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太学英语四级考试

高分突破

(词汇・语法)

编写 大学英语四级考试命题研究组主编 北京大学英语系 吕珺修立梅编 委 杜 冰 刘亚馨总策划 胡东华



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M. S. A. P. STROMET AND DE ST.

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内容简介

本教程是严格依据最新《大学英语教学大纲》《大学英语四级考试大纲》和《大学英语六级考试大纲》推出的系统丛书,含有全面的英语知识与学习技巧。它不仅能够直接帮助和指导应试,通过大学英语四、六级考试,也可作为 TOEFL、GRE、EPT和研究生人学考试等应试参考书,还能使一位爱好者大幅度提高英语水平,养成良好的学习习惯,练就扎实的英语基本功。

词汇和语法是英语学习过程中最基础的知识, 也是最大的障碍。鉴于此, 本书侧重词汇、语法专项训练。全书共有 1950 道试题、答案及详细的解析。全面地覆盖了英语、语法和常考词汇, 可帮助学生突破词汇语法的障碍, 在四级考试中获得高分。

在编写过程中、北京大学吕珺等同志及本书策划胡东华同志做了大量的组织联络 及策划工作、特此致谢!

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	训练.		
1. He applied for tr	raining as a boxer, but	t they turned him	because of his poor
health .			
A. back	В. ир	C. into	D. down
2. Don't be so	, You will be de	ceived easily otherwise	e.
A. creditable	B. credible	\mathbb{C}_+ credulous	D. credit
3. Do you think the	e new employers will	our methods of	f working?
A. Catch up t	o B. Catch at	C. Catch out	D. catch on to
4. The mean man	declared to his family t	hat he was not	his brother's debts.
	B. liable for		
	lite to when s	,	
A. Hang up	B. hand in	C. hold on	D. give up
6. Going to Beijing	g by air is both fast	and comfortable, but	I can not pay for the
because	of my low income.		
A. travel	B. journey	C. tour	D.: fly
	me by taking the		
			D. forbid
8. Athelets have to	be to endure	all kinds of fresh pair	and spirit pain.
A. rough	B. tough	, C. brave	D. touched
			ely about herself.
A. resentful	B. repetitive	C. reserved	D. serious
	that I had no intention		
	B. persuade		
			ou must yourself
together and fa			10000 de constante e reducion
A. get	B. pull	C, join	D. go
	large wingsi	•	Ü
	B. cause		D: enable

13. The refugees managed to despite the shortage of food and water.			
A. alive	B. survive	C. subsist	D. endure
14. It was believ	ed that people or thing	s in the UFO's took _	of people, ships
and planes f	rom the earth.		
A. example	B. models	C. shapes	D. samples
15. The powerfu	l extremists cor	ntrol of the government.	
A. assumed	B. resumed	C. consumed	D. presumed
16. When Jane	made a face in the class	s, the other children _	a barry-handes and administra
A. could n	ot help but laughing	B. could not be	lp to laugh
C. were no	t able to help laughter	"D. could not he	elp laughing
17. It is suggest	ed that students in prin	nary school should take	an active part in social
event,	those events do not	interfere with their stud	lies.
A. despite	B. though	C. unless	D. provided
18. 1 remember	to that lady, b	out I cannot think of the	place where we met.
A. to be in	ntroduced	B. to be caugh	t e
C. being c	aught	D. having been	caught
19. The shrewd	thief often shows off the	at he can escape	*
A. to cate	B. to be cau	ght C. being caugh	t having been caught
20. After ten ye	ars' absence he came	back only to find his fa	nmily was not it
used to be.			
A. which	B. what	C. ×	D. such
21. Ever since	mike moved to the subu	rbs last year, he	better environment.
A. could l	nave enjoy	B. had enjoyed	l
C. have b	een enjoying	D. has enjoyin	g
22. All	is continuous oral prac	tice of English.	
A. that is	needed	B. what is nee	ded
C. which	is needed	D. is needed	
23. Truth is sor	nething proved by expen	riment, so nothing shou	ld be
A. born in	n mind	B. taken into	consideration
C. put up	with	D. taken for g	ranted
24. It is a requ	est by the Holiday Inn	management that guest	s the day before
their depart	ture.		
A. check	in B. check ou	t C. would chec	k in D. would check

