



TOEFL

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# TOEFL® 1996~2003

## 托福历年全真试题

美国教育考试中心 (ETS) 著



科学出版社  
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# 托福历年全真试题

(1996~2003)

美国教育考试中心 (ETS) 著

科学出版社

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## 内 容 简 介

由美国教育考试中心(ETS)组织的托福考试(TOEFL),进入中国已有23年的历史,曾经掀起了中国人学习英语和出国留学的热潮,曾经改变了无数中国的人生轨迹。同时,作为英语水平的标准测试,已经得到了国内外众多著名高等院校招生部门和各类机构人力资源部门的广泛认可。

众所周知,托福考试将于2005年全面改革,采取新的考试内容和模式,考生的考试负担和风险必然增大。由于托福考试成绩的有效期长达两年,及时搭乘旧托福考试的“末班车”无疑是明智的选择。在新、旧托福交替之际,ETS、科学出版社和泰德教育集团联合推出《托福历年全真试题》,含1996年至2003年托福考试的15套精选全真试题(其中12套为首次公开)、8盘听力磁带、1套仿真试卷,清晰展示了托福考试的发展脉络,为广大考生准备了最权威的备考资料。其中,地道的美语学习资料更是不可多得,是英语学习者感受美语环境、提高英语水平的最佳选择。

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## Preface

Educational Testing Service (ETS) is pleased to participate in a joint effort with TideTime to sub-license Science Press to publish *Authentic TOEFL Questions from Over the Years, 1996 – 2003* in China. The publication is designed to help students prepare for TOEFL® or the Test of English as a Foreign Language™.

For more than 50 years, ETS has been devoted to advancing quality and equity in education. As the world's largest private, nonprofit educational testing and measurement organization, ETS administers 12 million tests worldwide each year. ETS is at the forefront in expanding access to education for all people, serving the needs of individuals, educational institutions, businesses, and governmental agencies in more than 190 countries.

We are committed to assisting Chinese students in their studies of English Language and in their pursuit of higher education. To succeed in an environment in which English is vital for learning and success, students need to not only understand English, but also to communicate effectively. The TOEFL test will help individuals demonstrate the English skills needed for academic success. For more than 40 years, TOEFL has been the leading academic English proficiency test in the world. Each year, nearly 800,000 individuals worldwide register for the exam that helps open a new world of possibilities for a new generation of achievers.

This edition of *Authentic TOEFL Questions from Over the Years, 1996 – 2003* will help Chinese students become familiar with the structure of the test, question types, and directions. It also provides tools and strategies for approaching the test with confidence. We hope you find this publication helpful and easy-to-use.

ETS looks forward to continuing its support of higher education in China.

**Paul A. Ramsey**

**Senior Vice President, International Division, Educational Testing Service**



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# TOEFL Test 1 (2002~2003)

## Section 1 Listening Comprehension

1

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand conversations and talks in English. There are three parts to this section with special directions for each part. Answer all the questions on the basis of what is stated or implied by the speakers in this test. Do **not** take notes or write in your test book at any time. Do **not** turn the pages until you are told to do so.

### Part A

**Directions:** In Part A, you will hear short conversations between two people. After each conversation, you will hear a question about the conversation. The conversations and questions will not be repeated. After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

In your test book, you read:

- (A) He doesn't like the painting either.
- (B) He doesn't know how to paint.
- (C) He doesn't have any paintings.
- (D) He doesn't know what to do.

**Sample Answer**

☒ (A) ☐ (B) ☐ (C) ☐ (D)

You learn from the conversation that neither the man nor the woman likes the painting. The best answer to the question "What does the man mean?" is (A), "He doesn't like the painting either." Therefore, the correct choice is (A).

