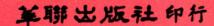
# 漢英對照

# 中國古文選譯

潘正英選譯

SELECTED READINGS

TRANSLATED FROM
CLASSIC CHINESE PROSE





# 中國古文選譯

潘正英選譯

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#### 日 次

司馬錯論伐蜀	爾爾	第	2
馮諼客孟嘗君	戰國	策	8
莊辛論幸臣	戰國	策	14
管晏列傳	司馬	遷	20
滑稽列傳	司馬	遷	30
训亭集序····································	王羲	之	38
歸去來辭	陶淵	明	42
桃花源記	陶淵	明	46
五柳先生傳	陶淵	明	50
<b>弔</b> 古戰場文······	李	華	54
春夜宴桃李闔序	李	白	62
圬者王承福傳	韓	愈	64
捕蛇者說·	柳宗	元	70
郭橐駝傳	柳宗	泛	76
陋室銘:	劉禹	錫	82
阿房宮賦	杜	牧	84
岳陽樓記	范仲	淹	90
醉翁亭記	歐陽	修	94
秋聲賦	歐陽	催	98
前赤壁賦・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	蘇	軾	102
後赤壁賦	蘇	軾	108
正氣歌	文天	祥	112
費柑者言	劉	基	116
奥山圖記	語有	光	120





### CONTENTS

C	3
Stratagem of the Warring States	- 3
Feng Huan Made Guest to Prince Meng Ch'ang	
Stratagem of the Warring States	9
Chuang Sin Talks on Favourites	
Stratagem of the Warring States	15
The Lifes of Kwan and Yen Sze Ma Chien	21
Shuen Yu Kuen, the Humourist Sze Ma Chien	31
The Story of the Get-together at the Orchid Tower	
Wang Hsih Chih	39
Let's Go Back Tao Yuan Ming	43
The Story of the Peachblossom Source Tao Yuan Ming	47
The Story of Five-willow Gentleman Tao Yuan Ming.	51
An Elegy on the Ancient Battle-field Li Hwa	55
Feasting in the Peach-plum Garden in Spring NightLi Pe	63
The Story of Wang Chen Fu, the Lasterer Han Yu	65
The Story of the Snake-catcher Liu Tsung Yuan	71
The Story of Kuo, the Camel Liu Tsung Yuan	77
Inscription on My Humble Cottage Liu Yu Hsih	83
On the Ah Fang Palace Tu Mu	85
The Story of Yoyang Tower	91
	95
	99
	03
	09
	13
m	17
	21

# 目 次

超威后間齊使	・・ 國策	124
孔子世家贊	• 史記	126
項羽本紀贊	• 史記	129
馬說	・韓愈	133
師說	韓蘇	135
深慮論	方孝儒	142
<b>祭題魚文</b>	. 韓慜	147
諸葛亮前出師妻	後漢書	151
<b>諸葛光</b> 後出師寿 ·······	後漢書	159
陳情表	李密	169
馬援誡兄子嚴敦書	宙溝分	173

## CONTENTS

Queen Wei of Chao Querying A Messenger of Chi125
a) Eulogy to Confucius Z. K. Zia
a) A short Life of Hong Yu Z. K. Zia
a) Horse Liu Chi-chien
a) The Instructor. T. Y. Jan
Of Sagacious Conceit C. P. T143
The Sacrifice to the Crocodile Henry Bain 148
a) Chu-Ko Kung-ming's First Memorial to the Throne on His Expedition Z. Q. Parker
a) Chu-Ko Kung-ming's Second Memorial to the Throne on His Expedition  C. Q. Paker
A Pleading Memorial Chi Ching-li
Ma Yuan's Letter to His Nephews, Yen and Tun Z. K. Zia

