GRE

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应试词汇闪电记忆

编著:汪明俊 审校:郭艳茹



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前言

巴朗词表(Barron's GRE Word List, 13th Edition)由美国 Barron 公司推出,其优势是选词科学,释义精确,例句贴切。虽然它只包含了不到 4000 个单词,但命中率却高出国内目前所有的 GRE 词汇书,是当今机考时代的 GRE 词汇学习书的首选,或可称为"洋宝书"。

然而,作为针对美国人编写的词汇记忆用书,巴朗词表也存在着美中不足:(1)词典式的编排虽然便于查找,却不便于记忆;(2)纯英文注释虽然精确,初学者却感觉不便,常常要另查词典;(3)虽然准确地列出了背记任务,却没有讲授科学记忆原理。有鉴于此,我们在充分研究、分析巴朗词表的基础上,精心策划、编写了本书。为了更适合广大中国考生的实际情况,同时结合作者的长期教研和培训经验,本书特按英语单词速记方法将巴朗词表重新归类,形成速记版,真正让考生取得事半功倍的学习效果。

在利用本书学习、记忆英语单词时,特别有必要认识和掌握贯穿全书的以下科学记忆原理:

1. 记忆力是用进废退的

人类的记忆潜能是巨大的,越频繁使用,其能量越大。所以,我们记忆 单词时目标不能太小,当然也不能太大,一般一天80个左右为宜。

2. 运用艾宾浩斯遗忘曲线,实现最佳复视频率,高效率地达到永久记忆效果根据艾宾浩斯遗忘曲线,遗忘的发生频率是 5 分钟后、2 小时后、8 小时后、2 天后、4 天后、7 天后、31 天后和 180 天后。这也是最佳复视频率,即:在遗忘将要发生时,及时复视一遍,即可轻松延长保持期。这里要说明的是,略高于这个频率复习(如连续复视 3 遍)对记忆较差的学生是有必要的,对所有人来说也是有益的。但过度学习(如连续复视 10 遍)则是浪费。

3. 分散记忆比集中记忆效果好

也就是说,备考和记单词开始的时间越早越好,最好提前一年,至少提前半 年。

4. 多觉记忆比单觉记忆效果好

多觉记忆指的是视觉、听觉、动觉同时使用,如:边写、边念、边听、 边看。

5. 运用联想法等特色突出的记忆法

平淡的东西不易记,奇特的东西不易忘。给一个单词附上一个荒诞的联想,可以一次性导致永久记忆。比如 goad,可联想为 go + ahead;而 demise (dimaiz)则可联想为"地埋尸—死亡"(见本书"荒诞联想法")。此外,把不熟悉的东西与熟悉的东西联系起来记忆可事半功倍;有语境的单词比孤立的单词容易记,最好结合例句有针对性地记忆。

6. 相信自己一定能记住

这里有一个心理暗示因素。积极的暗示可以极大地促进记忆潜能的发挥。

7. 大脑越清净,效果越好

集中注意力,并及时排除确实已经记住的单词,将有助于保持大脑的清净。

8. 分组记忆

瞬间记忆时,一次性的最大容量为7个记忆单位,所以可以把单词分为7个一组进行记忆。

9. 运用便于记忆的化简法

一个单词往往有很多派生词,我们完全可以将其化为最简单的形式来加以记忆,从而大大提高记忆效率。如: inconsequential (adj. insignificant; unimportant),其构词方式为: "in (not) + consequence (后果) + tial (adj.)"意为"不能导致什么后果的",所以"不重要"。这个词的核心部分实际上是我们非常熟悉的单词 consequence。