Wait





1. (A) She needs to find a different roommate.  
(B) She thinks the man should get a haircut.  
(C) She didn't recognize the man because of his haircut.  
(D) Few people have noticed her roommate's haircut.
2. (A) Call for the latest weather report.  
(B) Ask the woman for directions to the library.  
(C) Go to the library to do research for the field trip.  
(D) Call his professor about the field trip.
3. (A) She can't find her car.  
(B) Her car isn't insured.  
(C) She'll inspect her car for damage.  
(D) She's trying to find out about the insurance.
4. (A) He agrees with the woman.  
(B) He hasn't been to a game recently.  
(C) He doesn't think the team has been playing well.  
(D) He doesn't know much about baseball.
5. (A) He has never been to the auditorium.  
(B) He wants to stop and ask for directions.  
(C) The woman won't be late.  
(D) The program in the auditorium has already begun.
6. (A) Arrive at class on time.  
(B) Finish his assignments more promptly.  
(C) Get his watch fixed.  
(D) Get notes about the class from a friend.
7. (A) He plans to sing a song at the audition.  
(B) He thinks the woman should be in the play.  
(C) He thinks the woman should invite someone else to the play.  
(D) He's not interested in performing with the drama club.
8. (A) She's too sick to have visitors.  
(B) She picked up her brother last night.  
(C) Her brother's flight was canceled.  
(D) Her brother has changed his plans.
9. (A) He has a very high phone bill this month, too.  
(B) The woman should contact the phone company.  
(C) The woman should make fewer long-distance calls.  
(D) He'll help the woman pay her phone bill.
10. (A) Help Laura with her paper next week.  
(B) Ask Laura to clean the apartment by herself.  
(C) Ask someone else to clean the apartment with Laura.  
(D) Ask Laura to wait until next weekend to do the cleaning.
11. (A) He hasn't read the committee's report yet.  
(B) He'll encourage the committee to finish the report soon.  
(C) The committee took longer to finish the report than expected.  
(D) The committee's report contains mistakes.



12. (A) She's afraid of getting hurt.  
(B) She won't be free this weekend.  
(C) She'd rather go to Mount Hope.  
(D) She prefers to go skiing by herself.
13. (A) She realizes the equipment is easily damaged.  
(B) She won't forget to put away the equipment.  
(C) She always performs experiments carefully.  
(D) She's worried about the results of her experiment.
14. (A) He doesn't want the woman to give him money.  
(B) He doesn't remember how much the groceries cost.  
(C) The concert tickets were inexpensive.  
(D) He had forgotten about the concert.
15. (A) Turn on the television.  
(B) Change the channel immediately for the woman.  
(C) Continue watching the nature program.  
(D) Check to see when the nature program is on.
16. (A) She also would like to work for the school newspaper.  
(B) The man has too many books to carry.  
(C) The man has a very busy schedule.  
(D) The man took more than five classes last semester.
17. (A) Tell her more about the exhibit.  
(B) Invite someone else to the museum.  
(C) Take a course in art history.  
(D) Ask Mary when the exhibit will begin.
18. (A) His housemate doesn't want the windows closed.  
(B) His housemate is responsible for paying the electric bill.  
(C) The windows are hard to close.  
(D) He's anxious for the weather to warm up.
19. (A) The play will be performed at another location.  
(B) The woman didn't intend to attend the play.  
(C) It isn't possible to cancel the play.  
(D) The play was going to be performed outside.
20. (A) She'd prefer to go to a different restaurant.  
(B) She'll join the man for dinner.  
(C) She has been to the restaurant before.  
(D) The man should order spaghetti at the restaurant.
21. (A) She thought the furniture would be more expensive.  
(B) She doesn't remember how much the furniture cost.  
(C) She's still tired from carrying the furniture into the house.  
(D) The furniture is too big for the house.
22. (A) She'd like to watch television with the man.  
(B) The man shouldn't waste his time watching television.  
(C) The man should watch a different program.  
(D) The television program doesn't start until later in the evening.

