

A COLLECTION OF WORKS
BY CONTEMPORARY
MASTERS AT THE NATIONAL
ART MUSEUM
OF CHINA: CALLIGRPHY SECTION
WEI SIQIN

中国美术馆当代 名家系列 作品集·书法卷 韦斯琴 第一辑张邱白李胡孙张王叶事





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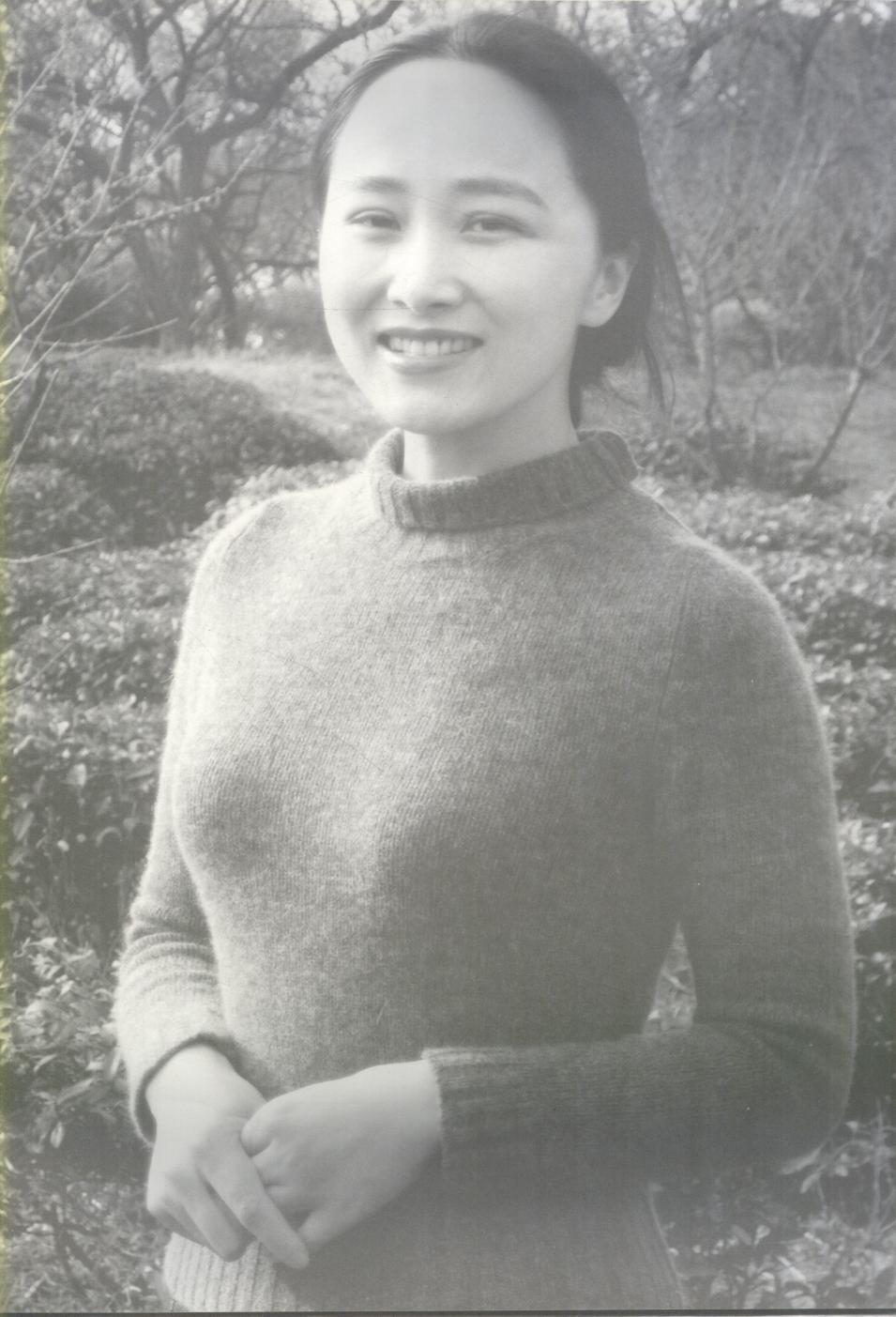
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**韦斯琴**,安徽芜湖人。1995年6月毕业于南京艺术学院美术系书法专业,中国书法家协会会员、中国散文学会会员、安徽省作家协会会员。