## CONTENTS

Queen Wei of Chao Querying A Messenger of Chi125
a) Eulogy to Confucius Z. K. Zia
a) A short Life of Hong Yu Z. K. Zia····· 129 b) In Praise and Censure of Hong Yu Duncan Chow··· 131
a) Horse Liu Chi-chien
a) The Instructor T. Y. Jan
Of Sagacious Conceit C. P. T143
The Sacrifice to the Crocodile Henry Bain 148
a) Chu-Ko Kung-ming's First Memorial to the Throne on His Expedition Z. Q. Parker
a) Chu-Ko Kung-ming's Second Memorial to the Throne on His Expedition Z. Q. Paker
b) Chu-Ko Kung-ming's Second Memorial to the Throne on His Expedition C. H. Brewitt-Jaylor
A Pleading Memorial Chi Ching-li 170
Ma Yuan's Letter to His Nephews, Yen and Tun  Z. K. Zia

#### 司馬錯論伐蜀

#### 戰 國 策

司馬錯與張儀爭論於秦惠王前。司馬錯欲伐蜀,張儀曰:「不如伐韓。」王曰:「請聞其說。」對曰:

「親魏善楚,下兵三川,蹇轅轅緱氏之口,當屯留之道,魏絕南陽,楚臨南鄭,秦攻新城宜陽,以臨二周之郊,誅周主之罪,侵楚魏之地,周自知不救,九鼎實器必出,據九鼎,按圖籍,挟天子以令天下,天下莫敢不聽,此王業也。

「今夫蜀,西僻之國,而戎狄之長也, 敵兵勞衆,不 足以成名,得其地,不足以爲利。臣聞爭名者于朝,爭利



<sup>1.</sup> command the obedience of = ······ 療從.

# Sze-ma Ts'o Counseled the Invasion of Shu

#### (Stratagem of the Warring States)

Sze-ma Ts'o and Chang Yi debated in the presence of King Hwei of Ch'in. Sze-ma Ts'o wanted to invade Shu, but Chang Yi said, "It is not so good as to invade Hann." The king asked for the reason, and Chang Yi answered thus:

"Keep friendly relations with Wei and Ch'u, send troops down to San Chuan, stop the Huan-yuan and Housze passes, and close the Tung Lui defile. Meanwhile make Wei intercept the passage to Nan Yang; get Ch'u to advance upon Nan-cheng; and let Ch'in attack Sin-cheng and Yi-yang, and march to the oraskirts of the two Chous, charging their rulers with invasion against Ch'u-Wei. The men of Chous, realizing that they can not save themselves, will bring forth their nine tripods and treasure-vessels. Now with the nine tripods in your possession, and by the guidance of maps and records, you may well command, through the control of the Emperor, the obedience of the princes; and who in the world dare defy you? This is king's business.

"Now Shu is situated in the wild west, being the leader of the barbarian regions. It will give no fame but tire out the army; nor is it very profitable, though more land may be acquired. I have heard that those who love fame will compete for it at the court, and those who love profit will compete for it at the market. Now San

者於市。今三川周室,天下之市朝也,而王不爭焉,顧爭 於戎狄,去王業遠矣。」

司馬錯曰:「不然。臣聞之,欲富國者,務廣其地; 欲强兵者,務富其民;欲王者,務博其德,三資者備,而 王隨之矣。

「今王之地小民貧,故臣願從事于易。夫蜀,西僻之國也,而戎狄之長也,而有桀紂之亂。以秦攻之,譬如使豺狼逐羣羊也。取其地,足以廣國也,得其財,足以富民。 緒兵不傷衆,而彼已服矣。故拔一國,而天下不以爲暴, 利盡四海,諸侯不以爲貪,是我一舉而名實兩附,而又有禁暴止亂之名。

「今攻韓刧天子。刧天子, 惡名也, 而未必利也, 又 有不義之名, 而攻天下之所不欲, 危。臣請謁其故。周, Chuan and the house of Chou are the market and court of the world; if my king would not compete there but compete in the barbarian regions, it would be far from being kingly business."

Sze-ma Ts'o said, "It is not so. I have heard that he who would make his country rich must work for the expansion of its territory, and he who wants to make his army strong must seek to make his people rich, and a prince who would be king must work hard to extend his beneficial work. Complete with these three, royal achievement will follow as a natural result.

