



学程
导航

1

初中英语

同步听力与阅读

JUNIOR

MIDDLESCHOOL

ENGLISH

8B

八年级下

本书编写组 编



凤凰出版传媒集团
江苏美术出版社



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导航①

初中英语 同步听力与阅读

JUNIOR

MIDDLE SCHOOL

ENGLISH

本书是配套初中英语新教材编写的同步教辅。本书由一线教师编写，具有以下几个主要特点：

【听与读并重】本书在编写过程中，注重听力和阅读能力的培养。

【图与文相辅】本书在编写过程中，注重图文并茂，提高学生的学习兴趣。

【与课标同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与课标同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与教材同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与教材同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与考试同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与考试同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与中考同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与中考同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与高考同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与高考同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与大学同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与大学同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与职场同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与职场同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与生活同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与生活同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与未来同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与未来同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与梦想同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与梦想同步，提高学生的学习能力。

【与希望同步】本书在编写过程中，注重与希望同步，提高学生的学习能力。

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编 者 的 话

本书是配套初中英语新教材编写的同步教辅。我们邀请了一批江苏省优秀教育工作者参与编写,可配合教师指导和学生练习的使用。本书包括听力和阅读两大版块,并具有以下几个主要特点:

【听与读并重】 本书题目很好的体现了初中英语教学中听、读两种技能的结合,既可以强化学生对两种技能不同的练习方法,又能够全面考察知识点和侧重点。

【图与文相辅】 本书大量选取了配以图片的题目及材料,让练习变得更有趣味的同时,渗透了英语学习的多角度思维方法,便于学生理解及自我归纳学习规律。

【与课时同步】 听力部分按课时编写,根据每课时所学知识侧重,设置不同的练习题型,将课上所学知识点巩固强化。

【一单元一测】 每个单元均设置一个单元测试,方便学生自我检测及老师安排教学活动。

初中英语同步系列丛书,你值得拥有!

当然,鉴于时间和水平有限,书中难免有不足之处,恳请广大师生朋友多提宝贵的意见。

本书编写组

2007.12

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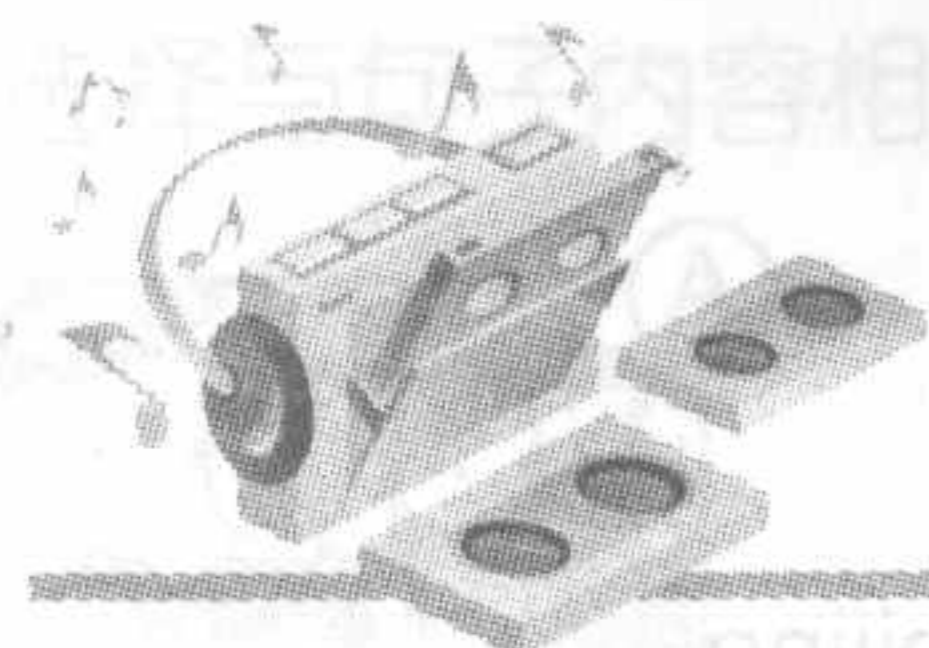
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第一部分 听力



Unit 1 Past and Present



Welcome to the unit

I. 听句子,选择与句子内容相符的图画。每个句子读一遍。

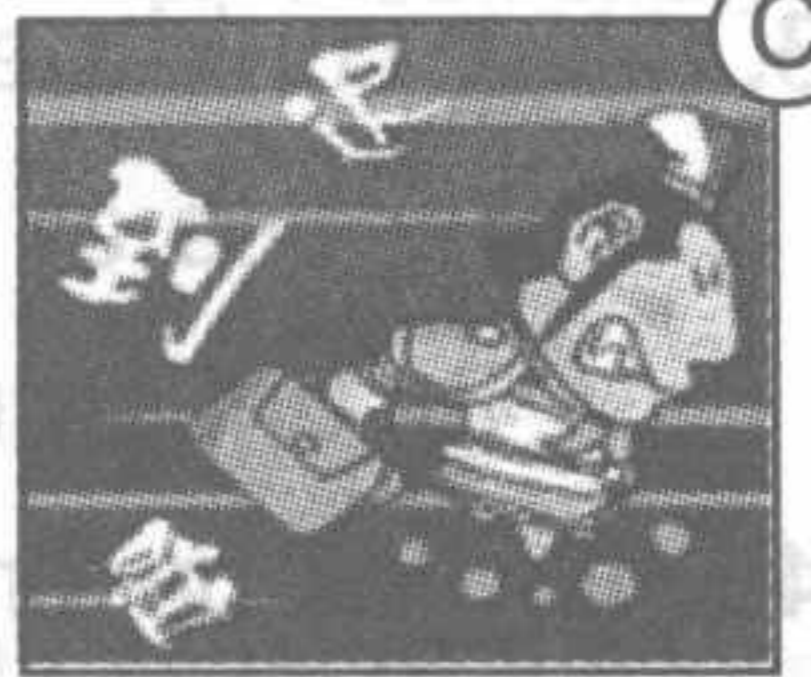
() 1.



() 2.



() 3.



II. 听句子,填入所缺的单词。每个句子读一遍。

- Eddie has _____ a lot. He isn't kind to me _____.
- Have you _____ my food, Tom? Yes, I've _____ eaten it.
- We are going to do a _____ on the changes in Nantong.
- You can travel around the city by _____.
- It is fifteen years _____ Mr Fox _____ in our school.
- At _____, my _____ are both in Shanghai.
- _____ have come into _____ use in families.
- Nanjing has _____ a new _____.



Reading

I. 听句子,选出相应的答语。每个句子读一遍。

- () 1. A. I've been in Beijing since 2004.
B. I've been to Beijing twice.
C. There are many places of interest in Beijing.
- () 2. A. Yes, I did. B. No, I didn't. C. No, never.
- () 3. A. I've been here since I was born.
B. When I was three years old.
C. I'm here for a holiday.
- () 4. A. Sorry, I can carry it myself.
B. It's nothing. Don't worry.
C. It's really nice of you. Thank you.

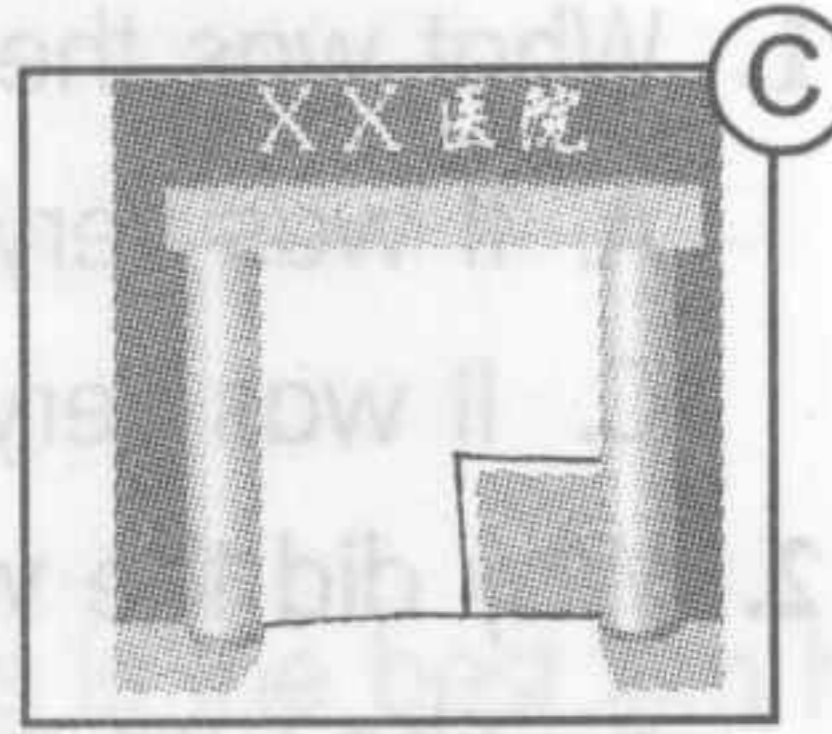
II. 听下面的对话(或独白),选择正确的答案。读两遍。

- () 1. How long has the writer known Nanjing?
A. Since he was young. B. Since last year.
C. Not long ago.
- () 2. It wasn't noisy in Nanjing in the past, was it?
A. No, it wasn't. B. Yes, it was. C. It was a quiet place.
- () 3. How could people travel in the city in the past?
A. By bus or taxi. B. By bike or on foot.
C. By underground.
- () 4. Life has become easier and more comfortable, hasn't it?
A. Yes, it is. B. No, it hasn't. C. Yes, it has.
- () 5. Which of the following is true?
A. There are more trees in Nanjing now.
B. Factories and traffic bring much pollution.
C. Nanjing is a quiet place with fresh air and green hills.

