

■ 新四、六级考试必备用书

作文 点评

大学英语 作文100篇点评

Comments on University English Compositions

(修订版)

主 编 齐世和
副主编 王 静 韩德顺

- 本书多次再版、重印，累计印量达10万册
- 名师评点、切中关键、针对性强
- 入选作文贴近真题，极具参考价值



天津大学出版社

《大学英语作文100篇点评》从1999年出版到2006年印刷了8次，累计印量100 000册。这充分表明了本书受欢迎的程度及其价值。在1999年6月和2002年12月全国大学英语四、六级考试中，使用本书的考生获益匪浅。这两次考试的作文题目分别是“*Reading Selectively or Extensively*”和“*It Pays to Be Honest*”，而本书中收入的与它们相关的作文就有5篇，难怪这两次考试后许多考生一出考场就大呼“受益”。应广大读者的要求，经多方听取意见之后，我们对本书进行了修改，在保留了原来特色的基础上，使其更加完善，并增加了真题作文，使学生心中对努力目标更加有数。

Comments on University English Compositions

ISBN 7-5618-1783-5



9 787561 817834 >

定价：16.00元

要 献 容 内

大学英语作文 100 篇点评

Comments on University English Compositions

(修订版)

主 编 齐世和
副主编 王 静 韩德顺

天:事天一. 编主麻世齐\新篇篇100文作英语学大
(印重第12) (2006.12重印)
ISBN 7-304-1383-2

一. 大学英语作文 100 篇点评
二. 大学英语作文 100 篇点评
三. 大学英语作文 100 篇点评
四. 大学英语作文 100 篇点评

号113311第(2003)第03311号

书出学大第天

人 出

址 址 天津市和平路 32 号天津大学内(邮编:300072)

址 址 www.tup.com

话 话 营销部: 022-27403647 编辑部: 022-27403742

刷 刷 天津理工大学印刷厂

销 销 全国各大新华书店

本 本 148mm×210mm

张 张 10.72

数 数 412 千

次 次 2003 年 12 月第 3 次

次 次 2006 年 12 月第 3 次

价 价 19.00 元



天津大学出版社

内 容 提 要

全书根据作文的题材和体裁不同分为4个部分,共包括100个单元。每个单元由题目及提示、学生习作、教师评语、改后作文和注释5个部分组成。本书设计新颖独特,是一本实用性极强的书。

本书主要供参加大学英语四、六级考试的考生使用。同时,对于申请同等学力硕士学位的在职人员、研究生入学及托福等考试的应试人员都有一定的参考价值。

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语作文 100 篇点评/齐世和主编. —天津:天津大学出版社,2003.5(2006.12重印)
ISBN 7-5618-1783-5

I. 大… II. 齐… III. 英语—写作—高等学校—自学参考资料 IV. H315

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2003)第 039311 号

出版发行 天津大学出版社
出 版 人 杨欢
地 址 天津市卫津路 92 号天津大学内 (邮编:300072)
网 址 www.tjup.com
电 话 营销部:022-27403647 邮购部:022-27402742
印 刷 天津泰宇印务有限公司
经 销 全国各地新华书店
开 本 148mm × 210mm
印 张 10.75
字 数 412 千
版 次 2003 年 6 月第 1 版 2005 年 8 月第 2 版
印 次 2006 年 12 月第 3 次
定 价 16.00 元

《大学英语作文 100 篇点评》从 1999 年问世后就一直热销,2003 年 6 月再版之后,受欢迎的势头有增无减,说明这本书确实能够帮助使用者提高英语写作能力,特别是能够帮助四、六级的考生顺利通过考试。

2005 年 2 月 25 日,教育部公布了大学英语四、六级考试的改革方案。改革方案中规定写作能力测试占全部考试内容的 15%,体裁包括议论文、说明文、应用文等。

因此,原则上对写作能力的测试没有大的变化。但是通过细察 2001 年 6 月以来的四级考试作文题目和字数要求,我们可以看到以下两个方面的变化:

(1)篇幅加长。从 2002 年 6 月起,对作文长度的要求由 100 个词增加到 120 个词,2004 年 1 月词数增加到 150 个词,后来又恢复到 120 个词,词数增加了,而规定时间不变还是 30 分钟,其难度的加大是不言而喻的。

