

世纪奥运 邮票珍藏

从雅典到北京

(1896—2008)

Postage Stamp Collection of Centennial Olympic Games
From Athens to Beijing 1896—2008

张海冰 编著

高桂珍 刘鑫 译



辽宁人民出版社

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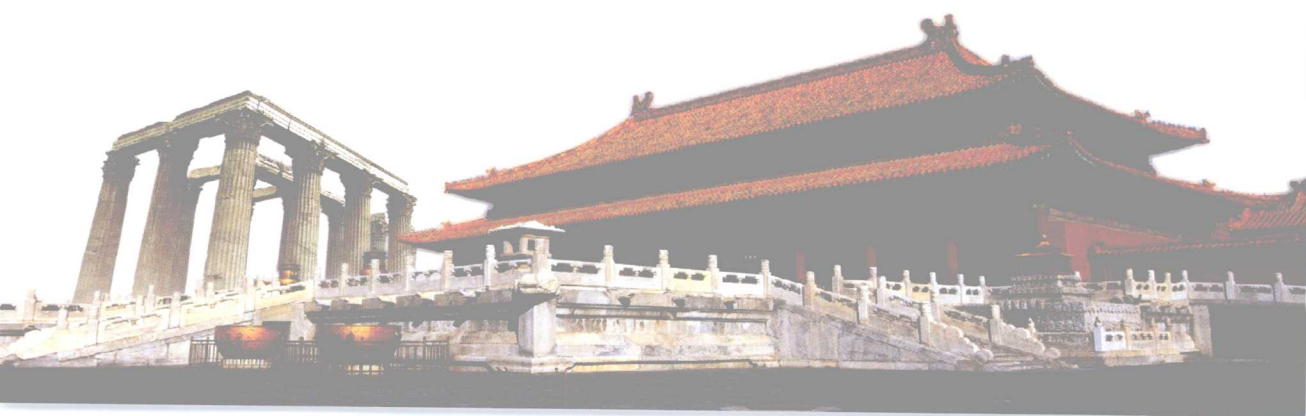
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序言

2001年7月13日北京时间22点8分，当国际奥委会主席萨马兰奇在莫斯科郑重宣布“2008年夏季奥运会主办城市是——北京”。那一时刻，申办会场在欢腾，北京在欢腾，全中国乃至全世界的华人、华侨和国际友人都在传递着这一振奋人心的消息。那一时刻，那种场面至今令人难以忘怀。申办奥运的梦想，中国人民已经期盼了许久，当这个梦想一旦成为现实的时候，每一位中华儿女怎能不为之感到喜悦和自豪……

中华民族具有5000年灿烂历史文化，在世界上拥有五分之一的人口。作为一项重要的国际体育运动，奥林匹克如果没有中国参与举办，其本身是不够圆满的，也更加难以实现《奥林匹克宪章》所提出的理想和宗旨。因此，在中国这样一个大国开展和普及奥林匹克运动，让13亿人民支持和参与奥林匹克运动，与全世界人民一道为实现奥林匹克理想，维护世界和平而努力，这本身就是对推动和促进奥林匹克事业发展的强有力支持，同时也是对国际奥林匹克运动的巨大贡献。

奥林匹克运动在中国的传播呈现出跌宕起伏的发展过程。20世纪上半叶，贫弱中国，政治腐败，经济落后，外敌入侵。尽管中国奥运的先驱者们锲而不舍地努力，终不能在奥运赛场获得一席之地。

新中国成立之后，中国共产党和中国政府高度重视人民健康和体育事业，并积极着手准备参加奥运会工作。1979年，中国恢复在国际奥委会中的合法席位后，中国的奥林匹克运动事业快速发展，并取得了巨大成就。至2004年的雅典奥运会，中国共参加6届夏季奥运会和7届冬奥会，不仅实现金牌“零”的突破，而且一跃进入奥运强国之列，创造了现代奥运史上一个又一个奇迹。北京2008年奥运会申办成功，更是极大地振奋了全国人民和海内外华人的士气，也将中国奥林匹克运动推向一个新的发展阶段，成为中国体育运动发展史上新的里程碑。

