国家社会科学基金项目



# 奥运对和平的追求

一加强北京奥运软实力建设,促进中国和平发展的研究

宋继新 等著

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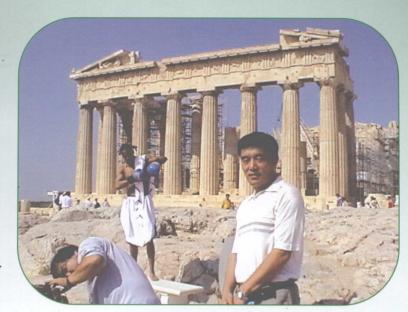
宋继新,1957年生,博士,教授,博士生导师,原籍山东省海阳县。现任吉林体育学院院长,兼吉林省体育局副局长,中国体育战略委员会委员,国家教育部体育教学指导委员会委员。1994年被国务院任命为"国家有突出贡献专家"的荣誉称号;1996年被国家教委评为"全国优秀青年体育教师";2000年被国家体育总局评为体育科技先进工作者;2002年被吉林省政府评为省管社会科学优秀专家、省高等教育"十大名师";2006年荣获长春市"五一劳动奖章"。现完成国家课题三项、省级课题六项,两次获国家级优秀教学成果奖,著书五部,在国际会议、《体育科学》、《人民日报》和《中国体育报》发表论文百余篇。



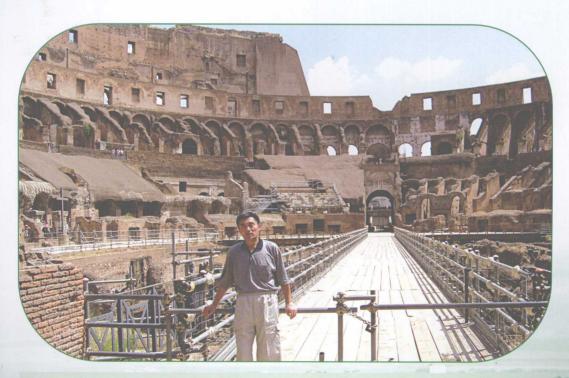
作者在第七届全国体育科学大会上作《奥运对和平的追求——促进北京 奥运会稳定与中国和平发展》的主题报告,引起国内许多学者的关注。

作者在七 科大宣读论文 后, 与北京体 育大学的博士 和国内青年学 者针对奥运追 求和平的问题 进行了讨论。





作者在雅典,考察了 古希腊奥运会的遗址。



作者在意大利, 考察了古罗马斗兽场的遗址。



作者多次给国家级教练员作奥运与竞技教育的报告



作者在 2008 年北京奥运会 理论研讨会上作大会发言



作者曾给亚足联举办的教 练员培训班的学员,作维 护赛场秩序的报告

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### 序

奥运对和平的追求是人类用有规则的竞技,表达对生存"秩序"的追寻。它从古老的"神圣休战"到现代追求和平的宗旨,皆证实了"秩序"是奥运生存与发展的核心问题,是国际体育文化发展的品质。当今,世界和平发展需要秩序,中国构建和谐社会也需要秩序,奥运可持续发展更需要秩序。所以对任何一个社会共同体而言,秩序都是最为基本的价值。人类正是有了秩序,才能有维护公共生活的可能,才能全面开发人的本质力量。奥运是人类公共的体育生活。奥运追求和平,实质是人类努力摆脱野蛮、抛弃动物世界弱肉强食的丛林法则,追求有秩序的公共体育生活的表现。它是奥运的"生命线"。实践证明,奥运若丧失了"秩序"这条红线,将失去存在的价值。当今,中国竞技体育赛场存在着一系列不和谐的问题,关键在于人们缺少一种体育"秩序意识",缺少有秩序的公共体育生活观念,其主要原因是人们不了解奥运宗旨及其追求和平的真谛。

