

四六级备考用书

大学英语

方亚中

胡先立

主编

Words Memorizing & Training

四级词汇特征记忆与考点训练



中国地质大学出版社

四六级备考用书

大学英语四级词汇 特征记忆与考点训练

主 编:方亚中 胡先立

副主编:邓 玲 沙红芳 王翠平

中国地质大学出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语四级词汇特征记忆与考点训练/方亚中, 胡先立主编. —武汉: 中国地质大学出版社, 1999. 9

四六级备考用书

ISBN 7 - 5625 - 1435 - 6

I. 大…

II. ①方… ②胡…

III. 英语-大学四级-词汇学习

IV. H319

责任编辑: 赵福堂

责任校对: 郝 三

技术编辑: 赵福堂

出版发行: 中国地质大学出版社(武汉市洪山区鲁磨路 31 号) 邮编: 430074

电话: (027) 87482760 传真: 87481537 E-mail: cbo@cug.edu.cn

经 销: 全国新华书店

开本: 850mm × 1168mm 1/32

字数: 320 千字 印张: 11.875

版次: 1999 年 9 月第 1 版

印次: 1999 年 9 月第 1 次印刷

印刷: 武汉测绘院地图印刷厂

印数: 1—5 000 册

ISBN 7 - 5625 - 1435 - 6/H·70

定价: 14.00 元

如有印装质量问题请与印刷厂联系调换

前 言

词汇是学习语言的重点和难点。若有严谨的治学态度并运用较为合适的方法,就一定会在语言的学习上取得事半功倍的效果。

本书旨在根据词的不同特点将四级词汇进行不同的分块分组,以便学习与记忆。每组词都配有练习,以加深记忆。练习中的语句规范,难度适中,且全部运用大纲词汇。

第一部分为四级词汇特征分类记忆与练习。其中,第一大块是从构词法的角度分类的,即把具有相同词缀的词放在一起。若某一组中的词数较多,则根据拼写、读音、音节的长短及所属词类再进行切分。词缀的含义能使人产生联想,从而有助于记忆。

第二大块是把读音与拼写相似的词放在一起比较和练习。每一组词中词的音节大致相当,读起来音韵和谐,且拼写上有一定的部分是相同的。

第三大块是对一些词的比较与辨析,即将四级考试中经常出现的需要在意义和用法上加以区分的词进行了比较与辨析。每组比较与辨析后附有练习,是讲与练的结合。

第四大块是从词的搭配上进行划分的,是四级词汇表中词组部分的重新编排,即把具有相同搭配或类似结构的词组放在一起比较和练习。掌握这些词组的含义并在使用上正确加以区分,乃是四级考试不可忽略的内容。

第二部分是典型考题的分类练习。第三部分是词汇的综合训练。

本书一定有许多不足之处,错误在所难免,敬请读者及同行批评指正。

编 者

一九九九年七月

目 录

第一部分 词汇特征分类记忆与练习.....	(1)
一、含相同词缀的词	(1)
二、含相近读音或拼写的词.....	(78)
三、意义相近的词	(188)
四、具有相同搭配的词组	(271)
第二部分 词汇与结构典型考题.....	(294)
一、词汇比较与辨析	(294)
二、词汇的语法结构	(302)
第三部分 四级词汇综合训练.....	(320)