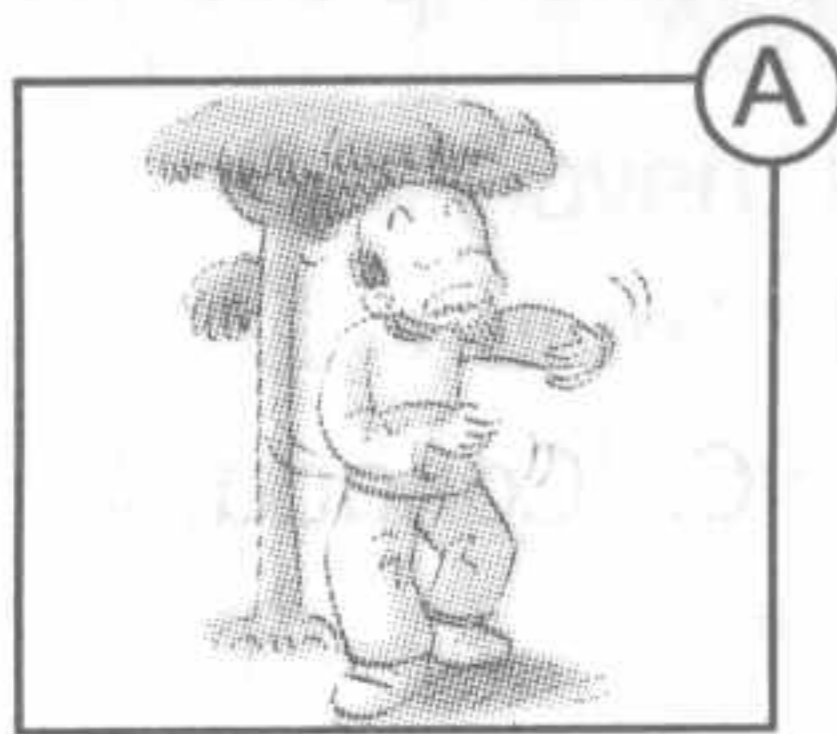
Vocabulary

I. 听句子, 选择与句子内容相符的图画。每个句子读一遍。

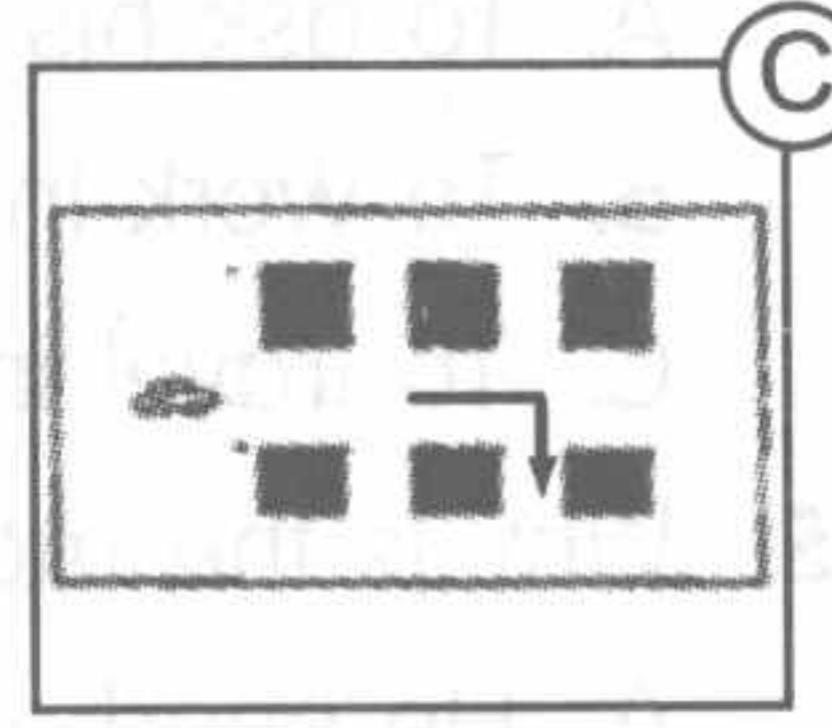
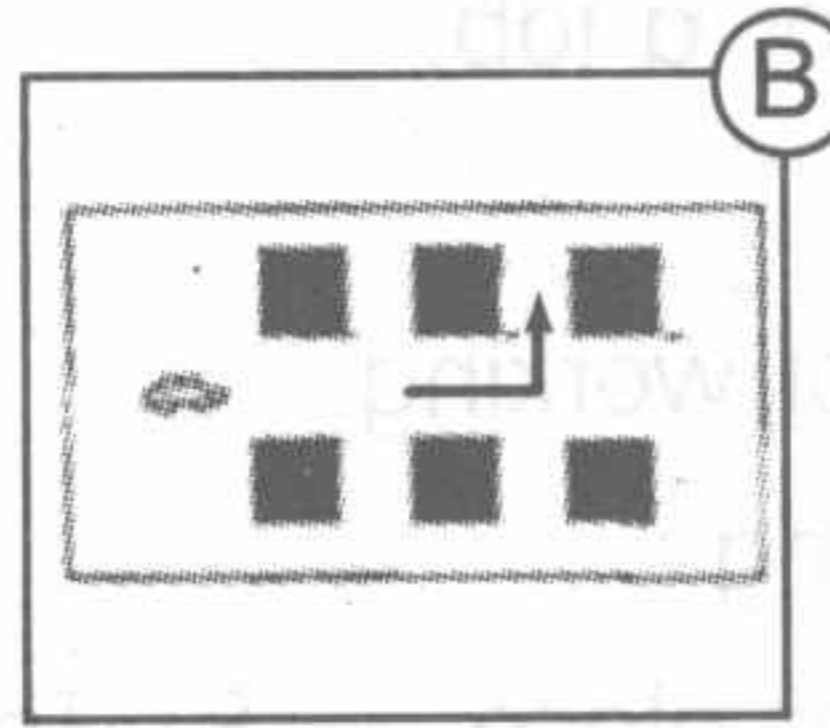
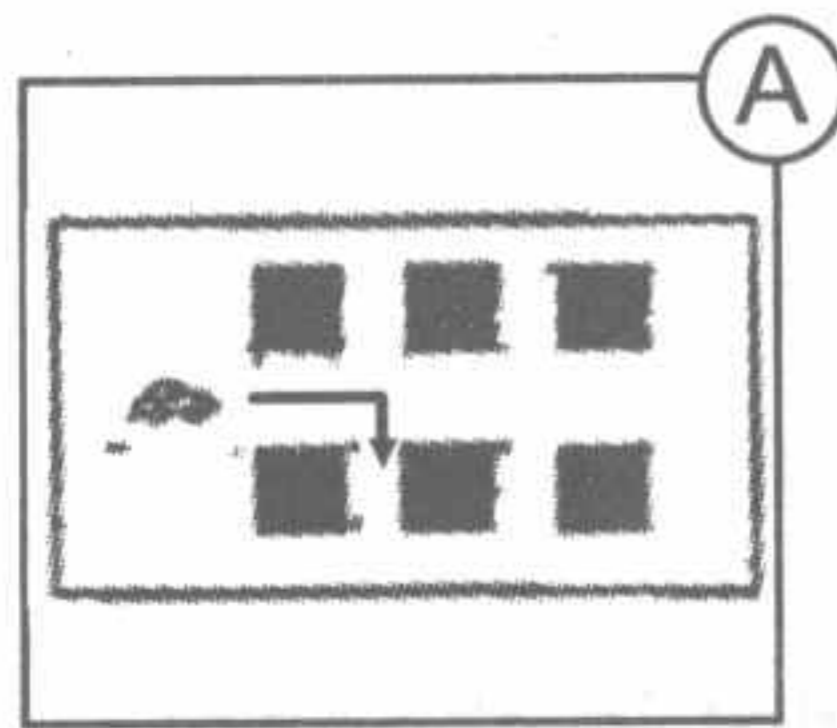
() 1.



() 2.



() 3.



II. 听短文, 选择正确答案。短文读两遍。

() 1. In which country did the story happen?

A. America.

B. England.

C. Australia.

() 2. Why did Jack stop his car?

A. He wanted to see who the driver was.

B. He didn't want to pass by first.

C. The road was too narrow for the two cars to pass at the same time.

() 3. Who was wanted by the police?

A. Jack.

B. The driver in the American car.

C. Neither Jack nor the American driver.

() 4. What did Jack do when he had read the newspaper again?