out

25 .	The meeting was postponed because we _	we a meeting without the attendance of		
	the general manager.			
	A. are objected to have	B. objected to have		
	C. were objected to having	D. objected to having		
26.	I don't think he'll be upset, but I'll console him in case			
	A. he would B. he'll	C. he is D. he does		
27.	ounctual to the appointment.			
	A. that you to be B. that you be	C, of you to be D. for your being		
•		unication, us to see the performer		
	as well as to hear the voice.			
	A. permitting B. to permit	C. being permitted D. permitted		
29 .	No sooner than it started to rain			
	A. they had got to the station	B. they got to the station		
C. did they get to the station		D. had they got to the station		
30 .	We'll stay a little longer it's la	ite.		
	A. despite B. even though	C. whatever D. wherever		
,		A Company of the Company		

Key and notes:

- 1. 答案 D。turn sb.down 拒绝某人的要求
- 2. 答案 C。creditable 可信的、可带来荣誉的; credible 可信的, D 项是名词, 不符合句子要求; credulous 意为轻信的, 通常用来指人, 句意是"别如此轻信, 否则你会受骗的。
- 3. 答案 D。 catch on to 理解; catch up to 赶上; catch up with 赶上, 追上。
- 4. 答案 B。 liable 后可接介词 for 和 to, liable for 意同为 responsible for (对…负责); liable to + 名词, 意为应受惩罚的。
- 5. 答案 A。 hang up 挂断(电话); hand in 交递; hold on 不挂断; give up 放弃。
- 6. 答案 B。D 项 fly 作名语用时无"飞行"之意; travel 指不定期或不定点的周游; journey 指从甲地到乙地的旅行; voyage 通常指导游、旅游。
- 7. 答案 B。 oblige 意为"施恩惠于"; force sb. to do sth.强迫某人做某事; forbid sb. from doing doing sth 禁止某人做某事。
- 8. 答案 B。tough 意为"顽强的,耐劳的",运动员必须能坚韧不拔忍受各种痛苦;rough 意为"粗暴的";brave 主要指精神上,光靠"勇敢"是不能

胜任探险工作的。

- 9. 答案 C。resentful 意为"忿恨的,不满的"; repetitive"重复的",均与题意不符; serious"严肃的,认真的". 指人的性格或举止方面沉思的。
- 10. 答案 C。assure 向…保证,有劝人放心之意; convince"使…相信"; persuade "说服"; guarantee"担保"。
- 11. 答案 B。get together"聚集,收集"; join together"联合"; go together"相配"; pull together"齐心协力",而与反身代词连用时,意为"振作起来,恢复慎定"。
- 12. 答案 D。A、B 项都可用作"使某人干某事",其形式分别为 make sb. do sth, cause sb. to do sth, enable sb. to do sth, 使某人能够干某事
- 13. 答案 B。alive "生活的,生存的"; subsist "维持生活"后跟 on 短语; survive "活下来,幸存",通常指在逆境中生活下去; endure "容忍"
- 14. 答案 D。example"榜样,例子",一般指用来说明道理的实例;model"模型"; shape"形状";sample"样品,标本"
- 15. 答案 A。assume"承担,担任"; resume"重新开始"; consume"消耗"; presume "假定,假设"。
- 16. 答案 D。 cannot help 是个固定搭配,后接动词-ing 形式,意思为"禁不住…"。
- 17. 答案 D。只有 D 项符合句子逻辑,全句意为"据建议,如果不妨碍学习,学 生应该积极参加社会活动"。
- 19. 答案 C。动词 escape 后常接动名词,不接动词不定式。因此,首先可以排除 A、B 两项,根据题意,"不被抓住"是"经常情况",而动名词完成式通常强调动作发生的先后关系,故 D 项错。
- 20. 答案 B。根据分析句子成份可得知空缺处应是一个连接句子的连接词,且从句不完整,缺表语; what 引导名词性从句时可代替句子的主语、宾语或表语。
- 21. 答案 C。A 项进行时都不可用于该句,因(ever) since 后接过去时间的从句 或短语时常用于现在完成时,当谓语动作未终止而且可能继续 下去时则用于现在完成时态。
- 22. 答案 A。本题的 all 是主句的主语,后面接一个定语从句,当先行词是不定 4

