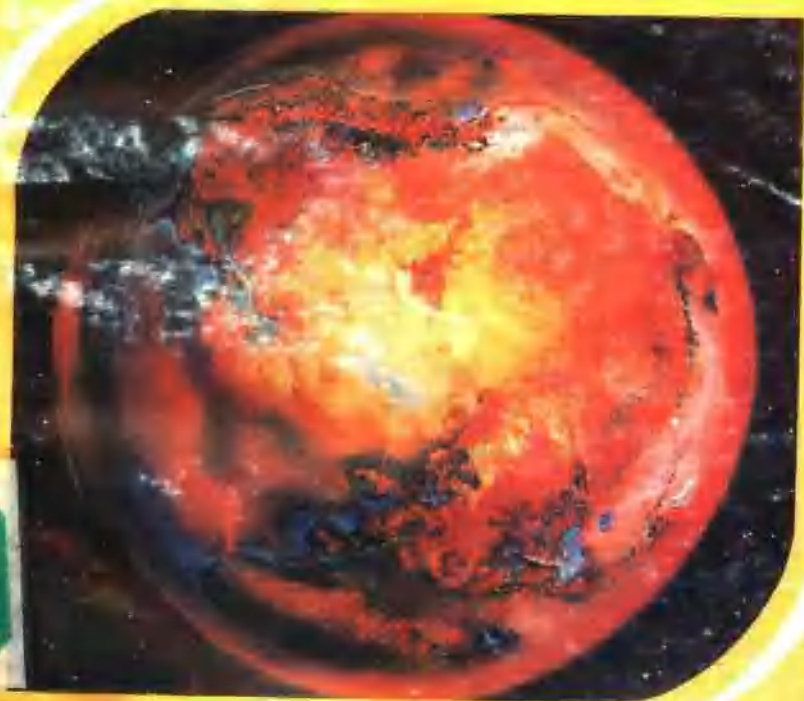


基础英语词句转换 与情境会话

谭佐全 赵中华 余坚文 编著



广东科技出版社

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前 言

英语初学者为打好基础，一开始就应注意有准确的发音、有英美人的语感语调、有丰富的词汇量，懂得派生词、合成词的构词知识，懂得英语单词在句中有作词性变换的必要，懂得运用另一句型与片语来表达同一意思的方法。这样就会越学越灵、越学越活，也就会学得有越、学得扎实。

本书正是为这一目标而编写的，但由于时间仓促，编者水平有限，书中难免有缺点与错误，欢迎广大读者批评指正。

编 者

95.5 于广州

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I . 词形转换

一、同音词

be—bee

by—buy

deer—dear

I—eye

for—four

hair(s)—hare(s)

here(s)—hear(s)

hi—high

hole—whole

our(s)—hour(s)

no—know

meet—meat

right—write

see(s)—sea(s)

so—sew

son—sun

steal—steel

their(s)—there(s)

to—too—two

way(s)—weigh(s)

wear(s)—where(s)

weather—whether

blue—blew

father—farther

guest—guessed

morning—mourning

new—knew

one—won

past—passed

red—read(p)

road—rode

through—throw

war—wore

warn—worn

wood—would

black—Black

green—Green

hill—Hill

may—May

miss—Miss

rose—Rose

white—White

aunt—aren't

its—it's

whose—who's

march—March

二、不同词形不同发音

break [ei] —breakfast [e]

breath [eθ] —breathe [i:ð]

child [ai] —children [i]

cloth [ɔθ] —clothes [əuð]

Egypt [i:] —Egyptian [i]

fast [ɑ:] —breakfast [ə]

invite [ai] —invitation [i]

hear [iə] —heard [ɜ:]

house [s] —houses [z]

live [i] —lively [ai]

lose [u:] —lost [ɔ]

mean [i:] —meant [e]

mouth [θ] —mouths [ð]

music [k] —musician [ʃ]

news [z] —newspaper [s]

piano [æ] —pianist [ə]

please [i:] —pleasant [e]

rise [ai] — risen [i]
say [ei] — says [e]
write [ai] — written [i]
worth [θ] — worthy [ð]
his [z] — history [s]
room [u:] — classroom [u]
this [s] — these [z]

三、反义(或对称)词

n.	a.
day—night	big—little
earth—sky	large—small
cock—hen	black—white
ox—cow	bright—dark
front—back	dead—alive
man—child	different—same
man—woman	poor—rich
ceiling—floor	right—left
illness—health	right—wrong
joy—sorrow	dirty—clean
labour—rest	dry—wet
master—servant	fast—slow
lie—truth	full—empty
matter—spirit	good—bad
	common—strange

foolish—wise

glad—sorry

general—special

happy—unhappy

happy—sorrowful

hard—kind

hard—soft

difficult—easy

few—many

little—much

first—last

high—low

deep—shallow

hot—cold

warm—cool

small—great

light—heavy

long—short

well—ill

wide—narrow

early—late

old—new

old—young

weak—strong

useful—useless

v.

