

初中英语阅读教程

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□主编/成晓光



# 新思维

# 初中英语阅读教程



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# 前言

教育部制订的《英语课程标准》已正式颁布。我们依据新的课程标准编写了这套《新思维初中英语阅读教程》(共三册),本书为第二册。

现代教育的基本内涵是素质教育,英语学习也是如此。学生学习的不仅仅是一门语言、一个交际工具,更重要的是语言还具有获取并储存信息、进行思维活动和认识世界的功能。因此,英语教材不应是单纯的语言教材,而应具有丰富的教育内涵,它应为培养学生的思维能力创造条件和营造环境。本教材的编写基于以下认识:

- 1. 知识的基础就是语言,知识的心理与外部表征都是以语言为媒介。所以,语言学习不仅仅是学习语言,更重要的是学习一种能力,包括独立学习、独立解决问题的能力。能力的基础是各种学习策略。
- 2. 语言也是一种认知能力,不仅仅靠死记硬背,还要通过大量的语言操练及综合能力的培养习得而成。
- 3. 学习者应以有效的方式来学习具有个人意义的东西,应提倡创造性思维。思维是内容,语言是形式。培养用英语思维是英语学习者及英语教学的首要任务及关键所在,故本丛书定名为"新思维英语"。

本册阅读教程具有以下特点:

- 1. 内容和形式新颖。本书的素材绝大多数选自国内外最新报刊杂志和书籍,选材注意了知识性、趣味性及语言规范性。所有练习都是自行设计和编写的,力争符合当前英语习题设计的新趋势。
- 2. 难易度适中。本书所涉及的词汇与语法知识尽量控制在大纲所规定的范围内,为了加强训练,各单元中均提供少量难度较高的练习题。
- 3. 实用性强。本书既可用做初中二年级教学的课上辅助练习材料,也可通过单词、注释及习题答案用于自学。

本书为初级英语学习者创设了进行思维较量的场所,使其在思维竞技活动中获取知识,提高能力,成为一名成功的英语学习者和交际者。同时我们也希望广大师生在使用本教程的过程中提出宝贵意见和建议,以使本套教程更加完善。

编 者 2003年8月



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# UNITY I



### Welcome back!

It's September 1st today. It is the first day of school. Tom wants to go back to school. He wants to meet his new teacher.

Tom gets up very early in the morning. He washes his hands and face quickly. He has his breakfast. He says goodbye to his parents and leaves with his new schoolbag. His mother wants to take him to his school, he doesn't let her do so.



"The school is not far from here. I can ride there in five minutes." Then he rides his bike to school.

There are a lot of people in the school this morning. He sees his friends. They talk happily. When the bell rings, everyone runs to the classroom.

Tom meets his new teacher. His name is Wang Hua. Tom likes Wang Hua. The teacher brings out a book and asks, "What's your name?" Tom Mott, "He answers.

# New Words

September/sep'tembə/
quickly/ˈkwikli/
wash/wɔʃ/
schoolbag/ˈskuːlbæg/
ring/riŋ/

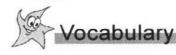
n. 九月
ad. 迅速地
v. 洗
schoolbag/ˈskuːlbæg/
v. (铃或钟)响,鸣



# Notes

- 1. get up:起床。
- 2. a lot of:许多,大量。
- 3. bring out:拿出。

# Exercises



I. Choose one of the words to fill in the blanks (选词填空).

	meets	rides	rings	bring	let	
	takes	talks	runs	classroom	wash	
1.	It's the firs	t day of sch	ool. Tom_	his friend	ds again.	
2.	Every morn	ing, Tom _	his bi	ke to school.		
3.	When I com	e back home	e, I	my hands first	•	
4.	us g	go to school	together.			
5.	It's the firs	t day of sch	ool, let's g	ive our	a spring-cleaning.	
6.	The bell	It's ti	me for class	S.		
7.	Tom's moth	her h	im to schoo	ol every mornin	g.	
8.	. Jim	to a friend i	n English w	hen he is at sc	hool.	
9.	Tom's dog	often	_ behind hir	n.		
1	0. Please	your boo	k with you	•		
	[. Write the	opposites. Y	ou can find	the words in th	ne text (在课文中找出	下列词
	的反义词).					
1	. last	2	2. old	3. la	te	
4	. slowly	5	sadly	6. qu	uestion	
1						
-	2011/2011					

# Comprehension

- I. Which sentence has the same meaning as the sentence in the text? Circle the letter of your answer (下列哪个句子与课文中的句子意义相同,在 a, b 中选出你的答案).
- 1. It's September 1st today.
  - a. It's the first day of September today.
  - b. It's the last day of September today.
- 2. He wants to meet his new teacher.