我们应当看到，如今人们虽然对举办奥运会充满着极大的热情和期待，然而大家对奥林匹克本身的理解和认识还远远没有达到应有的水平及程度。因此，我们非常需要通过各种传播途径和手段，来弥补奥运知识的欠缺和不足。今天，海冰同志在辽宁人民出版社的大力支持下，巧妙地运用展示百年奥运纪念邮票和中英文对照介绍奥运相关知识的手法，传递奥运知识和各国奥运信息，这既是对奥运知识的一次宣传学习和普及，同时更是对一百多年来，奥林匹克运动伟大精神的弘扬和赞美。我相信大家都会有一个共同心愿，那就是：预祝北京2008年奥运会获得圆满成功，同时我也相信，该书的出版发行定会对更多的读者学习了解奥运，参与奥运能有所启迪和帮助。

我们期待着一个绿色奥运、科技奥运、人文奥运，一届有特色、高水平的奥运届时能够呈现在世界人民面前。

序言作者：原任大连市人民政府市长
大连市人大常委会主任

李永金





Prologue

"The Games of the 29th Olympiad in 2008 are awarded to the city of Beijing," IOC president Juan Antonio Samaranch announced in Moscow at 22:08 Beijing time July 13, 2001, the moment when the conference hall was full of rejoicing and Beijing was jubilant. The Chinese home and abroad and international friends all spread the exciting news. Even now, the moment and the scene are still vivid and unforgettable. Bidding Olympic Games has long been a wish for Chinese people. When the dream finally came true, every single Chinese felt joyful and proud.

China has one fifth of the world's population with a resplendent history of 5000 years. As an important international event, Olympic Games cannot be perfect without China's host, let alone to realize the aim and tenet in Olympic Charter. Therefore, it is a great support, acceleration and contribution to Olympics to host and popularize Olympic Games in China, providing opportunity for 1.3 billion people to support and participate in Olympic Games, to realize the Olympic ideal and maintain peace along with people in the world.

The development of Olympic Games in China is not smooth at all. In the first half of the 20th century, China was suffered in poverty, corrupted politics, poor economy and foreign invasion. Although, the forerunners had worked with perseverance to pursue Olympic Games, they could not win a position in the competition court.

After the People's Republic of China was founded, Chinese Communist party and Chinese Government have attached great importance to the health of people and the enterprise of physical education, being active to set about bidding the Olympic Games. Since 1979 when China resumed the legal position in IOC, Olympics have been developed rapidly and great achievements have been made in China. Till 2004, China has taken part in 6 Olympic Summer Games and 7 Winter Games, creating miracles by not only realizing the dream to win a gold medal but also becoming one of the strong powers in Olympic Games. The successful bid of Olympic Games 2008 greatly encourages Chinese people home and abroad, promoting the development of Olympics in China to a new stage and becoming a milestone in Olympic history of China.

However, we should realize that although people are full of enthusiasm and expectation towards hosting Olympic Games, the understanding and knowledge of Olympic Games are far from enough. Therefore, it is very important to let the public know more about Olympics through various ways. Now Mr. Haibing is introducing Olympic knowledge through exhibition of 100 years' Olympic commemorative stamps and making it into both English and Chinese, which is a good publicity of Olympic knowledge and praise for the Olympic spirit. I believe that we have a common wish, that is, to wish Beijing a great success in hosting the Olympic Games 2008. Meanwhile, I also believe that the publishing of this book will help more readers to know about Olympics and prepare them for the coming Olympic Games.

We are expecting an environment-friendly Olympics, technology-empowered Olympics and culture-enriched Olympics with their own characteristics and of high level to be presented before the people of the world.

