



企鹅英语导航丛书

English Phrasal Verbs



即学即用

动词短语

(英) Peter Watcyn-Jones 著
刘自知 译



风靡全球的英文读本

外语教学与研究出版社

FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING AND RESEARCH PRESS

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(京)新登字 155 号

京权图字: 01 - 2002 - 3247

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

即学即用动词短语/(英)琼斯(Jones, P.W.)著;刘自知译.
—北京:外语教学与研究出版社, 2002

ISBN 7-5600-3061-0

I. 即… II. ①琼…②刘… III. 英语-动词-短语-自学参考资料 IV. H314.3

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2002)第 076544 号

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此版本《即学即用动词短语》由培生教育出版北亚洲有限公司和外语教学与研究出版社出版。

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责任编辑: 王 静

出版发行: 外语教学与研究出版社

社 址: 北京市西三环北路 19 号 (100089)

网 址: <http://www.fltrp.com.cn>

印 刷: 北京大学印刷厂

开 本: 880×1230 1/64

印 张: 3.25

版 次: 2002 年 10 月第 1 版 2002 年 10 月第 1 次印刷

书 号: ISBN 7-5600-3061-0/H·1575

定 价: 5.90 元

* * *

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Getting started (导 读)

1. Friends and family (朋友与家人)

Blood is thicker than water get together • meet up
get on • fall out • count on • help out

What is a good friend? let down • stand by • stick
up for • come out with • put up with • put up

A parent's promise bring up • look after • tell off
take out on • run out

A teenager's threat! answer back • go on at • turn
to • look up to • run away • end up

2. Holidays (节假日)

Holiday plans run out • brush out • take out • pick
up

Tour guide check in • take off • touch down • put on
eat out

A postcard home turn out • leave behind • hold up
die for • get back

Holiday advertisement look forward to • get away
from • go away • pop in • stop over

3. World of work (工 作)

To work ... be cut out for • take up • work out • be

snowed under • take on • give up

... **or not to work?** close down • lay off • cut back

think up • go through

Newspaper headlines bring in • take over • turn

down • go under • deal with

Job advert look for • build up • fit in • find out • fill in

4. Leisure (休 闲)

A new hobby take up • give in • take to • let out

Soccer report go ahead • kick off • send off • keep

up • go on

Newspaper headlines catch on • call off • fall

through • pull out • own up

Sporting failures lock up • send out • come in • fall off

5. Cars and computers (汽车与电脑)

Driving hints drive off • pull out • slow down • cut in
pull up

Car accident claims send in • run into • run over
knock down • pull away

Advice to computer users play up • back up
shut down • switch off • log off

A computer genius? drop out • set up • bring out

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come up with

6. Money and shopping (金钱与购物)

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Saving money save up • go without • splash out stick to

Easy money take in • open up • fill up • pay in • shut up • move on

Shopping blues try on • put off • shop around come down • go with • sell out

7. Crime and punishment (犯罪与惩罚)

Rising crime beat up • break into • tighten up • get off • put away • let out

It's the law! set off • get on • drop off • take off • go down

Crime doesn't pay ... pick up • get away • hold up knock out • come to

... or does it? keep on • pick out • pick up • set up

8. Health and fitness (健康)

Keeping fit put on • work out • cut out • do without keep down

How to lose weight pack in • cut down • call up
put off

Newspaper headlines break out • pick up • turn up
pull through • come down with

Poor health get over • black out • take out • throw
up • come out in

Growing old bring out • change into • look up
make out

9. Romance (浪 漫)

First love go out with • fall for • ask out • finish with
be cut up

Problems walk out • grow apart • get along with
move in

Women on men see through • break up • carry on
break down

... and men on women stick by • go off with • let on
go through with

A wedding day to remember go down with • pass
out • come round • burn down • put in

10. Bits and pieces (其他)

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Meeting people bump into • call round • drop by
call in • drop in

Giving orders shut up • get out • hurry up • hang on
sit up • look out

Daily life wake up • get up • set off • turn off • lie in

School words add up • bring out • mess about • get
through

Weather words start off • clear up • brighten up
die down

● **Phrasal Verbs Grammar** (动词短语语法)

Grammar reference section for seven types of
phrasal verbs

● **Phrasal Verbs Index** (动词短语索引)

A complete alphabetical listing of all the phrasal verbs
that occur in the books

● **Answers** (参考答案)

导 读

Getting started



什么是动词短语?

动词短语由一个主要动词加一两个小品词构成。

动词 小品词

stand away

stand up with

有时候，动词短语的意思很清楚，因为它和主要动词的意思很相近。

例如，下列句子中的stand和up的意思很容易理解。



He stood up when she entered the room.
她进房间时他站了起来。

但更经常的是，动词短语的意思完全不同于主要动词的意思，几乎不可能猜得出来。

在下例中，就算您知道 stand 和 up 的意思，也无益于您对句子的理解。



James stood me up last week (=He failed to meet me after he had arranged to.)

上周詹姆斯与我约会失约了。(他计划要来接我的，但没做到。)

即使学会了某个动词短语的特殊意义，您还是可能会遇到问题，因为有时候它的意思不止一个。请看例句：

The plane took off (=left the ground) an hour late.

飞机起飞（离开地面）晚了一小时。

It's hot in here. Can I take off (=remove) my jacket?

这里很热。我可以脱掉（拿掉）夹克衫吗？

James is good at taking off (=imitating) our teacher.

詹姆斯很善于模仿我们老师。

所以，您真的必须每听到或看到某个动词短语时就把它记住。

为什么动词短语 很重要？

动词短语在英语中非常重要，它是构成英语句子的一个基本单位。动词短语通常由动词和它的宾语、状语等成分组成。在英语学习中，掌握动词短语的用法对于提高口语和写作能力至关重要。

我可以从这本书中 学到些什么？

这本书主要讲了约三百条非常有用的常见动词短语——即意义很难猜的那类动词短语。可能您无法记住本书中的每一个动词短语，但我希望您能 Pick up (学会) 一部分。

I've picked up a lot of phrasal verbs today!

我今天学会了许多动词短语。