A. He made a telephone call.

B. He drove to the police.

C. He drove to the City Bank.

() 5. Who caught the man with a large mouth and small ears?

A. The police.

B. Jack.

C. The American driver.

Grammar

I. 听对话, 选择正确的答案。每段对话读一遍。

- () 1. What was the city like in the past?
A. It was very poor. B. It was very modern and beautiful.
C. It was very small.
- () 2. Why did the woman get lost?
A. She was new here. B. Great changes have taken place here.
C. She has lost her map.
- () 3. Which country did Tom come back from?
A. America. B. Australia. C. Canada.
- () 4. What is Jack going to do this summer?
A. To ask his friend for a job.
B. To work in Beijing.
C. To travel instead of working.
- () 5. Why is the man moving?
A. He needs a quieter place. B. The new flat is cheaper.
C. He likes to listen to the radio.

II. 听对话(或短文), 填入所缺的单词。你将听到一段对话, 对话读两遍。请根据对话内容, 填入所缺的内容。

A: Nick, may I ask you for 1 ?

B: Sure. What is it?

A: I've 2 to move this Saturday. Do you think you could help me for a few hours?

B: I think so. I've got something to do in the late afternoon, but I'm 3 in the morning.

A: 4. It won't 5 you more than two or three hours.

B: No 6. Then 7 should I be there?

A: Would 11:00 be too early?

B: No, that's fine.

A: 8. So I'll see you this Saturday at 11:00. Thanks, Nick.

B: You're welcome.



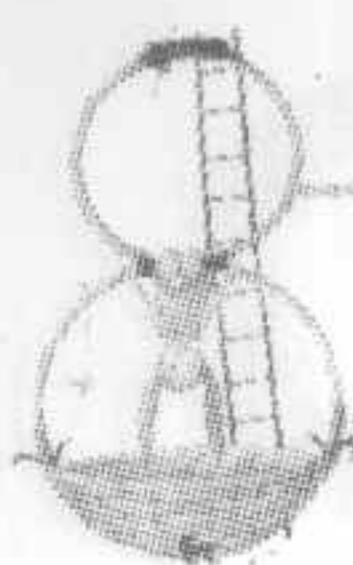
Integrated skills

I. 听句子, 选出与你所听到的句意最相近的句子。每个句子读一遍。

- () 1. A. I have joined the League for two years.
B. I have been in the League two years ago.
C. I joined the League two years ago.
- () 2. A. The film is as good as those ones.
B. This film isn't good enough. C. This is the best film he has seen.
- () 3. A. It is many years since I knew the city.
B. I haven't known the city so far.
C. I didn't know the city well until I grew up.
- () 4. A. My brother has gone to Australia again.
B. My brother went to Australia two years ago.
C. My brother has been to Australia twice.
- () 5. A. I take a bus to school alone now.
B. I drive to school by myself now.
C. I used to walk to school.

II. 听对话, 选择正确的答案。每段对话读一遍。

- () 1. What did the man do?
A. He helped the woman move to a new house.
B. He helped the woman find a job.
C. He helped the woman clean the house.
- () 2. Why is air fresher than before?
A. Because of less pollution.
B. Because of the green belt around the city.
C. Because of fewer cars in the city.
- () 3. Were there many tall buildings in the place in the past?
A. Yes, there were. B. No, there weren't.
C. Yes, there are many tall buildings.
- () 4. When did Hong Kong's new airport come into use?
A. It was in use six years ago.
B. It has been in use since 1998. C. It came into use in 1998.
- () 5. How long is the airport from the city centre?
A. It's about 23 kilometres away.
B. It's about 23 minutes by Airport Express.
C. It's about 23 minutes' walk.



Main task

听下面的对话或独白,选择正确的答案。每段材料读两遍。

听第一段材料,回答1~5题。

- () 1. There were _____ children in the White family.
A. two B. three C. five
- () 2. One Sunday, Mr and Mrs White wanted to go to _____ with their children.
A. work B. a funfair C. a shop
- () 3. Mr White liked the place so much that he _____.
A. bought lots of sweets B. followed his wife all the time
C. hurried from one thing to another
- () 4. From the story, we know Mrs White _____ when Mary asked her the question.
A. was still excited to play B. was a little angry with Mr White
C. looked for Mr White everywhere
- () 5. Of all the family members, _____ enjoyed playing there most that Sunday.
A. Mr White B. Mrs White C. the boys

听第二段材料,回答6~9题。

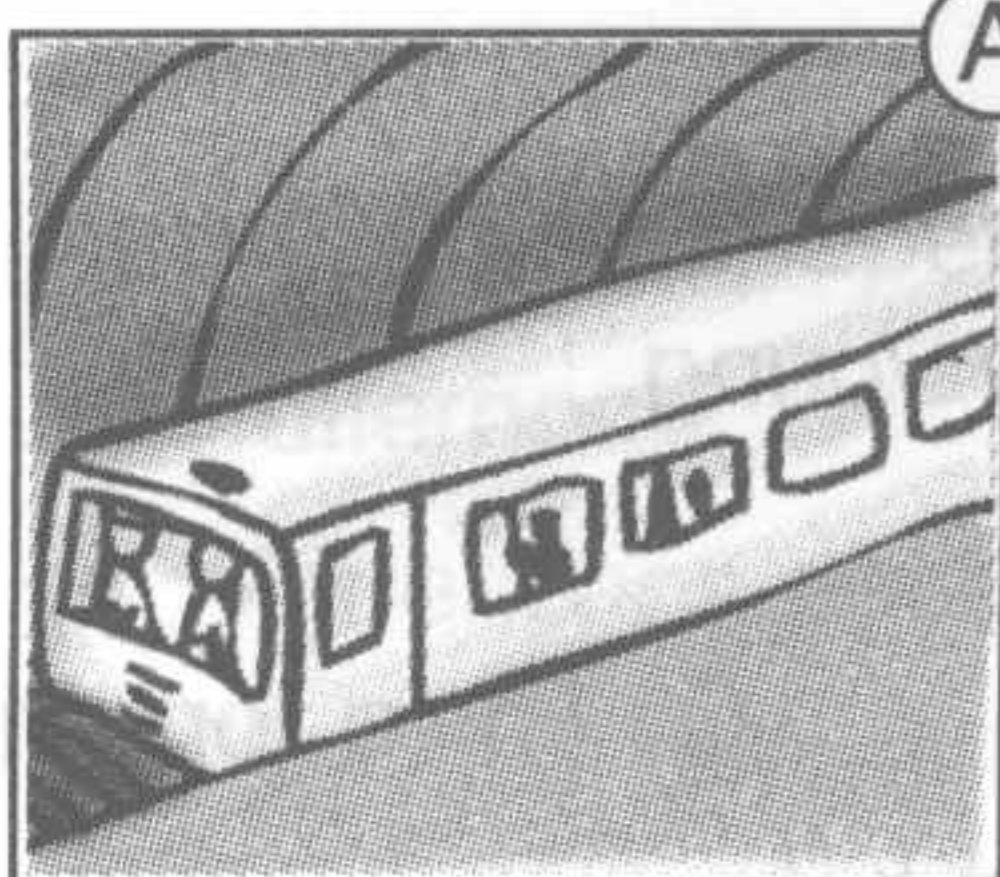
- () 6. Who did Tom go to see the film with?
A. He went with his cousin. B. He went with Cathy.
C. He went to the cinema alone.
- () 7. Cathy has been to Hong Kong before, right?
A. Yes, she has. B. No, she hasn't.
C. No, she hasn't. But she knows a lot about Hong Kong.
- () 8. What is the film about?
A. It's about Hong Kong's new airport.
B. It's about Tom's visit to Hong Kong.
C. It's about Hong Kong's past and present.
- () 9. When did Hong Kong return to China?
A. In 1998. B. In 1997. C. In 1999.

