# 英语课教学参考丰

(与第一册 第二版配套)

本书根据全国中等职业技术学校通用教材《英语》(第一册 第二版)编写。主要内容有:教学中的语言要点、根据课文提问、课文的中文译文、课后语法操练答案以及《英语(第一册 第二版)习题册》习题答案。

本书配有光盘,录有课文、对话、生词等朗读示范。 本书由北京工商大学外语系孙涛、唐义均编写。

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#### 全国中等职业技术学校

## 英语课教学参考书

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#### **Lesson One The Johnson Family**

#### - Language Points to Teach

- 1. while and when
- 2. work, bed and school
- 3. home
- 4. do + v ing
- 5. by
- 6. 一般现在时与时间频率副词
- 7. 物主形容词

#### 二、Ask Questions according to the Text

- 1. Where and what kind of life do the Johnsons live?
- 2. What do Mr. and Mrs. Johnson do in the morning when they get up?
- 3. When do Mr. Johnson and his children leave home? Do the children go to school themselves?
- 4. Is Mrs. Johnson a career woman (职业妇女)?
- 5. What does Mrs. Johnson do in the kitchen?
- 6. When does Mrs. Johnson go shopping?
- 7. Does Mrs. Johnson take naps? When does she wake up then?
- 8. What does Mrs. Johnson do in the afternoon?
- 9. How do the children go back home?
- 10. Does Mr. Johnson come home earlier than his children?
- 11. Where do the children do their lessons? When do they go to bed?

- 12. What does Mr. Johnson do at night?
- 13. What do your family members usually do in the daytime?
- 14. Can you describe your daily life?

#### 三、Chinese Translation of the Text

#### 约翰逊一家

约翰逊—家住在公园大街 95 号。他们生活简单,但是很幸福。

约翰逊先生与夫人起得很早。他妻子准备早餐的时候,约翰逊先生就跑一会儿步。他回家时总是把早报带回家,边吃早饭边看。7点半钟,约翰逊先生去上班,孩子们则去上学。每天都由父亲送他们上学。

约翰逊夫人每天都待在家里。当丈夫上班,孩子们上学时,她就做家务。她总是先洗碗碟,因为她喜欢保持厨房的整洁。然后她给屋子打扫卫生,与此同时洗衣机则为她洗衣服。她 10 点钟去购物,11 点回家。她总在中午 12 点吃午餐,午睡一会儿,总在两点醒来。下午,她通常拜访朋友。她们在一起喝茶。

晚上,孩子们乘校车回家。他们回家很早,而他们的父亲则 很晚才下班回家。他在办公室要做的事太多了。

夜里,孩子们总在自己的房间做功课。他们遇到困难时母亲 有时会帮助他们。他们总在9点钟上床睡觉。约翰逊先生通常先 看报纸,然后与妻子一起看电视。

#### 四、Script for Grammar Drills

Read the following dialogue and do the grammar drills in the same way.

A: Do you ever get up early on Sundays?

B: I never get up early on Sundays.

Now you do the same.

- A: Do you ever get up early on Sundays?
- B: I never get up early on Sundays.
- 1. A: Do you ever spend your holidays abroad?
  - B: I never spend my holidays abroad.
- 2. A: Do you ever play football in the street?
  - B: I sometimes play football in the street.
- 3. A: Do you ever have lunch at this restaurant?
  - B: I usually have lunch at this restaurant.
- 4. A: Do you ever go to the cinema?
  - B: I often go to the cinema.

Read the dialogue carefully and do the grammar drills in the same way.

- A: Does he ever get up early on Sundays?
- B: He never gets up early on Sundays.

Now you do the same way.

- A: Does he get up early on Sundays?
- B: He never gets up early on Sundays.
- 1. A: Does he ever spend his holidays abroad?
  - B: He never spends his holidays abroad.
- 2. A: Does he ever play football in the street?
  - B: He sometimes plays football in the street.

- 3. A: Does he ever have lunch at this restaurant?
  - B: He usually has lunch at this restaurant.
- 4. A: Does he ever go to the cinema?
  - B: He often goes to the cinema.

#### 五、Key to the Exercises

Ι.

1. B 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. B

П.

- 1. goes to work 2. stays at home 3. goes shopping
- 4. arrives home very late 5. do their lessons

III.

- 1. at breakfast 2. gets up 3. by bus 4. housework
- 5. takes a nap

IV.

- 1. watches 2. washes 3. does 4. carries...spreads
- 5. plays 6. stay 7. gets...rises 8. goes 9. works 10. go

V.

