

中央广播电视大学

# 英 语

第一册

Book One

北京大学公共英语教研室

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68  
239

# 字母表

印刷体		书写体		字母名称	印刷体		书写体		字母名称
大写	小写	大写	小写		大写	小写	大写	小写	
A	a	<i>A a</i>		[ei]	N	n	<i>N n</i>		[en]
B	b	<i>B b</i>		[bi:]	O	o	<i>O o</i>		[əu]
C	c	<i>C c</i>		[si:]	P	p	<i>P p</i>		[pi:]
D	d	<i>D d</i>		[di:]	Q	q	<i>Q q</i>		[kju:]
E	e	<i>E e</i>		[i:]	R	r	<i>R r</i>		[ɑ:]
F	f	<i>F f</i>		[ef]	S	s	<i>S s</i>		[es]
G	g	<i>G g</i>		[dʒi:]	T	t	<i>T t</i>		[ti:]
H	h	<i>H h</i>		[eitʃ]	U	u	<i>U u</i>		[ju:]
I	i	<i>I i</i>		[ai]	V	v	<i>V v</i>		[vi:]
J	j	<i>J j</i>		[dʒei]	W	w	<i>W w</i>		[ˈdʌblju:]
K	k	<i>K k</i>		[kei]	X	x	<i>X x</i>		[eks]
L	l	<i>L l</i>		[el]	Y	y	<i>Y y</i>		[wai]
M	m	<i>M m</i>		[fem]	Z	z	<i>Z z</i>		[zed]

## 读音规则

I. 元音字母及其组合在重读音节中的读音规则, 归纳如下表:

字母	音标	例 词 及 其 读 音	
a	[ei]	<u>ma</u> k <u>e</u> [meik] 制造;	<u>wa</u> v <u>e</u> [weiv] 波
	[æ]	<u>ca</u> n [kæn] 能够;	<u>ma</u> p [mæp] 地图
e	[i:]	<u>w</u> e [wi:] 我们;	<u>b</u> e [bi:] 是
	[e]	<u>re</u> d [red] 红的;	<u>pe</u> n [pen] 钢笔
i(y)	[ai]	<u>ti</u> m <u>e</u> [taim] 时间;	<u>ty</u> p <u>e</u> [taip] 类型
	[i]	<u>i</u> t [it] 它;	<u>wi</u> n [win] 赢得
o	[əu]	<u>n</u> o [nəu] 没有, 不是;	<u>no</u> t <u>e</u> [nəut] 注意
	[ɒ]	<u>no</u> t [nɒt] 没有, 不;	<u>o</u> n [ɒn] 在...上
u	[ju:]	<u>u</u> s <u>e</u> [ju:z] 使用;	<u>tu</u> b <u>e</u> [tju:b] 管子
	[ʌ]	<u>u</u> p [ʌp] 向上;	<u>bu</u> t [bʌt] 但是
ar	[ɑ:]	<u>pa</u> r <u>t</u> [pɑ:t] 部分;	<u>ha</u> r <u>d</u> [hɑ:d] 努力
er	[ə:]	<u>pe</u> r [pə:] 每;	<u>he</u> r [hə:] 她的
ir		<u>fi</u> r <u>m</u> [fə:m] 坚定的;	<u>fi</u> r <u>st</u> [fə:st] 第一
ur		<u>tu</u> r <u>n</u> [tə:n] 转;	<u>ba</u> r <u>n</u> [bə:n] 烧
or	[ɔ:]	<u>fo</u> r [fɔ:] 为了;	<u>po</u> r <u>t</u> [pɔ:t] 港口
oo	[u:]	<u>to</u> ol [tu:l] 工具;	<u>mo</u> on [mu:n] 月亮
	[u]	<u>go</u> od [gʊd] 好的;	<u>bo</u> ok [buk] 书
ou	[au]	<u>ou</u> t [aut] 出, 往外;	<u>lo</u> ud [laud] 大声的
ow		<u>ho</u> w [hau] 如何;	<u>no</u> w [nau] 现在
		<u>lo</u> w [ləu] 低;	<u>sl</u> ow [sləu] 慢

字 母	音 标	例 词 及 其 读 音
oi oy	[ɔi]	oil [ɔil] 油; boy [bɔi] 男孩
are air	[ɛə]	air [ɛə] 空气; care [kɛə] 关心
ear	[iə]	hear [hiə] 听见; near [niə] 近的
	[uə]	poor [puə] 贫穷的; sure [ʃuə] 确定的