b. He wants to say to his new teacher.  3. He has his breakfast, a. He prepares his breakfast, b. He cats his breakfast, 4. His mother wants to take him to his school. a. His mother wants to teach him at school. b. His mother wants to go to his school with him.  5. Then he rides his bike to school, a. Then he goes to school by bike. b. Then he goes to school on foot,  I. Find the best way to complete each sentence. Write the letter of your answer on the line (选择最好的答案完成句子,把你的选择填在横线上).  1. Tom gets up early because 2. Tom doesn't let his mother take him to school because 3. Everyone runs to the classroom because 4. Tom says goodbye to his parents because a. It is the first day of school b. The bell rings c. He wants to go to school d. It is not far from here  II. Understand sequence. Which happens first? Write 1 on the line, Which happens second? Write 2 on the line (哪个先发生,在横线上写 1,哪个后发生,在横线上写 2).  1 He gets up early.     He washes his hands and his face. 2 He says goodbye to his parents.     He has his breakfast. 3 He answers, "Tom Mott."     The teacher asks, "What's your name?" 4 Everyone runs to the classroom     The bell rings. 5 He rides his bike to school     They talk happily.  IV. Review the text. Complete each sentence, Then read the text again and check		a. He wants to see his new teacher.	
a. He prepares his breakfast. b. He eats his breakfast. 4. His mother wants to take him to his school. a. His mother wants to teach him at school. b. His mother wants to go to his school with him. 5. Then he rides his bike to school. a. Then he goes to school by bike. b. Then he goes to school on foot.  I. Find the best way to complete each sentence. Write the letter of your answer on the line (选择最好的答案完成句子,把你的选择填在横线上). 1. Tom gets up early because 2. Tom doesn't let his mother take him to school because 3. Everyone runs to the classroom because 4. Tom says goodbye to his parents because a. It is the first day of school b. The bell rings c. He wants to go to school d. It is not far from here  II. Understand sequence. Which happens first? Write 1 on the line. Which happens second? Write 2 on the line (哪个先发生,在横线上写 1,哪个后发生,在横线上写 2). 1 He gets up early.     He washes his hands and his face. 2 He says goodbye to his parents.     He has his breakfast. 3 He answers, "Tom Mott."     The teacher asks, "What's your name?" 4 Everyone runs to the classroom     The teids his bike to school     They talk happily.		b. He wants to say to his new teacher.	
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d. It is not far from here  II. Understand sequence. Which happens first? Write 1 on the line. Which happens second? Write 2 on the line (哪个先发生,在横线上写 1,哪个后发生,在横线上写 2).  1. He gets up early. He washes his hands and his face.  2. He says goodbye to his parents. He has his breakfast.  3. He answers, "Tom Mott."  The teacher asks, "What's your name?"  4. Everyone runs to the classroom  The bell rings.  5. He rides his bike to school  They talk happily.		b. The bell rings	
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3 He answers, "Tom Mott."  The teacher asks, "What's your name?"  4 Everyone runs to the classroom  The bell rings.  5 He rides his bike to school  They talk happily.	2.	He says goodbye to his parents.	
The teacher asks, "What's your name?"  4 Everyone runs to the classroom     The bell rings.  5 He rides his bike to school     They talk happily.		He has his breakfast.	
4 Everyone runs to the classroom  The bell rings.  5 He rides his bike to school  They talk happily.	3.	He answers, "Tom Mott."	
The bell rings.  5 He rides his bike to school  They talk happily.		The teacher asks, "What's your name?"	,
5 He rides his bike to school They talk happily.	4.	Everyone runs to the classroom	
They talk happily.		The bell rings.	
v =	5.	He rides his bike to school	
IV. Review the text. Complete each sentence. Then read the text again and check		They talk happily.	
	N	. Review the text. Complete each sentence. Then read the text again and check	ζ.

your answers (完成句子,然后再读课文来检验一下你的答案是否正确).



It's the first day of Tom rides	his	to	school.	He	sees	his
and meets his new						
V. Read the text again. Answer the questi	ons (重新阅读	支课:	文,回答问	题).		
1. When does the school year begin?				-11		
2. Who is Tom's teacher this term?				<b>-</b> 6		
3. Who wants to take Tom to school?						
4. Who asks Tom's name?						
5. Who runs to the classroom?						



#### Discussion

Talk in English with your partner for 5 minutes about your first day of the new term. You may begin like this. It's my first day at school. My new English teacher is...

(和你的同伴一起谈论一下新学期的第一天,在第一天都做什么?)



#### A little traveler

Mr. Cabrera is a Mexican farmer. He works in the fields every day. His son, Thomas, is three years old. Thomas often goes to the fields with his father. Thomas sits on a rock while Mr. Cabrera works. One day, Mr. Cabrera looked up from his work. Thomas



wasn't there. Mr. Cabrera ran to his house and looked for Thomas. Thomas wasn't there. Mr. Cabrera looked everywhere for Thomas. He couldn't find him.

