



高考复习题集

英 语

岳阳市教师进修学校 编
岳阳市教研室

说 明

《高考复习题集》共六种，即《政治》、《语文》、《数学》、《物理》、《化学》、《英语》。这套复习题集是根据《一九八〇年全国高等学校招生考试复习大纲》规定的知识范围，参考有关学科教学大纲的精神，以部编教材为依据编写的。

鉴于目前各地高考复习资料繁多，教师普遍感到莫衷一是，我们根据当前学生实际，狠抓双基训练，按各科教材体系，编印了这套复习题集。它既可供应届高中毕业生复习迎考之用，又可作肄业班学生课外练习的参考。所选例题、习题，力求简明扼要，重点突出，具有代表性、灵活性、综合性。通过多种形式的练习，帮助学生巩固所学基础知识，加强基本技能的训练，提高分析和解决问题的能力，为升入高等学校学习和从事其他工作打下坚实基础。

《高考复习题集·英语》是由张立人、李中、任侃、刘梅香、汪文生、彭宗述、周国兵、王淑球、王巨涛、杨劲秋、罗美安等同志分工编写的。在编写过程中曾得到省内外不少老师的热情支持，在此表示感谢。

由于我们水平有限，编写时间仓促，错漏之处，在所难免，希望读者批评指正。

Contents

I	Parts of Speech and Members of Sentence	
	词类和句子成分.....	(1)
II	Nouns 名词.....	(6)
III	Pronoun 代词.....	(7)
IV	Article 冠词.....	(16)
V	The usages of Cardinal and Ordinal Numerals	
	基数词和序数词的用法.....	(21)
VI	Adjective 形容词.....	(24)
VII	Adverb 付词.....	(30)
VIII	Verb 动词.....	(33)
IX	Preposition 介词.....	(78)
X	The Simple Sentence 简单句.....	(89)
XI	Yes Question and Or Question	
	反意疑问句和选择疑问句.....	(98)
XII	There Be.....	(104)
XIII	Some uses of It As Subject	
	“ It ” 作主语的一些用法.....	(106)
XIV	Compound Complex Sentence	
	并列复合句.....	(109)
XV	The Sentence of the Subject and Subordinate	
	Complex Sentence	
	主从复合句的句子结构.....	(111)
XVI	Direct Speech and Indirect Speech	
	直接引语和间接引语.....	(120)
XVII	Appendices 附录.....	(136)

I、Parts of Speech and Members of Sentence

词类和句子成分

1、Point out the part of speech of each word in the following sentences, then put them into Chinese

(指出下列各个词的词类,并将句子译成汉语):

- 1、We love our country.
- 2、English is a useful tool.
- 3、Beijing is the capital of China.
- 4、Oh, I am so tired.
- 5、Is this book yours or mine? It's yours.
- 6、Do you speak English? Yes, I do.
- 7、I have lived here for ten years.
- 8、He studies hard.
- 9、That's wonderful.
- 10、Is it raining? Yes, it is.
- 11、There are three desks and eight chairs in the room.

2、Point out the part of speech of the underlined words (指出各划线词的词类):

1、I never heard of such a thing before.

2、I don't think she will be back before five.

3、Take your medicine before you go to bed.

4、The station is quite near.

5、The Mid-autumn Festival is drawing near.

6、There is a bus stop near the end of the street.

7、The train was nearing Beijing.

8、Shall I show you round?

9、I should like to travel round the world.

10、Round your lips when pronouncing the sound [u:] .

11、They proposed holding a round-table conference.

12、That was a contest decided by a single round.

13、He came to my home yesterday afternoon.

14、Did he go home last month?

15、Has the rain stopped yet?

16、It is going to rain.

17、He gets up early.

18、Our early rice grows well.

19、We are future builders of socialism.

20、We shall make greater achievements in the near future.

21、Do they work hard at English?

22、It is hard work.

23、We have studied six lessons since the beginning of this term.

24、She had never missed a day since she came to work.

25、Everybody has his own wish.

26、Wish you a Happy New year!