单元检测

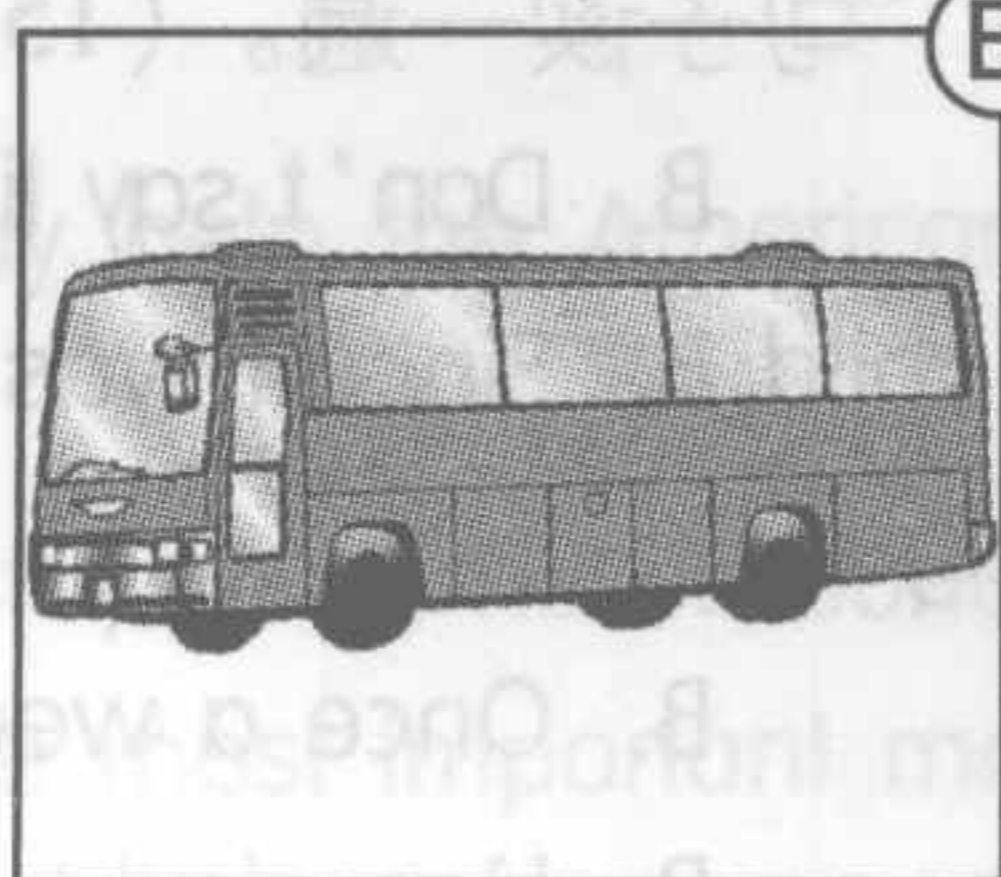
(总分 100 分, 时间 18 分钟)

I. 听句子, 选择与句子内容相符的图画。每个句子读一遍。(10 分)

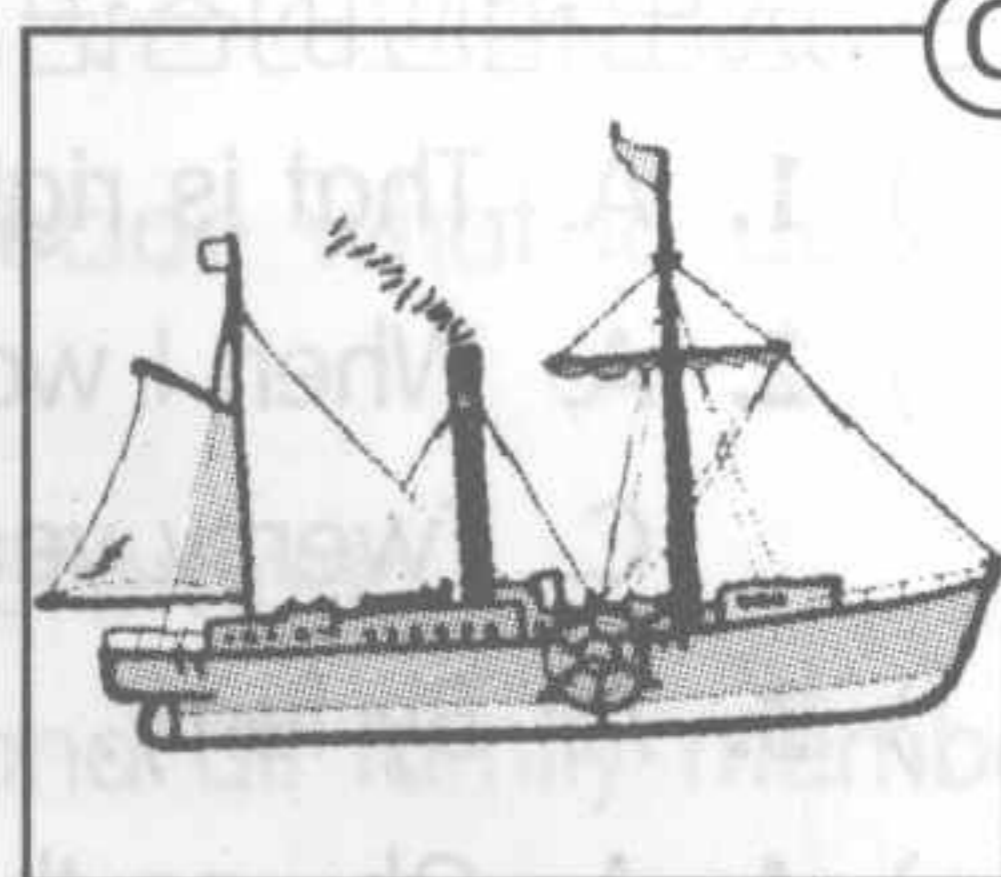
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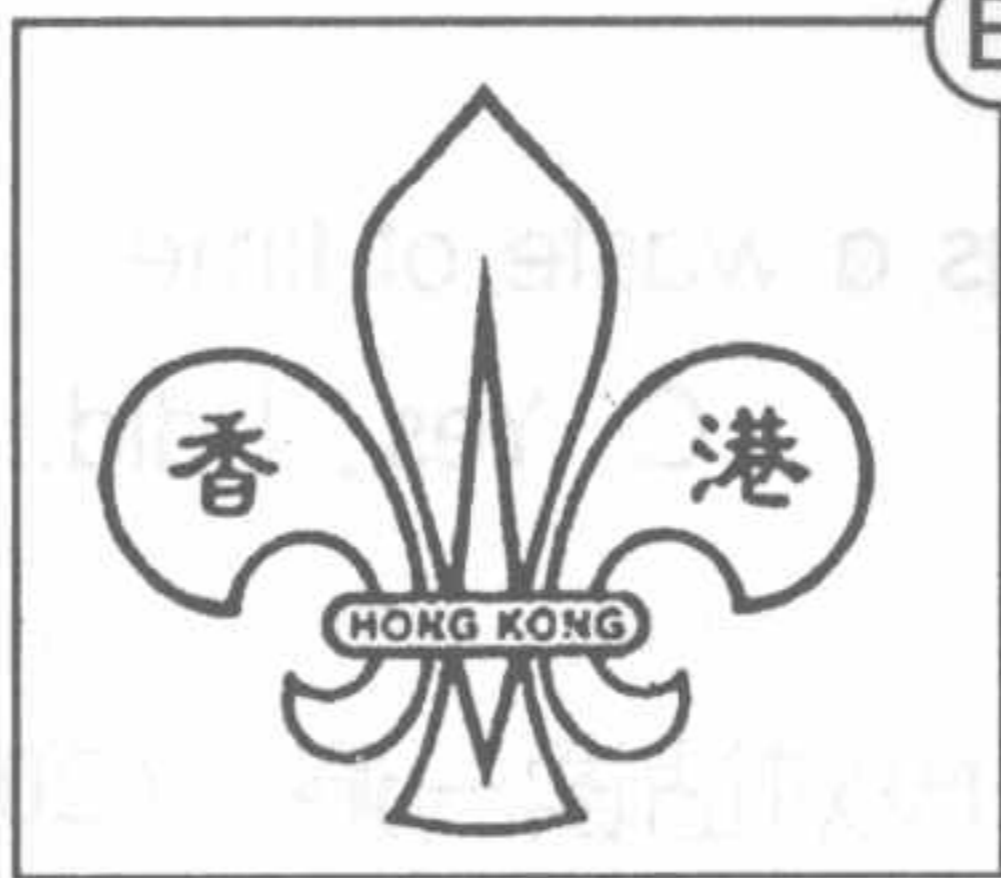


(C)

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(A)