第一部分 词汇特征分类记忆与练习

一、含相同词缀的词

apologize [ə'pɒlədʒaɪz] *vi.* 道歉, 认错

civilize ['sɪvəlaɪz] *vt.* 使文明, 使开化

criticize ['kritisəɪz] *vt.* ① 批评, 批判 ② 评论, 评价

emphasize ['emfəsaɪz] *vt.* 强调, 着重

industrialize [ɪn'dʌstriəlaɪz] *v.* (使)工业化

organize ['ɔ:gənaɪz] *vt.* 组织, 把...编组

realize ['ri:əlaɪz] *vt.* ① 认识到, 体会到 ② 实现

recognize ['rekəɡnaɪz] *vt.* ① 认出, 识别 ② 承认

specialize ['speʃəlaɪz] *vi.* (in)专门研究, 专攻

summarize ['sʌməraɪz] *vt.* 概括, 总结

sympathize ['sɪmpəθaɪz] *vi.* ① 同情, 怜悯 ② 体谅, 赞同

utilize ['ju:tilaɪz] *vt.* 利用

【练习】

1. Scientists have discovered a means for _____ coal waste.
2. When I heard the noise on the roof, I _____ that it was raining.
3. I must _____ to her for my rudeness.
4. I find it difficult to _____ with him when he complains so much.
5. He _____ in modern languages.
6. In order to make his speech vivid and powerful, he _____ a lot of facts.
7. The Romans _____ many of the tribes (部落) of northern Europe.

8. I will _____ what I have done and want done.
9. They are determined to _____ their economies.
10. The town has changed so much that you wouldn't _____ it.
11. The teacher _____ the importance of after-class reading.
12. He was _____ for his delay in dealing with the matter.

答案: 1. utilizing 2. realized 3. apologize 4. sympathize 5. specializes 6. organized 7. civilized 8. summarize 9. industrialize 10. recognize 11. emphasizes 12. criticized

clarify ['klærɪfaɪ] *vt.* 澄清, 阐明
classify ['klæsɪfaɪ] *vt.* 把...分类, 把...分级
identify [aɪ'dentɪfaɪ] *vt.* ① 认出, 鉴定 ② (with) 认为...等同于
justify ['dʒʌstɪfaɪ] *vt.* 证明...正当 (或有理), 为...辩护
modify ['mɒdɪfaɪ] *vt.* 修改, 更改
qualify ['kwɒlɪfaɪ] *v.* (使) 具有资

格, (使) 胜任, (使) 合适
satisfy ['sætɪsfaɪ] *vt.* 满足, 使满意
simplify ['sɪmplɪfaɪ] *vt.* ① 简化 ② 使单纯
specify ['spesɪfaɪ] *vt.* 明确说明, 具体指定
verify ['verɪfaɪ] *vt.* ① 证明, 证实 ② 核实, 查清

【练习】

1. He is not _____ to be a teacher of English.
2. Later findings _____ the scientist's theory.
3. Please _____ when you will be away.
4. People who work in libraries spent a lot of time _____ books.
5. The teacher was _____ with my composition.
6. Try to _____ the decision-maker regarding your product or service.
7. How can you _____ your rude behavior.
8. The language needs to be _____. It's difficult to understand.
9. The inventor _____ his original design to increase the machine's efficiency.

10. The explanation in the note _____ the difficult sentence.

答案: 1. qualified 2. verified 3. specify 4. classifying 5. satisfied 6. identify 7. justify 8. simplified 9. modified 10. clarified

✓ **accomplish** [ə'kʌmplɪʃ] *vt.* 完成, 实现

✓ **astonish** [ə'stɒnɪʃ] *vt.* 使惊讶

distinguish [di'stɪŋɡwɪʃ] *v.* 区别, 辨别, 分清

establish [ɪ'stæblɪʃ] *vt.* ① 建立, 创办, 设立 ② 确立, 使确认

✓ **finish** ['fɪnɪʃ] *v.* 完成, 结束 / *n.* 结束, 最后阶段 (或部分)

flourish ['flʌrɪʃ] *vi.* 繁荣, 茂盛,

兴旺

furnish ['fɜːnɪʃ] *vt.* ① 供应, 提供 ② 装备, 布置

polish ['pɒlɪʃ] *n.* 擦光剂, 上光蜡 / *vt.* ① 磨光, 擦亮 ② 使优美, 润饰

✓ **publish** ['pʌblɪʃ] *vt.* ① 出版, 刊印 ② 公布, 发表

✓ **punish** ['pʌnɪʃ] *vt.* 惩罚, 处罚

vanish ['vænɪʃ] *vi.* ① 突然不见, 消失 ② 渐渐消散, 消灭

【练习】

1. He used a special kind of _____ on his shoes.

2. The _____ of the race was exciting.

3. They _____ the task successfully.

4. The People's Republic of China was _____ in 1949.

5. The news _____ everybody.

6. The sun _____ behind a cloud.

7. His newspaper grew and _____.

8. When did you _____ reading the book?

9. The young couple finally finished _____ their home.

10. We must _____ right from wrong.

11. _____ your shoes with a brush.