ask—answer

ask—reply

begin—end

arrive—leave

rise—fall

buy—sell

call—dismiss

close—open

borrow—lend

doubt—believe

hide—show

appear—disappear

stop—march

sleep—wake

lead—follow

stay—move

go—come

take—bring

join—part

leave—enter

live—die

lose—find

fail—win

love—hate

adv.

in—out

up—down

quickly—slowly

more—less

certainly—perhaps

first—finally

四、简单词形转换练习100题

△根据括号中的要求写出下列单词的相应形式 (1~77)

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. learn(反义词) _____ | 2. slowly(比较级) _____ |
| 3. much(最高级) _____ | 4. they(反身代词) _____ |
| 5. windy(名词) _____ | 6. knife(复数) _____ |
| 7. steal(过去分词) _____ | 8. foot(复数) _____ |
| 9. die(现在分词) _____ | 10. run(过去式) _____ |
| 11. new(反义词) _____ | 12. drive(表示“人”的名词) _____ |
| 13. ten(序数词) _____ | 14. careful(副词) _____ |
| 15. son(同音异形词) _____ | 16. busy(反义词) _____ |
| 17. wonderful(副词) _____ | 18. ill(同义词) _____ |
| 19. friend(形容词) _____ | 20. send(过去分词) _____ |
| 21. true(副词) _____ | 22. photo(复数) _____ |
| 23. use(形容词) _____ | 24. mouse(复数) _____ |
| 25. one 序数词 _____ | 26. bad(比较级) _____ |
| 27. hide(过去分词) _____ | 28. good(反义词) _____ |
| 29. he(反身代词) _____ | 30. lift(过去式) _____ |
| 31. study(现在分词) _____ | 32. hot(比较级) _____ |
| 33. box(复数) _____ | 34. I(名词性物主代词) _____ |

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 35. eight(序数词) _____ | 36. swim(现在分词) _____ |
| 37. little(比较级) _____ | 38. clever(同义词) _____ |
| 39. bring(过去式) _____ | 40. below(反义词) _____ |
| 41. weigh(同音词) _____ | 42. day(复数) _____ |
| 43. fighter(动词) _____ | 44. high(最高级) _____ |
| 45. fourteen(序数词) _____ | 46. care(形容词) _____ |
| 47. operate(名词) _____ | 48. build(过去分词) _____ |
| 49. lie(现在分词) _____ | 50. right(同音异形词) _____ |
| 51. story(复数) _____ | 52. think(过去式) _____ |
| 53. sing(过去分词) _____ | 54. five(序数词) _____ |
| 55. busy(比较级) _____ | 56. plane(复数形式) _____ |
| 57. city(复数形式) _____ | 58. teacher(动词) _____ |
| 59. run(现在分词) _____ | 60. sleep(过去式) _____ |
| 61. speak(过去分词) _____ | 62. wrong(反义词) _____ |
| 63. two(序数词) _____ | 64. best(反义词) _____ |
| 65. learn(同义词) _____ | 66. aloud(形容词) _____ |
| 67. full(反义词) _____ | 68. shoot(过去分词) _____ |
| 69. rid(现在分词) _____ | 70. heavy(最高级) _____ |
| 71. ill(名词) _____ | 72. tooth(复数) _____ |
| 73. nine(序数词) _____ | 74. real(副词) _____ |
| 75. start(同义词) _____ | 76. rise(反义词) _____ |
| 77. beg(现在分词) _____ | |

△写出下列的反义词(对称)词(78~100)

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 78. difficult _____ | 79. different _____ |
| 80. husband _____ | 81. sell _____ |
| 82. before _____ | 83. borrow _____ |

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 84. east _____ | 85. early _____ |
| 86. many _____ | 87. hard _____ |
| 88. end (n.) _____ | 90. forget _____ |
| 91. teach _____ | 92. find _____ |
| 93. thin _____ | 94. pull _____ |
| 95. call _____ | 96. danger _____ |
| 97. dry _____ | 98. whole _____ |
| 99. always _____ | 100. stay _____ |

五、巧变词形转换练习100题

△用中文含“前”意义的词填空 (1~10)

1. He usually gets up _____ seven.
2. There is a tall tree _____ the house.
3. Mary left for London two weeks _____.
4. Have you been there _____?
5. I see a picture on the _____ wall.
6. There is a bridge forty metres _____.
7. _____ he came back, I'd finished my work.
8. The driver's seat is _____ the bus.
9. They were very poor _____ liberation.
10. Go _____ and you'll find a bank.