书法作品获奖及人展情况:第二届兰亭奖,艺术 创作一等奖; 第六届全国书法篆刻展全国奖; 首 届全国扇面书法展二等奖; 第八届全国中青年书 法篆刻作品展三等奖; 首届全国青年书法展获奖 并获探索奖提名; 首届林散之奖; 南京传媒三年 展提名奖;"祖国颂"主题书法大赛一等奖;全 国第四届正书展获奖;"高恒杯"全国书法大赛 获金奖; 首届全国行书展获奖提名。入选第五、 六、七届全国中青年书法篆刻作品展,第七届、 八届全国书法篆刻展,第一、二届全国行草书大 展,第三届全国正书大展,第二届百家精品展, 中国美术馆首届当代名家书法提名展等。2000 年12月出版散文集《六月无痕》,获第五届安徽 文学奖。2003年2月出版散文集《让我慢慢地 靠近你》, 获安徽省政府文学奖。2004年1月出 版书画集《云为诗留》,2006年1月出版散文集 《蓝》。



In the ancient Qin and Han dynasties, many excellent calligraphers emerged. During the Jin and Tang dynasties, masters and talents appeared one after another and wrote wonderful calligraphy, much of it considered classic. Numerous great masters also emerged between the Song and Yuan dynasties, creating excellent calligraphy even while drinking and also establishing various schools. Thereafter, the rulers made great efforts to promote calligraphy as an art, and researchers strove to record it and explain it in books. As a constituent of Chinese culture, calligraphy evolved into a fine art in various styles from practical use. Since the early 1920s, calligraphy has been confronted with many obstacles. Although Mr. Cai Yuanpei wanted to "establish a calligraphy specialization" at art colleges, calligraphy was not a part of the national art exhibition. From 1949 to 1979, calligraphy activities were regarded as "minority" art with only a few relevant fairs. The concept of excluding calligraphy from art circles has confined the "art" in narrow sense much more limited, and has affected the scope of collections and research by art museums as well as the arrangement of specialization curriculums at art colleges.

The 1980s, on the other hand, were a fortunate and welcome time for calligraphy. It's true that a single spark can start a prairie fire: the Chinese Calligraphers Association and many other local calligraphers associations were founded, a variety of public societies and organizations devoted to calligraphy came into being, and calligraphy began to be studied in higher education. These developments were undoubtedly inspiring to calligraphy artists. It was a milestone in calligraphy circles when the National Art Museum of China started collecting calligraphy works and prepared to build special calligraphy rooms. This was met with the approval of the relevant national cultural departments. The museum has formally included calligraphy in the fields of academia and research, and has organized a series of activities, such as "Invitation to an Exhibition of Fine Calligraphy by Contemporary Masters", "The First Nomination Exhibition of Fine Works by Famous Contemporary Calligraphers", and "An Invitation to an Exhibition of Calligraphy for the Beijing Olympics". The museum has also called upon elite artists to exchange ideas, and has tried to reestablish calligraphy

to its rightful place in the art world. Living in a time of cultural changes at home and abroad, we hope to rejuvenate the Chinese culture. We have felt it is our true responsibility and historical mission to promote the splendid and historical calligraphy of Chinese characters, and to redefine the modern connotation of the elites in traditional culture at a higher standing point. To do that, we plan to publish a new book entitled "A Collection of Works by Contemporary Masters at the National Art Museum of China: Calligraphy Section", which will gather together many masters with different styles. Such a collection will be suited for both researchers and readers.

Wei Siqin, one of the chosen masters in this section, is a young female calligrapher with remarkable achievements. Wise and talented, she is accomplished in writing, handwriting and drawing. Her small standard script is plain and natural, and her running script in brush is passionate and vital, integrating cursive script with the calligraphy style in the Ming dynasty. It is believed that the beauty of both her calligraphy and her diction will bring about unmatched artistic enjoyment.

The publication of such a collection is expected to make us clearly realize the many factors affecting the development of Chinese contemporary art and how to explore its future through new creations. With great support and concern from all walks of life, the National Art Museum of China will make its contribution to the development of Chinese calligraphy, and leave a legacy for the development of calligraphy art for generations to come.