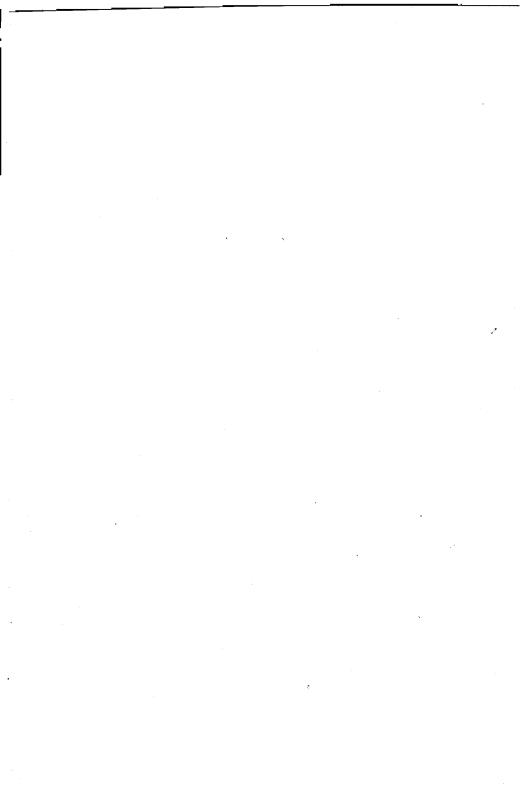
相信通过本书的学习和使用,广大考生一定能够在短期内熟练掌握 GRE 必考词汇,顺利跨越词汇难关。

编 者 2004年1月

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神话典故引申词



adamant ['ædəmənt] Odunuk adj. hard; inflexible

强硬的;坚定不移的;固执的

◆记忆提示:亚当

例句: He was *adamant* in his determination to punish the criminals who destroyed his family.

◇派生:adamancy

n. 坚硬;坚强;固执

amazon ['æməzən]

n. female warrior 有男子气概的女人源自神话中一支高大强壮的女战士族

源自神话中一支高大强壮的女战士族 ◆记忆提示:亚马逊 ∩ M(1) 2511

例句: Ever since the days of Greek mythology we refer to strong and aggressive women as *amazons*.

n. fleet of warships 西班牙无故舰队例句:Queen Elizabeth's navy was able to defeat the mighty armada that threatened the English coast.
aureole ['orrioul]

n. halo; sun's corona WYLON (神和圣人头上的)光晕;日冕 WYLON 例句: Many medieval paintings depict saintly characters with aureoles around

their heads. MYIM auroral [ox'roxrol]

adj. pertaining to the aurora borealis 曙光的;极光的;玫瑰色的 例句:The auroral display was particularly spectacular that evening.

Bacchanalian [bækə neiljən]

adj. Carunken 酒神节的;狂饮作乐的例句: Emperor Nero attended the bacchanalian orgy.

n. mythical figure, half man and half horse (希腊神话中的)半人半马怪物
◆记忆提示:"身一头"
例句: I was particularly impressed by

the statue of the centaur in the Roman

Hall of the museum.

chimerical [kai'merikəl]

adj. fantastically improbable; highly unrealistic; imaginative

空想的;妄想的;不真实的

例句: As everyone expected, Ted's chimerical scheme to make a fortune by raising ermines in his backyard proved a dismal failure.



◇派生: chimera

n. 狂想;妄想;荒唐的计划

cupidity [kju:'piditi]

n. greed 贪心;贪婪

◆词源:Cupid 爱神丘比特

例句: The defeated people could not satisfy the *cupidity* of the conquerors, who demanded excessive tribute.

elysian [1'l131an]

adj. relating to paradise; blissful 天堂

例句:An afternoon sail on the bay was for her an elysian journey.

idyllic [aı'dılık]

adj. charmingly carefree; simple 田园短诗的;牧歌的;生动逼真的 例句:Far from the city, she led an idyllic existence in her rural retreat.

iridescent ['IrI'desnt]

adj. exhibiting rainbowlike colors 彩虹色的;闪光的

◆记忆提示: Iris 彩虹女神

例句: She admired the *iridescent* hues of the oil that floated on the surface of the water.

◇派生: iridescence

n. 彩虹色

[lervuezb'] laivoi

adj. good-natured; merry

天性快活的:愉快的

例句:A frown seemed out of place on his invariably jovial face.

juggernaut ['dʒʌgənəɪt]

n. irresistible crushing force

不可抗拒的毁灭力量

◆词源:Juggernaut

世界主宰(印度教主神毗瑟拿的化身)

例句: Nothing could survive in the path of the *Juggernaut*.

labyrinth [læbərinθ]

n. maze 迷宫

◆词源:Labyrinth 迷宫;曲径

例句: Hiding from Indian Joe, Tom and Becky soon lost themselves in the

labyrinth of secret underground caves.

lethal ['li:θəl]

adj. deadly 致命的

◆词源: Lethe 忘川(阴间的一条河,人饮其水就会忘掉过去一切)

例句: It is unwise to leave *lethal* weapons where children may find them.

lethargic [le'θα:dʒik]

adj. drowsy; dull 昏睡的; 瞌睡的 联想: lethal 致命的; 能致命的 例句: The stuffy room made her so lethargic that she felt as if she was about to nod off.