Author LI Yongjin (former Mayor of the city of Dalian, Secretary and Director of the Standing Committee of the Dalian People's Congress)



前言

奥林匹克运动会纪念邮票，与近代奥林匹克运动会一样历史悠久，它们同源并行走过了百年历程。一个多世纪以来，世界上多少优秀体育健儿在奥运赛场上，叱咤风云，为国争光，创下非凡的业绩；又有多少艺术大师，激发灵感，天才般创意，给人类艺术留下永恒的记忆……

尘封已久，百年奥运历史依然清晰可见，从雅典到北京，东西方两大文明古国终于在今天接踵交臂。不同的语言，却有着共同的向往，是奥林匹克运动把我们紧紧地联系在一起。不同的肤色，却有着兄弟般的情谊。和平、团结、友谊是奥林匹克运动会的宗旨，更快、更高、更强是奥林匹克运动追求的真正意义。一百多年的奥运情怀，如今都已收录在世界各国的方寸邮票之中。奥运邮票便成为百年奥运历史的见证，成为世界五大洲兄弟姐妹抒发情怀、传递友谊的桥梁和纽带……

为迎接2008北京奥运会的到来，作者收集自第一届奥运会起主办国发行的全部纪念邮票，及非主办国发行的部分邮票，共计1600多件。这些邮票设计精美，构图新颖，印制考究，其艺术魅力经久不衰，充分展示出不同国家、不同民族、不同文化、不同审美观和价值取向。该书采用中英文对照方式出版发行，目的是为热爱奥林匹克运动的人们学习掌握奥运知识，弘扬奥运精神，推动奥运事业发展，献出绵薄之力。

此书由于编著时间较短，编者水平有限，书中的缺点和错误在所难免，望广大读者批评指正。

此书在编写过程中，曾得到了孙强董事长、高桂珍教授的大力支持。在此一并致谢。

编者 张海波
于大连 2007.11.5

Preface

Olympic commemorative stamps enjoy a history as long as Modern Olympic Games, starting from the same origin and walking side by side through over 100 years. In the past century, there have been many excellent athletes competing in Olympic Games, fighting for the national glory and making great achievements; there have been many great artists creating eternal and everlasting arts for people through their inspiration and talents.

After a hundred years, the history of Olympics is still clear and vivid. Athens and Beijing, despite of different languages, the two nations with ancient civilization and a common yearn finally have the opportunity to join together because of Olympic Games. People with different skin colors have a brotherhood friendship. Peace, unity and friendship are the real aim of the Olympic motto "faster, higher, stronger". An Olympic history of 100 years is condensed in the stamps which witness the development of Olympics and bridge the people from different continents.

To salute the Olympic Games in 2008, the editor collected 1600 stamps including all the issued stamps by the host countries since the first Olympic Games and some of the stamps issued by non-host countries. These stamps are delicate in design, creative in composition of pictures, and exquisite in printing, which allow the artistic charm to last for a long time, fully illustrating the different cultures, values, appreciations in different nations and races. The book adopts languages both in Chinese and English, hoping to help those who love Olympic Games to learn more Olympic knowledge, carry forward Olympic spirit and promote the development of Olympic Games.