The Cabrera farm is close to the border between Mexico and the United States. There is a fence at the border, but there are holes in the fence. "Maybe Tomas crawled through a hole in the fence," Mr. Cabrera thought. "Maybe Thomas is in the United States."

The Mexican police telephoned the U. S. Border Patrol. "We need your help," they said. The Mexican police told the U. S. Border Patrol officers about



Tomas.

The U. S. Border Patrol officers began to look for Thomas in the United States. They were worried. The land near the border is desert. It is hot in the daytime and cold at night. A small boy can't live long in the desert.

Tomas disappeared on the Friday afternoon. On Saturday night a U. S. Border Patrol officer saw small footprints in the sand. He followed the footprints to a bush. Under the bush he found Thomas. Thomas was cold, hungry, and thirsty. He had cuts on his feet and face. But he was alive. He was 15 miles from his home.

### **New Words**

border/'bo:də/

crawl/kro:l/

patrol/pəˈtrəul/

officer/'afisə/

worried/warid/

desert/'dezət/
disappear/ˌdisə'piə/

footprint/'futprint/

bush/buʃ/

cut/knt/

n. 边界;边沿

υ. 爬行;蠕动

n. 巡逻;巡逻队

n. 军官;官员

a. 担心的;烦恼的

n. 沙漠

υ. 消失

n. 脚印

n. 灌木

n. 伤口;切口

### Notes

- 1. look up: 抬起头。
- 2. look for: 寻找。
- 3. U. S. Border Patrol officers:美国边境巡逻官。

## Exercises



# Vocabulary

- I. Complete the sentences. Find the right words. Circle the letter of your answer(完成句子).
- 1. The Cabrera farm is in close to the border between Mexico and the United

	States. A is at Mexico.	the border.	It separa	tes the	United States from
		1		c	
		b. museum	1 11 1	c. fenc	
۷,	But there are in		a a small b		N=1
0	a. fields	b. rocks	A 11 0	c. hole	
	Thomas on Frid		A U. S.	Border	Patrol officer found
	Thomas on Saturday ni			4	
	a. disappeared		., .		•
	Thomas walked in the		miles. A	U. S. 1	Border Patrol officer
	found his small				
	a. toys	b. footprints			
I	. Which words go togethe	er? Connect tl	hem with a	line(把	意义相当的词用线连起
	<b>来)</b> .			51	
	rock	a. footmark		e .	
	field	b. stone			
3.	the United States	c. land			
4.	telephone	d. America			
5.	bush	e. call			
6.	footprint	f. tree			
${\rm I\hspace{1em}I}$	. Write the opposites. Yo	ou can find the	e words in	the text	(在课文中找出下列词
	的反义词).				
1.	work p	2. here t			3. far _ 1
4.	fullr_	5. dead a			
1					
P	Comprehension				
I	Find information. Read	the questions	and find th	ie answe	ers in the text Write
_	the answer on the line.				
1.	Is Cabrera a teacher or		JX,100X	一儿呀怎	<b>%/·</b>
-•	to captera a teacher of a	a farmer:			
2.	Is his farm in the United	d States or in	Mexico?		<del></del>
3.	Is his farm close to the	border or far	from the b	order?	
4.	Did Thomas go to the U	Jnited States of	or to Mexic	co?	
<u>5.</u> 3	Did a U.S. Border Patr	ol officer find	l Tomas u	nder the	e bush or under the



sand?					
6. Was Thomas dead or alive	?				
7. Was Thomas 2 miles or 15	5 miles from his home?				
I. Understand pronouns. Loc	ok at the pronouns. What do they mean? Write the				
letter of your answer on t	he line (将答案写在横线上 ).				
1 Thomas was sitting	g on it.				
2 Thomas crawled the	Thomas crawled through it.				
3 The Mexican polic	e telephoned them.				
4 It is hot in the day	time and cold at night.				
5 The U. S. Border	Patrol officer saw them in the sand.				
6 The officer found '	Thomas under it.				
a. footprints	b. the desert				
c. a rock	d. the bush				
e, the U.S. Border Patrol	f. a hole in the fence				
1					



Were you lost when you were a child? Was someone you know lost? First, read about Thomas. Then, on your own paper, write about yourself. (Or write about someone you know.)

- 1. Thomas was three years old when he was lost. How old were you?
- 2. Thomas was with his father. Who were you with?
- 3. Thomas was in a field. Where were you?
- 4. Thomas walked to the United States. Where did you go?
- 5. The U.S. Border Patrol found Thomas. Who found you?
- 6. Thomas was lost for two days. How long were you lost?