## II. 辅音字母及其组合的读音规则:

字 母	音 标	例 词 及 其 读 音
p	[p]	part [pɑ:t] 部分; pipe [paip] 管道
b	[b]	but [bat] 但是; big [big] 大的
t	[t]	tube [tju:b] 管子; turn [tɜ:n] 转动
d	[d]	date [deit] 日期; day [dei] 白天
f	[f]	five [faiv] 五; form [fɔ:m] 形式
v	[v]	vote [vəut] 投票; verb [vɜ:b] 动词
z	[z]	zone [zəuh] 地带; zoo [zu:] 动物园
s		has [hæz] 有; is [iz] 是
	[s]	sun [sʌn] 太阳; so [səu] 如此
c		cent [sent] 分; cite [sait] 引证
	[k]	can [kæn] 能够; count [kaunt] 计算
k		like [laik] 喜欢, 像; keep [ki:p] 保持
g	[g]	good [gud] 好的; gun [gʌn] 枪
	[dʒ]	germ [dʒɜ:m] 细菌; age [eidʒ] 年龄
j		join [dʒɔin] 参加; just [dʒʌst] 恰好
h	[h]	he [hi:] 他; have [hæv] 有
w	[w]	we [wi:] 我们; wave [weiv] 波

字母	音标	例词及其读音	
y	[j]	yes [jes] 是的;	year [jiə] 年
r	[r]	red [red] 红的;	read [ri:d] 读
l	[l]	look [luk] 看;	live [liv] 生活
m	[m]	man [mæn] 男人;	map [mæp] 地图
n	[n]	not [nɒt] 不;	in [in] 在...内
ng	[ŋ]	long [lɒŋ] 长的;	thing [θɪŋ] 东西
sh	[ʃ]	she [ʃi:] 她;	wish [wiʃ] 祝愿
ch	[tʃ]	chair [tʃeə] 椅子;	teach [ti:tʃ] 教
th	[θ]	thin [θɪn] 薄的;	three [θri:] 三
	[ð]	that [ðæt] 那个;	this [ðɪs] 这个
ts	[ts]	peasants ['peznts] 农民(复数);	students ['stju:dnts] 学生(复数)
ds	[dz]	hands [hændz] 手(复数);	beds [bedz] 床(复数)
tr	[tr]	try [traɪ] 试;	tree [tri:] 树
dr	[dr]	dry [draɪ] 干燥的;	drop [drɒp] 落下
s	[s]	measure ['meʒə] 测量;	pleasure ['pleʒə] 愉快

# Lesson Thirteen

## New Words and Expressions

1. thirteen ['θə:'ti:n] (数) 十三,  
十三个
2. text [tekst] (名) 课文
3. PLA (名) 人民解放军
4. man (名) 人, 男人  
men (名) (man 的复数形式)  
PLA man 人民解放军战士
5. from (介) 从..., 由...
6. middle ['midl] (形) 中等的; 中  
型的
7. first (数) 第一; 首先
8. year [jə:] (名) 年
9. Peking ['pi:'kiŋ] (名) 北京
10. university (名) 大学  
Peking University 北京大学
11. very ['veri] (副) 很; 非常
12. but (连) 但是; 然而
13. clean [kli:n] (形) 清洁的 (动)  
弄清洁, 扫除
14. bright [braɪt] (形) 明亮的
15. over (副) 在...上面; 越过, 对过
16. there (副) 在那里
17. picture (名) 图画, 照片
18. family ['fæmili] (名) 家庭
19. my(代) 我的

20. father ['fɑ:ðə] (名) 父亲
21. and [ænd, ənd] (连) 和
22. mother ['mʌðə] (名) 母亲
23. who [hu:] (代) 谁
24. elder (形) 年长的
25. sister (名) 姐妹
26. doctor (名) 医生
27. commune ['kɒmjʊ:n] (名) 公社
28. member (名) 成员  
Party member 党员
29. youth [ju:θ] (名) 青年
30. league [li:g] (名) 联盟  
the Youth League 青年团

\* \* \*

- expression [iks'preʃn] (名) 表  
达方式, 词组
- note (名) 笔记, 注释  
notes to the text 课文注释
- classroom ['kla:srum] (名) 教室  
classroom English 课堂英语
- phonetics [fəu'netiks] (名) 语音
- grammar ['græmə] (名) 语法
- material [mə'tiəriəl] (名) 材料  
reading material 阅读材料

## Text

### We Are Students

#### I

I am a worker.