12. He got his book _____ in Shanghai.

13. The boy was _____ for being late.

答案: 1. polish 2. finish 3. accomplished 4. established 5. astonished 6. vanished 7. flourished 8. finish 9. furnishing 10. distinguish 11. Polish

12. published 13. punished

breadth [bredθ] *n.* 宽度, 幅度

depth [depθ] *n.* ① 深(度) ② (感情的)深厚, 深切

growth [grəuθ] *n.* ① 增长, 增加
② 增长量 ③ 生长, 发展

length [lenθ] *n.* ① 长, 长度, 距离
② 一段, 一节

strength [streŋθ] *n.* 实力, 力量

truth [truθ] *n.* ① 真相, 实情 ② 真实性, 忠实性 ③ 真理

warmth [wɔ:mθ] *n.* ① 暖和, 温暖
② 热烈, 热情, 热心

width [widθ] *n.* ① 宽度, 阔度, 广度
② 宽阔, 广阔

【练习】

1. That is too much for my _____.
2. There is not a word of _____ in what he says.
3. There has been a sudden _____ in membership of the club.
4. They made a stay of some _____ in Shanghai.
5. She showed a _____ of feeling that surprised us.
6. The _____ of the river is 800 meters.
7. Nothing is better than the _____ of the stove in winter.
8. The room is 16 feet in _____ and 12 feet in _____.
9. What is the _____ of the well?
10. Have you got a stick this _____?

答案: 1. strength 2. truth 3. growth 4. length 5. depth 6. width 7. warmth 8. length, width 9. depth 10. length

friendship ['frendʃɪp] *n.* 友谊, 友好

hardship ['hɑ:dʃɪp] *n.* 艰难, 困苦

leadership ['li:dəʃɪp] *n.* 领导

ownership ['əʊnəʃɪp] *n.* 所有(权), 所有制

relationship [ri'leiʃnʃɪp] *n.* 关

系, 联系

scholarship ['skɒləʃɪp] *n.* ① 奖学金 ② 学问, 学识

worship ['wɔ:ʃɪp] *n./vt.* ① 崇拜, 崇敬 ② 敬奉, 信奉

childhood ['tʃaɪldhʊd] *n.* 童年, 幼年

neighborhood ['neibəhʊd] *n.* ① 地段, 四邻 ② 邻近地区, 附近

【练习】

1. There was a quarrel about the _____ of the treasure they had found.
2. Real _____ is more valuable than money.
3. He won a _____ to the state university.
4. The houses in that _____ are expensive.
5. People go to church to _____ God.
6. His family endured great _____ during the war.
7. The professor was famous for his _____.
8. Their _____ of rich, powerful people is disgusting.
9. Under the _____ of the Party, we have made great achievements.
10. This _____ between them seemed strange to him.
11. We have known each other since _____.

答案: 1. ownership 2. friendship 3. scholarship 4. neighborhood 5. worship
6. hardship 7. scholarship 8. worship 9. leadership 10. relationship 11. childhood

ability [ə'biləti] *n.* ① 能力 ② 能耐

possibility [ˌpɒsə'biləti] *n.* ① 可能(性) ② 可能的事

probability [ˌprɒbə'biləti] *n.* ① 概率 ② 可能性, 或然性

reliability [riˌlaɪə'biləti] *n.* 可靠

性

responsibility [ˌrɪsponsə'biləti]

n. ① 责任, 责任心 ② 职责, 义务

stability [stə'biləti] *n.* 稳定, 稳固

utility [juː'tiləti] *n.* ① 功用, 效用 ② 公用事业

【练习】

1. He had no sense of _____.
2. Railways and roads are public _____.
3. I was doubtful about the _____ of the information.

4. There are doubts about the _____ of these cars.
5. His organizing _____ is very great.
6. In all _____ you will get back before us.
7. This fact does not deny, however, the _____ of grammatical research for the teaching of foreign languages.
8. I don't think there's any _____ of your getting away before noon tomorrow.

