WOMEN AS MOTHERS IN PRE-INDUSTRIAL ENGLAND

Essays in memory of Dorothy McLaren

Edited by Valerie Fildes

ROUTLEDGE LIBRARY EDITIONS: WOMEN'S HISTORY



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ESSAYS IN MEMORY OF DOROTHY McLAREN

Edited by Valerie Fildes



Contributors

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Contributors

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Add.

Am. Hist. Rev.

Am. J. Dis. Child.

Ann. Démog. Hist.

Annales ESC

Archaeol. Cant.

Bapt. Quart.

Berks Old & New

BI

BI.

BodI.

Bull. Hist. Med.

Bull. Soc. Soc. Hist. Med.

CCCC

CCRO

Child & Fam.

Compar. Civil. Rev.

Compar. Stud. Soc. Hist.

Cont. & Change Crim. Just. Hist.

CUL

DNB

DRO

Dugdale Soc. Occ. Pap.

Additional

American Historical Review

American Journal for the Diseases of

Children

Annales de Démographie Historique

Annales d'Economies, Sociétés et

Civilisations

Archaeologia Cantiana

Baptist Quarterly

Berkshire Old and New

Borthwick Institute

British Library

Bodleian Library

Bulletin of the History of Medicine

Bulletin of the Society for the Social

History of Medicine

Corpus Christi College,

Cambridge

Chester City Record Office

Child and Family

Comparative Civilisations Review

Comparative Studies in Society and

History

Continuity and Change

Criminal Justice History

Cambridge University Library

Dictionary of National Biography

Devon Record Office

Dugdale Society Occasional Papers

DWI. Dr Williams Library Econ. Hist. Rev. Economic History Review Eighteenth Century Studies Eighteenth Cent. Stud. FRO Essex Record Office Fem. Stud. Feminist Studies GI. Guildhall Library Glasg. Med. J. Glasgow Medical Journal GLRO. Greater London Record Office Herts Count. Hertfordshire Countryside Hist. & Theory History and Theory Hist. Childh. Quart. History of Childhood Quarterly Hist. Educ. History of Education Historical Journal Hist. I. Hist. Meth. Historical Methods Hist. Nurs. Grp Roy. Coll. History of Nursing Group, Royal Nurs. Bull. College of Nursing Bulletin Hist. Today History Today History Workshop Journal Hist. Workshop J. HI. Huntington Library HRO Hertfordshire Record Office Human Biology Hum. Biol. International Journal of Women's Int. J. Wom. Stud. Studies Journal of Biosocial Science J. Biosoc. Sci. J. Fam. Hist. Journal of Family History Journal of the History of Ideas J. Hist. Ideas Journal of the History of Medicine J. Hist. Med and Allied Sciences Journal of Interdisciplinary History I. Interdisc. Hist. Journal of Medieval and Renaissance J. Med. Ren. Stud. Studies J. Psychohist. Journal of Psychohistory Journal of Religious History J. Relig. Hist. John Rylands Library IRL J. Roy. Soc. Med. Journal of the Royal Society of Medicine Journal of Sex Research J. Sex Res. Journal of the Society of Archivists J. Soc. Arch. Journal of Social History I. Soc. Hist. KAO Kent Archive Office Kroeber Anthrop.Soc.Pap. Kroeber Anthropological Society Papers

LAO Lincolnshire Archive Office

Law Hist. Rev. Law and History Review

LJRO Lichfield Joint Record Office

Loc. Popul. Stud.

Local Population Studies

Lond. Rev. Books

LPL

Lambeth Palace Library

LSG

Library of the Society of

Genealogists

Mat. Child. Hlth Maternal and Child Health

Med. Hist. Medical History
Mid. Chron. Midwives' Chronicle
Mid. Hist. Midland History

Mid. Hlth Vis. Comm. Nurs. Midwife, Health Visitor and Community Nurse

MUL Manchester University Library
NLS National Library of Scotland

NLS National Library of Scotland
North. Hist. Northern History

Nott. Med. Stud

NRO

Nottingham Medieval Studies

NRO

Northampton Record Office

NUL Nottingham University Library
Nurs. Times Nursing Times

OED Oxford English Dictionary
ORO Oxford Record Office

P & P Past and Present
Path. Ann. Pathology Annual

Phil. Pub. Aff. Philosophy and Public Affairs
Popul. Dev. Rev. Population and Development Review

Popul. Stud. Population Studies
PRO Public Record Office
Scient. Am. Scientific American

