

# 常用英语“完型填空”精选

谭佐全 温纪梅 欧国平 梁鉴焕 编



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## 前 言

英语“完型填空”是综合测试学习者运用英语能力的一种常见题型。近年的高考试题中，它一直占据着25%的比重。由于它是考查考生综合运用英语知识的能力，它本身就有一定的难度，不少学生对它就产生了一种望而生畏的害怕心理。为了帮助广大英语学习者解决这一难题，编者从最接近国家“高考”水平的角度，精选了80多篇作为训练的素材(答案附在后面)，希望那些想在短期内迅速提高做“完型填空”题型的能力的学习者有所收益。

该书以全国中学统编教材的知识范围为依据，适合高中各年级师生使用。

由于时间仓促、水平有限，本书一定还有不少错误，敬请广大读者不吝赐教。

编 者

1992. 12

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## I. 重点中学(或地区)模拟测考题

1

The very first thing I remember is the smell of sanifoin chaff (驴喜豆谷壳). You went up the stone passage that (1) from the kitchen to the shop, and the smell of sanifoin (2) stronger all the way. Mother (3) a wooden gate in the doorway (4). Joe and myself (Joe was my elder brother) from getting into the shop. I can still remember (5) there (6) the bars, and the smell of sanifoin (7) up with the damp plastery (灰泥状的) smell that (8) to the passage. It (9) till years later that I somehow managed to (10) into the gate and (11) into the shop when nobody was there. A mouse that (12) a go at one of the meal bins (豆类箱子) suddenly dropped out and (13) between my feet. It (14) quite white with meal. This (15) when I was about six years old.

(1) A. leaded B. leads C. led D. was led

(2) A. is getting B. got  
C. had got D. was got

(3) A. had fixed B. had fixxed

- C. would fix                      D. was fixed
- (4) A. preventing                  B. for preventing
- C. prevented                  D. to prevent
- (5) A. to stand                      B. stood
- C. to have stood              D. standing
- (6) A. seizeing                      B. seizing
- C. to seize                      D. seized
- (7) A. mixing                        B. having mixed
- C. mixed                        D. to be mixed
- (8) A. belonged                      B. was belonged
- C. was belong                  D. had been belonged
- (9) A. was                            B. wasn't
- C. had                            D. hadn't
- (10) A. crash                        B. be crashing
- C. have crashed                D. be crashed
- (11) A. got                            B. to get
- C. get                            D. getting
- (12) A. were having                B. did
- C. was                            D. had been having
- (13) A. run                            B. was running
- C. ran                            D. had run
- (14) A. get                            B. was
- C. had                            D. took
- (15) A. could have happened
- B. may have happened
- C. would have happened
- D. must have happened

Jack Hawkins was the football coach (教练员) at an American college, and he (1) to find good players, but they weren't always smart enough (2) by the college.

One day the coach (3) an excellent young player to the dean (院长) of the college and asked that the student (4) to enter (5) an examination.

"Well," the dean said after some (6). "I'd like to ask him a few questions first."

Then he turned to the student and asked him some very easy questions, but the student didn't know any of the answers.

At last the dean said, "Well, what (7) five times seven?"

The student thought for a long time and then answered, "Thirty-six."

The dean threw up his hands and looked at the coach in (8), but the coach said (9), "Oh, please let him (10), sir! He was only wrong by two."

- (1) A. was always trying    B. will always try  
      C. has always tried      D. would always try
- (2) A. to accept               B. to be accepted  
      C. to be received        D. to receive
- (3) A. fetch    B. take    C. brought    D. had got

- |                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| (4) A. allowed   | B. would allow |
| C. was allowed   | D. be allowed  |
| (5) A. without   | B. haven't     |
| C. with          | D. with out    |
| (6) A. agreement | B. things      |
| C. persuasion    | D. arrange     |
| (7) A. are       | B. is          |
| C. will be       | D. does        |
| (8) A. despair   | B. angry       |
| C. delight       | D. sorrow      |
| (9) A. easily    | B. nervously   |
| C. earnestly     | D. happily     |
| (10) A. alone    | B. out         |
| C. go            | D. in          |

(1、2选自北京大学附属中学高考模拟试题)

### 3

The little train came to (1) stop at our station and we got out, very (2) to be so near home at last. The (3) part of the journey from London had been quite comfortable; (4) when we had changed into the little train, we were already tired and dirty, and the (5) run, with its frequent stops at (6) villages, had only made us (7) tired and dirty.

There was a carriage waiting for us at the station, (8) by two black horses. As soon as we and our bags (9) in, the driver waved his whip

and we set off through the snowy forest. Even (10) the forest it was growing dark, it was the (11) day of the year, and the sky was (12) with clouds. Among the trees it seemed as if (13) was the middle of a moonless night. The oil lamps on our carriage (14) just enough light for the driver to (15) his way and for us to be able to (16) that we were driving between thick walls of trees.