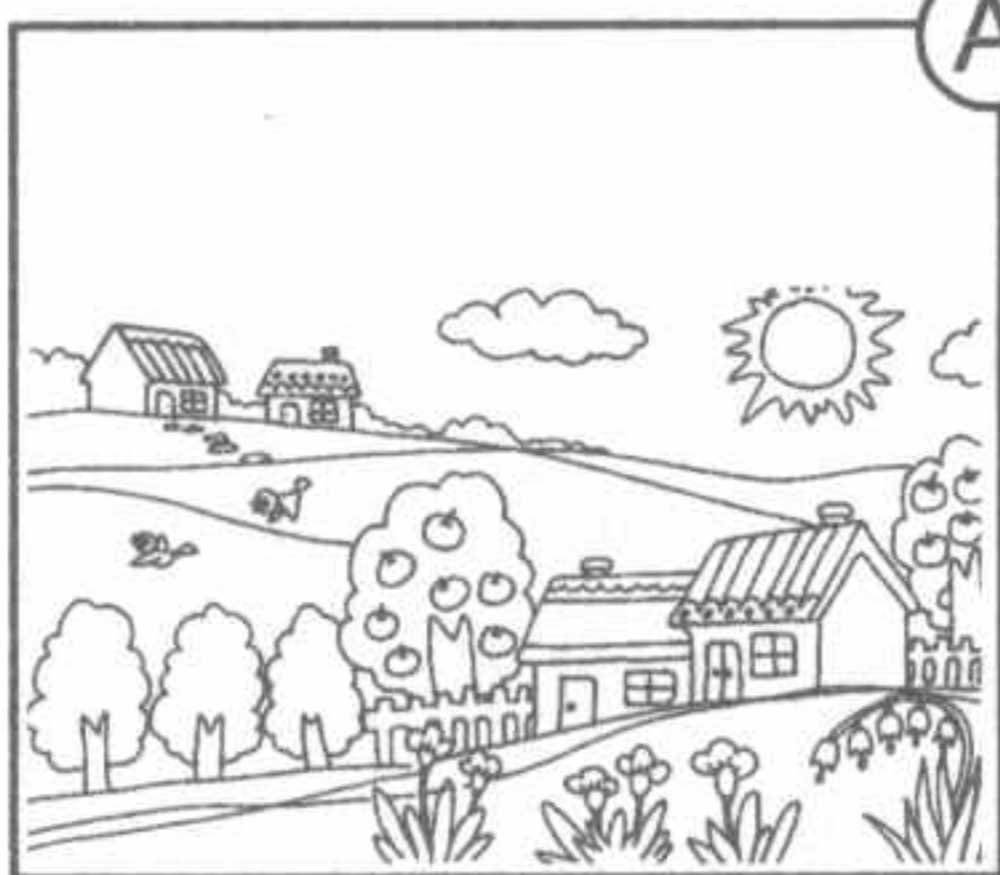


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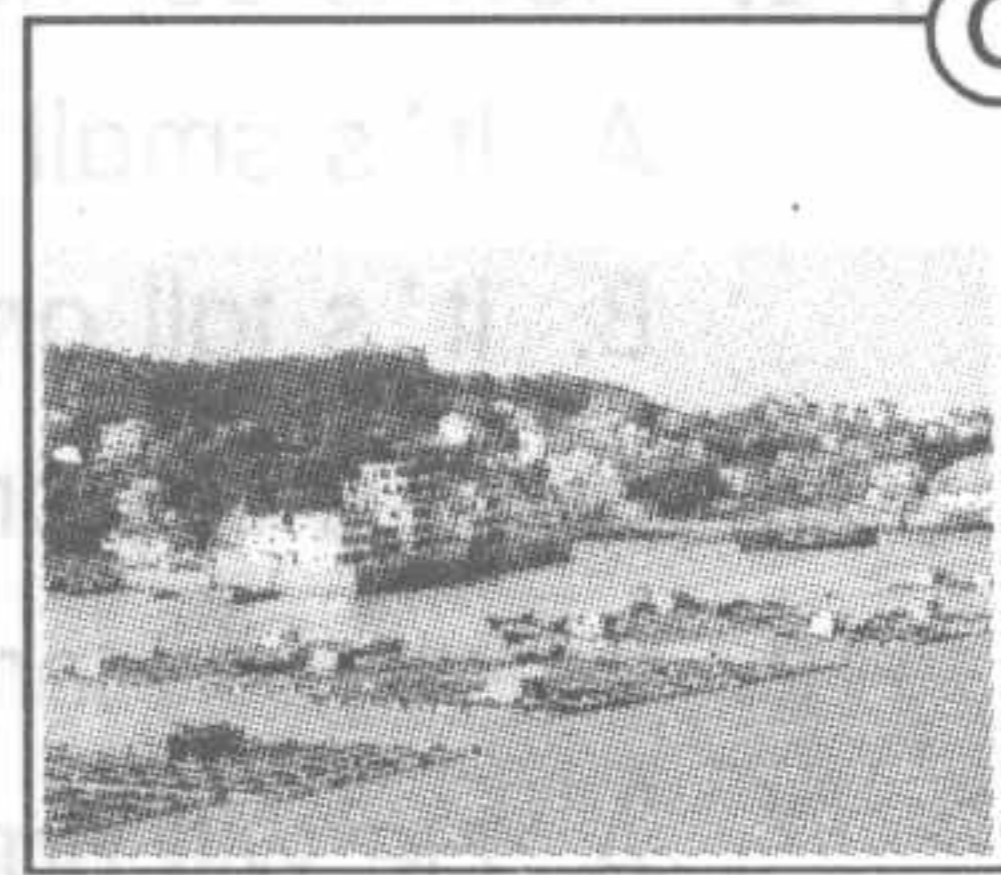
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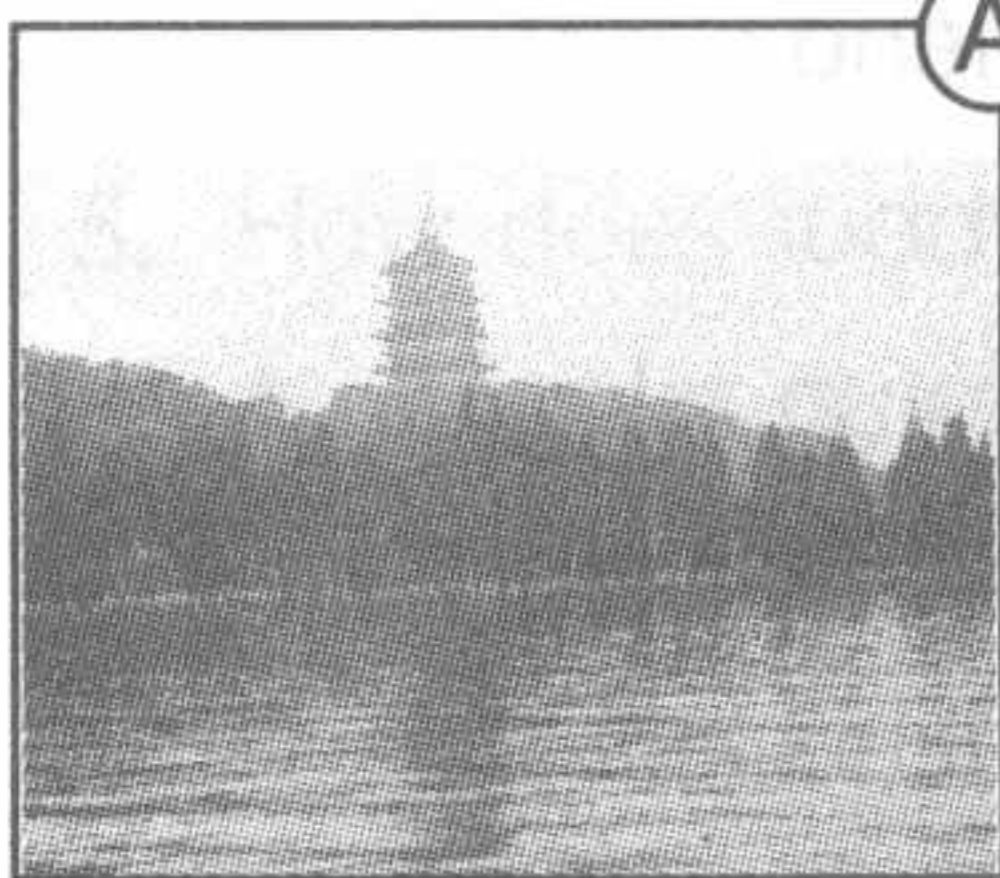


(B)



(C)

() 4.



