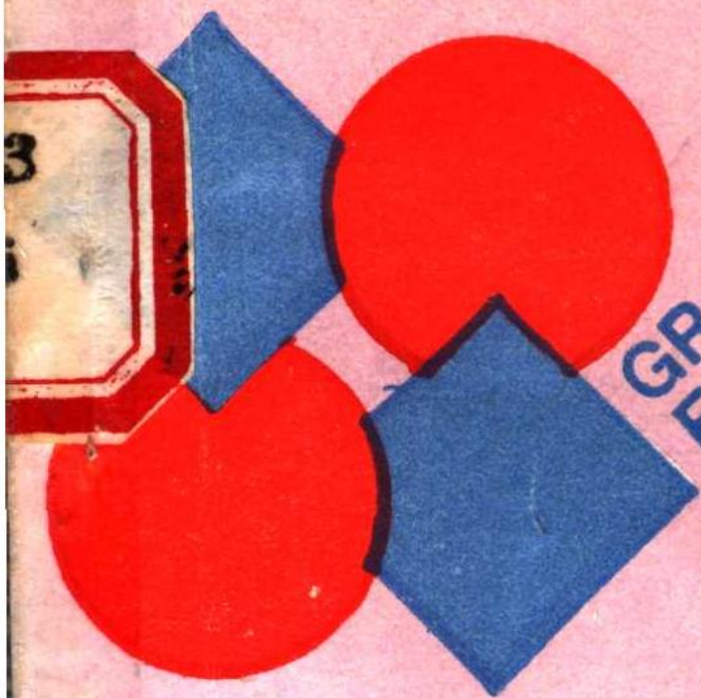


大学英语 分级词汇双解手册

(一级分册)

HANDBOOK OF
GRADED VOCABULARY
FOR COLLEGE STUDENTS



大 学 英 语 分 级 词 汇 双 解 手 册

一 级 分 册

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冯启瑞 审校

广西科学技术出版社

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前 言

1986年以来,我国大学英语教学已全面实施国家教委新颁布的理工科和文理科两套《大学英语教学大纲》,实行分级教学,且每年进行两次全国大学生四、六级英语统考。为了帮助学生在有限时间内循序渐进地掌握必需的基本词汇,达到分级考试的要求,我们选编了这套《大学英语分级词汇双解手册》。

本手册的编制是借助于电子计算机,以教学大纲规定掌握的1~6级词汇表为依据,参考国内外权威的词频统计资料,将我国现行的五套分级教材(《大学英语》(文理通用)复旦大学等四所院校合编、《新英语教程》清华大学编、《大学核心英语》上海交通大学编、《现代英语》英国麦克米伦出版公司编、《大学英语阅读教程》华中理工大学编)中出现的英语生词,进行统计、分析和研究,从大量词汇中筛选出复现率最高、符

合大纲要求的应会词汇，分编为六个分册。每级一个分册，便于各级学生使用。

每分册包括三个部分。一、基本词汇，为各级教材中按大纲规定要求应掌握的词汇。其中一些仅要求文理科学生掌握的用符号“☆”标出，仅要求理工科学生掌握的用符号“●”标出；二、补充词汇，为各版本的分级教材中超出大纲要求范围，但使用率较高的普通常用词汇（供学生扩大词汇量用）；三、附录，包括各级教材中出现的专有名词，常用前、后缀，常用缩写词，以及英文计量单位转换词表。每分册的词汇量为1000左右。词组一般列在其关键词的词条内。各词汇的英汉注解主要参考《英汉双解牛津初级英语学习词典》和《牛津现代高级英汉双解辞典》，以及各分级教材。

本手册适于大学非英语专业学生选用，也可供英语教师参考。

本书由广西师范大学冯启瑞副教授审校。郑州工学院蔡双立老师、山西省太原工业大学余建蓉老师为本书编写提供了不少有价值的资料，空军高炮学院李荣生、黄川桂为词汇统计编制了计算机程序，学院训练部的领导及同行给予了大力支持，在此一并致以衷心的感谢。

由于水平有限，书中存在的问题敬请广大读者批评指正。

编 者

本书使用的语法略语和符号如下：

<i>abbrev.</i>	缩写词	<i>adj.</i>	形容词
<i>adv.</i>	副词	<i>ant.</i>	反义词
<i>art.</i>	冠词	<i>colloq.</i>	口语，俗语
<i>conj.</i>	连接词	<i>etc.</i>	等等
<i>n.</i>	名词	<i>num.</i>	数词
<i>pl.</i>	复数	<i>prep.</i>	介词
<i>pron.</i>	代词	<i>vi.</i>	不及物动词
<i>&</i>	和	<i>vt.</i>	及物动词