After (17) seemed like two hours to us but (18) actually only half an hour, at last we (19) my friend's house. First we saw a row of lights (20) came from the windows, and then we were suddenly at the door, (21) about half a dozen children (22) all ages shouting and asking questions (23) together. As we were getting out of the carriage, a fine old lady with white hair came out, (24) I recognized without difficulty (25) my friend's mother.

- (1) A. some                      B. a  
      C. complete                D. the
- (2) A. soon                      B. liked  
      C. like                      D. glad
- (3) A. first                      B. next  
      C. one                      D. other
- (4) A. because                B. however  
      C. go                      D. but
- (5) A. rapidly                B. fast

- |      |                |             |
|------|----------------|-------------|
|      | C. thirsty     | D. slow     |
| (6)  | A. unimportant | B. large    |
|      | C. nearly      | D. big      |
| (7)  | A. every       | B. less     |
|      | C. more        | D. much     |
| (8)  | A. pulled      | B. pulling  |
|      | C. pushing     | D. pushed   |
| (9)  | A. came        | B. arrived  |
|      | C. already     | D. were     |
| (10) | A. in          | B. above    |
|      | C. outside     | D. out      |
| (11) | A. great       | B. longest  |
|      | C. happy       | D. shortest |
| (12) | A. covered     | B. hidden   |
|      | C. closed      | D. full     |
| (13) | A. that        | B. it       |
|      | C. there       | D. this     |
| (14) | A. sent        | B. gave     |
|      | C. did         | D. made     |
| (15) | A. take        | B. look     |
|      | C. feel        | D. see      |
| (16) | A. tell        | B. say      |
|      | C. speak       | D. talk     |
| (17) | A. it          | B. what     |
|      | C. might       | D. having   |
| (18) | A. for         | B. was      |
|      | C. past        | D. later    |

- |                  |             |
|------------------|-------------|
| (19) A. got      | B. reached  |
| C. visited       | D. observed |
| (20) A. brightly | B. shooting |
| C. which         | D. straight |
| (21) A. with     | B. and      |
| C. seeing        | D. meeting  |
| (22) A. at       | B. in       |
| C. about         | D. of       |
| (23) A. every    | B. each     |
| C. all           | D. put      |
| (24) A. whom     | B. such     |
| C. which         | D. so       |
| (25) A. her      | B. was      |
| C. is            | D. as       |

(选自清华附属中学)

4

It (1) around nine o'clock when I drove (2) home from work because it was already dark. As I approached the gates I switched off the head lamp of the car (3) prevent the beam swinging in through the window and waking Jack, who shared the house with me. But I (4), I noticed that his light was still on, so he was awake anyway—unless he'd (5) asleep while reading. I put the car away and went up the steps. Then I opened the door quietly and went to Jack's room. He was

in bed awake but he didn't (6) turn towards me.

"What's up, Jack." I said.

"For God's (7), don't make a noise," he said.

The way he spoke reminded me (8) someone (9) who is afraid to talk in case he (10) himself a serious injury.

"Take your shoes (11), Neville," Jack said.

I thought that he must be ill and that (12) humour (哄) him to keep him happy. "There's a snake here," he explained, "It's asleep (13) the sheets, I was (14) on my back reading when I saw it. I knew that moving was out of (15). I (16) moved even if I'd wanted to." I realized he was (17). "I was relying (18) you to call a doctor as soon as you (19) home," Jack went on.

"It hasn't bitten me yet but I daren't (20) to upset it. It (21) wake up. I'm sick (22) this," he said. "I (23) that you'd be home an hour ago."

There was no time to argue or apologize (24) late. I looked at him (25) I could and went out to telephone the doctor.

- (1) A. had to be                      B. was to be  
      C. must have been                D. should have been  
(2) A. at                                B. back  
      C. in                                D. to



- (3) A. so as to      B. in order  
C. so that      D. for
- (4) A. needn't bother  
B. didn't need to bother  
C. needn't have bothered  
D. mustn't have bothered
- (5) A. become      B. fallen  
C. gone      D. grown
- (6) A. even      B. just  
C. only      D. rather
- (7) A. behalf      B. love  
C. reason      D. sake
- (8) A. from      B. to  
C. of      D. with
- (9) A. with pain      B. in pain  
C. having pain      D. have ache
- (10) A. would do      B. does  
C. would make      D. makes
- (11) A. off      B. out  
C. away      D. back
- (12) A. I had rather      B. I would rather  
C. I had better      D. I would better
- (13) A. between      B. beside  
C. below      D. behind
- (14) A. lied      B. laid  
C. laying      D. lying
- (15) A. the bargain      B. the question