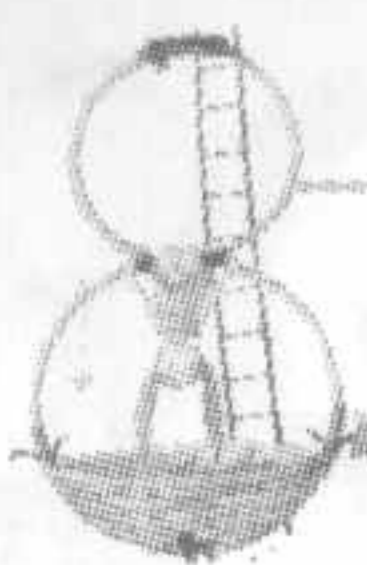
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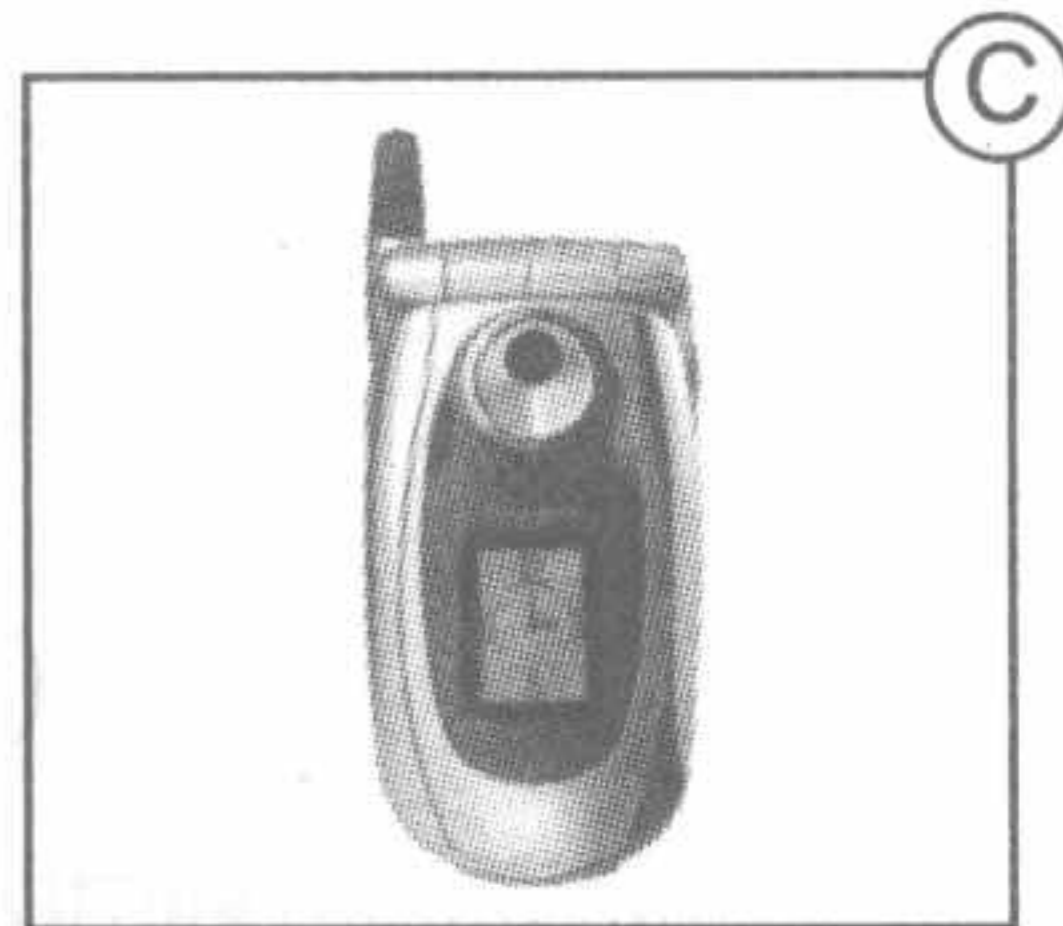
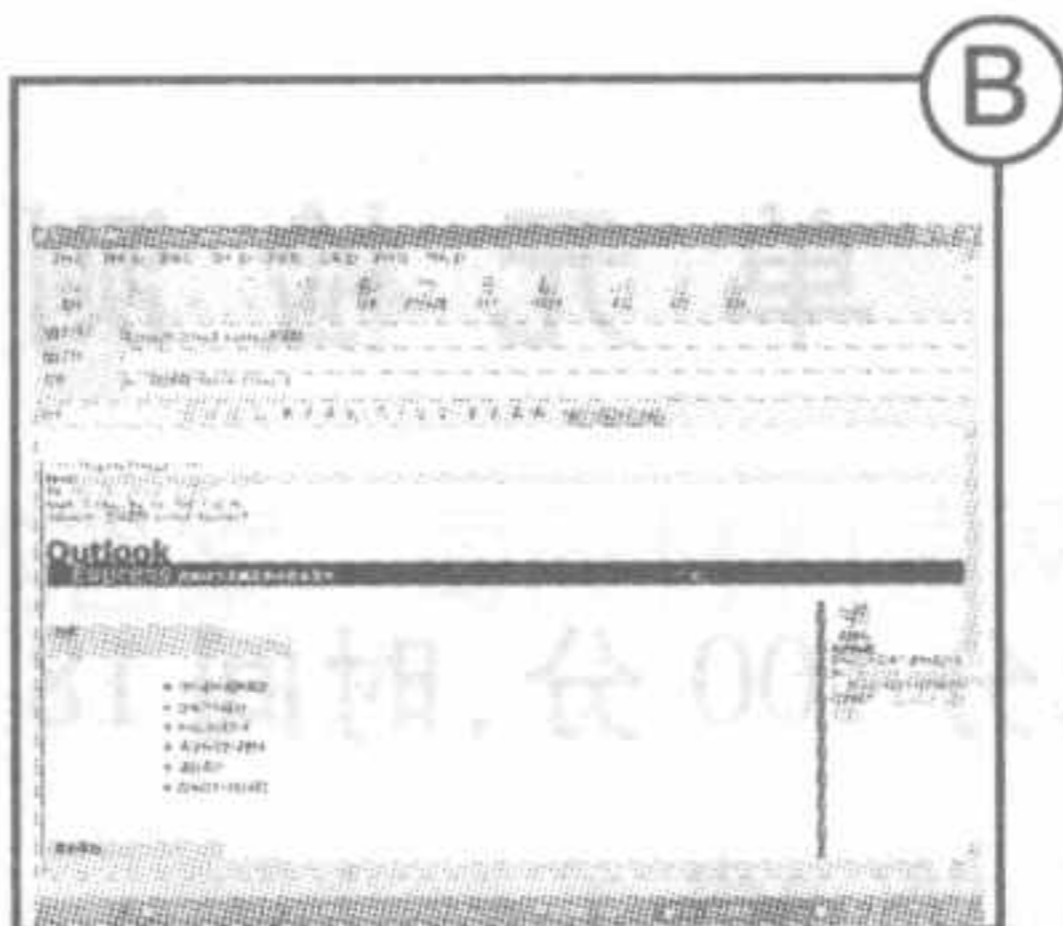
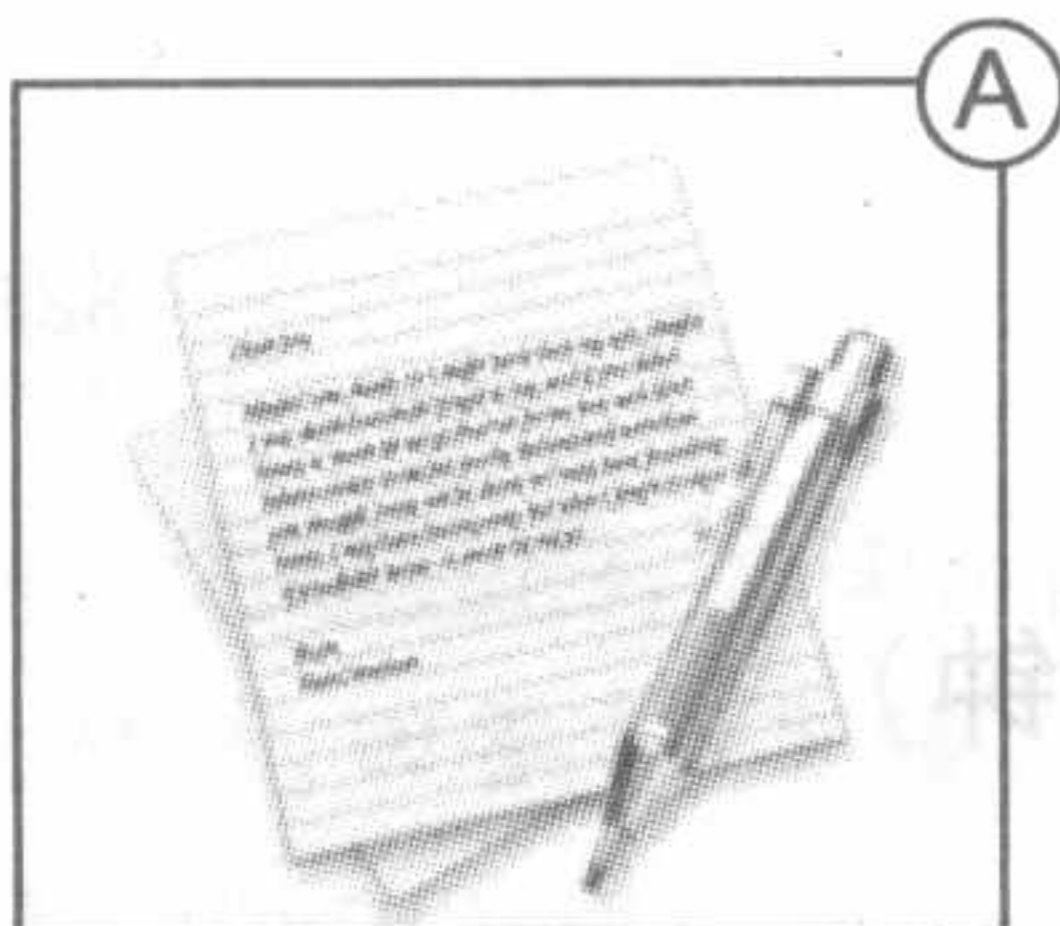
(B)



(C)



() 5.



II. 听句子,选出相应的答语。每个句子读一遍。(15 分)

- () 1. A. That is right. B. Don't say like that. C. Yes, it has.
- () 2. A. When I was a child. B. Since I was very young.
C. Twenty years ago.
- () 3. A. By ferry. B. Once a week. C. For a long time.
- () 4. A. Oh, no thanks. B. I'm glad I could help.
C. Never mind.
- () 5. A. I thought it was a waste of time.
B. I liked it. C. Yes, I did.

III. 听对话,选择正确的答案。每段对话读一遍。(20 分)

- () 1. How is our new library?
A. It's small but modern.
B. It's tall and big.
C. It's big and modern.
- () 2. What will Henry do on Friday?
A. He will go traveling.
B. He will write an invitation letter to his friend.
C. He will have tea with Anna.
- () 3. What was Hainan Island like in the past?
A. It was poor and small.
B. It was big but poor.
C. It was small but modern.
- () 4. What's Daniel's opinion about the changes?
A. He thinks the changes are all good.
B. He thinks these changes have caused some problems for wildlife.