△用中文含“后”意义的词填充 (11~22)

11. On the _____ wall, there is a map of China.
12. Tom stood _____ the door.
13. Fifteen minutes _____ He came back.

14. She'll be back _____ a few days.
15. She'll be back _____ two o'clock.
16. _____ a few minutes, he cried again.
17. Is there a tree _____ your house?
18. You can help her _____.
19. The coat will fit you _____ long.
20. _____ I had finished my homework, I went to bed.
21. You will learn English _____ the end.
22. We finished planting the trees _____ last.
△填上与“车”有关的介词(或词组),不能重复(23~30)
23. Last month we to Hangzhou _____ his car.
24. He goes to work _____ bike.
25. The old men got _____ the train when the train reached Nanjing Station.
26. Xiao Li often goes to school _____ his bicycle.
27. I saw a gentleman get _____ a car and step into a store.
28. The car turned over and the driver had to climb _____ it.
29. The bus must has something wrong, I saw a man working _____ it on the road side.
30. The driver-seat is _____ the truck.
△用中文含“看”的词(或词组)填空,但不能重复(31~50)
31. Xiao Wang is on his way to _____ a film.
32. Dad _____ newspaper at seven yesterday evening.

33. _____ at this picture over there.
34. Please _____ me your new watch.
35. I _____ TV when he came in.
36. My sister is going to _____ his friends in town tomorrow.
37. Xiao Li had to _____ his younger sister when his mother was out.
38. I heard a noise, and I _____ but _____ nothing.
39. It _____ like rain.
40. Please _____ this word in your dictionary.
41. You have a bad cold, You'd better _____ at once.
42. Don't _____ the window when you are having class.
43. The fishman took off the lid of the jar and _____.
44. A group of soldiers didn't go further until they _____ the map again.
45. Go down this road, and you'll _____ a hospital.
46. She _____ the little girl _____ her daughter.
47. I hear you have bought a new dictionary. Let me _____.
48. My old grandma can't _____ the words on a piece of paper. She asked me to read her them.
49. I usually _____ cinema once a month.
50. Nobody _____ him when he walked past our shop.
- △用中文含“好”的词(或词组)填空, 不要重复(51~70)
51. The green one looks very _____.

52. "You'll be _____ in a few days", the doctor said.
53. It's a _____ day today, isn't it?
54. I _____ go and see him now.
55. It's very _____ of you to come to meet us.
56. "Let's go and give it to the policeman". "_____".
57. "Where is my glasses?" "It is _____ on the TV set."
58. We are _____ friends.
59. "How are things there?" "_____."
60. "How are things there?" "_____."
61. "What do you think of it?" "_____."
62. "Supper is _____", said mother.
63. "_____ let me hear you plan," said Liszt.
64. Think _____, and you'll get a good idea.
65. She plays the violin _____ than I.
66. Their daughter plays the piano very _____.
67. _____, don't say any more. Let's go.
68. Joe Hill was a tall, thin, _____ man.
69. The foreign teacher is _____ to all of us.
70. She is the _____ student in her class.

△变下列单词中的一个字母，使之成为动物名词 (71~80)

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 71. big _____ | 72. for _____ |
| 73. bed _____ | 74. ten _____ |
| 75. now _____ | 76. coat _____ |
| 77. lock _____ | 78. sleep _____ |
| 79. house _____ | 80. thick _____ |

△变下列单词的一个字母，使之成为一个数词 (81~90)

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 81. owe _____ | 82. live _____ |
| 83. nice _____ | 84. your _____ |
| 85. night _____ | 86. threw _____ |
| 87. sever _____ | 88. too _____ |
| 89. sit _____ | 90. tea _____ |

△变下列单词的一个字母，使之成为一个人体部位名词（91~100）

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 91. read _____ | 92. fact _____ |
| 93. bye _____ | 94. rose _____ |
| 95. car _____ | 96. are _____ |
| 97. hard _____ | 98. let _____ |
| 99. fair _____ | 100. boot _____ |

六、“音、形、反义”词形转换练习100题

△在下列每题四组中找出二组同音词（1~10）

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. threw, through | B. whether, weather |
| C. shout, short | D. your, year |
| 2. A. worn, warn | B. worse, was |
| C. morning, mourning | D. eyes, ice |
| 3. A. smell, small | B. aren't, aunt |
| C. hole, whole | D. than, the |
| 4. A. wore, war | B. , , |
| C. passed, past | |
| 5. A. sir, saw | |
| C. off, of | |

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| 6. A. mouth, month | B. hare, hair |
| C. match, march | D. hours, ours |
| 7. A. blue, blew | B. down, done |
| C. dead, ded | D. knows, nose |
| 8. A. higher, hire | B. once, ones |
| C. plant, planet | D. won, one |
| 9. A. guessed, guest | B. hanged, hand |
| C. burn, born | D. would, wood |
| 10. A. bad, beg | B. dear, dare |
| C. whose, who's | D. hear, here |

△按语音提示写出单词 (11~40)

11. Can you tell me who threw a stone at the dog?
The boy was running _____ the stree.
12. Mr White's _____ [sʌn] is a doctor.
13. Mum, look at my coat, It's _____ [tu:] short and small.
14. These desks are made of _____ (would).
15. The train _____ through the station at half _____ two. [pa:st]
16. I don't _____ why they have _____ eyes. [nəu]
17. Please give them ten pieces of _____ after the sports _____ . [mi:t]
18. It took us an _____ to finish _____ homework yesterday. [aʊə]
19. _____ am going to _____ some medicine for my right _____ by _____. [ai] [bai] [baik]