◇派生: lethargy

n. 无生气;死气沉沉;呆滞;冷漠

lilliputian [lilə'pju: [ən]

adj. extremely small; tiny and delicate 微型的; 极小的

◆词源: Lilliput (《格列佛游记》中的) 小人国

例句: The model was built on a *lilliputian* scale.

◇派生: also

n. 小人国居民;侏儒



martial ['mq:[əl]

adj. warlike

战争的;军事的;军队的;好战的;尚武的

◆词源: Mars

马耳斯(罗马神话故事中的战神);火星 例句: The sound of *martial* music inspired the young cadet with dreams of military glory.

◆引申:martial law 戒严令:戒严法

mercurial [məːˈkjuərɪəl]

adj. capricious; changing; fickle 活泼善变的

◆词源: Mercury 水星; 水银 例句: Quick as quicksilver to change, he was *mercurial* in nature and therefore unreliable.

muse [mju:z]

v. ponder 沉思;冥想

◆记忆提示:"默思"

例句: For a moment he *mused* about the beauty of the scene, but his thoughts soon changed as he recalled his own personal problems.

派生:Muse

n. (希腊女神)缪斯

nemesis ['nemisis]

n. someone seeking revenge 复仇者

◆词源:Nemesis (希腊神话)复仇女神 例句: Abandoned at sea in a small boat, the vengeful Captain Bligh vowed to be the *nemesis* of Fletcher Christian and his fellow mutineers.

Odyssey ['odisi]

n. long, eventful journey

长途的冒险行程

◆词源: Odyssey 《奥德赛》(古希腊史诗,为荷马所作,描写奥德修斯在特洛伊战争后,在外流浪十年,历经艰险才返乡) 例句: The refugee's journey from

例句: The refugee's journey from Cambodia was a terrifying *odyssey*.

plutocracy [plux'tokresi]

n. society ruled by the wealthy 富豪统治

◆词源:Plutus 希腊神话中的普路托斯; 财神;冥王星

例句: From the way the government caters to the rich, you might think our society is a *plutocracy* rather than a democracy.

protean ['prautizan]

adj. versatile; able to take on many forms 变化无常的;—人演几个角色的

◆词源: Proteus 海神,能随意变换形状 以困惑他的俘虏

例句: A remarkably *protean* actor, Alee Guinness could take on any role.

saturnine ['sætə:naın]

adj. gloomy

忧郁的(反义词: genial 亲切的)

◆词源:Saturn 土星;农神;铅

例句:Do not be misled by his *saturnine* countenance; he is not as gloomy as he looks.

satyr ['sætə]

n. half-human, half-bestial being in the court of Dionysus, portrayed as wanton and cunning

(希神及罗马神话)半人半兽的森林之神; 好色之徒;性欲极强的男人





例句:He was like a satyr in his lustful conduct.

spartan ['spartn]

adi. lacking luxury and comfort; sternly disciplined

(指环境)简陋而艰苦的:清苦的

◆词源:Spartan 斯巴达人

例句:Looking over the bare, unheated room with its hard cot. he wondered what he was doing in such spartan quarters.

sphinx-like [s'finks'laik]

adj. enigmatic; mysterious

谜一般的;神秘的

例句: The Mona Lisa's sphinx-like expression has puzzled art lovers for centuries.

stygian ['stid3iən]

adj. gloomy; hellish; deathly 地狱的:阴暗的

◆词源:Styx 希腊神话中的复河

例句: Shielding the flickering candle from any threatening draft, Tom and Becky descended into the stygian darkness of the underground cavern.

sylvan ['silvən]

adj. pertaining to the woods; rustic 森林的:乡村的

例句: His paintings of nymphs in sylvan backgrounds were criticized oversentimental.

tantalize ['tæntəlaiz]

v. tease; torture with disappointment.