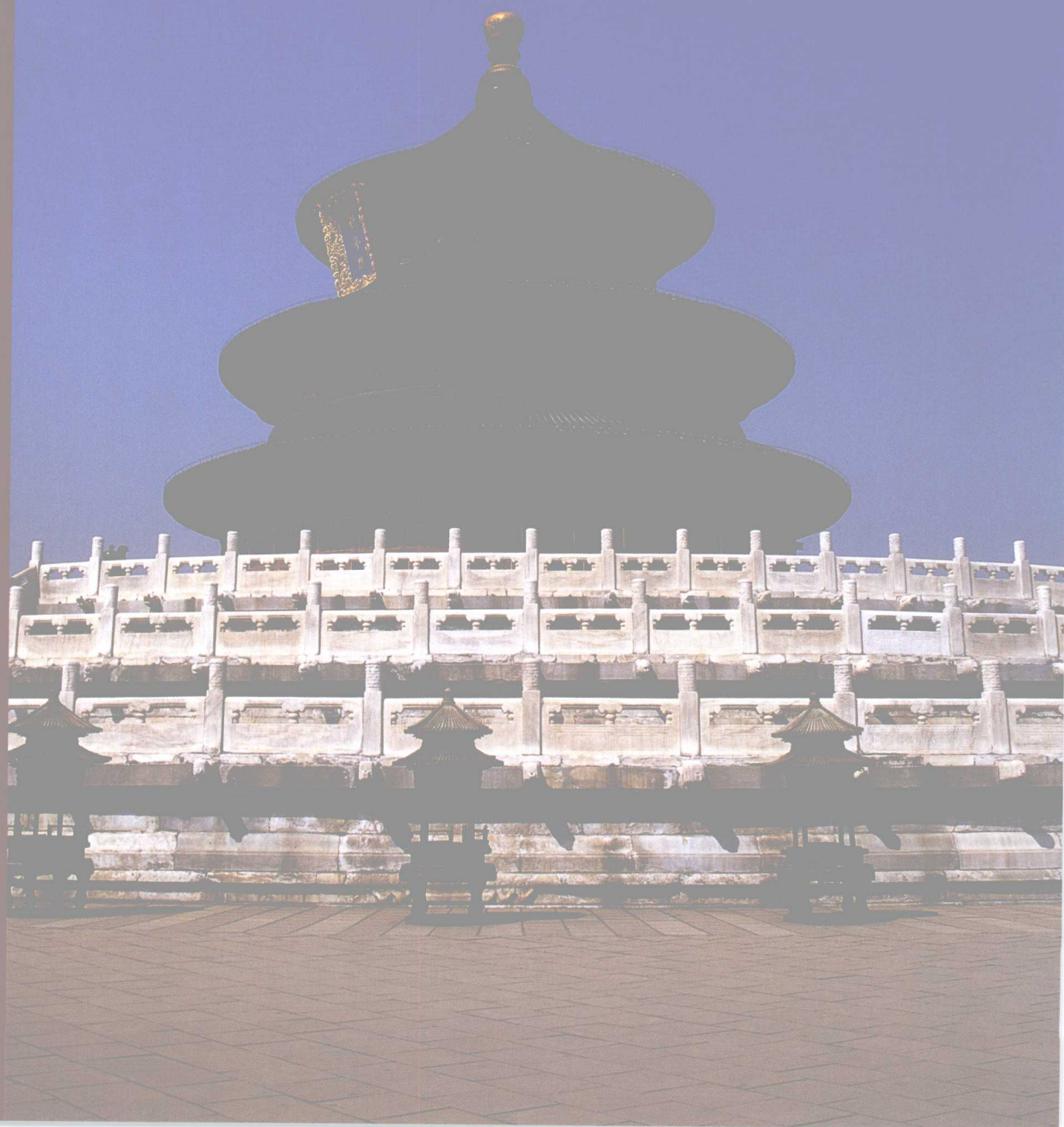
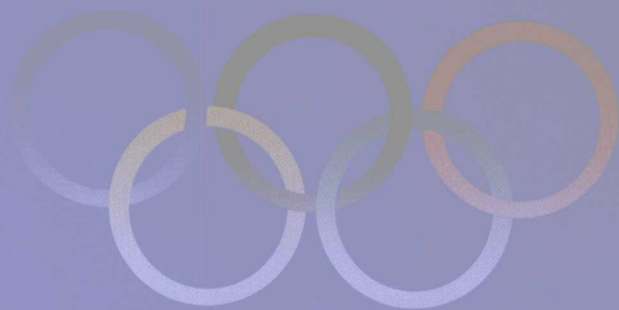
Suggestions for improvement will be gratefully received.