You are a peasant.

He is a PLA man.

She is from a middle school.

We are workers.

You are peasants.

They are PLA men.

They are from middle schools.

We are all first-year students of Peking University.

#### II

A: This is our room. It is not very big.

B: But it's clean and bright. Is this your bed?

A: No, it isn't. It's Comrade Wang's bed. My bed is over there.

B: Is this a picture of your family?

A: Yes. This is my father. That is my mother.

B: Is your father a worker?

A: Yes, he is.

B: Is your mother a worker, too?

A: No. She is a teacher in a middle school.

B: Who is she?

A: She is my elder sister. She is a doctor in a commune. She's a Party member.

B: Are you a Party member, too?

A: No. I am a Youth League member.

1. visit ['vɪzɪt] (名)访问, 参观
  2. come [kʌm] (动)来
  3. evening ['iːvɪnɪŋ] (名)晚上
  4. right [raɪt] (形)对的, 正确的; 右
  5. name (名)名字
  6. out [aʊt] (副)在外; 出
  7. what [wɒt] (代)什么
  8. Shanghai ['ʃæŋ'hai] (名)上海
  9. for [fɔː] (介)对于; 代, 替
  10. night [naɪt] (名)夜, 夜间
- Good night. 再见。(晚上分手或告辞时说)

### Reading Material

#### A Teacher's Visit to the New Students

- A: Is Comrade Ma in?
- B: Yes. Come in, please. Good evening, Teacher Wu.
- A: Good evening, comrades.
- B: Sit down, please.
- A: (To C) You are Comrade Wang. Am I right?
- C: Yes. My name is Wang Ping.
- B: There are four students in this room, but Li Ying is out.
- A: Your room isn't big, but it's clean and bright. Is that a map of Shanghai?
- C: No, it isn't. It's a map of Peking.
- D: What's the English for “图片”, Teacher?
- A: The English for “图片” is “picture”.
- ...
- A: Good night, comrades.
- B, C, D: Good night, Teacher.



# Lesson Fourteen

## New Words and Expressions

1. fourteen ['fɔ:'ti:n] *num.* 十四
2. for *prep.* 为; (表示时间)  
*conj.* 因为
3. revolution [ˌrevə'lʊ:ʃn] *n.* 革命
4. what [(h) wɒt] *pron., a.* 什么
5. name *n.* 名字
6. where [(h) weə] *ad.* 哪里, 何处
7. classmate ['kla:smeɪt] *n.* 同班同学
8. now *ad.* 现在
9. classroom ['kla:srum] *n.* 教室
10. same *a.* 相同的, 同一的
11. get [get] *vt., vi.* 得到, 收集;  
到达  
get up 起床
12. at *prep.* 在
13. every ['evri] *a.* 每
14. day [deɪ] *n.* (一) 天, 日子
15. early ['ɜ:li] *ad.* 早
16. do [du:] *vt.* 做; *aux.* (无词义)  
does [dʌz] (第三人称单数用)
17. exercise ['eksəsaɪz] *n.* 练习,  
训练  
morning exercises 早操
18. together [tə'geðə] *ad.* 一起
19. breakfast ['brekfəst] *n.* 早饭
20. go *vi.* 走, 去
21. to [tu:] *prep.* 到, 往; 对
22. before [bɪ'fɔ:] *prep., conj.* 在...  
前; *ad.* 从前
23. class [kla:s] *n.* 班; 课; 阶级
24. often ['ɔ:fn] *ad.* 时常, 经常
25. while [(h) wail] *n.* 一会儿  
*conj.* 当...的时候; 而
26. help *vt.* 帮助
27. each *pron.* 每一个
28. other ['ʌðə] *pron., a.* 别的,  
其他的  
each other 互相
29. learn [lɜ:n] *vi., vt.* 学习; 学会  
learn from 向...学习  
learn from each other 互相学习
30. show [ʃəʊ] *vt.* 给...看; 表明;  
表示
31. concern [kən'sə:n] *n.* 关心  
show concern for 对...表示  
关心
32. work [wɜ:k] *vi.* 工作

## Text

### We Study for the Revolution

#### I

I have Chairman Mao's works.

