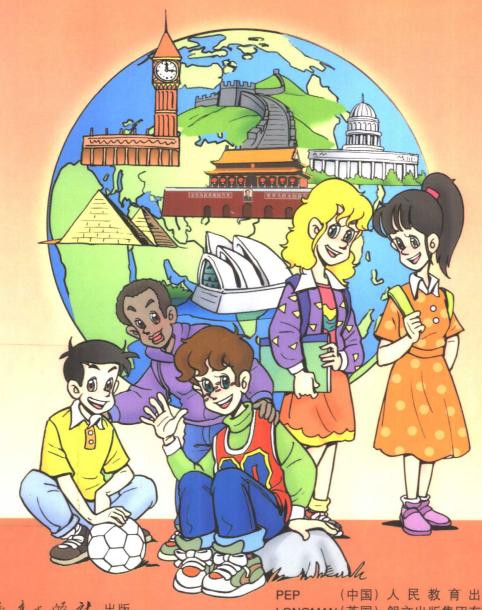
经全国中小学教材审定委员会2001年审查通过 九年义务教育三年制初级中学教科书



第二册(下)

Junior English for China

Students' Book 2B



人民教育水纸社出版

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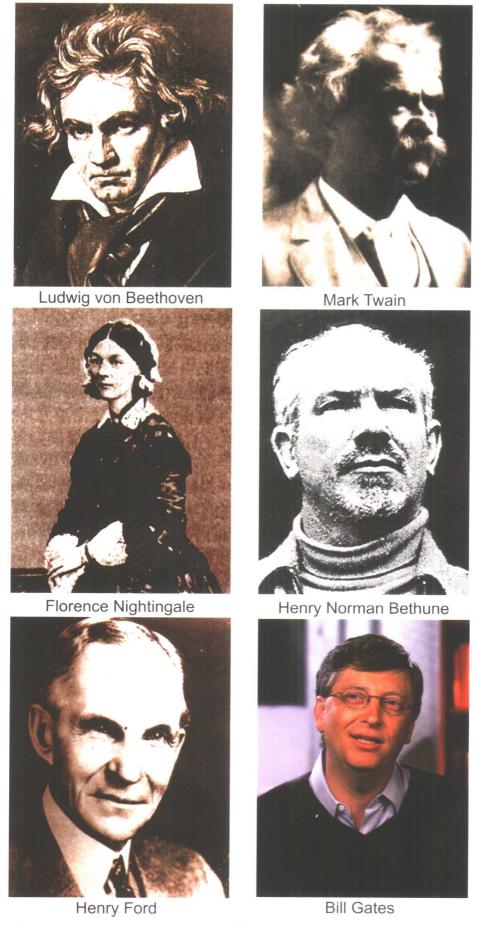
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ii



A sports meeting



The long jump



The high jump



Table tennis



The relay race



Swimming



Football



Volleyball



1994 年版本

顾 问: L·G·亚历山大 (L. G. Alexander)

邓炎昌 张志公

主 编: N·J·H·格兰特 (N. J. H. Grant)

刘道义

学生用书责任编辑:

董蔚君 魏国栋 (参加编写工作)

J·特怀曼 (J. Twyman)

练习册责任编辑:

司延亭 (参加编写) 刘锦芳 (参加修订)

J·特怀曼 (J. Twyman)

王. 洁

2001年版本

顾问:

邓炎昌 丁往道

主 编: 刘道义

副主编:

魏国栋 龚亚夫

编 者: 曹洁

蒙 林

刘锦芳 岳汝梅

责任编辑:

曹洁

绘 画: 胡平利 王凌波

设 计:

凌 风 张献臣

美术编辑:

林荣桓

封面图绘画:

王凌波

封面设计:

林荣桓

《九年义务教育三年制初级中学教科书英语》是根据我国政府与联合国开发计划署达成的协议,由联合国开发计划署提供资助,联合国教科文组织任执行机构,人民教育出版社与英国朗文出版集团有限公司合作编写而成。本书是由人民教育出版社的编辑人员、设计人员与英方作者、编辑和设计人员合作编制而成。由人民教育出版社出版。按照协议规定,本书版权归人民教育出版社所有。