- 1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C 6. B 7. B 8. (
- 9. A 10. C

VI.

1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A

WI.

1.

- (1) 准备他们的午餐
- (2) 生活幸福
- (3) 下班回家

- (4) 保持她房间的整洁
- (5) 把晚报带回家
- 2.
- (1) do the housework every day
- (2) come home from school
- (3) drink coffee together
- (4) do their lessons in their classrooms
- (5) often stay at home

. 5 .

#### Lesson Two Our Village

#### - Language Points to Teach

- 1. there is/are 结构
- 2. go + v-ing
- 3. by the way
- 4. be covered with
- 5. just as
- 6. the + 经营商's
- 7. 感叹句
- 8. 方位介词
- 9. 时间介词
- 10. 比较级

#### 二、Ask Questions according to the Text

- 1. Where is the village located?
- 2. How often does the author take a walk along the banks? And with whom?
- 3. What do the local children like most in summer?
- 4. Where are the school and the park?
- 5. What do the girls and the boys usually do in the park?
- 6. Who would arrive at the village on weekends?
- 7. What do the people from city do at the village? Are they happy or not?
- 8. Where do you live, in the city or in the countryside?
- 9. Which season do you like most? What kind of games do you

like most in summer?

- 10. Do you have the experience of a picnic on sunny days? Can you say something about it?
- 11. What kind of environment do you like most? Why?
- 12. What activities are your favorites?
- 13. Can you talk about the advantages and disadvantages of living in a village?
- 14. What will happen if so many people in the city spend holidays at the village?
- 15. Can you describe the summer scenery of the village?

#### 三、Chinese Translation of the Text

#### 我们的村庄

我们的村庄在一个山谷里,位于两座小山之间。山上到处都是树。有条河正好流过村庄。这是我们所知道的最安静的地方。每逢星期一、星期五和星期六,我和妻子就沿着河岸散步。星期二、星期三以及星期四,我们就爬山。在星期天,我们和孩子们一道去河边钓鱼。正值盛夏,每当我们沿河散步的时候,我们总能看到孩子们在河里游泳。他们正游过河去。在夏天,孩子们最喜欢游泳。顺便说一下,学校就在山脚下,学校边上有个小公园。公园里到处都是树,地上绿草如茵。晚上村民们就去公园。我们必须走过木桥才能到公园去。我们坐在树下谈论孩子们以及许多多别的事情。当然喽,孩子们可做的事要比成年人多。女孩们坐在草地上或躺在草地上,男孩们则爬树。他们经常彼此追逐,就像狗追猫一样。

周末,人们从城市里来。他们经过5天的辛勤劳动后感到疲劳,因此想接近自然,好好休息一下。一家一家的人开着轿车来,住在村子的小客栈里。有些家庭愿意支起帐篷,在露天过夜。天黑后,他们生起一堆火,围坐在篝火旁。有时,父母亲与

孩子们一起玩游戏,有时他们在篝火旁跳舞、唱歌、讲故事。他 们看样子很开心。

我们爱自己的村庄。

#### 四、Script for Grammar Drills

Read the following dialogue and do the grammar drills in the same way.

A: Jane is shorter than Mary.

B: I don't agree with you. I think she's taller. She is the tallest of all the girls.

Now you do the same.

A: Jane is shorter than Mary.

B: I don't agree with you. I think she's taller. She is the tallest of all the girls.

1. A: Grandpa is younger than Grandma.

B: I don't agree with you. I think he's older. He is the oldest in the family.

2. A: This house is bigger than that one.

B: I don't agree with you. I think it's smaller. It is the smallest in the village.

3. A: Joe runs more slowly than Bill.

B: I don't agree with you. I think he runs faster. He runs the fastest in the class.

4. A: This car is more expensive than that one.

B: I don't agree with you. I think it's cheaper. It is the

cheapest in the shop.

- 5. A: This match is less exciting than that one.
  - B: I don't agree with you. I think it's more exciting. It is the most exciting I've ever watched.

#### 五、Key to the Exercises

Ι.

1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A

II.

1. take walks 2. go fishing 3. a small park 4. sit under the trees 5. enjoy themselves

M.

1. all over 2. in the middle of 3. By the way 4. in the open air 5. put up

IV.

1. of 2. in 3. of 4. that 5. of 6. in 7. that

8. in 9. in 10. Of

V.

1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. C 10. B

VI.

1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. C

₩.

1.

- (1) 正值隆冬
- (2) 正好流过公园
- (3) 去湖边钓鱼
- (4) 由白雪覆盖