一、基本词汇

A

abroad [ə'brɔ:d] *adv.* to or in another country or other countries 出国; 在国外

ant. home 在家

absence ['æbsəns] *n.* (no pl.) being away 不在; 缺席

ant. presence 出席

absent ['æbsənt] *adj.* not there; away 不在; 缺席

ant. present 出席

☆ **ache** [eik] *vi.* have a pain 疼痛 *n.* a continuous pain 疼痛

acid ['æsid] *adj. & n.* with a sharp, bit-

ter taste 酸的；酸味的

ant. sweet 甜的

active ['æktiv] *adj.* able to do things;
moving quickly; doing a lot of things
能做事的；行动快的；活跃的；积极的

ant. inactive 不活跃的

activity [æk'tiviti] *n.* 1. (no pl.) doing
things; moving quickly 能动性；活跃；
敏捷 2. (pl. activities) what you do
活动；做的事情

☆ **act** [ækt] *n.* law that parliament has
made 法令；条例

actor ['æktə] *n.* man or boy who acts
in plays or films 男演员
ant. actress 女演员

☆ **address** [ə'dres] *vt.* write the name and
address of the person when you send
a letter or parcel (在信封或包裹上)
写姓名地址

advantage [əd'vɑ:ntidʒ] *n.* something
useful or helpful 有利条件；优点
take advantage of use someone or

something to help yourself 利用; 趁机
ant. disadvantage 不利

adventure [əd'ventʃə] *n.* doing something
exciting, dangerous, etc. 冒险; 惊险活
动

afford [ə'fɔ:d] *vt.* have enough money
for something 买(付, 经受)得起

alike [ə'laɪk] *adj.* almost the same; not
very different 相同; 很象 *adv.* in
the same way 相同地; 一样

ant. unlike, different 不同, 不象

all by oneself completely alone 独自地

annoy [ə'nɔɪ] *vt.* make someone rather
angry 使烦恼; 使生气

ant. please 使高兴

☆ **ant** [ænt] *n.* very small insect 蚂蚁

☆ **anxiety** [æŋg'zaiəti] *n.* 1. (no pl.) worry
and fear 忧虑; 担心; 焦急 2. (pl.
anxieties) something that makes you
worried and afraid 担心的事; 焦虑

apart [ə'pɑ:t] *adv.* 1. free from each
other 分开; 隔开 2. away from each

other 相隔

apart from as well as if you do not
count 另外; 除去

ant. together 在一起

appeal [ə'pi:l] *vi.* ask for something
that you want very much 要求; 呼吁
n. a strong request for help, support,
mercy, etc. 呼吁; 要求

appeal to please someone 有感染力; 使
……喜爱

appearance [ə'piərəns] *n.* 1. what some-
one or something looks like 外貌; 外
表; 样子 2. being seen, coming 显露;
出现; 出场

ant. disappearance 消失

approve [ə'pru:v] *vi.* think or say that
something or someone is good or right
赞成; 赞许; 通过

ant. disapprove 不赞成

☆ **area** ['ɛəriə] *n.* 1. part of a country;
part of the world 区域; 地区 2. size
of a flat place 面积

argue ['ɑ:gju:] *vi* 1. say something is wrong, not true; give a different idea 争论; 异议 2. say why you think something is right or wrong 争辩; 辩解
arise [ə'raiz] *vi.* (arose, arisen) 1. get up; stand up 起床; 起立 2. happen; start 发生; 产生; 开始

● **arrow** ['ærəu] *n.* 1. thin, pointed stick that you shoot from a bow 箭 2. sign in the shape of an arrow that points to something or shows the way 箭号; 箭状物

artist ['ɑ:tist] *n.* someone who paints pictures, plays music, etc. 艺术家; 美术家

as long as on condition that 只要……

ash [æʃ] *n.* (pl. ash or ashes) powder that is left after something has burnt 灰烬

association [ə,səʊʃi'eɪʃn] *n.* group of people with the same interests 协会; 社团

at the same time together 同时

attempt [ə'tempt] *v.* try to do something
尝试; 试图

attract [ə'trækt] *vt.* 1. make something
come nearer 吸引 2. make someone
want to come nearer, look at it, etc.
吸引人; 诱惑

ant. repel 排斥

attractive [ə'træktiv] *adj.* pleasing to
see, hear, etc. 迷人的; 有吸引力的

average ['ævərɪdʒ] *n.* 1. the middle num-
ber of a group 平均数 2. what is
ordinary, not special 一般水平; 平均
标准