《九年义务教育三年制初级中学教科书英语》(修订版)是根据教育部 2000 年颁发的《九年义务教育全日制初级中学英语教学大纲(试用修订版)》在原《九年义务教育三年制初级中学教科书英语》基础上修订而成的。这次修订,旨在更加有利于贯彻党和国家的教育方针,更加有利于对青少年进行素质教育,更加有利于中学生的全面发展,培养学生的创新精神和实践能力。

本册书共有12个单元,供初中二年级第二学期使用。

本书由唐钧、董蔚君、孙琪莉(Sandra L. Richley)和魏德悟(Edward Vickers)审阅。

在本册课本(1994年版)的编写过程中,王碧霖、吴青、张泰金、杨友钦、宋庆林等参加了审阅工作。对本书的修订工作,还有许多教师提出了宝贵意见、特此表示感谢。

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UNIT 15 What do people eat?

Lesson 57 The fifty-seventh lesson

1 Look, learn and answer

Look at the colour picture on page i.

This is Jean's kitchen.

What can you see in it?

What's in the cupboard?

What's on the table?

What's in the fridge?

There's a little / some ... in / on it.

There are a few / some / many / a lot of ... in / on it.

•	
•	

2 Learn and discuss

Meat	Vege	etables	Fruit	Others
pork beef	carrots peas	cabbages tomatoes	apples grapes	bread cakes
•••	•••	•••		

- A: What do people eat in England /America / Japan ...?
- B: They eat a lot of potatoes / beef / fish
- A: So do we. / Oh, we don't. We eat a lot of

3 Puzzle dialogues

	Α		В
1	Would you like to have dinner	A	OK. Here you are.
	with me tonight?	В	Thank you.
2	Would you like some butter	C	Yes, just a little, please.
1	with your bread?	D	I'd love to, but I'm afraid
3	Could you pass me the cheese, please?		I can't. I'm very busy.
4	Help yourself to some soup.		

Lesson 58 The fifty-eighth lesson

1 Pre-read

Talk about the following questions in small groups.

- 1 What is the most popular food in China?
- 2 What is the most popular food in the world?
- 3 Do you like fast food? Why or why not?

2 Read

FAVOURITE FOOD

Every country has its favourite food. Italians like to eat pizza. Indians like to eat hot food. Japanese like to eat fish. Often they don't cook it.

In England, one of the most popular kinds of food is fish and chips. People usually buy it in a fish and chip shop. They put it in paper bags, and take it home, or to their workplace. Sometimes they eat it in the park or on the road.

But the world's favourite food isn't English, Italian, Indian or Japanese. It seems that American fast food is the most popular in the world. In New York, Moscow, Paris, London, and



even in some big cities in China, you can find people eating hamburgers and chips.

Chinese food is also very popular in the world. In many cities you can find Chinese restaurants. People enjoy Chinese food because it has different tastes and is usually very delicious!

3 Ask and answer

Do you think pizza is / are very popular in Italy / China / ...? Yes, I think so. / No, I don't think so.

Chocolate is good for your health. Do you agree? Yes, I agree. / No, I don't really agree.

carrots tofu ice cream hot dogs

Lesson 59 The fifty-ninth lesson

1 Study What kind of sentences are these?

1	2	3
The man cooks.	He likes beer.	He is very happy.
Mother helps. I am eating.	She made cakes. They are eating	The cakes taste good.
	the soup.	They felt tired.

4 5
He gave me some chocolate.
She passed him the salt.
We bought her a duck.

5
We keep the table clean.
They call supper dinner.
He made us laugh.

2 Read and discuss

1 Han Mei is a city girl. She says, "In my family everyone helps because my parents both work. Sometimes my father goes shopping and sometimes my mother does. Either my father or my mother cooks dinner on weekdays. I also do some cleaning and cooking at the weekend. We think that everyone should do some housework."



Do you help your parents with the housework? What do you usually do?

Do you think it's good to do some housework?

2 Indira is a country girl from India. She says, "In my family mum is the busiest. She feeds the animals and does all the housework. Dad does farm work in the daytime. When he comes back from the fields, he never does

anything. Either mum or I cook supper. Neither dad nor my brother helps. At night I also have to do a lot of homework. I don't think this is right. Why don't men do a bit of housework?"