Fan Di'an

Director of the National Art Museum of China

August 2007

自秦汉而远,善书者众矣。晋唐之间,贤圣继起,妙迹名著,蔚成经典。宋元以降,大家辈出,操觚立言,流派纷呈。为政者以己之务,全力以昌,研究者著录阐析,付之篇章。书法由致用而竞美,风貌繁衍出新,汇为中国文林气象。惜乎自20世纪初,书法之命运多舛。虽曾有蔡氏元培先生在美术院校"增设书法专科"之愿望,而于全国美术展览会中书法竟告阙如,1949年至1979年间书法活动亦为"小众"艺术,相关展览寥若晨星。弃书法于"美术"界外之观念使狭义之"美术"日趋促狭,并累及美术馆收藏研究之范围、美术院校系科专业课程之设置等。

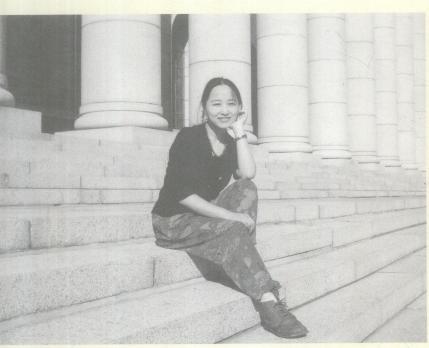
然自20世纪80年代,书法之命运适时转 机。中国书法家协会及各地书法家协会相继建 立,各种群众性的书法团体、机构风起云涌, 高等书法教育亦由星星之火渐成燎原之势。对 于书法发展而言, 此况令人振奋, 毋庸置疑。 国家文化主管部门批准中国美术馆收藏书法作 品、筹建书法专馆, 此乃中国书法界的瞻前大 事。中国美术馆将书法正式纳入学术观照与研 究视野,并以"当代大家书法邀请展"、"首届 当代名家书法提名展"、"迎奥运书法邀请展" 等活动,雅集书坛精英,共襄书法艺术于"美术" 中所处位置之重塑。类此, 当我们置身于不断 变幻的国内外文化环境, 寄望中华文化之复兴, 无不感到推动源远流长、博大精深的汉字书写 艺术, 以更高的立点重新认识传统文化中精华 部分的现代内涵, 既是现实责任, 亦是历史使命。

本馆策划出版《中国美术馆当代名家系列作品集·书法卷》即缘于此,辑中所录名家,各成风貌,亦复渊源有自。付梓成集,探研可示诸同好,游赏则以求大众。

人主此卷的韦斯琴是一位卓有成就的年轻 女书法家,她蕙心兰质,诗文书画兼擅,其小 楷清空疏淡、华滋润泽,其大字行草融章草与 明人书风于一体,激情澎湃、颇具气象。相信 她的书法之美与文辞之丽会给大家带来难得的 艺术享受。

希望通过出版此系列作品集,使我们能够 真切共识影响当代中国书法发展的诸多因素以 及如何在今后的创作实践中去开拓书法艺术的 未来。相信在社会各界的高度关注和大力支持 下,中国美术馆一定能为中国书法事业的发展 作出自己的贡献,为后世留下我们这个时期书 法艺术发展的印迹。

中国美术馆馆长 2007年8月



在芬兰议会大厦前



在厦门参加全国第四届正书大展



海之媚



在伊拉草原



在丽江



云南印象



在瑞典哥德堡港口



春日常梅





古城意韵



在圣彼得堡

作品名称:李颀《琴歌》 创作年代:2007年 作品尺寸:37cm×18.5cm

星後風陵 腔 碩 揮飛奏 言水击

我一個頭呀一隻自色的孔雀已展羽飛過那色澤太雅静了許 天亮的時候我看見許多燕子停在不遠盡的電線上很多 傳統中的鳳遠遠家的湖面已現是張有成群的天驚在歌唱 白鸽也在飛我好解詩這時候有幾隻孔雀又飛過未但姿外 怎麼會如此美妙太陽出来了我睁開眼原来是夢我互即明 睛想再看到鳳凰于飛但夢已走遠 嚴沒两成盡平月 斯琴記夢找面鄉途中 圓 爴

作品名称: 随笔 创作年代: 2006 年 作品尺寸: 21cm×12.5cm

作品名称: 临书谱 创作年代: 2007年 作品尺寸: 44.5cm×20cm 釋文:

者也夫潜神對猶標坐之名樂志垂 綸尚體行藏之趣詎若功定禮樂擬 神仙猶擬埴之罔窮之工而并運。

作品名称: 随笔 (P14 ~ P15) 创作年代: 2006 年 作品尺寸: 33cm×18.5cm 歌聽一組老歌在而聲和歌戲裡呼吸的秋特有的清点令日微雨我一整天都在用小指抄宋詞邊抄邊聽

19/3 B 头 J. NA 分路