(以可望而不可及之物)逗引或招惹(人或 动物)

◆词源:Tantalus 希腊神话中的坦塔罗 斯;因泄漏天机被罚站阴府,又饿又渴,食 物和水近在眼前,却拿不到。

例句:Tom loved to tantalize his younger brother with candy; he knew the boy was forbidden to have it.

thespian ['θespian]

adj. pertaining to drama

(古希腊雅典诗人, 悲剧创始者) 泰斯庇斯 的;悲剧的;戏剧的

例句: Her success in the school play convinced her she was destined for a thespian career.

◇派生:also

n. 演员

titanic [tai'tænik]

adj. gigantic 巨大的:极大的

◆词源·Titans

被宙斯击败的一些不守法巨人

例句: Titanic waves beat against the majestic S. S. Titanic, driving it against the concealed iceberg.

◇派生: titan

n. 高大:强大:智力高:重要的人

zephyr ['zefə]

n. gentle breeze; west wind.

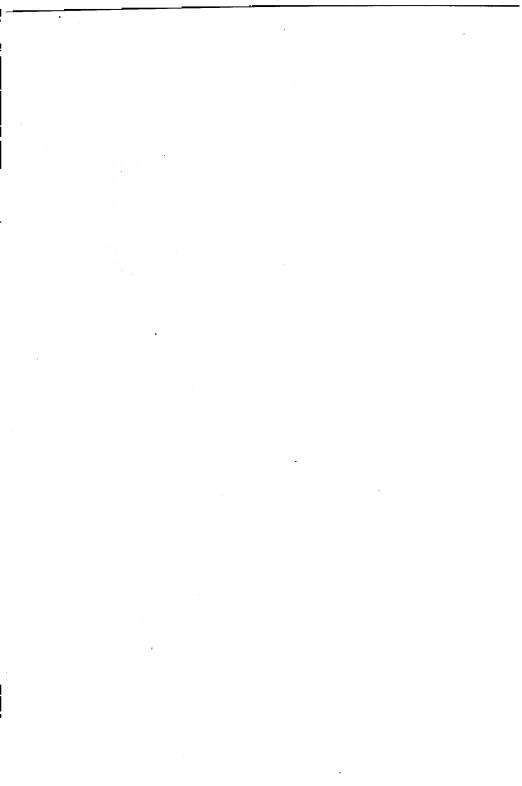
西风;(诗)和风;徐风

◆词源:Zephyr 西风之神

例句: When these zephyrs blow, it is good to be in an open boat under a full sail.

第二章

动物引申词



aquiline ['ækwılaın]

adj. curved; hooked (似)鹰的;(似)鹰嘴弯曲状的;钩状的 例句: He can be recognized by his aquiline nose, curved like the beak of the eagle.

asinine ['æsɪnaɪn]

adj. stupid

驴的;驴子似的;愚钝的;顽固的

◆词源: asin = ass

驴子

例句: Your *asinine* remarks prove that you have not given this problem any serious consideration.

bovine ['bauvain]

adj. cowlike; placid and dull 牛的;迟钝的

例句: Nothing excites Esther; even when she won the state lottery, she still preserved her air of *bovine* calm.

canine ['kemam]

adj. related to dogs; doglike 犬的;狗的;似犬的;犬科的 例句:Some days the canine population of Berkeley seems almost to outnumber the human population.

coltish ['kəultı[]

adj. lively and playful; frisky.

小马似的;不受拘束的

◆词源:colt 小马

例句:Old people usually enjoy watching children's *coltish* antics.

cow [kau]

v. terrorize; intimidate 威吓;恐吓 例句:The little boy was so *cowed* by the hulking bully that he gave up his lunch money without a word of protest.

cower ['kauə]

ν. shrink quivering, as from fear 抖缩;蜷缩;畏缩

例句: The frightened child cowered in the corner of the room.

crabbed ['kræbid]

adj. sour; peevish 乖张的;执拗的;难解的;晦涩的 例句:The children avoided the *crabbed*

old man because he scolded them when they made noise.