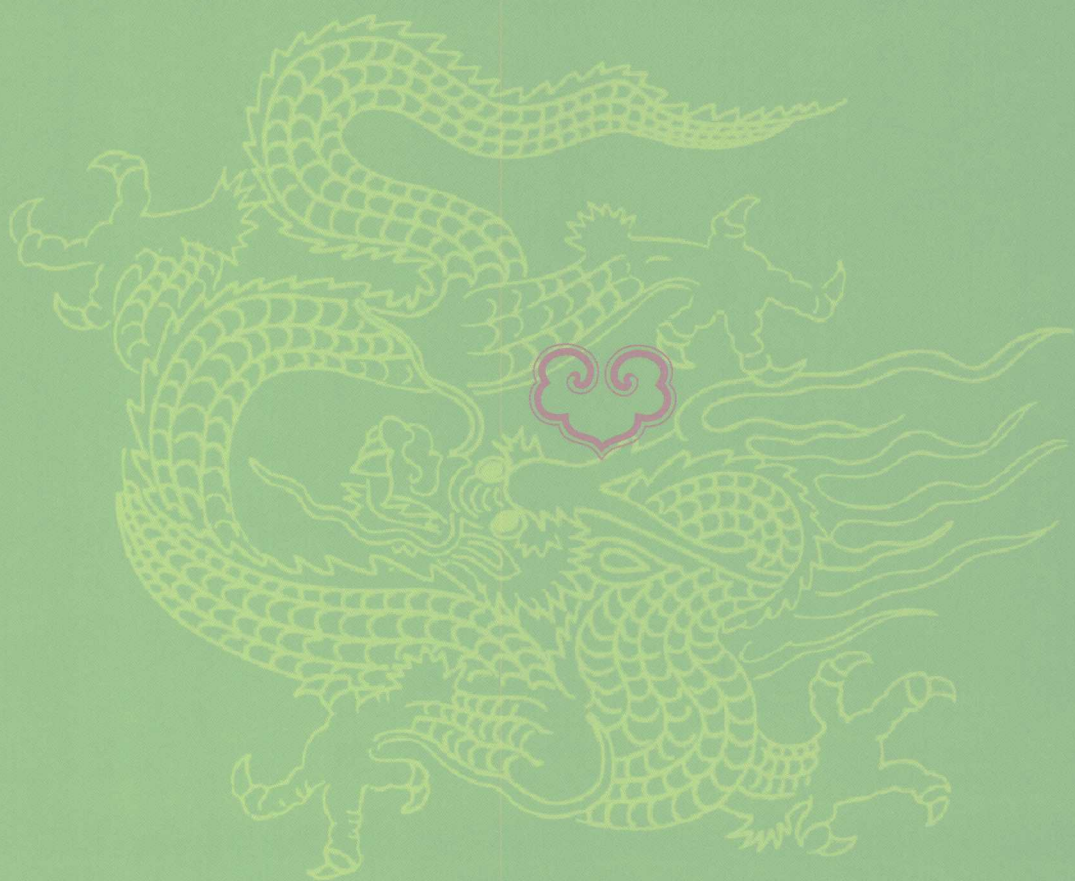
The editor would like to take this opportunity to show his gratitude to Board Chairman SUN Qiang and Professor GAO Guizhen for their great support.

Editor:

November 5, 2007 Dalian







从雅典到北京

From Athens to Beijing 1896-2008



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第一章

历届夏季奥运会

Chapter 1 Olympic Summer Games



ATHENS 1896 Games of the I Olympiad

1896 希腊 雅典 / 1896 ATHENS GREECE



宣传画

本届奥运会海报，也是奥运会会徽。从会徽的寓意上看，神庙、天使及橄榄枝表达出人们对和平的渴望。

The official poster, also the emblem of the Olympic Games, from which it can be seen the goddess Athena, angels, and olive branches are symbols of peace people long for.