代词时,关系代词不能用 which, 只能用 that。

- 23. 答案 D。 bear in mind 年记在心; take in to consideration 考虑; put up with 忍 受; take for granted 想当然,何子意思是"真理是经过验证的,不是 想当然"。
- 24. 答案 B。根据常识,离开旅馆前应是结帐 check out。而 check in 意为"登记", request 后接主语从句,同位语从句时要用 should + 原形动词的虚拟语气, should 可省略。
- 25. 答案 D。object 意为"反对,抗议",是不及物动词,常跟介词 to 连用,其后只能跟名词或动名词,不跟动词不定式。
- 26. 答案 C。in case 多跟从句,表示"以防(有某种情况发生",其时态常用一般 现在时及一般过去时,也可用 should + 原形动词。
- 27. 答案 B。important 形容词及相应的名词作表语时,主语从句或同位语从句也用动词原形或 should + 动词原形的虚拟语气。
- 28. 答案 A。本句后半部分为现在分词短语, permitting 的逻辑主语是 television 宾语是 us, 在句中作状语。
- 29. 答案 D。no sooner 通常与 than 搭配连用表示"----就…"
- 30. 答案 B。despite(尽管,不管)介词只跟介词宾语,不引导从句, even though (即使,纵然)引导从句。

Test 2

1.	A 450 horse-power en	gine drove the air di	irectly—toward the mi	ddle of the base.
	A. downwards	B. forwards	C. inwards	D. upwards
2.	Since Carbon is a cha	racteristic and	constant componen	t of protein, scienti-
	sts can measure protei	in by measuring carb	on .	
	A . naturally	B. chemically	C. singularly	D. fairly
3.	The mayor made his l	ast publicb	efore his term ended.	
	A. engagement	B. gathering	C. meeting	D. appearance
4.	I waved my hand to	the girl's att	tention, but she turne	ławay.
			C. pay	
5.	writer Anne	ner husband the famo	ous aviator, as a navig	ator on several of his
	pioneering flights.			
	A. accompanied	B. followed	C. directed	D. interviewed
6.	The head was pleased			
	A. outlet	B. outcome	C. outset	D. output
7.	The doctor was please			
	A. right	B. pleasant	C. well	D. nice
8	. The Mississippi River	carries great	of fine and sand and	silt into the Gulf of
	Mexico south of new	Orleans.		
	A. collection	B. mound	C. reserve	D. quantities
9	. Of course she behave	d awfully in front of t	he guests, but	she is much young-
	er than him.	Total		
	A. as a matter of f	acB. after all	C. over and above	D. all in all
10). Permeable rocks hav	ve pores of	size to permit water to	pass through them.
	A. fluctuating	B. enlarged	C. adequate	D. perfect
1	I. When a girl tells a b	oy, "if I could finish	n my work, I'll go out	with you", what she
	means is a f	lat refusal.		
	A. completely	B. virtually	C. badly	D. slightly
	4			

	A. hospitality	B. generality	C. personality	D. nationality
13.	all the ma	in subjects in our sc	hool curriculum, wh	ich do you like best
	A. From	B. For	© or	D. About
14.	Although ship trave	el has some	, statistically it is m	uch safer than any c
r	means of mass trans	portation.		
	A. downturns	B. opponents	C. danger	D. inconvenie
15.		it up, I'm not good	**	
	A. numbers	B. characters	C. summaries	D. figures
16.	enough tir		one over the lesson n	
	A. Had I to have		B. If I should b	nave
	C. Had I had		D. If I had	
17.	The young boy stil	I denies the	fire behind the hou	se.
	A. to start		B having starte	ed
	C. to starting		D. have been s	tarted
18.	a baby bi	rd is hatched, it mu	ast have the instinct	to fend for itself.
	A. Not sooner the	an B. No sooner	C. So soon that	t D. As soon a
19.	The prosp	perous the country be	ecomes, the	pleasant it is to live
			€ more…less	
20.	It can be shown th	at English and Greel	are related.	they go back to a
	mon ancestor.			
	A. Different they	are now	B. Different the	ey are not now
	C. As they are d	ifferent now	D. Different as	they are now
21.	We were worried	about Jane because	none of us was aware	she had g
	A. where that	B. of where	C. of the place	D. the place
22	. Energy can never	be obtained from no	othing, nor	
	A. can it be nev	er destroyed	B. can it be e	ver destroyed
	C. it can never	be destroyed	D. it can ever	be destroyed
23	. The presence of	the police frightene	d many criminals	attempting fo
	crimes.			
			c of	D-/
	A. away	B. to	C. of	De with
24	-		n the church in the i	