"Now Your Highness' territory is small, and the people are poor; and so I would have Your Highness begin with the easier. Situated in the west remote regions. Shu is the leader of the barbarian nations, but it is misgoverned by rulers like Che and Chou. If Ch'in launches an attack upon Shu, it will be like a wolf chasing a flock of sheep. Annex its territory, and it will enlarge the country; take its wealth, and it is enough to enrich the people and to repair the army; and it can be conquered with the cost of a few men. Therefore, though you take the whole country, the world will not think it aggressive; and though you seize all the wealth of the southwest, the princes will not think it greedy. Thus, we shall achieve both fame and substance at one stroke, besides having the reputation of checking violence and loving peace.

"Now as to threatening the emperor by attacking Hann: to threaten the Emperor is a bad name, and it is not necessarily profitable. It will also bring on an ill-reputation of injustice. To attack, what the whole world would not like, it is dangerous. Let me state the reason: Chou is the overlord of the world, and both Ch'i and Hann

天下之宗室也;韓,周之與國也。周自知失九鼎,韓自知 亡三川,則必將二國幷力合謀,以因乎齊趙,而求解乎楚 魏。以鼎與楚,以地與魏,王不能禁。此臣所謂危,不如 伐蜀之完也。」

惠王曰:「善,寡人聽子。」卒起兵伐蜀,十月取之,遂定蜀。蜀主更號爲侯,而使陳莊相蜀。蜀旣屬,秦 益張富厚,輕諸侯。 are Chou's allies. When Chou realizes that it will lose the nine tripods and Hann realizes that it will lose Sanchuan, they will work hard together to free themselves, through Ch'i and Chao, from the pressure of Ch'u and Wei by giving the nine tripods to Ch'u and giving land to Wei. Your Highness will be unable to prevent this. This is why I say it is dangerous and not so sound as the invasion of Shu."

King Hwei said, "Well, I will listen to you." Then he raised an army to attack Shu, occupied it in ten months, and finally annexed it. The head of Shu was demoted to a Duke, and Chen Chuang was made his assisting officer. After the conquest of Shu, Ch'in became still stronger and richer, and the princes were made much the lighter.

#### 馮諼客孟嘗君

#### 戦 國 策

齊人有馮諼者, 貧乏不能自存。使人屬孟嘗君, 願寄食門下。孟嘗君曰: 「客何好?」曰: 「客無好也。」曰: 「客無好也。」 曰: 「客何能?」曰: 「客無能也。」孟嘗君笑而受之, 曰: 「諾。」

左右以君賤之也,食以草具。居有頃,倚柱彈其劍,歌曰:「長鋏歸來乎!食無魚。」左右以告。孟嘗君曰:「食之,比門下之客。」居有頃,復彈其鋏,歌曰:「長鋏歸來乎!出無車。」左右皆笑之,以告。孟嘗君曰:「爲之駕,比門下之車客」。於是乘其車,揭其劍,過其友曰:

<sup>1.</sup> did not make much of .....=對.....並不尊重.

### Feng Huan Made Guest to Prince Meng Ch'ang

#### (Stratagem of the Warring States)

There was in Ch'i a man named Feng Huan, who could hardly make a living. He solicited a man to recommend him to Lord Meng Ch'ang, wishing to be one of his hangers-on. Lord Meng Ch'ang asked, "What does the guest like?" And the man said, "The guest has no particular liking." Lord Meng Ch'ang asked, "What special talent has the guest?" And the man said, "The guest has no special talent." Lord Meng Ch'ang accepted him with a smile, saying, "All right."

The attendants, seeing that the master of the house did not make<sup>1</sup> much of him, made him eat from straw vessels. After a short while, Feng Huan stood against a post and tapped at his sword as he sang to himself: "Shall I go back, my long sword? I have no fish for food." Being told this, Lord Meng Ch'ang said, "Feed him as one of our guests." After a while he again tapped at his sword, saying, "Shall I go back, my long sword? I have no carriage when I go out." The men around him all laughed, and told Lord Meng Ch'ang about it, who said: "Let him be provided with a carriage and be treated as those guests who are provided with carriages."

Then, riding in his carriage and holding his sword, Feng Huan paid a visit to his friend and said, "Now Lord Meng Ch'ang treats me as his guest."

After a while, he again tapped at his sword, say ng.