(2)更加强调语言应用能力。从 2001 年 6 月起,作文的体裁改变了过去几乎清一色的议论文的情况,题材更加灵活。可以明显地看出,考试题目的设计更多地要求考生能够用英语表达日常生活中遇到的实际问题,注重对事物发生发展过程的描述,同时要求对所描述的事物发表议论,做到夹议夹叙。

为适应四、六级英语考试改革的形势要求,为了给广大考生提供更加切合实际的帮助,应广大读者的要求,我们再次对本书进行更改、补充和完善:

(1)更换了 9 个单元,其中包括议论文 5 篇,段首句和关键词作文 4 篇,取而代之的是 2001 年 6 月以后的真题作文。

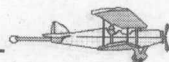
(2)新增加了一章,即第五部分 真题作文。

新增加的第五部分反映了大学四级英语作文的发展趋势,即用英语表达日常生活中遇到的实际问题,注重对事物发生发展过程的描述,同时对所描述的事物发表议论。总之,要通过作文体现出考生综合运用英语的能力。

在新更换的9个单元中,齐世和撰写了5个单元,杨丽娟撰写了4个单元。

编者

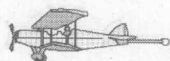
2005年7月



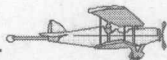
目 录

第一部分 议论文

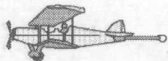
1. Is Failure a Bad Thing?	2
2. Opportunity and Determination	5
3. The Value of Time	8
4. Successful Language Learners	10
5. Examinations	14
6. An Ideal Friend	16
7. A Friend in Need Is a Friend Indeed	19
8. Are Pets Good for People?	22
9. Keeping Pets	24
10. The Importance of Self-confidence	28
11. Don't Hesitate to Say "No"	31
12. The Importance of Praise	34
13. Physical Exercise	37
14. Money's Influence on Today's Sports Players	40
15. Smoking	44
16. Gambling	47
17. Music	50
18. Material and Spiritual Well-being	53
19. Is Money All Powerful?	56
20. Knowledge and Money	59
21. Health or Wealth	62
22. Part-time Jobs	65
23. Job Interviews	68
24. My View on Opportunity	71
25. Work and Rest	75



26. Job Problems for College Graduates	78
27. Re-employment Efforts	81
28. Competition and Cooperation	85
29. The Internet and Us	87
30. Books and Teenagers	92
31. Science and Our Daily Life	95
32. The Advantages of Travel	98
33. Generation Gap	101
34. Going on a Diet	104
35. School-age Children Drop Out	107
36. To Keep Our City Clean	110
37. Choosing an Appropriate University and Major	113
38. Private Tutoring	116
39. Family Tutor	119
40. I Enjoy Weekends	121
41. The Problem of Juvenile Delinquency	124
42. Is the Spirit of Lei Feng Out of Style?	128
43. No Pains, No Gains	131
44. Should We Learn to Do Housework?	133
45. Looking Back and Looking Forward	136
46. Advantages and Disadvantages of Home Tutoring	139
47. Telephones	142
48. Computers	146
49. Heavy Traffic	149
50. Changes in Chinese Families	152
51. Make the Road Safer	155
52. What Would Happen If Little Attention Were Paid to Environmental Protection?	157
53. The Grain Crisis	160
54. Energy	163



55. Bicycles	166
56. Life in a Large Modern City	169
57. Women in the Modern World	171
58. Shall We Skip Breakfast?	174
第二部分 段首句和关键词作文	
59. Plastics	180
60. Make Our City Green	183
61. Money	185
62. Reading Newspapers	188
63. Parental Hopes and Personal Desires	192
64. Teaching—My Future Profession	194
65. China Needs Green Laws	197
66. A Hundred Years from Now	200
67. The Teacher-student Relationship	204
68. How to Make Dumplings?	207
69. Cars	211
70. TV and Education	215
第三部分 描写文、记叙文和应用文	
71. My English Teacher	220
72. An Unforgettable Film Actor(Actress)	223
73. My First Day at College	226
74. Go Boating	229
75. A Bad Tour	231
76. A Letter to the Post Office	235
77. Claim Insurance	239
78. A Letter to Your School	243
79. Interview at a Different Time	246
80. A Letter to a High School Teacher	250
81. A Letter of Congratulations	253