《奥运对和平的追求——加强北京奥运会软实力建设,促进中国和平发展的研究》是一项研究国际体育秩序和国际社会秩序的国家社会科学基金课题,是吉林大学行政学院 2006 届博士生优秀毕业论文。作者针对当今世界竞技体育黑峭、假球、殴斗、兴奋剂和种族冲突等扰乱国际赛场秩序的问题,站在维护北京奥运会秩序和国际社会秩序,即和谐中国与世界的制高点上,首先考证了公元前八世纪,希腊人为了敬仰神灵、规避战乱、维护秩序、教育青年,创造了一种通过公平竞赛促进"和平"的规则,即奥林匹克"神圣休战"的制度。这既是古希腊人为人类建立公共秩序做出的突出贡献,也是一项富有政治意义的体育制度

的创新,更是奥运彰显人性,扬善抑恶的表现。奥林匹克"神圣休战"制度的建立,与古希腊当时的民主、正义、公平的政治环境密切相关。其次论证了奥运追求和平是一种具有政治意义的公共体育精神,是人类自我意识的觉醒,是人类竞技文化的自觉,它强化了"类"文明,淡化了"种"意识;研究奥运对和平的追求,不仅有利于培养公共意识,造就世界公民,而且更有利于提升北京奥运的水准,树立良好的国家形象,促进中国和平发展。最后,作者又提出了加强北京奥运会软实力建设的若干具体的措施。这是一项主动将维护北京奥运会秩序,纳入国家和平发展战略体系中,富有创意的研究。

总之,研究奥运追求和平的问题,是揭示奥运生存与发展的基本规律的课题,是建立国际体育"秩序意识"、维护人类有秩序的体育生活的举措。这不仅能够提升奥运参与国的思想境界,而且有助于维护国际社会的秩序,促进北京奥运会的稳定与中国的和平发展。应当说这是中国体育文化的一种自觉。

周光辉 2007 年 4 月 18 日

## 前言

和平是人类最持久、最朴实的生存需求,其核心是对"秩序"的追求。它是人对其恶性的矫正,善性的开发。当今,和平与发展是国际社会重要的政治性话题。因为人类生活有了"秩序",才能使"种"得以生存,"类"得以延续,世界得以和谐,人的本质力量得以开发。爱好和平是人类扬善抑恶,彰显人性的表现。《中国的和平发展道路》的白皮书指出,"中华民族历来酷爱和平,中华文化是一种和平的文化"。奥运对和平的追求是人类对体育秩序和社会秩序的追寻。它是国际奥林匹克运动的"生命线"。历史表明,奥运若失去这一价值追求,将会迷失方向,失去其存在的价值。

全面分析,夺取运动锦标是奥运的载体,具有工具理性;追求教育与和平,维护秩序是奥运的灵魂,它富有人文的价值理性,二者缺一不可。因为丧失灵魂的奥运是没有生命力、低层次的丛林竞技,将会重返罗马斗兽场。当今,国内赛场为何黑哨、假球、兴奋剂屡禁不止、体育秩序欠佳?其中,一个重要的原因是人们尚不知奥运真正为何物,确切地说,我们对奥运追求教育与和平,维护秩序的核心理念(奥运宗旨)研究得极为不够,尚未将其工具理性与价值理性统一 . 起来,进行系统地研究与实践。这正是当今中国体育存在重大问题的症结所在,也是历史赋予我们研究《奥运对和平的追求》课题的使命。

据考证,中西方古代对和平的认识不同。中国古代倡导的是具有稳定、封闭、专制特征的和平,古希腊追求的是具有公平、开放、民主特点的和平。奥运追求和平是人类自我意识的觉醒,它唤醒了人类沉睡的善意。当初,古希腊人为