You have Chairman Mao's works.  
He has Chairman Mao's works, too.  
We study Chairman Mao's works hard.

## II

- Who are you?
- I am a new student.
- What's your name?
- My name is Wang Ping.
- Where are you from?
- I am from a factory.
- Who is Li Ming?
- He is one of my classmates.
- Where is he now?
- He is in the classroom.

## III

Li Ming and I live in the same room. I get up at six in the morning every day. Li Ming gets up early, too. We do morning exercises together.

After breakfast, we go to the classroom. Before class, I often read English aloud for a while. Li Ming reads English aloud, too.

We help each other and learn from each other. We show concern for other comrades, too. We all work hard at our lessons. We study for the revolution.

- 
1. well *ad.* 好

He doesn't read English very well. 他英语读得不太好。

2. plan *n.* 计划
3. at 7:30 (读作 at seven thirty) 在7点30分
4. listen (to) ['lɪsn] *vi.* 听
5. carefully ['keəfli] *ad.* 仔细地, 注意地
6. or *conj.* 或者

7. hour [aʊə] *n.* 小时
8. then *ad.* 然后, 那时
9. play *vt.* 玩, 打, 踢(球)
10. football [ˈfʊtˈbɔ:l] *n.* 足球
11. with [wið] *prep.* 和...一起
12. his *pron.* 他的
13. supper *n.* 晚饭
14. newspaper [ˈnju:z,peɪpə] *n.* 报纸
15. say *vt.* 说, 讲
16. must *aux.* 必须, 应该

### Reading Material

#### Wang Ping Studies Hard

Wang Ping is a new student. He doesn't read English very well. But he studies hard. He has a plan for each day.

He gets up early and does morning exercises. He reads English aloud before breakfast. He has a class at 7:30. In class he listens to the teacher carefully.

In the afternoon, he studies for two or three hours. Then he plays football with his comrades.

After supper he reads the newspaper and works at his lessons. He often says, "I must study hard for the revolution."

## Lesson Fifteen

### New Words and Expressions

1. fifteen [ˈfɪfˈti:n] *num.* 十五
2. stop *n.* 站 *vi., u.t.* 停止  
bus-stop 公共汽车站
3. hello [heˈləʊ] *int.* 喂
4. how [haʊ] *ad.* 怎样, 如何  
How are you? 您好?

5. fine *a.* 好的; 晴朗的
6. thank [θæŋk] *vt.* 谢, 感谢  
Thank you! 谢谢你!
7. still *ad.* 仍然; 更
8. busy [ˈbɪzi] *a.* 忙
9. quite [kwait] *ad.* 很; 非常; 相当

10. also ['ɔ:lsoʊ] *ad.* 也
11. evening ['i:vniŋ] *n.* 晚上  
evening school 夜校
12. about [ə'baʊt] *prep., ad.*  
关于; 附近; 大约  
How about you? 你怎么样?
13. physics ['fɪzɪks] *n.* 物理学
14. teach *vt.* 教
15. brother ['brʌðə] *n.* 兄弟
16. with [wɪð] *prep.* 和...一起;  
带; 用
17. army *n.* 军队

18. write [raɪt] *vt., vi.* 写; 写字
19. remember [rɪ'membə] *vt.* 记住;  
问候, 致意
20. him *pron.* (he 的宾格) 他
21. oh [əʊ] *int.* 呵
22. here [hɪə] *ad.* 在这里
23. good-bye ['gʊd'baɪ] *int.* 再见
24. friend [frend] *n.* 朋友
25. well *ad.* 好; 很 *n.* 井
26. know [nəʊ] *vt.* 知道, 懂得。  
了解

## Text

### At a Bus-stop

#### I

- Hello, Xiao Li.
- How are you, Comrade Wang?
- Fine, thank you. Do you still work in the factory?
- Yes, I do.
- Are you very busy?
- Yes, quite. I also study at an evening school. How about you?  
Do you still study physics at Peking University?
- No, I don't. I teach physics at a middle school.
- Does your brother live with you?
- No, he doesn't. He is now in the army.
- Do you often write to each other?
- Yes, we do.
- Please remember me to him. Oh, here is the bus. Good-bye!
- Good-bye!

## II

Li and Wang are friends.

Li is a worker. He works in a factory. He is very busy. He works hard.

Wang is not a worker. He is a teacher of physics. He does not teach at a university. He teaches at a middle school. He teaches very well.