25. Most highways are lined with billboard	s of advertisement, which	by passing
car-drivers.		
A. are intending to be read	B. are intended to	be reading
C. are intending to be reading	D. are intended to	be read
26. , but it was also very good, t	o plant vegetables.	
A. Not only this land was very exten	sive B, Not only was this	s land very extensive
C. This land was not only very exter		
27. In the United States, the majority of	periodicals are concerned	with business topic
and or more publications for e	very industry and occupa-	tional category.
A. there are one B. they are one	e C. are one	D. one are
28. This story is with fairies and	witched magicians.	
A. related B. concerned		D. narrate
29. fishes, there are various spec	cies of fresh-water fishes.	
A. In regard to	B. With regards to	
C. As regards	D. With regards of	•
30. These tall trees have helped to preve	ent great winds and sand	through the
city.		
A. to sweep B. sweep	C. sweeping	D. swept
Key and notes:		
1. 答案 C。inwards 向里面; upwards 指	方向,这里指径直向均	也基中间的内部推
进;downwards 间下;forward	ds 向前。	
2. 答案 D。fairly 相当; naturally 自然均	也; chemically 化学上; sin	ngularly 是单一地。
3. 答案 D。appearance 出现,这里指显	上后一次在公众场合露	面。
4. 答案 D。attract 引起, 吸引。		
5. 答案 A。accompanied 陪伴。		
6. 答案 D。output 产量、产品;outlet 出	口;outcome 结果;outse	t开端。
7. 答案 C。well 好,这里指 look well &	〔色好 。	
8. 答案 Do quantities 量: great quantitie	es of 大量的。	

9. 答案 B。 after all 毕竟; as a matter of fact 实际上; over and above 外加; all in all

10. 答案 D。adequate 足够的; fluctuating 波动的; enlarged 扩大的; perfect 完美

总之。

的。

- 11. 答案 B。virtually 实际、事实上;completely 完全地;slightly 细微地。
- 12. 答案 A。hospitality 殷勤,亲切招待。
- 13. 答案 C。of, best of all 所有中最…。
- 14. 答案 C。 danger 危险; downturns 向下、下转; opponents 反对者; inconvenience 不方便。
- 15. 答案 D。 figures 数据,数; number 数字; characters 字母; summaries 是总结。
- 16. 答案 C。这是虚拟语气,如果从句中有 had,那么 if 省略, had 提到句首。
- 17. 答案 B。deny 后接动词-ing。
- 18. 答案 D。As soon as 意为"——就"; no sooner 与 than 搭配"no sooner…than …"
- 19. 答案 C。
- 20. 答案 D。当 as 作 though 虽然意义时,构成半倒装。
- 21. 答案 B。be aware of 意识到。
- 22. 答案 B。由 nor 引起的表示前面所说情况也适用于另一个东西或的否定句中,采用倒装形式。
- 23. 答案 D。 frighten"使惊恐,害怕"; frighten away 意为"把…吓走"; be frightened of sb/sth 意为"害怕某人或某物"; frighten sb. into doing sth 意为"使某人吓得做某事",当表示吓得某人不敢做某事时,要用"frighten sb. out of doing sth"。
- 24. 答案 A。本题的四个选项都含有"举行,举办,做的"意思; perform 表示完成、履行,更强调动作,更正式,或注重于宗教仪式性或大众性; hold 表示使发生…; fulfil 强调完成某种所期望的成保证过的事情。
- 25. 答案 D。因为 billboard 是动词 intend 和 read 的宾语,并放在句首做以 which 引导的从句的逻辑主语,所以 intend 和 read 两个动词都应用被动态。
- 26. 答案 B。not only…but(also)"不仅…而且"是并列连词要求连接语法结构相同的两个部分,当 not only 放句首时,它所引导的从句主谓要倒装。
- 27. 答案 A。本题中的 and 连接了两个并列句子,前一个是判断句,后一个是 在在句。
- 28. 答案 C。表示"与…有关/有联系"时, relate 与 to 搭配; be involved in 意为 "陷人/卷人…之中"; be concerned with 表示"关于,有关"; narrate

陈述,作及物动词。

29. 答案 C。这几个短语的具体形式是 in regard to, with regard to 表示"关于";
regard 一词都不加-s; As regards"关于"这个短语中要在 regard 后加-s。

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30. 答案 C。prevent"阻止"常与介词 from 搭配,表示"阻止/防止…做…",from 有时可省略。