[bigcb'] baggob

adj. determined; stubborn 顽固的;固执的;顽强的



例句:Les Miserables tells of inspector Javert's long, *dogged* pursuit of the criminal Jean Valjean.

equestrian [1'kwestriən]

◇派生: also

adj. 马的;骑术的

equine [ˈiːkwaɪn]

adj. resembling a horse 像马的 例句: Her long, bony face had an equine look.

ferret ['ferit]

v. drive or hunt out of hiding 搜寻;翻找 原义: 雪貂

例句: She ferreted out their secret.

gull [gʌl]

v. trick; hoodwink 欺骗 例句:Confident no one could **gull** him, Paul prided himself on his skeptical disposition.

gullible ['gʌləbl]

adj. easily deceived 轻信的;易受欺骗的

例句: Gullible people have only themselves to blame if they fall for con artists repeatedly. As the saying goes, "Fool me once, shame on you. Fool me twice, shame on me."

halcyon ['hælsıən]

adj. calm; peaceful 平静的;太平的 联想:heaven (常大写)天国 例句: In those *halcyon* days, people were not worried about sneak attacks and bombings.

leonine ['li:ənain]

adj. like a lion 狮子的;狮子般的例句:He was leonine in his rage.

lionize ['laɪənaɪz]

v. treat as a celebrity 将(某人)当作名人对待 例句: She enjoyed being *lionized* and

pestilential [pestil enfal]

adored by the public.

adj. causing plague; baneful 似瘟疫的;极讨厌的;极恼人的

例句:People were afraid to explore the *pestilential* swamp.

◇派生:pestilence

n. 瘟疫;(犹指)鼠疫

phoenix ['fi:niks]

n. symbol of immortality or rebirth/a person or thing of unsurpassed eacellence (涅槃再生的)凤凰;完人;完美之物

例句: Like the legendary *phoenix* rising from its ashes, the city of San Francisco rose again after its destruction during the 1906 earthquake.

ravenous ['rævinəs]

adj. extremely hungry 极饿的 例句: The ravenous dog upset several garbage pails in its search for food.

scavenge ['skævind3]

v. hunt through discarded materials for usable items; search, especially for food



打扫;以(腐肉)为食;从废物中提取

例句: If you need car parts that the dealers no longer stock, try scavenging for odd bits and pieces at the auto wreckers' yards.

◇派生:scavenger

n. 清道夫;食腐动物

serpentine ['səɪpəntaın]

adj. winding; twisting 像蛇般的蜷曲的;蜿蜒的

例句:The car swerved at every curve in the serpentine road.

shrew [frux]

n. scolding woman 泼妇

例句: No one wanted to marry Shakespeare's Kate because she was a shrew.

slothful ['sləuθfəl]

adj. lazy 怠惰的;懒散的

例句:The British word "layabout" is a splendid descriptive term for someone slothful.

◇派生: sloth

n. slow-oving tree-dwelling mammal 树懒

例句: Note how well the somewhat greenish coat of the **sloth** enables it to blend in with its arboreal surroundings.

sluggard ['slaged]

n. lazy person 懒散而行动迟缓的人

◆词源: slug 蛞蝓(俗称鼻涕虫)

例句: "You are a *sluggard*, a drone, a parasite." the angry father shouted at his lazy son.

◇派生:sluggish

adj. slow; lazy; lethargic

行动迟缓的

例句: After two nights without sleep, she felt *sluggish* and incapable of exertion.

toady ['təudı]

n. servile flatterer; yes man

谄媚者;马屁精

例句: Never tell the boss anything he doesn't wish to hear: he doesn't want an independent adviser, he just wants a *toady*.

◇派生·also

v. 谄媚;奉承;拍马

ursine ['əːsaɪn]

adj. bearlike; pertaining to a bear 熊的;像熊的

例句: Because of its *ursine* appearance, the great panda has been identified with the bears; actually, it is closely related to the raccoon.

urchin ['ə:tʃɪn]

n. mischievous child (usually a boy) 顽童;淘气鬼(犹指男孩)

例句:Get out! This store is no place for grubby *urchins*!

vixen ['viksn]

n. female fox; ill-tempered woman雌狐;唠叨的女人;坏心眼的女人;刁妇;泼妇

例句: Aware that she was right once again, he lost his temper and called her a shrew and a vixen.