C. He thinks the changes make room for animals and plants.

() 5. Where are they talking?

A. In a restaurant. B. In a museum. C. In a shopping mall.

IV. 听短文,正确的打“T”,错误的打“F”。短文读两遍。(15分)

() 1. Americans spend their holiday in the same way.

() 2. On Sundays, Americans always get up early to read the news in the newspapers.

() 3. The newspaper may help the Americans decide what to do on Sunday afternoon.

() 4. Americans usually stay at home on Sunday afternoon.

() 5. Sunday dinner is the most important meal and all family members try to present.

V. 听下面的对话或独白,选择正确的答案。每段材料读两遍。(40分)

听第一段材料,回答1~3题。

() 1. How did Mr King come to the city?

A. By car.

B. By train.

C. By air.

() 2. Is it the first time for Mr King to go to the city?

A. No, he isn't.

B. No, it isn't.

C. Yes, it is.

() 3. How many people can the waiting hall hold?

A. 5,000.

B. 500.

C. 2,000.

听第二段材料,回答4~6题。

() 4. When was the photo of old Shenzhen taken?

A. in the early 1970s.

B. In the late 1970s.

C. In 1970.

() 5. How does today's Shenzhen look?

A. It looks quiet and modern.

B. It looks busy and noisy.

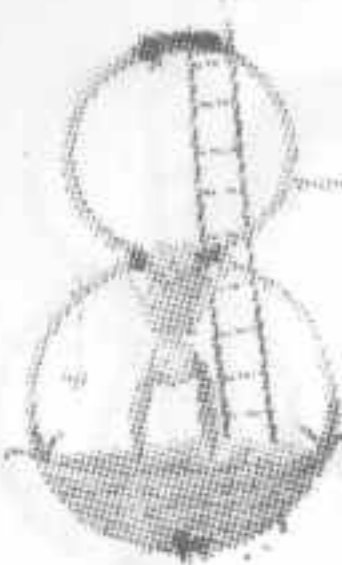
C. It looks busy but still.

() 6. Which is right according to the dialogue?

A. The changes to Shenzhen have brought some problems for people.

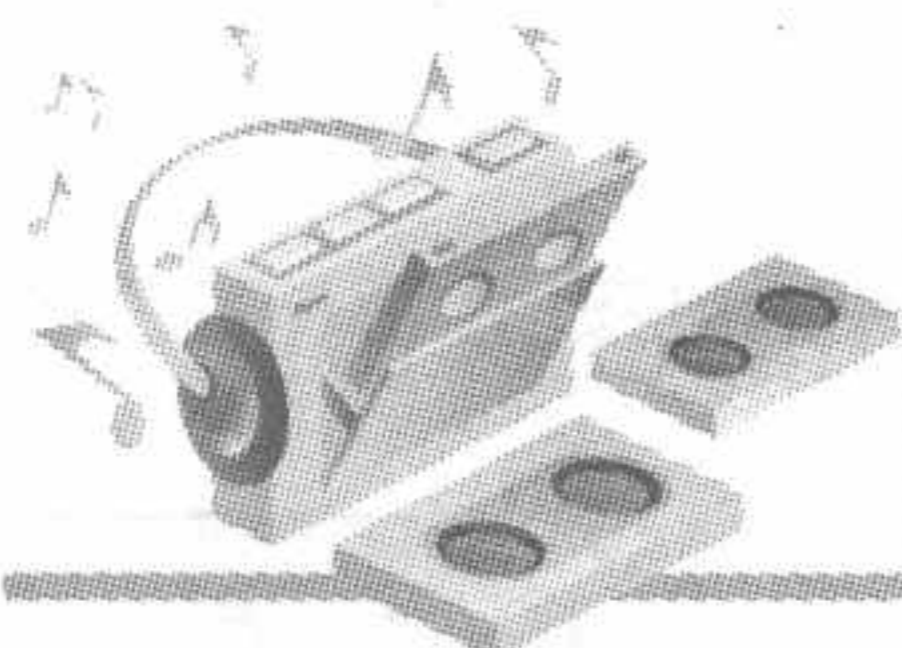
B. Life in Shenzhen was better in the past than now.

C. Shenzhen has been a good place to do business.



听第三段材料,回答7~10题。

- () 7. What was Pudong like in the 1980s?
- A. It was a very busy and crowded area.
B. It was modern and important.
C. It was a quiet area with small boats and some small buildings.
- () 8. Why has Pudong become so modern?
- A. Because it is an important place.
B. Because it is in Shanghai.
C. Because of many land projects.
- () 9. What can people see in Pudong?
- A. Only The Oriental Pearl TV Tower
B. Only Jinmao Tower.
C. Both the Oriental Pearl TV Tower and Jinmao Tower.
- () 10. What do people think of Pudong now?
- A. It's noisy but exciting.
B. It's busy and boring.
C. It's active but worrying.



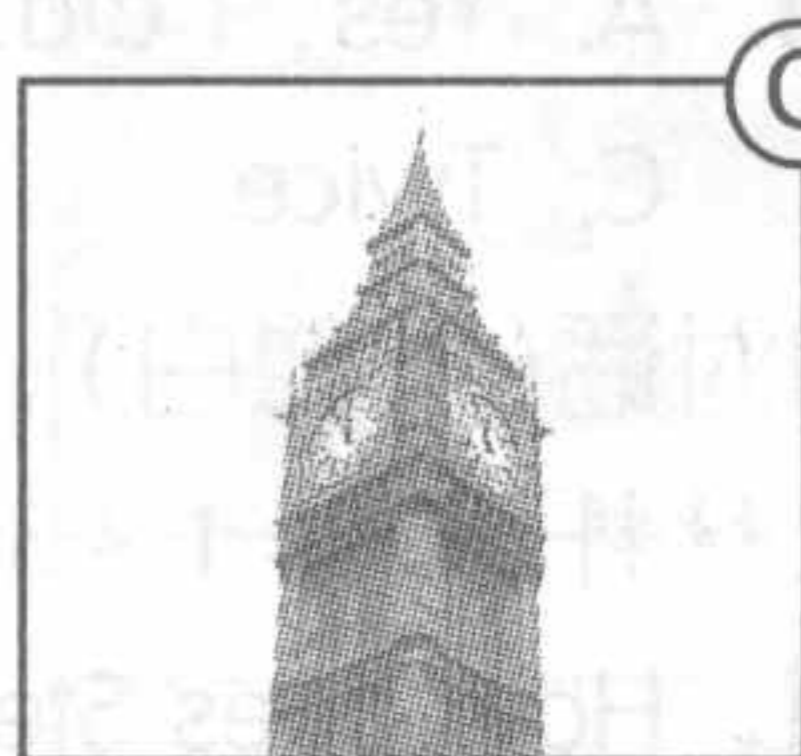
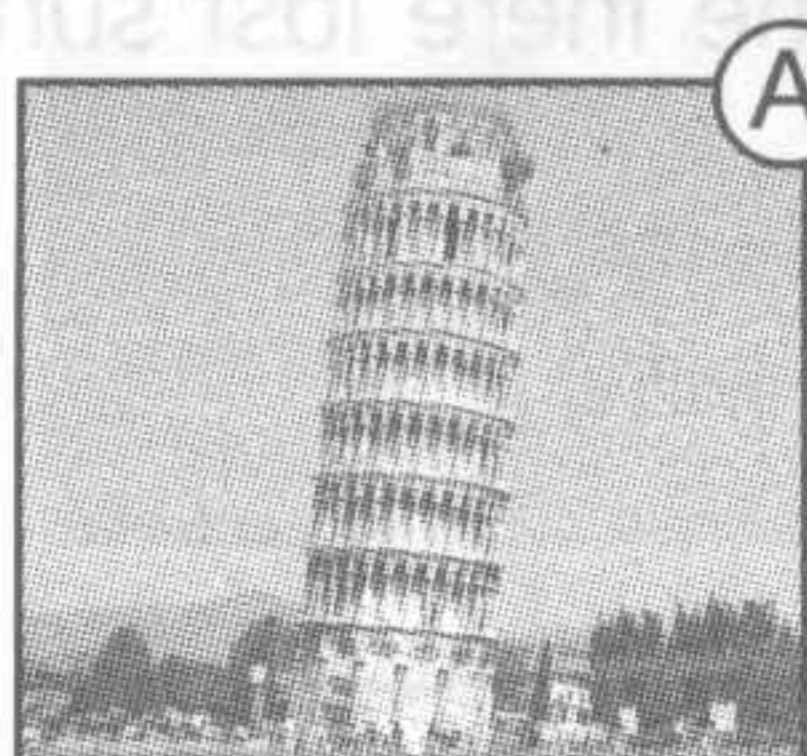
Unit 2 Travelling



