's store  
C. shoe store    D. shoes' store

#### Exercise 4

Choose the one word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1. "How many elephants did you see?" "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. None                      B. No one  
C. Not many ones    D. No many
2. He was left alone, with \_\_\_\_\_ to look after him.  
A. someone                  B. anyone  
C. not one                    D. no one
3. He asks me whether small oranges are often  
sweeter than big \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. those                      B. ones  
C. one                         D. that
4. "Do you like the book Sidney gave you?"  
"Very much. It's exactly \_\_\_\_\_ I wanted."  
A. one which                B. the one  
C. one what                  D. the what
5. She can speak English better than \_\_\_\_\_ else.  
A. the one                    B. no one  
C. anyone                    D. another
6. He told me only part of the story and that  
was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. it                          B. that                      C. this                      D. those
7. Alan sold most of his belongings. He has  
scarcely \_\_\_\_\_ left in the house.  
A. everything                B. anything  
C. nothing                    D. something
8. The stout fellow over there is \_\_\_\_\_ the great  
magician, Charlie Cheng, himself.  
A. no other but              B. not other than  
C. none other than          D. no one but

9. \_\_\_\_\_ went on a picnic.  
A. Tom, John and I  
B. Tom, John and me  
C. Tom, John and myself  
D. I, Tom and John
10. Shopkeeper: "Do you like these shoes, madam?"  
Mrs. Green: "No, show me \_\_\_\_\_."  
A. another                      B. some others  
C. other one                    D. one another
11. It is one thing to enjoy listening to good music, but it is quite \_\_\_\_\_ to perform skillfully yourself.  
A. other                      B. another  
C. some                      D. any
12. I've had enough cake. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. one more                    B. some more  
C. any                      D. another one
13. These three boys help \_\_\_\_\_ to finish the project.  
A. one another                B. each other one  
C. one and the other        D. one and other
14. He is \_\_\_\_\_ of a musician.  
A. anybody                    B. anyone  
C. somebody                   D. something
15. Children should be taught how to get along with \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. another                    B. other

C. others                      D. and other

16. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ food in the house.

A. none      B. one      C. some      D. any

17. \_\_\_\_\_ of them knew about the plan because it was secret.

A. Some      B. Any      C. No one      D. None

18. \_\_\_\_\_ of them understood him.

A. None                      B. No one  
C. Anyone                      D. Someone

19. Bruce and John have arrived, but \_\_\_\_\_ students in the class aren't here yet.

A. another                      B. others  
C. the others                      D. the other

20. "Do you like music?"

"Yes, and I think music is one way people can get to know \_\_\_\_\_."

A. better each other  
B. of each other better  
C. each other better  
D. better of each other

21. John behaved so strangely today. I thought he wasn't acting like \_\_\_\_\_.

A. him                      B. himself  
C. he would                      D. he does

22. I met her in the street \_\_\_\_\_ and she told me she was leaving for France next month.

A. the other day

- B. in three days
- C. the following days
- D. in next day

23. Even though African game preserves have saved many animals, there are \_\_\_\_\_ that will not be saved.

- A. some other      B. all others
- C. many more      D. much more

24. Tom isn't the tallest boy in the class, but he is taller than \_\_\_\_\_ students.

- A. any of the      B. some
- C. any other      D. some of the

25. I have classes \_\_\_\_\_ day, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

- A. each other
- B. every other
- C. this and the other
- D. all other

26. "Did you go out yesterday?"

"No, it was \_\_\_\_\_ that I decided to stay home."

- A. such miserable day
- B. so a miserable day
- C. such a miserable day
- D. such miserable a day

27. "Do you have a TV set?"

"Yes, \_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I have it      B. I have one
- C. I have no      D. I certain have

28. There was \_\_\_\_\_ on the train.

- A. no persons      B. nobody  
C. any person      D. anyone
29. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ at the station.  
A. people              B. some persons  
C. anyone              D. somebody
30. "You look thinner, are you still dieting?"  
"Yes, but I still eat \_\_\_\_\_ bread."  
A. many              B. a little  
C. a lot              D. so little
31. "I wonder why John never goes to movies with us."  
"It's because he has \_\_\_\_\_ money."  
A. so few              B. a few  
C. a little              D. so little
32. "Have you traveled much?"  
"No, I have done \_\_\_\_\_ traveling."  
A. few      B. little      C. small      D. less
33. "Does Fritz have enough money saved for a new bike?"  
"Almost but he still needs \_\_\_\_\_ more."  
A. little              B. a little  
C. a slight              D. few
34. "Do all senior students study all the night?"  
"\_\_\_\_\_ students study very hard."  
A. Rare of              B. Little  
C. Only a few              D. A little







I want Mr. Smith who works in the Post  
C D

Office.

12. All the people want tickets should go to the  
A B C D

office.

13. She each have their own attitude to bringing  
A B C D

up children.

14. The woman scientists were glad to have stayed  
A B

two weeks under water.  
C D

15. These incidents, either of which might have  
A B

led to a strike, were caused by increasing unemploy-  
C D

ment.

## II. Adjectives and Adverbs

### Exercise 1

Insert the adjectives given in the parentheses in the right places in the following sentences.

1. The various uses of this metal come from its good property. (specific)

2. At the thought of it his heart began to beat