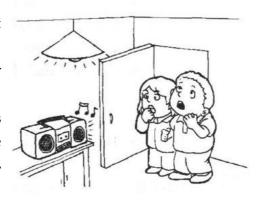
Read your sentences to a partner. Tell your partner a little more about your experience.





## Light on

Last Sunday Mr. Smith and his wife went to the seaside. They arrived home very late. Mr. Smith unlocked the front door and they went into the house. It was very dark. So Mr. Smith turned on the lights. On the way upstairs Mrs. Smith said, "Listen, I can hear someone in the living-room." They went downstairs again and stood quietly outside the room.



"Yes, you are right." said Mr. Smith, "There are two men there. They are talking." Then he called out loudly, "Who is there?" But no one answered. Mr. Smith opened the door quickly and turned on the light. The room was empty. Then he saw something and laughed. The radio was still on. "I should have turned it off this morning," he said, "but I forgot!"

## **New Words**

seaside/'si:said/

n. 海边;海滨

unlock/mn'lok/

vt. 开·····的锁

upstairs/'Ap'steəz/

ad. 往楼上的;在楼上的

downstairs/'daun'steəz/ a. 往楼下的;在楼下的

empty/'empti/

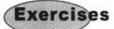
a. 空的

# Notes

- 1. on the way upstairs:在上楼的楼梯上。
- 2. call out:大声喊。



- 3. turn on the light:打开灯。
- 4. should have turned it off:本来应该关掉,为与事实相反的过去完成式的虚 拟语气。





#### Choose one of the words to fill in the blanks (洗词填空).

23.5		2 2 1 1 1 2 2 20 20 20	200	
seaside	empty		turn off	
turn on	laugh		forgot	
It is dark in the room	. Please	the light.		
There is no water in	the bottle. It	is		
When you leave the r	oom, remem	ber to t	he light.	
We are going to	this weeke	end.		
The jokes(笑话) mad	le everybody	•		
I her name.				
	turn on  It is dark in the room There is no water in When you leave the r We are going to The jokes(笑话) mad	turn on laugh  It is dark in the room. Please There is no water in the bottle. It When you leave the room, remem We are going to this weeke The jokes(笑话) made everybody	turn on laugh  It is dark in the room. Please the light.  There is no water in the bottle. It is  When you leave the room, remember to t  We are going to this weekend.  The jokes(笑话) made everybody	turn on laugh forgot  It is dark in the room. Please the light.  There is no water in the bottle. It is  When you leave the room, remember to the light.  We are going to this weekend.  The jokes(笑话) made everybody

## Comprehension

- I. Which sentence has the same meaning as the sentence in the text? Circle the letter of your answer (在 a, b 两个选项中选出与课文中句子意义相近的选项).
- 1. Last Sunday Mr. Smith and his wife went to the seaside.
  - a. Last Sunday Mr. Smith and his wife went to the sea.
  - b. Last Sunday Mr. Smith and his wife went to the shore.
- 2. They arrived home very late.
  - a. They got home very late.
- b. They stayed at home.
- 3. Mr. Smith unlocked the front door.
  - a. Mr. Smith closed the front door.
  - b. Mr. Smith opened the front door.
- 4. The room was empty.

  - a. Nobody was in the room.

    b. Somebody was in the room.
- **II.** Understand pronouns. Who is it? What is it? Write the letter of your answer on the line (在横线填上你选择的答案).
- 1. \_\_\_\_ She said, "Listen, I can hear someone in the living-room."
- "Yes, you are right," said he.



3.	He called out, "Who is there?"
4.	"But I forget," he said.
	a. Mr. Smith b. Mrs. Smith
	. Understand the main idea. Circle the letter of the best answer (在 a, b, c 中选
	出正确的答案填在横线上).
1.	Mr. Smith and his wife came back very late last Sunday because
	a. they work hard
	b. they went to the seaside
	c. they went to the countryside
2.	They came into the house and Mr. Smith turned on the lights because
	·
	a. he like the light
	b. he wanted to find his key
	c. it was very dark
3.	They went downstairs again because
	a. they heard someone talking in the living-room
	b. they heard the cat crying
	c. they saw someone in the living-room
4.	There was no answer in the living-room because
	a. the men had run away
	b. there wasn't anyone there at all
	c. the men in the room couldn't answer
5.	When Mr. Smith came into the living-room, he found
	a. his TV was on
	b. there were not two men but his radio working
	c. he had left his radio in the room
-	

# The day before yesterday is my birthday

Mr. Clark is a doctor. He works in a hospital. It is far away from his home to the hospital. He is always busy with his work. He often comes back home late and often forgets his family's birthdays.