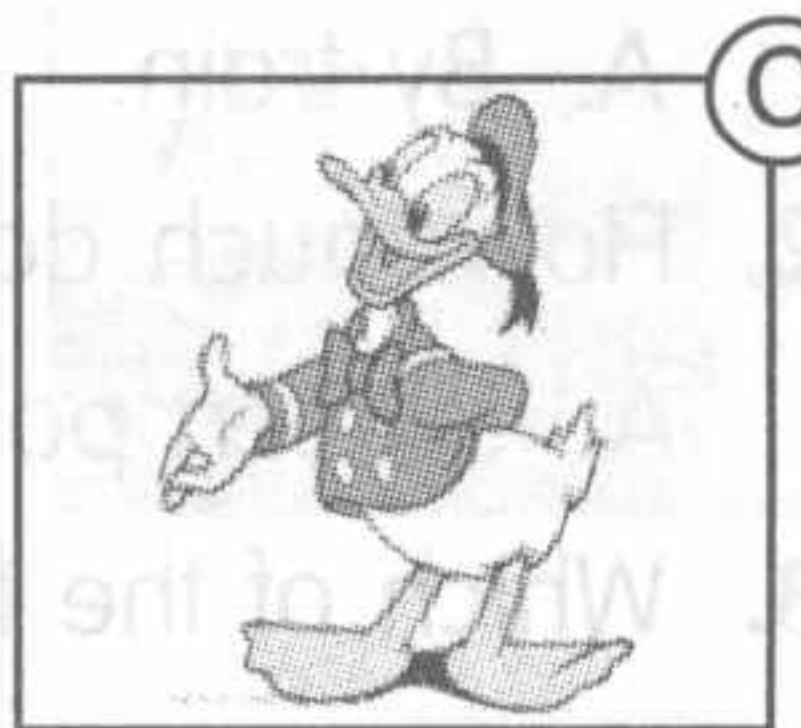
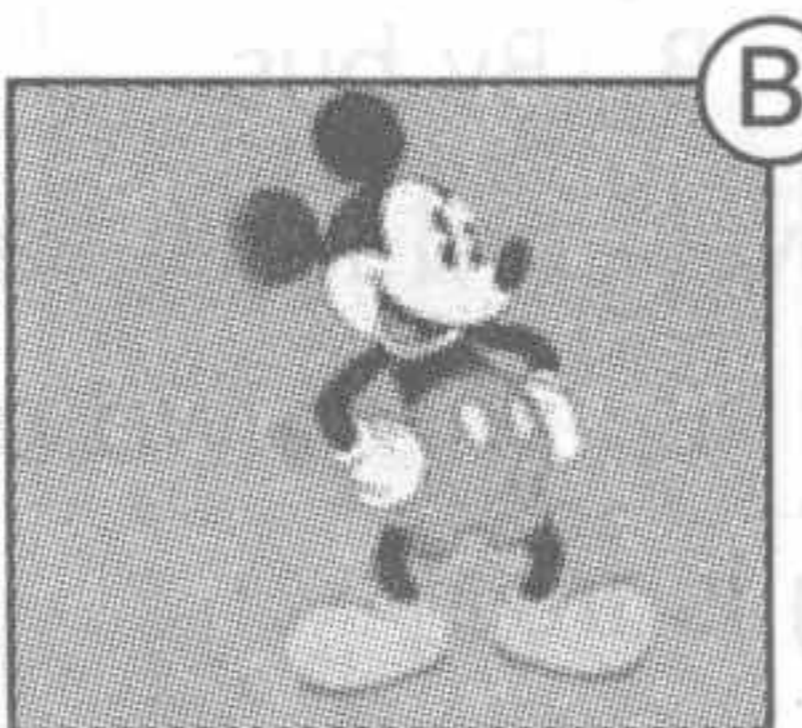
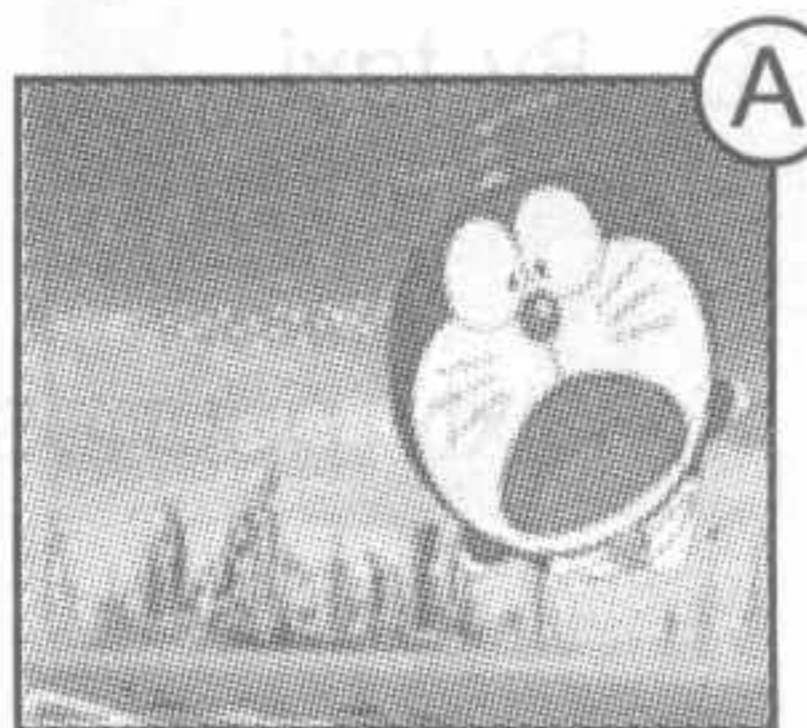
Welcome to the unit

I. 听句子, 选择与句子内容相符的图画。每个句子读一遍。

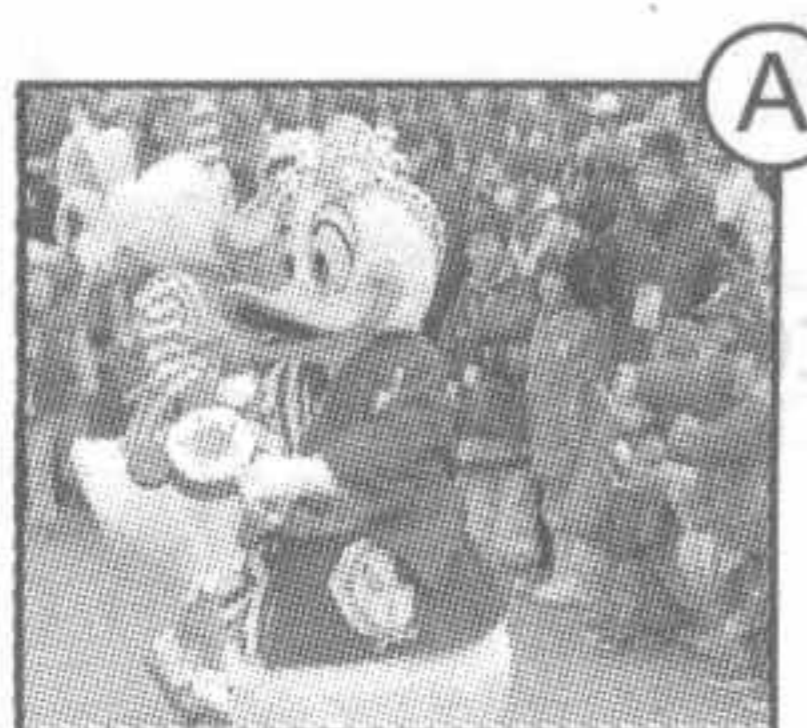
() 1.



() 2.



() 3.



II. 听句子, 填入所缺的单词。每个句子读一遍。

- Eddie is _____. He wants to _____ with him.
- I'm so _____ to go on a _____ with you.
- The Great Wall is one of the _____ in the _____.
- We can go _____ during the summer holidays.
- _____ Fuji is a _____ of Japan.
- In winter, people in Harbin often go _____.
- They _____ to go _____ for a _____ days.
- The _____ is very famous in the world.



Reading

I. 听句子,选出相应的答语。每个句子读一遍。

- () 1. A. Why don't you join them?
B. Yes, please.
C. Yes, of course. It's nice of you to invite me.
- () 2. A. Have a good time. B. So what? C. I have been there.
- () 3. A. Three months ago. B. Since three months. C. For three months.
- () 4. A. Yes, I did. B. Yes. My dad took me there last summer.
C. Twice.

II. 听下面的对话(或独白),选择正确的答案。每段材料读两遍。

听第一段材料,回答1~3题。

- () 1. How does Steven usually go to London?
A. By train. B. By bus. C. By taxi.
- () 2. How much does a travel card for a year cost?
A. Sixteen pounds. B. Thirty-two pounds. C. Sixty pounds.
- () 3. Which of the following is true?
A. Steven can't buy cheap train tickets.
B. Lily needs two photos to get a travel card.
C. Lily must show her ID card to get a travel card.

听第二段材料,回答4~5题。

- () 4. What will they do this Sunday afternoon?
A. They will have classes in the school.
B. They will go fishing.
C. They will go swimming in the river near the farm.
- () 5. Where will they meet?
A. Near the farm.
B. At the gate of the People's Park.
C. In the river.