答案: 1. responsibility 2. utilities 3. reliability 4. stability 5. ability 6. probability 7. utility 8. possibility

activity [æk'tiviti] *n.* ① 活动, 活跃 ② 行动

authority [ɔ:'θɒrəti] *n.* ① [pl.] 官方, 当局 ② 当权者 ③ 权力, 权威

capacity [kə'pæsəti] *n.* ① 容量, 容积 ② 能力

equality [i'kwɒləti] *n.* 等同, 平等

intensity [in'tensəti] *n.* ① 强烈, 剧烈 ② 强度

majority [mə'dʒɔrəti] *n.* 多数, 大

多数

minority [mai'nɒrəti] *n.* ① 少数, 少数派 ② 少数民族

necessity [ni'sesəti] *n.* ① 必要(性), (迫切)需要 ② 必需品

prosperity [prɒ'sperəti] *n.* 兴旺, 繁荣

security [si'kjʊərəti] *n.* 安全

simplicity [sim'plisəti] *n.* ① 简单, 简易 ② 朴素

【练习】

1. The _____ of people seem to prefer watching games to playing games.
2. Most nurses are women, but in the higher ranks of the medical profession women are in a _____.
3. My numerous _____ leave me little leisure.
4. The _____ of the light depends on the wattage(瓦特数) of the bulb.
5. Competition in business is believed to strengthen the ideal of _____ of opportunity.

6. The new truck has a loading _____ of 2.5 tons.
7. The _____ were then busy rounding up (围捕) many communist speakers.
8. Her clothes were characterized by their _____ and good taste.
9. He seemed to feel the _____ of some slight explanation.
10. Since competition is seen as the major source of progress and _____ by most Americans, competitive business institutions are respected.
11. The _____ of knowing that property is protected by insurance makes the purchase of fire insurance a worthwhile investment for most people.
12. The _____ of the book makes it suitable for children.
13. This book is within the _____ of young readers.
14. When a man is over 70, his time of full _____ is usually past.
15. An officer exercises _____ over soldiers under him.

答案: 1. majority 2. minority 3. activities 4. intensity 5. equality 6. capacity 7. authorities 8. simplicity 9. necessity 10. prosperity 11. security 12. simplicity 13. capacity 14. activity 15. authority

business ['biznis] *n.* ① 商业, 生意 ② 事务/on business 因公, 因事

consciousness ['kɒnʃənsɪs] *n.* ① 意识, 觉悟 ② 知觉

illness ['ɪlnɪs] *n.* 病, 疾病

kindness ['kaɪndnis] ① 仁慈, 好意 ② 仁慈(或好心)的行为

thickness ['θɪknis] *n.* ① 厚(度) ② 浓(度)

weakness ['wi:knis] *n.* ① 虚弱, 衰弱, 软弱 ② 弱点, 缺点

【练习】

1. That's the only weakness of the system.
2. His kindness earned him a lot of friends.
3. I have only just recovered from a severe illness.
4. The class consciousness of the workers made them unite in the struggle.

5. He informed his staff that he was going to Europe on business
 6. Please measure the board to see its length, breadth and thickness
 7. The patient's weakness is due to poor nutrition(营养).
 8. He lost consciousness in an accident and did not recover until after two hours.

答案: 1. weakness 2. kindness 3. illness 4. consciousness 5. business 6. thickness 7. weakness 8. consciousness

communism ['kɒmjʊnɪzəm] *n.* 共产主义

criticism ['krɪtɪsɪzəm] *n.* 批评, 批判, 评论

organism ['ɔ:ɡənɪzəm] *n.* 生物, 有机体

socialism ['səʊʃəlɪzəm] *n.* 社会主义

【练习】

1. When did scientific socialism come into being?
 2. The amoeba(阿米巴) is a very simple organism.
 3. My criticism is merely a personal impression.
 4. The ultimate aim of the Communist Party of China is the realization of

Communism.