82. A Letter of Inquiry	257
-------------------------------	-----

第四部分 图表作文

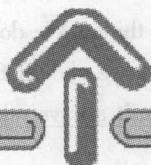
83. Changes in People's Diet(1)	262
84. Changes in People's Diet(2)	266
85. Most Valued Objects in the Home	269
86. Area and Population of Continents	272
87. Average Income of the Chinese Peasants	276
88. Film Is Giving Way to TV	280
89. The Distribution of Students' Outgoings	286
90. Monthly Housing Expenses of Some Cities of the United States	289
91. Instruments of Communication	292

第五部分 真题作文

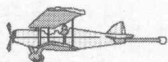
92. A Letter to Xiao Wang	298
93. A Letter to the University President about the Canteen Service on Campus	301
94. Student Use of Computers	305
95. An Eye-Witness Account of a Traffic Accident	310
96. The Day My Classmate Fell Ill	314
97. A Letter in Reply to a Friend	317
98. A Brief Introduction to a Tourist Attraction	321
99. A Campaign Speech	325
100. Teachers' Day	329

LOOK!

第一部分 议论文



(林爱莉)



1. Is Failure a Bad Thing?



- (1) 失败是常有的事。
- (2) 人们对失败有不同的态度。
- (3) 我对失败的态度。

学生习作



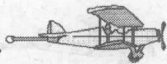
Is Failure a Bad Thing?

In our life failure is a usual thing. We do all kind of things and we must have many difficulties. Of course, we should try our best to pass over them, but this is impossible. Success can't always reach to us. We should face failure courageously.

The people must have many different opinions of failure. Someone have no fear of difficulties and failure. They will exchange experience and make much effort to do well. They think that failure is success' mother. Someone are worried with failure. They may lose confidence and courage and think that they will be unsuccessful from now on. They will do not work hard no longer.

As for me, I agree with the first kinds of people in their views. The failure isn't a bad thing. It helps us find out our shortage and guide us to think about. We shouldn't be fear of difficulties and failures and lose our confidence. We must stand out of the failure and gain success gradually.

(陈爱娟)



教师评语

本篇作文基本切题,思路清楚,可以看出层次,文字勉强连贯。但是病句太多,用词不准确,有的句子有明显堆砌的痕迹。

文章整体结构可不做大的变动。第一段思路明显混乱。第一、第二段之间缺乏过渡。第二段中先写正确的观点,后写错误的观点,这种安排未能突出正确的观点,因而需要改变次序。第三段错误较多。修改后的文章在这几处都做了相应的变动。

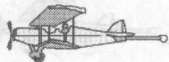
文中两次用 *someone* 表示一些人,这是很多学生都容易出现的错误。*someone* 的词义是某人。表示一些人应该用 *some people* 或 *others* 等。文中还有一些词或短语或是用得不当,或是完全不对,如 *pass over*, *worried with*, *shortage*, *stand out of* 等。有些句子,如“Success can't always reach to us.”是一个错误严重的句子。“They will exchange experience and make much effort to do well.”让人不知所云。“They will do not work hard no longer.”是个极不规范的句子。除此之外还有其他错误,都在修改后的文中加以改正。

改后作文



Is Failure a Bad Thing?

Failure is quite a common thing in our life. As long as we do things we will surely encounter difficulties. Of course we should try our best to get over them, but in many cases, it is not so easy, or even impossible. Then how should we face failure?



Different people take different attitudes towards failure. When faced with failure, some people become frustrated and lose their self-confidence. They refuse to make any further efforts. These people will probably never amount to anything in life. Others just don't fear failure. They firmly believe that failure is the mother of success. As a result, not only can failure not stop them, but they draw useful lessons from it and try even harder. Such people are sure to succeed someday.

As for me, I don't think failure is a bad thing. Failure can never discourage me but only help enrich my experience and steel my will. With this positive attitude in mind, I will try hard in anything I'm determined to accomplish and attain success in the end.