了敬仰神灵、规避战乱、维护秩序,创造了一种通过公平竞赛促进区域"和平"的规则,即奥林匹克"神圣休战"制度。这既是古希腊对世界文明做出的突出贡献,也是他们抛弃弱肉强食的丛林法则,为人类建立公共秩序奠定的基础。这是一种体育制度和政治制度的创新。奥林匹克"神圣休战"制度的创立与完善,与古希腊民主、正义、公平的政治环境密切相关。当前,中外学者研究奥运,都热衷于探讨如何提高运动成绩和经济效益等问题,仅有少数学者研究奥运微观的政治问题,尚未发现有关研究奥运对和平的追求的政治学课题。

历史表明,古希腊奥运会燃起的和平圣火,不断给人类带来"秩序"之光。古希腊社会的民主、正义、公平、秩序的政治理念,是古代奥运会追求和平的"基因",也是"神圣休战"制度产生的思想源头。中国古代之所以难以产生像古希腊那样追求公平竞争的竞技运动,原因在于缺少公平、正义、民主、有序的社会环境。古代奥运会"神圣休战"制度消亡的原因是多方面的,但主要的是希腊政治衰败对其产生了毁灭性的冲击。现代奥运的兴起,也是由于文艺复兴以来,近代商品经济、民主政治和教育的发展,为其创造了民主、正义和公平的社会环境。百年来,虽然现代奥运未像古奥运"神圣休战"那样有效地控制冲突、平息战火,但它追求和平的宗旨对于抵制局部战乱、控制赛场异化现象的干扰,促进人类和平确实起到了积极的作用。

系统分析,现代奥运追求和平的历程充满着艰辛曲折:首先,最大的挑战来自于极端"种"意识的干扰;其次,是恐怖主义和国际政治的动荡;再次,是狭隘的竞技观的影响。为了实现当今奥运促进和平的理想,国际奥委会应采取三大改革措施:一是奥运要积极与政治合作,广泛谋求国际社会的支持;二是要加强关于奥运追求和平的教育,提高全球参与者的素质;三是要重视研究举办奥运会期间的保安预案,主动规避风险。

奥运追求和平的过程,是一部人类不断自我反省,平息争斗,追寻秩序,扬

善抑恶的体育与政治结合的历史,它彰显了人类的智慧,创造了体育与政治结合的"类"文明。考证其历程颇受启迪:第一,奥运追求和平是人类对秩序的追寻。第二,奥运追求和平是一种具有政治意义的公共体育精神。它强化了体育的"类"文明,淡化了竞技的"种"意识。第三,奥运追求和平为人类搭建了一个文明交流的平台,有助于尊重人类文化的多元性,有利于世界的和平与发展。第四,奥运追求和平是对自身的超越,是人类自我意识的觉醒。第五,奥运追求和平有助于提高参与国的综合国力。长期以来,奥运奉献给人类的不仅是娱乐,还有激情,即一种使参与者更加热爱生活、热爱祖国、热爱人类的激情。这种激情能产生强大的精神力量,有助于提高国家的综合国力。第六,就当今中国的现实政治而言,研究奥运对和平的追求,能够提升北京奥运的水准,促进我国的和平发展。这对于抵制"中国威胁论",贯彻国家"和平发展"的治国方略,具有重要意义。

中宣部长刘云山同志曾指出:"文化是综合国力的重要组成部分,也是增强综合国力的重要力量。当今世界激烈的综合国力竞争,不仅包括经济实力、科技实力、国防实力等方面的竞争,也包括文化实力和民族精神的竞争。"这是很有道理的,因为未来的北京奥运会,不仅是金牌的较量,更是国际间的文化竞争。实践证明,没有文化的奥运是没有希望的。因此,中国政府应该将具有"和谐世界"思想的北京奥运会,纳入国家和平发展的战略中,并将之置于国际社会环境中,既要做全局性的分析,又要主动加强其软实力的建设,这既能提升我国承办北京奥运的思想境界,又有助于改变参赛国过度民族主义的心态,更有利于维护奥运赛场的"秩序",其潜在的价值是提高中国承办北京奥运会的文化质量及其竞争能力。