SCL Sheffield Central Library
Scot. Hist. Soc. Miscel. Scottish History Society Miscellany

ScotRO Scottish Record Office
Sixteenth Cent. I. Sixteenth Century Journal

Soc. Hist. Social History
Soc. Rev. Sociological Review
SomRO Somerset Record Office

SomRO Somerset Record Office
StaRO Stafford Record Office
Stud. Church Hist. Studies in Church History

Stud. Eighteenth-Cent. Cult. Studies in Eighteenth-Century Culture

Trans Camb. Bibliog. Soc. Transactions of the Cambridge
Bibliographical Society

Trans Hist. Soc. Lancs Chesh. Transactions of the Historic Society of

Lancashire and Cheshire

Trans Roy. Hist. Soc. Transactions of the Royal Historical

Society

Univ. Pittsburgh Law Rev. University of Pittsburgh Law Review

WCA Westminster City Archives
WIL Wellcome Institute Library
Wilts Rec. Soc. Wiltshire Record Society

WRO Warwick Record Office

Dorothy McLaren

Dorothy McLaren left school at the age of 15 and it was not until her children were grown up that she entered academic life. After gaining a degree in history from the University of Reading she embarked on a study of 'Stuart Caversham: a Thames-side community in Oxfordshire during the seventeenth century', for which she was awarded a Ph.D. in 1975. It was during her research for this thesis that she first noted the differences in childbearing and lactation habits between wealthy and poor women in the community. Her interest in the reasons for these differences was to lead to her spending the last 10 years of her life in detailed research into the lives of women in seventeenth-century England, at first in Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire and later in Somerset. By reconstituting small communities and using both historical and modern physiological evidence to explain her findings, she identified and explained the connection between breastfeeding, marital fertility, and child spacing in pre-industrial England.

That lactating women are less likely to conceive had been known for centuries. Both physicians and ordinary men and women were well aware of the connection between breast-feeding and fertility. During the twentieth century, however, this concept had received the attention of doctors and physiologists who demanded concrete proof. Thus, scientific opinion on the existence of this link fluctuated according to the current state of research. It is only in the last few years that the contraceptive effect of breastfeeding has been fully accepted. Just 6 years ago it was possible for an eminent medical scientist, when asked his opinion of the latest published evidence on lactation and fertility, to state that he did not believe it because

Dorothy McLaren

he had worked on it 20 years before and had found no evidence that breastfeeding suppressed fertility at that time. Not surprisingly, historians and historical demographers followed the views of the scientific community when trying to explain historical changes in fertility. Thus, when Dorothy first produced her interpretation of the effect of maternal breastfeeding and wet nursing on fertility and birth intervals. reactions from historians tended to be hostile, ranging from polite interest, through disbelief, to, in at least one instance, open attack after presenting a paper on the subject. However, time was to vindicate her theory. Growing scientific and demographic evidence resulted in the acceptance of the concept that natural, frequent breastfeeding does have a contraceptive effect, particularly in the first few months after birth. Dorothy's last published work, 'Marital fertility and lactation 1570-1720', not only provided impressive historical evidence of the important role of lactation in the lives of women in pre-industrial England, but also listed the developing beliefs of both scientists and historical demographers about the significance of lactation amenorrhoea. Today her pioneering work on the subject is fully accepted.

Shortly before her death in a car accident in 1985, Dorothy pinpointed another gap in the historiography of women in seventeenth-century England: their central and important role as mothers. She did not live to write the book she planned on English women as mothers in this period. It seemed fitting, therefore, that a volume in her memory should concentrate upon the subject area she had identified, and largely utilize the type of evidence she sought and employed to such good effect: the detailed personal and local records of English women and their families.

This book is dedicated with affection and respect to Dorothy McLaren, 1922–85.

Publications of Dorothy McLaren

'The marriage act of 1653: its influence on the parish registers', Popul. Stud. 28 (1974), 319-27.

'Fertility, infant mortality and breast-feeding in the seventeenth century, Bull. Soc. Soc. Hist. Med., 20 (1977), 12-15.

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'Fertility, infant mortality and breastfeeding in the seventeenth century', Med. Hist., 22 (1978) 378-96.

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'Disease and dirty water in West Somerset in the late nineteenth century', Bull. Soc. Soc. Hist. Med., 35 (1984), 35-6.

'Marital fertility and lactation 1570-1720', in M. Prior (ed.), Women in English Society 1500-1800 (London, 1985), 22-53.

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