3、Point out the different meanings of each word after model. (根据例词写出下列单词的不同词义)

1、model, work v、工作 n、工作 n、Works
著作, 工厂

call combine cook arm camp lie

water watch wish spring fire hand

blow use train left chinese

English kind light chief right

clean close hard well

4、Point out the members of the following sentences, then put them into Chinese (指出下列句中的句子成分, 并将这些句子译成汉语)

1、He reads newspapers every day.

2、Come to the blackboard.

3、There are many beautiful flowers in our school.

4、Zhang Hua studies English hard.

5、The sun rises in the east.

6、He wrote a letter in his room.

7、I gave him a new magazine.

8、The leaves of the trees are green.

9、Most of the leaves of the trees turn yellow in autumn.

10、Comrade Li teaches us English.

11、He gave the boy a doll.

12、I shall tell a story to my sister.

13、My sister often asks me to tell her a story.

14、She is fetching a few chairs for the guests.

15、The bird flies.

16、Water boils at 100°C.

- 17、The First World War broke out in 1914.
- 18、You should take care of your old mother.
- 19、How fast the train is running!
- 20、Let's help him with his English.

5、Point out the kind of the following sentences (指出下列句子的种类)

- 1、I am a pupil.
- 2、You are a pupil, too.
- 3、She has a sister.
- 4、Has he a brother?
- 5、Is she her sister?
- 6、The boy studies hard.
- 7、Do you study English?
- 8、Does your sister study English, too?
- 9、What a good pupil she is!
- 10、Have your lunch first, mother.
- 11、How hard she studied!
- 12、Let's do our homework together.
- 13、Come earlier next time!
- 14、How happy we are!
- 15、What a fine day it is!
- 16、Go there at once!

II、Nouns

名 词

6、Point out the countable nouns from the following, then put them into plural forms (指出下列单词中的可数名词、并写出其复数形式):

bottle peach brush box class child
country man goose water coal foot
ink people sheep woman roof life
bookshelf photo hero day fish
watch

7、Rewrite the following sentences after the model. (根据例句改写下列句子):

Model: This is a pen. — These are pens.

1、That is a bus.

2、There is a tractor on the farm.

3、It is a radio.

4、My brother is a worker.

5、He is a fighting hero.

6、She has a nice pencil.

7、I have a story-book.

8、Put the following into English (译成英语):

- 1、我兄弟的钢笔
- 2、我的朋友的书
- 3、女孩子们的英语书
- 4、孩子们的铅笔
- 5、昨天的报纸
- 6、中国的坦克
- 7、儿童之家
- 8、我老师的那些房子
- 9、太阳的表面
- 10、王大娘家

III、Pronoun

代 词

9、Fill in the blanks according to the answers,
(根据所给的答语填空):

- 1、___ are those? They are bananas.
- 2、___ do you like? I like this one.
- 3、___ do you speak to? I speak to her.
- 4、___ books do you want to buy?

I want to buy English books.

5、___ teaches you English?

Comrade Ma teaches us English.

6、___ girl is her daughter?

The one in the green dress.

7、___ is he?

He is an engineer.

8、___ is singing there?

Comrade Wang is singing.

9、For ___ does she often carry water?

She often carries water for Grandma Li.

10、___ did you meet near the classroom yesterday?

I met our teacher there.

10、Ask questions on the words underlined
就划线部分提问：

1、The students followed the teacher into the factory.

2、We see a giant star in the sky at night.

3、We usually have supper at six.

4、I write with my right hand.

5、We decided to go to the zoo on Sunday.

6、He is a friend of my sons.

7、We pay close attention to pronunciation in learning English.

8、The stars twinkle in the sky at night.

9、He takes to his bed because of illness.

10、She has made up her mind to study hard.