总之,奥运追求和平的核心问题是人类对"秩序"的追寻。古代奥运追求秩序:场外有"神圣休战"的政治规则,场内有运动竞赛的体育规则,以满足

社会对正义和公平的追求。但是,现代奥运与中国竞技在面临异化挑战的背景下,传承奥运追寻秩序"基因"的意识已日渐消退,因而当今深入研究奥运追求和平的课题,既有利于促进奥运的可持续发展,又有利于培养人们的公共意识,造就世界公民,促进人类和平,更有利于控制北京奥运的"失稳",推进中国和平发展与奥运追求和平的进程。因此,研究加强北京奥运会软实力建设的课题,是推进国家和平发展战略实施的重要的组成部分。

本课题是国家哲学社会科学基金项目。课题组成员有: 薛继升、宋继新、贡娟、赵永平、张晓军、李微微、王赟馨、刘占捷、刘淑红、孙博、宋健。宋继新是这部专著的主要撰写者; 吉林体育学院副院长薛继升教授和大连警官学院孙博参与编写了第五章; 东北师范大学体育学院贡娟副教授和刘淑红参与编写了第一章; 吉林体育学院张晓军博士和李微微硕士共同参与编写了第一章; 吉林大学博士研究生赵永平和首都体院刘占捷参与编写了第三章; 吉林大学硕士研究生王赟馨和长春理工大学宋健参与编写了第四章。这项国家级课题的研究,曾得到我国著名政治学者吉林大学行政学院院长、博士生导师周光辉教授(宋继新攻读博士学位的指导教师)长期的精心指导,在此一并表示感谢。

宋继新 2007 年 5 月 13 日于北京市京西宾馆

#### Foreword

#### A Study on Olympics Pursuing Peace

Peace is the existence of pursuing the social relationship of justice, harmony, orderly and happiness. It is the most enduring and plain political pursuit of human. Nowadays, peace is an important political topic in the international community. Only pursuing peace can human exist the "species", continue the "genus" and the world harmony. Peace — loving is the highlight of human nature and a way of "Poetical Justice" The Chinese is a peace — loving nation, "Chinese culture is a kind of peace culture". According to the textual research, the ancient Chinese's understanding of peace is different from the West. The peace advocated by the ancient Chinese is stable, closed and authoritarian, while the way of the ancient Greece is characterized by justice, open and democracy. To Olympics, the pursuit of peace is the awakening of human self — awareness, it awakened human sleeping goodwill.

To avoid war and revere the jinn, the ancient Greeks created a rule, which is promoting regional "peace" through fair competition, namely, the Olympic "sacred truce" system. This is the ancient Greeks outstanding contributions to human civilization as well as the foundation for them to abandon the law of the jungle and establish public order for human, it is an innovation of sports system and political system. The creation of Olympic "sacred truce" system is closely linked to the democratic, just and fair political environment of the ancient Greece. Currently, domestic or foreign scholars studying the Olympic Games are keen to discuss the issues such as how to enhance athletic performance and economic benefits, only a few

scholars are in the field of micro – political Olympics. As for the political study on the issue of the Olympic Games pursuing of peace, it has not been found any yet.

History has shown that the holy flame of peace which was lit in the Olympic Games of ancient Greece had brought the light of order to human. In the Ancient Greece, political philosophies of democracy, justice and fair are the guidelines for the ancient Olympic Games to pursue peace, that is, the ideological foundation of "sacred truce" system. As for the ancient China, the lack of similar social environment led to the slim existing chance of the Olympic Movement which pursues fair competition. The demise of the ancient Olympics "sacred truce" system was for many reasons, but mainly because of the devastating impact of its political decline. The revival of Modern Olympics is also because of the democratic, just and fair social environment which formed by the development of modern market economy and democracy. For centuries, although the modern Olympics fail to control the conflict or cease the flames of the war effectively as the ancient Olympics "sacred truce" system did, but its tenet of pursuing peace plays a positive role in rejecting the local war as well as promoting peace.