Wang has a brother. He is in the army. They often write to each other. Li knows Wang's brother, too. They are all good friends. They help each other and learn from each other.

- 
1. chat *n., vi.* 谈话, 闲谈
  2. between [bi'twi:n] *prep.* 在...中间, 在(两者)之间
  3. speak [spi:k] *vi., vt.* 说, 讲
  4. only ['əunli] *ad.* 仅仅, 只
  5. a little 稍许, 一点儿
  6. Let's = let us 让我们  
Let's have a chat in English. 咱们用英语谈一谈吧!
  7. all right 行, 好
  8. next *a.* 其次的, 隔壁的
  9. make *vt.* 制造
  10. progress ['prəʊgres] *n.* 进步  
make progress 取得进步
  11. under *prep.* 在...之下
  12. care *n.* 关心  
under the care of... 在...的关怀下

### Reading Material

#### A Chat Between Two Students

- A: Do you speak English?  
B: Yes, I do, but only a little.

- A: Good. Let's have a chat in English.  
 B: All right. Does Xiao Wang live in your room?  
 A: No, he doesn't. He lives in the next room. But he often comes here.  
 B: Do you read English aloud every day?  
 A: Yes, I do. Xiao Wang reads English very well.  
 B: Does he often help you?  
 A: Yes, he does. We help each other and learn from each other.  
 B: You speak English very well. I must learn from you.  
 A: Xiao Wang and I make progress in our studies under the care of the teacher.

## Lesson Sixteen

### New Words and Expressions

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>1. sixteen ['siks'ti:n] <i>num.</i> 十六,<br/>十六个</p> <p>2. blackboard ['blækbo:d] <i>n.</i> 黑板</p> <p>3. portrait ['pɔ:trɪt] <i>n.</i> 肖像</p> <p>4. above [ə'baʊ] <i>prep.</i> 在...上方;<br/>超过</p> <p>5. opposite ['ɒpəzɪt] <i>a.</i> 对面的,<br/>相对的 <i>prep.</i> 在...的对面</p> <p>6. window ['wɪndəʊ] <i>n.</i> 窗</p> <p>7. twenty ['twenti] <i>num.</i> 二十,<br/>二十个<br/>twenty-nine 二十九,<br/>二十九个</p> <p>8. some [səm] <i>pron., a.</i> 一些</p> <p>9. then [ðen] <i>ad.</i> 然后; 那时</p> <p>10. most [məʊst] <i>pron.</i> 大多数</p> <p>11. us [ʌs] <i>pron.</i> 我们 (宾格)</p> <p>12. sometimes ['sʌmtaɪmz] <i>ad.</i> 有时</p> <p>13. say [seɪ] <i>vi., vt.</i> 说</p> | <p>says [sez] (say 的第三人称<br/>单数)</p> <p>14. only ['əʊnli] <i>ad.</i> 仅仅 <i>a.</i> 唯一的</p> <p>15. by <i>prep., ad.</i> 被, 由; 在旁</p> <p>16. heart [hɑ:t] <i>n.</i> 心, 心脏<br/>learn...by heart 背诵</p> <p>17. natural ['nætʃərəl] <i>a.</i> 自然的</p> <p>18. science ['saɪəns] <i>n.</i> 科学<br/>natural science<br/>自然科学, 理科</p> <p>19. socialist ['səʊəlɪst] <i>a.</i> 社会主义的</p> <p>20. construction [kəns'trʌkʃn] <i>n.</i> 建设</p> <p>21. country ['kʌntri] <i>n.</i> 国家</p> <p>22. third [θɜ:d] <i>num.</i> 第三的</p> <p>23. floor [flɔ:] <i>n.</i> 地板;<br/>(楼房的)层</p> <p>24. reading-room <i>n.</i> 阅览室</p> <p>25. reference ['refrəns] <i>n.</i> 参考</p> |
|---|--|

## Text

### Our Classroom

#### I

This is our classroom. It isn't very big. But it is bright and clean. There is a blackboard in the classroom. A map of China and a map of the world are on the wall opposite the windows.

There are twenty-nine students in our class. We have English lessons here. The teacher often writes some new words on the blackboard. He reads them first, then we read after him. Most of us read and write very well. Sometimes the teacher says: "Don't read and write only. Learn them by heart."

We are students of natural science. We study hard for the socialist revolution and construction of our country.