答案: 1. socialism 2. organism 3. criticism 4. communism

chemist ['kemɪst] *n.* 化学家, 药剂师

communist ['kɒmjʊnɪst] *n.* 共产主义者, 共产党员/*a.* 共产主义的, 共产党的

Marxist ['mɑ:ksɪst] *a.* 马克思主义的/*n.* 马克思主义者

physicist ['fɪzɪsɪst] *n.* 物理学家

scientist ['saɪntɪst] *n.* 科学家

socialist ['səʊʃəlɪst] *n.* 社会主义者, 社会党人/*a.* 社会主义的

specialist ['speʃəlɪst] *n.* 专家

tourist ['tuəɪst] *n.* 旅游者, 观光者

typist ['taɪpɪst] *n.* 打字员

【练习】

1. He is a heart ~~communist~~ ^{socialist} specialist.
2. Ours is a ~~communist~~ ^{socialist} society.
3. The ~~typist~~ ^{typist} has made some errors in copying the document.
4. The East Lake is one of the city's chief ~~tourist~~ ^{tourist} attractions.
5. Einstein was one of the most outstanding ~~scientist~~ ^{scientists} of his age.
6. A person who is expert in physics is a ~~physicist~~ ^{physicist}.
7. A person who is expert in chemistry is a ~~chemist~~ ^{chemist}.
8. A person who follows Marxism is a ~~Marxist~~ ^{Marxist}.
9. When did you become a ~~specialist~~ ^{specialist} communist?

答案: 1. specialist 2. socialist 3. typist 4. tourist 5. scientists 6. physicist
7. chemist 8. Marxist 9. communist

average ['ævərɪdʒ] *n.* 平均数, 平均 / *a.* ① 平均的 ② 平常的, 普通的 / *v.* 平均

carriage ['kærɪdʒ] *n.* (火车) 客车厢, 马车

package ['pækɪdʒ] *n.* ① 包裹, 包 ② 一揽子交易(或计划、建议等)

passage ['pæsɪdʒ] *n.* ① 通道, 过道 ② (文章等) 一段, 一节 ③ 经过, 通过, 消逝

percentage [pə'sentɪdʒ] *n.* 百分比, 百分率

postage ['pəʊstɪdʒ] *n.* 邮费, 邮资

sausage ['sɔ:sɪdʒ] *n.* 香肠, 腊肠

shortage ['ʃɔ:tɪdʒ] *n.* 不足, 缺少

storage ['stɔ:ɪdʒ] *n.* ① 储藏, 保管 ② 存储

usage ['ju:zɪdʒ] *n.* ① 惯用法, 习语 ② 使用, 用法

voltage ['vɔ:ltɪdʒ] *n.* 电压

【练习】

1. What percentage of students failed the test?
2. A current of high voltage is used in transmitting electric power over long distances.
3. The average age of the boys in this class is fifteen.
4. We often eat sausage for breakfast.
5. Automobiles have taken the place of carriage.
6. usage changes as time passes.

7. What is the postage for an air-letter?
8. The hunters needed a guide for their passage through the jungle.
9. We keep some food in cold storage.
10. I'll be sitting in the third carriage from the front train.
11. He had a heavy package on his back.
12. The house has an underground storage ~~passage~~.
13. On average we remember 30 words every day.
14. There is no easy solution to Japan's labor shortage.
15. Machines soon wear out under rough usage.

答案: 1. percentage 2. voltage 3. average 4. sausage 5. carriages 6. Usage
 7. postage 8. passage 9. storage 10. carriage 11. package 12. passage
 13. average 14. shortage 15. usage

acceptance [ək'septəns] *n.* ① 接

受, 接纳 ② 承认

acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] *n.* ①

认识, 了解 ② 相识的人, 熟人

appearance [ə'piərəns] *n.* ① 出

现, 露面 ② 外观, 外貌

appliance [ə'plaiəns] 器具, 器械,
装置

distance ['distəns] *n.* 距离, 间距/
in the distance 在远处

entrance ['entrəns] *n.* ① 入口,
门口 ② 进入, 入学

guidance ['gaɪdɪns] *n.* 指引, 指
导, 领导

importance [ɪm'pɔ:tns] *n.* 重要

(性)

