



世界文化遗产

World Cultural Heritage

明十三陵

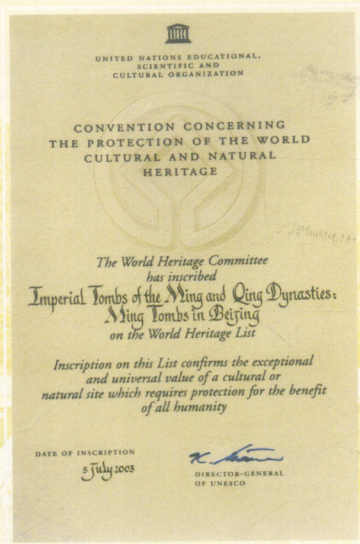
The Royal Mausoleum of Ming

明十三陵位于北京市昌平区境内的天寿山麓，是明朝（1368—1644）13位皇帝的陵墓群。明十三陵始建于公元1409年，到1644年明朝灭亡，共建13座皇陵、7座妃嫔墓和一座太监墓。明十三陵是中国历代帝王陵寝建筑中保存得比较完好的一处。它建筑宏伟，体系完整，历史悠久，具有较高的历史和文物价值。

1961年，十三陵被列为全国重点文物保护单位。1982年，国务院将八达岭——十三陵列为全国重点风景名胜保护区。1992年，十三陵被“北京旅游世界之最”评选委员会评为“世界上保存完整、埋葬皇帝最多的墓葬群”。2003年7月3日经联合国教科文组织世界遗产委员会第27届大会通过，明十三陵列入《世界遗产名录》。

Situated at the foot of the Tianshou Mountain (Mountain of Heavenly Longevity), Changping District, Beijing, the Ming Tombs is a mausoleum group of 13 emperors of the Ming Dynasty (1368-1644). The construction of the Tombs was initiated in 1409 and a total of 13 emperor tombs, 7 concubine tombs and one eunuch tomb were built by 1644 when the dynasty was overthrown. Of all of the mausoleums left by emperors of various dynasties in Chinese history the Ming Tombs is one of the best-preserved sites. With magnificent architectural structures the Tombs has great historical and relic value.

The Tombs was listed as a National Cultural Relic Protection Unit in 1961 and in 1982 the State Council categorized the Badaling-Ming Tombs Special Scenic Spots Preservation Zone. In 1992, the Tombs was listed as “the best-preserved Mausoleum group where more emperors were buried here than anywhere else” by the Evaluation Committee for “World Best in Beijing Tour”. The Tombs was listed in the *Category of World Heritages* after approval by the World Heritage Organization of the United Nations at its 27th session on July 3, 2003.



文字: 关山
摄影: 汪浩
责任编辑: 殷德俭

出版: 中国民族摄影艺术出版社
版次: 2007年4月第1版
书号: 880069-701
定价: 18.00元





贴 邮
票 处



长陵 Changling

邮政编码:

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com





贴 邮
票 处



献陵 Xianling

邮政编码:





贴 邮
票 处



景陵 Jingling

邮政编码:





贴 邮
票 处



茂陵 Maoling

邮政编码:

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com





贴 邮
票 处



泰陵 Tailing

邮政编码:





贴 邮
票 处



康陵 Kangling

邮政编码:





贴 邮
票 处



永陵 Yongling

邮政编码:

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com