#### II

- Where is your classroom?
- It's on the third floor.
- Is there a map of Peking in your classroom?
- No, there isn't. There are two maps on the wall: a map of China and a map of the world.
- Do you do your English exercises in that classroom?
- Sometimes we do, and sometimes we don't.
- Are there any students there now?
- Yes, there are some. But most of them are in the reading room, for there are many reference books there.

1. library ['laibri] *n.* 图书馆
2. sorry ['sɔri] *a.* 对不起,抱歉
3. magazine [ˌmæɡə'zi:n] *n.* 杂志;期刊
4. always ['ɔ:lweɪz] *ad.* 总是
5. dormitory ['dɔ:mitri] *n.* 宿舍
6. coaching ['kəʊtʃɪŋ] *n.* 辅导
7. department [di'pɑ:tment] *n.* 系,部门
8. small [smɔ:l] *a.* 小的
9. group [ɡru:p] *n.* 组,群
10. be interested ['intrəstɪd] *in* 对...感兴趣

## Reading Materials

### I

#### Our Library

- A: Is there a new library in your university?
- B: Yes, there is.
- A: How many books are there in your library?
- B: I'm sorry, I don't know how many. But the library is very big. There are many, many books there. And there are many magazines, too.
- A: Are there many reading-rooms in the library?
- B: Yes. I often go to the Third Reading-Room. And there are always many students there.
- A: Is there any teacher there?
- B: No, there isn't. The teachers go to the Teachers' Reading-Room. But they often come to our dormitory for coaching.



## II

### Our Study Group

We are students of the Physics Department. But we study English, too. Sometimes we study in small groups. Hsiao Wang and I are in the same group. We are interested in the study of English, and we often speak English to each other.

## Lesson Seventeen

### New Words and Expressions

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. seventeen ['sevn'ti:n] <i>num.</i> 十七, 十七个</li> <li>2. plant [plɑ:nt] <i>n.</i> 工厂; 植物</li> <li>3. thousand ['θauznd] <i>num.</i> 千<br/>thousands of 数千</li> <li>4. make <i>vt.</i> 制造; 做; 使得</li> <li>5. machine [mə'ʃi:n] <i>n.</i> 机器</li> <li>6. several ['sevrɪ] <i>a., pron.</i> 几个</li> <li>7. scientific ['saɪən'tɪfɪk] <i>a.</i> 科学的</li> <li>8. experiment [ɪks'perɪmənt] <i>n., vi.</i> 实验, 试验</li> <li>9. group [gru:p] <i>n.</i> 组, 群</li> <li>10. consist [kən'sɪst] <i>vi.</i><br/>(与 of 连用) 由...组成</li> <li>11. cadre ['kɑ:də] <i>n.</i> 干部</li> <li>12. technician [tek'nɪʃn] <i>n.</i> 技术员</li> <li>13. play <i>vt.</i> 玩、打(球等);<br/>扮演(角色) <i>n.</i> 剧</li> <li>14. important [ɪm'pɔ:tnt] <i>a.</i> 重要的</li> <li>15. part <i>n.</i> 部分; 角色<br/>play a part in...<br/>在...中起作用</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>16. production [prə'dʌkʃn] <i>n.</i> 生产</li> <li>17. take <i>vt.</i> 拿, 取; 带领; 乘坐<br/>take part in...参加</li> <li>18. various ['veəriəs] <i>a.</i> 各种各样的</li> <li>19. activity [æk'tɪvəti] <i>n.</i> 活动</li> <li>20. Marxism ['mɑ:ksɪzəm] <i>n.</i> 马克思主义</li> <li>21. Leninism ['lenɪnɪzəm] <i>n.</i> 列宁主义</li> <li>22. discuss [dɪs'kʌs] <i>vt.</i> 讨论</li> <li>23. technical ['teknɪkəl] <i>a.</i> 技术的</li> <li>24. problem ['prɒbləm] <i>n.</i> 问题, 难题</li> <li>25. Saturday ['sætədɪ] <i>n.</i> 星期六</li> <li>26. usually ['ju:ʒuəli] <i>ad.</i> 通常</li> <li>27. film <i>n.</i> 电影</li> <li>28. nineteen ['naɪn'ti:n] <i>num.</i> 十九, 十九个</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;">* * *</p> <p>Sunday ['sʌndɪ] 星期日<br/>Monday ['mʌndɪ] 星期一</p> |
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