第1届

希腊（主办国） 1896
全套12枚

①1I角斗士 ②2I角斗士
③25I奔跑的战车 ④60I奔跑的战车

⑤5I《掷铁饼者》 ⑥
10I《掷铁饼者》 ⑦
1d运动场和阿克罗波
利斯卫

⑧10d阿克罗波利斯卫
和帕特农神庙 ⑨20I
雅典的花瓶

⑩40I 雅典的花瓶 ⑪
2d《赫耳墨斯像》 ⑫
5d《胜利女神像》



■ 本届奥运会金牌榜位列前三名的是：美国、希腊、德国。



1896年第1届雅典奥运会

■ 1894年6月,巴黎国际体育运动代表大会通过了复兴奥林匹克运动的决议,并决定第1届奥运会在希腊举行。1896年4月6日—15日,第1届夏季奥运会在雅典隆重开幕。雅典是希腊的首都,三面临海,气候温和。希腊以文明古国而闻名于世,首都雅典则以希腊文化的摇篮和中心享誉全球。5000余年的建城史为雅典留下了众多的艺术建筑和灿烂的文化遗产。

大会组委会向包括中国在内的世界一些主要国家发出了邀请,但当时许多国家对奥运会知之甚少,应邀参赛的只有澳大利亚、奥地利、保加利亚、英国、匈牙利、德国、丹麦、美国、法国、智利、瑞士、瑞典和东道主希腊13个国家共311名男运动员。

4月6日下午3时正式开幕,希腊国王乔治一世宣布大会正式开幕。参加大会的观众达8万人之多。开幕式上,演奏了一曲优美庄严的古典管弦乐《撒玛拉斯颂歌》。乐曲由撒玛拉斯作曲,派克玛填词,这首如宗教赞美诗般的管弦乐曲热情地赞颂了奥林匹克运动。

1958年国际奥委会通过决议,将其正式定为奥林匹克会歌。

本届奥运会金牌榜位列前三名的是:美国、希腊、德国。

ATHENS 1896 Games of the I Olympiad

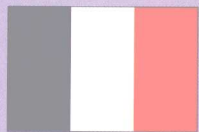
In June 1894, Paris International Congress of delegates from sports societies decided to revive the Olympics and appointed the Athens, capital of Greece as the host city. On 6 to 15 April, 1896, the Games of the First Olympiad were officially opened. Athens, capital of Greece, is moderate in climate and around by sea from three directions. Greece is well known as an ancient civilized country and Athens is famous as the cradle and centre of Greek culture. More than 5000 years' history has left Athens a great deal of architectures and splendid cultural legacy.

The Organizing Committee sent invitations to the major countries including China, however, due to the very limited knowledge of Olympic Games, only 311 male athletes from the following 13 nations participated in the Games, Australia, Austria, Bulgaria, Britain, Hungary, Germany, Denmark, United States, France, Chile, Switzerland, Sweden and the host Greece.

At 3 pm on 6 April, King George I of Greece officially declared the Games of the First Olympiad open. The stadium was filled with an estimated 80,000 spectators. The opening performed a classic orchestra Samaras Hymn, composed by Spyros Samaras, with words by poet Kostis Palamas. The hymn, beautiful as a religious hymn, warmly extolled the Olympics. At the Conference of International Olympic Committee in 1958, the Hymn was officially decided as the Olympic Hymn.

The top three nations in the gold medal count were the United States, Greece, and Germany.





PARIS 1900 Games of the II Olympiad

1900 法国 巴黎/1900 PARIS FRANCE



宣传画

本海报为一位女击剑手右手持三支传统兵器——花剑、重剑和佩剑。它预示着女性也能参加奥运会了。

A female fencer holding in her right hand the three traditional weapons foil, sword and sabre indicates that females can take part in the Olympic Games.



届间奥运会

希腊 1906.3 全套14枚

① 1I掷铁饼 ② 2I掷铁饼
③ 3I负重物的跳跃 ④ 5I负重物的跳跃者

⑤ 10I胜利女神 ⑥ 30I角斗者 ⑦ 40I守护神的比赛会

⑧ 20I阿特拉斯神和赫尔克利斯神 ⑨ 50I阿特拉斯神和赫尔克利斯神

⑩ 25I赫尔克利斯神和安泰俄斯神搏斗 ⑪ 1d竞走 ⑫ 2d竞走 ⑬ 3d竞走

⑭ 5d胜利女神 祭司和运动员向宙斯献祭

■ 本届奥运会金牌榜位列前三名的是：法国、美国、英国。