avoid [ə'vɔɪd] *vt.* keep away or go away
from something or someone that you
do not like 避免; 回避; 躲开

ant. face, meet 碰到; 面临

☆ awkward ['ɔ:kwəd] *adj.* not able to
move easily 笨拙的; 不熟练的

axe [æks] *n.* tool for cutting wood 斧

B

background ['bækgraund] *n.* things at the back in the picture 背景; 后景
ant. foreground 前景

backward ['bækwəd] *adj.* 1. towards the back 向后的, 倒行的 2. not having modern things, ways, etc. 落后的; 迟钝的

ant. forward 向前的

backwards ['bækwədz] *adv.* 1. away from the front, towards the back 在后; 向后 2. with the back or the end first 倒; 逆

backward(s) and forward(s) first in one direction, then in the other 来回地; 往返地

ant. forwards, onwards 向前

balance ['bæləns] *n.* 1. (pl. balances) instrument for weighing things 天平;

秤 2. (pl. balances) the money that is left when you have paid out some of it 结余 *vt.* make or keep something steady, so it does not fall 保持平衡; 使平衡; 均衡

keep your balance stay steady; not fall 保持身体平衡

lose your balance become unsteady; fall 失去平衡

ant. instability, imbalance 不平衡

☆ bare [beə] *adj.* with no clothes, covering, etc. 赤裸的; 光秃的; 空的

● bath [bɑ:θ] *n.* 1. washing the whole body 洗澡 2. big basin where you sit to wash yourself 浴池; 浴盆 3. (usually pl.) public swimming-pool 澡堂; 游泳池

bean [bi:n] *n.* vegetable with seeds in pots 豆; 菜豆

beer [biə] *n.* 1. (no pl.) sort of alcoholic drink 啤酒 2. (pl. beers) glass or can of beer 一杯(壶)啤酒

behave [bi'heiv] *v.* be good or bad, do things well or badly 举动; 举止; 表现

behave yourself be good 放规矩点

behaviour [bi'heivjə] *n.* how you are; manners 举止; 表现; 行为

☆ **being** ['bi:ɪŋ] *n.* living thing, esp. person 生物, (特指)人

beneath [bi'ni:θ] *prep.* under, lower than, below 在...下方; 在...下面

ant. above, over 在...之上

● **beyond** [bi'jɒnd] *adv.* at or on the farther side of, further than 在(或向)...那边; 远于

ant. within 在...范围内

☆ **bicycle** ['baɪsɪkl] *n.* machine with two wheels, which you ride 自行车; 脚踏车

● **birth** [bɜ:θ] *n.* being born; coming into the world 出生; 诞生

● **bite** [baɪt] *n.* cutting something with teeth 咬; 一口(食物) *vt. & vi.* (bit, bitten) cut something with teeth; sting

咬; 叮

- **bitter** [ˈbitə] *adj.* 1. with a sour, sharp taste 苦的; 味道苦 2. make you sad or angry 辛酸的; 痛苦的
ant. sweet 甜的

block [blɒk] *n.* area of buildings bounded by four streets 街区

bold [bəʊld] *adj.* brave, fearless 大胆的; 勇敢的; 冒失的
ant. cowardly, shy 胆怯的

bomb [bɒm] *n.* hollow metal ball or shell filled with an explosive that bursts and hurts people or things 炸弹
vt. & vi. break something or hurt someone with a bomb 轰炸

☆ **boot** [bu:t] *n.* 1. heavy shoe that covers the ankle and sometimes part of the leg 高腰的鞋; 靴子 2. place for luggage in a car or coach (汽车后部) 行李箱

break into to enter by force 闯入

● **breath** [breθ] *n.* air that you take in

and send out through the nose and mouth 呼吸; 气息

catch your breath, hold your breath
stop breathing for a short time because you are very excited, afraid, etc. (由于激动、害怕等) 不出气; 屏息

- **breathe** [bri:ð] *vi. & vt.* take air into and send it out from your nose and mouth 呼吸

breed [bri:d] *vt. & vi.* (bred, bred) make young ones 产仔; 繁殖

brick [brik] *n.* block of baked clay used for building 砖; 砖块

broad [brɔ:d] *adj.* wide 宽阔的
ant. narrow 窄的

broadcast [ˈbrɔ:dkɑ:st] *vt. & vi.* (broadcast, broadcast) send sounds out by radio or television 广播; 播映

- **brown** [braun] *adj.* with the colour of coffee or cocoa 咖啡色的; 棕色的; 褐色的

- **brush** [brʌʃ] *n.* (pl. brushes) bunch of