**1****1****1****1****1****1****1****1****1****1**

23. (A) Help the woman repair her car.  
(B) Help the woman find a job.  
(C) Cancel the woman's appointment for her.  
(D) Take the woman to her doctor's office.
24. (A) Try to switch hours with someone else.  
(B) Ask his boss to raise his pay.  
(C) Look for a more suitable job.  
(D) Do the extra work without complaining.
25. (A) She knows why Bob is angry.  
(B) Bob isn't really angry with the man.  
(C) Bob will probably remain angry until the man apologizes.  
(D) The man should ask Bob to apologize.
26. (A) He'll move into his new apartment in a couple of months.  
(B) He'd like the woman to help him move into the apartment.  
(C) He hopes Pete will move into the apartment soon.  
(D) The apartment might be too expensive for him.
27. (A) Look for a bigger mirror on sale.  
(B) Take the mirror back to the store next week.  
(C) Leave without buying the mirror.  
(D) Hang a picture next to the mirror.
28. (A) She's worried that the man will miss next week's deadline.  
(B) She doesn't know when the deadline for tuition payment is.  
(C) The man should have paid his tuition a week ago.  
(D) The man has all week to pay his tuition.
29. (A) It's too late to join the soccer team.  
(B) The man's grades have begun to improve recently.  
(C) The man might not have enough time to play soccer.  
(D) The man should continue to improve his soccer skills.
30. (A) He finds Dr. Langston's lectures boring.  
(B) He pays close attention to Dr. Langston's lectures.  
(C) Dr. Langston's lectures are short but challenging.  
(D) He doesn't usually sit through an entire lecture.



## Part B

**Directions:** In this part of the test, you will hear longer conversations. After each conversation, you will hear several questions. The conversations and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Remember, you are **not** allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

31. (A) A study group.  
(B) Studio Art 101.  
(C) The man's painting.  
(D) A professional artist.
32. (A) Making a gift for the woman.  
(B) Working on a class assignment.  
(C) Discussing his career.  
(D) Preparing to teach an art class.
33. (A) Study paintings by other artists.  
(B) Go to her father's art exhibit.  
(C) Show the instructor his sketches.  
(D) Change the color of the sky in his painting.
34. (A) By listening to her father.  
(B) By working for an artist.  
(C) By talking to the studio art instructor.  
(D) By taking several art courses.
35. (A) Take a history exam.  
(B) Go to an art exhibit.  
(C) Meet some classmates.  
(D) Help the man with his painting.
36. (A) The difficulty of raising animals on farms in colonial America.  
(B) Traffic problems in colonial American cities.  
(C) Population growth in colonial American cities.  
(D) Economic conditions in colonial America.
37. (A) By widening the streets.  
(B) By using coaches to provide free public transportation.  
(C) By preventing carts from entering town.  
(D) By making laws to keep farm animals off the street.
38. (A) Carts scared the pigs away.  
(B) Carts injured a large number of people.  
(C) Carts often moved too slowly.  
(D) Carts broke down too easily.
39. (A) They used carts for collecting garbage.  
(B) They used pigs to get rid of garbage.  
(C) They burnt the garbage.  
(D) They set up trash cans.



### Part C

**Directions:** In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks. After each talk, you will hear some questions. The talks and the questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Now listen to a sample question.

**Sample Answer**

(A) (B) ☒ (D)

- In your test book, you read:
- (A) To demonstrate the latest use of computer graphics.
  - (B) To discuss the possibility of an economic depression.
  - (C) To explain the workings of the brain.
  - (D) To dramatize a famous mystery story.

The best answer to the question “What is the main purpose of the program?” is (C), “To explain the workings of the brain.” Therefore, the correct choice is (C).

Now listen to another sample question.

**Sample Answer**

(A) (B) (C) ☒

- In your test book, you read:
- (A) It is required of all science majors.
  - (B) It will never be shown again.
  - (C) It can help viewers improve their memory skills.
  - (D) It will help with course work.

The best answer to the question “Why does the speaker recommend watching the program?” is (D), “It will help with course work.” Therefore, the correct choice is (D).  
Remember, you are **not** allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