11、Put the following into English,

(把下面的句子译为英语):

- 1、这里的书都是进步作家写的。
- 2、这两本书都是写解放战争的。
- 3、这些书中没有一本适合我们的水平。
- 4、这两书本在内容上都不够好。
- 5、这些书你看那一本都行。
- 6、这两本书你看那一本都行。
- 7、每个房间里有四张床。
- 8、每个房间都布置得很漂亮。
- 9、在会上我们每个人都要发言。
- 10、每个人可以谈5分钟左右。
- 11、这些书太难了，你能借我几本容易些的吗？
- 12、你要哪一本？我要红面子的那一本。
- 13、这部片子没有我们上次看的哪部好。
- 14、我有鲁迅的作品，但我哥哥没有。
- 15、茶壶里有些茶吗？有一些。
- 16、让我们来学唱一些英语歌曲吧。

17、雷锋同志全心全意为人民服务，从来不考虑自己。

18、他们自己挖了一口井。

19、这个小提琴是谁的？是我的。

20、你父亲打算给他买一本字典，是吗？

12、 Fill in the blanks with suitable personal pronoun,

用适当的人称代词填空：

1、___ was a boy hero.

2、___ is Li Ming's grandmother.

3、 China is a great socialist country, ___ stands like a giant in the east of the world.

4、 It is a small house with tall trees round ___.

5、 These are the documents of the Eleventh National Congress of the C.P.C. we must study ___ seriously.

6、 Li Hua's sister is the best student in our class. We must learn from ___.

7、 Our Communist Party leads ___ on our new Long March.

8、 It is a very nice picture, isn't ___?

9、 Thank ___ for your help.

10、 "I'll catch the thief and hang him",

___ said to himself.

13. Fill in the blanks with suitable adjective pronouns,

用适当的形容词性的物主代词填空:

1. The Chinese people love ___ country.

2. We Chinese people love ___ wise leader
Chairman Hua.

3. The tree has shaken off ___ leaves.

4. The proletariat of the mourned ___ dead
leader Lenin.

5. In ___ works Comrade Wang expresses her
deep love for the Party and Chairman Mao.

6. Lenin was exact in everything and plan—
ned ___ work very carefully.

7. Raise ___ hand before asking a question!

8. The flowers open ___ petals to the sun.

9. Everyone should do ___ best.

10. She was very careful with ___ work, as all
___ friends could see.

14. Choose the best answer:

(选择填空):

1. ___ have been chosen.

A. I, you and he, B. He, you and I,

C. You, he and I.

2、She has lost her pencil. Will you lend her__?

A. your B. yours C. yourself

3、Victory is__.

A. our B. we C. ours

4、Li Ming is a friend of__ ,

A. he B. her C. his

5、One should love__ country.

A. oneself B. ones C. one's

6、Have you a knife? Yes, I have a good

_____ .
A. it B. one C. that

7、They kept one black dog and two white

_____ .
A. one B. one's C. ones

8、The population of China is larger than _____ of Japan.

A. one B. those C. that

9、The days in summer are longer than_____ in winter

A. that B. ones C. those

10、_____ of the students got high grades, not

more than ten out of the whole class.

A, None B, A few C, Few

11, Not all students go home on Saturday,
still stay in school.

A, a few B, none C, few

12, As I have little money about me, I can't
lend you_____.

A, some B, any C, few

13, As I have_____money about me, I can lend
you some.

A, a little B, little C, a few

14, How _____ice do they need in the factory
every day?

A, much B, many C, any

15, _____friends from other countries come to
visit China every year.

A, Much B, Many C, A great deal of

16, The sentence_____is wrong.

A, himself B, herself C, itself

17, We wash_____after supper.

A, us B, ourselves C, our

18, The girl dresses_____when she gets up.

A, her B, she C, herself

19、We met his grandma_____.

A、himself B、hers C、herself

20、Does he speak English or Russian?

He doesn't speak_____.

A、either B、neither C、none

21、Does she study physics or chemistry? she studies_____.

A、either B、neither C、none

22、_____of the three students know Russian.

A、Either B、Neither C、None

23、Shanghai is larger than _____city in China.

A、any B、all C、any other

24、China is larger than_____country in Europe.

A、any B、all C、any other

25、_____of the four roads will take you to the post office.

A、Any B、Neither Both

26、_____can be accomplished if one tries to learn and do anything and everything.

A、Anything B、Everything C、Nothing

27、During the test no one is allowed to ask _____question.