insurance [ɪn'sʊərəns] *n.* 保险,
保险金, 保险费

maintenance ['meɪntənəns] *n.* ①
维持, 保持 ② 维修, 保养

nuisance ['nju:ns] *n.* 讨厌的东
西(或行为), 讨厌的人

performance [pə'fɔ:məns] *n.* ①
演出, 表演 ② 履行, 执行 ③ 工作
情况, 表现

resistance [rɪ'zɪstəns] *n.* ① 抵抗,
反抗, 抵制 ② 抵抗力 ③ 阻力, 电
阻

tolerance ['tɒlərəns] *n.* ① 忍受,
容忍, 忍耐(力) ② 公差

【练习】

1. My _____ of noise is limited.

2. Where did you make his _____?
3. The enemy's _____ was completely destroyed.
4. His _____ of the gift got him into trouble.
5. The kitchen is equipped with modern _____.
6. Don't make a(n) _____ of yourself: sit down and be quiet.
7. The _____ from my house to school is two blocks.
8. It took years for Einstein's theory to gain _____.
9. A healthy person offers more _____ to disease than a weak person.
10. We are to meet at the _____ of the park.
11. The theater gives two _____ a day.
12. The _____ of the newspaper article had serious results.
13. His _____ in the exams was not very good.
14. Don't judge by _____.
15. He was responsible for the building's _____.
16. This matter is of great _____ to us.
17. The purchase of fire _____ is a worthwhile investment for most people.
18. You must be faithful in the _____ of your duties.
19. Our foreign policy is _____ of friendly relations with all countries.
20. He wrote the report under the _____ of the manager.

答案: 1. tolerance 2. acquaintance 3. resistance 4. acceptance 5. appliances
 6. nuisance 7. distance 8. acceptance 9. resistance 10. entrance 11.
 performances 12. appearance 13. performance 14. appearance 15. maintenance
 16. importance 17. insurance 18. performance 19. maintenance 20.
 guidance

accuracy [ˈækjʊrəsi] *n.* 准确
 (性), 精确(性)

agency [ˈeidʒənsi] *n.* 代理(处),
 代办处

democracy [diˈmɒkrəsi] *n.* ① 民
 主, 民主制 ② 民主国家

efficiency [iˈfiʃnsi] *n.* ① 效率 ②
 功效

emergency [i'mɜ:dʒənsi] *n.* 紧急情况, 不测事件, 非常时刻
fancy ['fænsi] *n.* ① 想象力, 幻想 ② 设想, 幻想 ③ 爱好, 迷恋
frequency ['fri:kwənsi] *n.* ① 次

数, 频繁 ② 频率, 出现率
mercy ['mɜ:si] *n.* 慈悲, 仁慈, 宽容
policy ['pɒləsi] *n.* 政策, 方针

【练习】

- Under his leadership the _____ of expansion was carried out.
- In case of _____, call the police.
- There is no need to check the _____ of the report.
- The _____ of accidents on that road gives the doctors a lot of work.
- They had no _____ on their prisoners.
- The company has _____ in all parts of Africa.
- Many Americans believe, then, that competition is as important, or even more important, than _____ in preserving freedom.
- I have a(n) _____ for a piece of that cake.
- These machines have raised _____ many times.
- He has the wit to act quickly and reasonably in a(n) _____.
- By the power of _____ we may create an unreal world.

答案: 1. policy 2. emergency 3. accuracy 4. frequency 5. mercy 6. agencies 7. democracy 8. fancy 9. efficiency 10. emergency 11. fancy

achievement [ə'tʃi:vmənt] *n.* ① 成就, 成绩 ② 完成, 达到
advertisement [əd've:tismənt] *n.* 广告
agreement [ə'grɪmənt] *n.* ① 协定, 协议, 契约 ② 达成协议, 同意
appointment [ə'pɔɪntmənt] *n.* ① 任命, 委派 ② 约会, 约定
assignment [ə'sainmənt] *n.* ①

(分派的)任务, (指定的)作业 ② 分配, 指派
development [di'veləpmənt] *n.* ① 发展, 形成, 开发, 研制 ② 生长, 进化 ③ 事态发展, 新情况
employment [im'plɔɪmənt] *n.* ① 工作, 职业 ② 雇用
establishment [i'stæblɪʃmənt] *n.* ① 建立, 设立, 确立 ② 建立的机