For the comprehensive analysis, the course of Modern Olympics pursuing peace is fraught with hardship and setbacks: First of all, the greatest challenge comes from the interference of extreme "genus" awareness; terrorism and the unrest of international politics are in the next place; thirdly, the impact of narrow athletic outlook. To achieve the Olympic ideal of promoting peace, the International Olympic Committee should take three reforming measures: First, the Olympic Games should actively cooperate with the politics and broadly seek the support of the international community; Secondly, we must strengthen the education of the Olympics pursuing peace and improve the quality of global participants; At last, we must emphasize the study on its security plan during the Olympic Games in order to avoid risks initiatively.

The course of Olympics pursuing peace is a politically and sportily combining history of advocating justice and striking evilness in which human beings have been

continuously conducting autocriticism, quelling strife and pursuing peace. It demonstrates the wisdom of mankind, creates the "aenus" civilization which combines politics with sports. Its developing course gives us much inspiration: First, the Olympics pursuing peace is a kind of politically significant public sportsmanship. It not only enhanced "genus" civilization of the sports, weakened the consciousness of "species", spread the international public spirit, it also helped to accelerate the integration of nationalism and internationalism. Secondly, the Olympics pursuing peace erected a platform for cultural exchanges, contributing to the diversity of human culture as well as world peace and development, because the choice of Olympic sports itself is an aggregation of world multi – culture, its institutional and technical innovations also represent the international culture characters. Thirdly, the Olympic Games pursuing peace goes beyond itself, it is the awakening of human self awareness. It has lofty political sentiments. Nowadays, why there are so many conflicts which caused by excessive nationalism or the prize – induced attitude in the international games? That's because people did not understand the original meaning of "the Olympics pursuing peace", that is, the participants did not exceed themselves. Fourthly, the Olympics pursuing peace could contribute to enhancing the national comprehensive strength of participant countries. For a long time, the Olympic Games is not only dedicated to human entertainment but passion, the passion making the participants love their life, motherland and the mankind more, Such passion can produce the strong spiritual force and help to raise the country's comprehensive strength. Fifthly, as for the political reality, the research on the Olympics pursuing peace will raise the level of the Beijing Olympics as well as the peaceful development of China. It also has great significance in resisting the "China threat theory" and carrying out China's "peaceful development" strategy.

Today, in this era of globalization, China will host the 2008 Olympic Games under the international social environment, which is quite important for the strategic analysis. Currently, the Beijing Olympics pursuing peace faces many political challenges at home and abroad, thus, we have to systematically analyze the reasons

for these problems and take active measures accordingly: First, research on the Beijing Olympics soft construction to provide the basis for enhancing the value of its competitions. Soft construction shows the appeal and attraction of the country's values, culture, policies on other countries. It should accord with the trend of the times from the point of human morality and justice to gain international support and understanding. Secondly, the strategies of the Beijing Olympics should be adjusted for China's peace development. This firstly requires the Chinese government and its people to promote peace and development of the world including China, then achieve the expected goals such as competitive sport, economic returns and other social returns. Thirdly, adjusting the attitude and providing security for the Olympics stability. To achieve this goal, the Beijing Olympics should strive to surpass previous ones in four aspects: sport, culture, race and value. Fourthly, the cultivated education of citizens should be strengthened in order to create a good cultural environment for the Beijing Olympics. Fifthly, enrich the cultural content of the Beijing Olympics to make competitive rules more considerate. To keep the promise of hosting "humanistic Olympics", we must carefully research on considerately competitive rules in line with the spirit of the Olympic Games while carrying forward the traditional culture of harmony.

In short, an in – depth study of the theory and practice of the Olympics pursuing peace is very necessary. It will enhance the ideological realm of the Olympic host country and change excessive nationalism or the prize – induced attitude of participant countries. The deep – understanding on the value of the Olympics pursuing peace is conducive to prompt the sustainable development of the Olympic Games as well as to control "stabilization – losing" of the Beijing Olympics, thereby promoting China's peaceful development.

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