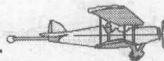
(齐世和)



4



1. as long as 只要
2. encounter difficulties 遭遇困难
3. get over 克服
4. take different attitudes towards failure 对失败采取不同态度
5. frustrate 使受挫
6. never amount to anything in life 一事无成
7. as for 至于, 谈到, 在……方面
8. steel one's will 锤炼意志
9. be determined to do sth. 决心做某事
10. attain success in the end 最后获得成功



2. Opportunity and Determination



- (1) 人们事业成功离不开决心。
- (2) 举例说明成功的关键在于具有恒心。
- (3) 成功的另一因素——机遇同样不可忽视。

学生习作



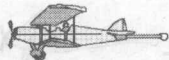
Opportunity and Determination

Everyone tries to achieve success in his career. But it certainly seems true that one attains his aim while the other fails. Why? Undoubtedly, the one who sticks to his cause to the end lives through countless difficulties and setbacks. But when he is faced with frustrations, he still maintains an optimistic attitude to life and persevere with his cause with determination, while the other is easily disappointed and stops halfway.

Determination is an essential factor of success. A man of strong determination always has inflexible spirit. He braves hardships and dangers to hold to his purpose with firmness. Mr. Sun Yat-sen was such a man. In spite of many failures, he still made steady efforts and mortgaged his life to the revolutionary cause. As a result he overthrew Qing Dynasty and lived up to the Chinese people's expectations.

Meanwhile, opportunity also plays a key role in our career. Once you find opportunity, you must catch hold of it. Because if it passes on, you can't bring it back.

So we not only should have determination, but also should grasp the



opportunity.

(孙丽娜)



教师评语

本篇文章的突出特点是语言通顺,用词准确、得当,可见作者在用词方面颇下了一番功夫。但该文章主要论点不够突出,因此,也就不能有效地展开论述。尤其是第一段,似乎很难找到主要论点,同时作者在该段中试图论述失败的原因,但论述的结果并没有很好地归结到该段落落的中心论点:事业成功离不开决心。

由于作者过于注重语言的选择,忽视了对中心论点的阐述,因而使整篇文章显得论述苍白,有词句堆砌之感。

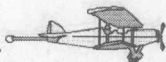
6

改后作文

**Opportunity and Determination**

Everyone dreams of attaining success in his career. However, the way to success is not a smooth one. It is full of difficulties and obstacles. Whether one is able to gain success or not depends largely on the attitude he is to adopt towards difficulties or even failure. Faced with frustrations and setbacks, those who have a dogged determination can stick to their cause to the end so that they stand a chance of success. On the contrary, those whose determination is often weakened by difficulties can end up nowhere.

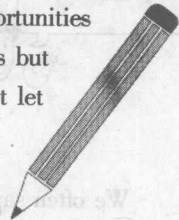
Determination is the key to success. With a strong determination,



one is able to brave whatever hardships or dangers he may face. Take Sun Yat-sen for example. In spite of his failure, he continued to make unremitting efforts to pursue his objective and mortgaged his life to the revolutionary cause. As a result, he did not fail to live up to the expectations of Chinese people and eventually overthrew the Qing Dynasty.

In addition to determination, opportunity is also indispensable to one's success. Without opportunities, one, sometimes, can hardly display his talents, competence and abilities. Nor can he have his power in to full play. But opportunities seem to favour those who have inflexible determination and resolute perseverance. Furthermore opportunities wait for no man. As the saying goes, "Opportunity knocks but once." Therefore we must utilize every opportunity and not let it slip away.

(王静)



7



1. be faced with frustrations and setbacks 面对失败和挫折
2. have a dogged determination 有顽强的决心
3. stand a chance of... 有……的机会(希望)
4. on the contrary 相反地
5. end up nowhere 一事无成
6. take... for example 以……为例
7. make unremitting efforts 进行不懈的努力
8. mortgage oneself to the revolutionary cause 献身于革命事业
9. live up to 不辜负(期望)
10. as the saying goes 俗话说
11. utilize every opportunity 利用一切机会