Wait



40. (A) The advantages of traditional surveying methods.  
(B) Using satellites to communicate with mountain climbers.  
(C) Obtaining new information about a mountain.  
(D) Controlling satellites from the top of a mountain.
41. (A) To indicate how climbers communicated.  
(B) To show that climbers enjoyed many comforts.  
(C) To show that modern telephones work at high altitudes.  
(D) To emphasize how small some equipment had become.
42. (A) Detailed maps from previous studies.  
(B) Recent advances in technology.  
(C) Plenty of funding for the study.  
(D) Experience carrying heavy loads up mountains.
43. (A) To carry information that would help determine elevation.  
(B) To provide accurate weather reports.  
(C) To relay information from scientists around the world.  
(D) To indicate which route the mountain climbers should take.
44. (A) The adaptations of the African grass mouse to its environment.  
(B) The sleeping habits of the African grass mouse.  
(C) The effect of intense sunlight on the diet of the African grass mouse.  
(D) The habitat of the African grass mouse.
45. (A) It has a flattened shape.  
(B) It has an extra layer of pigmented tissue.  
(C) It has a furry covering.  
(D) It has a large cranial cavity.
46. (A) They are active during daylight hours.  
(B) Their heads are exposed to sunlight while they sleep.  
(C) They have only partially adapted to their tropical environment.  
(D) Their wings are easily damaged by ultraviolet radiation.
47. (A) The increase in the number of congressional representatives.  
(B) The process of hiring congressional staff members.  
(C) The role of congressional representatives' aides.  
(D) The structure of congressional elections.
48. (A) Research foreign policy issues.  
(B) Communicate with the aides of other congressional representatives.  
(C) Help citizens solve problems.  
(D) Oversee local elections.
49. (A) To compare the duties of politicians in different countries.  
(B) To point out that too many laws are proposed.  
(C) To emphasize the importance of Congress.  
(D) To explain why a congressional representative needs a large staff.



50. (A) Negotiating deals with other congressional aides. (C) Managing a representative's financial interests.
- (B) Suggesting laws that will be popular with local voters. (D) Creating new ways to campaign for their bosses.

**This is the end of Section 1.  
Stop work on Section 1.**



**Do NOT read or work on any other section of the test.  
The supervisor will tell you when to begin work on Section 2.**

# Section 2

## Structure and Written Expression

Time: 25 minutes

2

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

### Structure

**Directions:** Questions 1-15 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the **one** word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

#### Example I

#### Sample Answer

(A) ☒ (B) ☐ (C) ☐ (D) ☐

Geysers/have often been compared to volcanoes -----  
they both emit not liquids from below the Earth's surface.

- (A) due to
- (B) because
- (C) in spite of
- (D) regardless of

The sentence should read, "Geysers have often been compared to volcanoes because they both emit hot liquids from below the Earth's surface." Therefore, you should choose (B).

#### Example II

#### Sample Answer

(A) ☐ (B) ☐ (C) ☐ (D) ☒

During the early period of ocean navigation, -----  
any need for sophisticated instruments and techniques.

- (A) so that hardly
- (B) when there hardly was
- (C) hardly was
- (D) there was hardly

The sentence should read, "During the early period of ocean navigation, there was hardly any need for sophisticated instruments and techniques." Therefore, you should choose (D).

Now begin work on the questions.



1. Many scientists believe-----as a result of a collision between the newly formed Earth and a large/asteroid?  
 (A) that the Moon was formed  
 (B) in that the Moon was formed  
 (C) that the Moon formed was  
 (D) when the Moon was formed
2. The organ-pipe/cactus/is-----in the United States.  
 (A) rare that  
 (B) it rare  
 (C) so that rare  
 (D) rare
3. Willa Cather,-----, gained/recognition/for her books concerning the American/frontier.  
 (A) a novelist and Pulitzer prizewinning  
 (B) a Pulitzer prizewinning novelist  
 (C) a Pulitzer prizewinning novelist who  
 (D) was a Pulitzer prizewinning novelist
4. Interest in the ancient art form of/mural painting was/rekindled-----for the 1893 Chicago World's Fair.  
 (A) when the murals created  
 (B) the murals that were created  
 (C) and the murals to be created  
 (D) by the murals created
5. The average wavelength of visible light is 2,000 times-----the diameter of an atom.  
 (A) much as  
 (B) as great  
 (C) greater than  
 (D) more than that
6. ----- ants live in nests, which may be located in the ground, under a rock, or built above ground and may be made of/twigs, sand, or/gravel.  
 (A) Most  
 (B) The most of  
 (C) Most of  
 (D) Of the most
7. The banking systems of the world have many similarities,----- they also differ, sometimes in quite material respects.  
 (A) of which  
 (B) in spite of  
 (C) but  
 (D) how
8. Learning that takes place in/infancy/provides the-----for the eventual transformation of a child into an adult.  
 (A) foundation is necessary  
 (B) necessary foundation is  
 (C) necessary in the foundation  
 (D) foundation necessary
9. In the late 1930's and early 1940's, Jacob Lawrence created many paintings-----the lives of famous African American activists.  
 (A) portrayed  
 (B) portrayed them  
 (C) that they portrayed  
 (D) that portrayed