Do you agree with Indira? Why or why not?



Lesson 60 The sixtieth lesson

1 Read and act

At Ann's house

ANN: What would you like, tea or juice?

CHEN: Tea, please.

ANN: With sugar and milk?

CHEN: Oh no! I like Chinese tea without anything in it.

ANN: OK. Here you are!

CHEN: Thanks.

MUM: Dinner's ready now!

ANN: Come and take a seat, Chen Hui.

CHEN: Thank you very much.

ANN: Today we're going to have some-

thing English.

CHEN: Really? What is it?

ANN: It's my favourite, fish and chips.

CHEN: Oh good! But where are the

paper bags?

ANN: Ha ha. This is not take-away food! This is home cooking!

CHEN: Mmm, it must be more delicious.

ANN: But I think it's much nicer in a paper bag, in the open air!

MUM: Not today, dear. Next time!

CHEN: The food is really delicious, Mrs Read.

MUM: I'm happy you like it, Chen Hui. Do you want some apple pies?

CHEN: No, thank you. I'm full.

2 Listen Listen to the tape and answer the questions on page 64.

3 Read and act

WAITER: Good evening, Madam.

LINDA: Good evening.
WAITER: A table for two?

LINDA: Yes. Can we sit at the table

by the window?

WAITER: OK. This way, please.

(At the table) Here's the

menu.



PAUL: Thank you.

WAITER: May I take your order now?

Yes. We'll have chicken with potatoes, beef with onions, some PAUL:

rice and vegetable soup.

(After the meal)

Excuse me, could we have some coffee, please? LINDA:

Certainly, Madam. Would you like anything else? WAITER:

PAUL: No. that's all. Could we have the bill?

Of course, Sir. WAITER:

4 Write

200

*

in the

In small groups, talk about Chinese food and then write a short passage about it. You may begin like this:

China is very famous for its food in the world. There are many kinds of food in China. ...



Grammar Five kinds of simple sentences 简单句的五种基本句型

- **Subject + Intransitive Verb** 主语 + 不及物动词 He cooks. They are drinking.
- **Subject + Transitive Verb + Object** 主语 + 及物动词 + 宾语 She made cakes. They are drinking tea.
- Subject + Link Verb + Predicative 主语 + 系动词 + 表语 He is happy. They feel tired.
- Subject + Verb + Indirect Object + Direct Object 4 主语 + 及物动词 + 间接宾语 + 直接宾语 She passed him the salt. He gave her some chips.
- 5 Subject + Verb + Object + Complement 主语 + 及物动词 + 宾语 +宾语补足语 We keep the table clean. He made us laugh.

Invitation 邀请 Would you like to have dinner with me tonight?

Agreement and disagreement 同意与不同意

Do you think pizza is very popular in China? Yes, I think so. / No, I don't think so.

Chocolate is good for your health. Do you agree?

Yes, I agree. / No, I don't really agree.

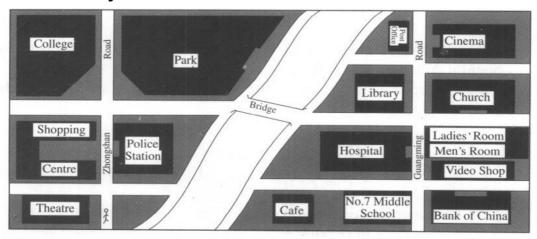
Useful expressions

take a seat either ... or neither ... nor something English I'm happy you like it. a bit of Would you like anything else? be famous for

UNIT 16 What a good, kind girl!

Lesson 61 The sixty-first lesson

1 Look and say



2 Read and act

- A: Excuse me. Can you tell me the way to the library?
- B: Yes. Walk along Zhongshan Road, and turn right at the second crossing. Go across the bridge. You'll find the library on the left. It's between the post office and the hospital. You can't miss it.
- A: Thanks very much.

3 Practise

Look at the map in part 1. Use the words below to help practise similar dialogues.

Ask the way to

the church

the cafe

the video shop

the theatre

...

Go along this road and
Go up this road to the end.
Go on until you reach the end.
Turn left at the ... crossing.
Take the second turning on the left.
Go across the bridge.
It's between the ... and the
You will see ... in front of you.
You can't miss it.