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21世纪心理学经典原版教材

[美] 安妮塔·伍尔福克 (Anita Woolfolk) 著

# 教育心理学

Educational Psychology

国际教育心理学领域最具代表性和影响力的教材之一,美国教师资格证书考试主要参考教材。

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第12版

清华大学心理学系指定教材 清华大学心理学系系主任彭凯平教授作序并推荐

清华大学出版社

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# 丛书总序 ——清华大学心理学系系主任彭凯平教授寄语

国际学术届常用的社会发展指标中,对人的心理健康和对心理学的关注一直是衡量一个社会是否真正成为了一个以人为本、尚善关心的现代化社会的标志之一。中国社会最近这些年对心理学的关注和支持,实际上标志了我们中国社会已经迈入了现代化国家的门槛,已经不再是一个以衣食温饱为第一奋斗目标的发展中国家。毫无疑问,当今的中国已经进入了关注心理学、学习心理学、应用心理学的时代。

放眼我们的周围,家长们在看儿童心理学,企业家们在听管理心理学,搞教育的在学教育心理学,做市场的在研究消费心理学。中央电视台还推出了"幸福访谈",国家领导人提出了"中国梦"的美好愿景。人们在日常生活中最常用的词汇不仅仅是"房子"、"股票",也增加了"心态"和"幸福"。在网上广为播放的"哈佛幸福课"掀起了全国人们讨论"幸福是什么?"的热潮,并且由此催生了诸多的讨论幸福和积极的书籍、讲座、课程。心理学不仅仅走入了寻常百姓的生活,在学校里面的欢迎程度也呈现了指数型的增长。我可以肯定的说,这些热情的心理学爱好者中只有很少一部分人已经或者计划在未来从事临床心理的治疗工作或者其他的与心理学有关的工作,他们中的大多数是感受到了心理学知识的魅力和作用,它会让人在工作和生活的各个方面获益匪浅,因而心理学是和数学、语言一样,属于现代有知识群体的人基本必修的课程和不可或缺的工具。学习心理学不是为了获得一纸文凭,而是为了获得职场的竞争力和生活的幸福力。

然而,心理学是一门严谨的科学。就像学习数学、物理、金融、信息工程一样,希望真正理解和运用心理学,就需要经过系统严谨的科学训练。当今的心理学已经不再是大家心中那种坐而论道,成天讨论"是什么动机让人们这么做?"的心理学;现在的心理学家们也不再是叼着雪茄,坐在沙发后面轻柔地问出"你能回忆起5岁的时候父母的那场争执中,你是什么感受么?"的精神分析师了;历时一百多年,一代代的心理学家们充分吸收了其他学科领域的发展所带来的工具。今天的心理学家们,不仅仅从象牙塔里面走出来进入了日常生活,更拥有了前人不可想象的有力工具:大数据分析、云计算应用、正电子脑部扫描、功能核磁共振成像、电生理分析仪等。今天的心理学家们可以对诸多离奇古怪的心理和精神问题定位到人脑中比针尖还小的位置,也能够预测出大事件之后社会群体的生活和经济行为。心理学少了几分神秘的哲学色彩,成为了方法论科学、工具强大、理论严谨的实证科学。

而流行的话题和爆发的心理学市场会带来很多真伪难辨的信息,以及不严谨的书籍、刊物,而高度复杂的心理学又很容易被人断章取义以致形成误导。正因为这样,我迫切需要经得起科学和生活检验的心理学书籍,来带给我们真正的心理学知识和工具。我非常欣喜地看到清华大学出版社的工作者们引进了这一套原汁原味的英文心理学经典影印教材。这些教材都由欧美大学任教并且在学术领域里声名卓著的心理学家们创作,并且结合心理学研究前沿的发展和社会文化的演变而不断地融入最新的内容,并且多次进行改版更新的大学教材。其严谨性和实用性毋庸置疑,并且作者们的写作风格也贴近生活、幽默风趣。

社会学家和语言学家们已经证明,由于文化传承和进化环境导致的思维结构差异的原因,不同

的语言,尤其是中文和英文这样差异巨大的语言,很难做到完全的转译。对于心理学、哲学这样的复杂学科的著作几乎更是不可能的。因此,阅读几部原汁原味的专业心理学教材,对于大学生们和严肃的心理学爱好者们来说都不仅仅是吸收心理学知识和提升外语水平的良好机会,更是了解西方特别是美国文化和社会的一个有效方式。书中列举的很多生活实例都是直接取自于人们的日常生活,看起来不仅生动有趣,而且回味悠长,"于我心有戚戚焉"。

"纸上得来终觉浅,绝知此事要躬行"。我在 2013 年清华大学社科学院新生的迎新会上曾经做了"知识是什么?"的演讲。其中我提到"知识不仅仅是教科书,知识也不仅仅是信息的堆积、考试的成绩,或者拿到的学位。大量心理学研究表明,知识就存在于行为中、表现在身体上、蕴蓄在体验里。身心体验便是人类知识的贮存方式。书本是知识的积累、是经验的积累、也是身心体验的积累。密歇根大学的心理学家理查德·尼斯贝特(Richard Nisbett)教授做过一个经典研究,告诉了我们学习社会科学的人与学习物理、化学、生物学等自然科学的人有什么不同。尼斯贝特告诉我们,学习社会科学的人在某种程度上要更加有智慧,他们能看出人生、人心、人性中的美好,也能了解其不足。学习社会科学,就知道了样本的概念,知道了样本不能代替总体,知道了一个细胞不能代替全人类,知道了任何事情、任何案例、任何例子、任何故事都是有偏差的。这是社会科学的境界与思维方式,这也是知识。"心理学的知识要求思想,体会,沟通,积累,升华,创造,看原文就是一个心要领,神要会的机遇与媒介。

清华大学作为国内最顶尖的高等学府,曾经是中国心理学的发源地。中国的第一个心理学系,第一本心理学专业杂志,第一个心理学专业学会,都在一百年前的清华园内成立。现在的清华大学心理学系的特色是要彻底改变中国人心目中心理学的印象,使之成为科技的心理学和积极的心理学。自从清华大学心理学系 2008 年恢复以来,我们开始将清华大学原有的自然科学和工业科技知识体系与当代国际心理学的发展相结合,并且引进了高端的海内外学者来讲授最前沿的心理学知识,并为学生们提供了和新兴心理学一起发展的体验。清华大学心理学系在两个心理学最前沿的分支——研究幸福和成就的积极心理学和结合现代信息技术的应用认知科学技术——走在中国的前沿,两次中国积极心理学大会在清华园召开和中国积极心理学协会即将在清华园成立,以及为中国的海洋战略和信息战略的贡献,都展示着清华大学心理系紧跟时代的步伐,领先中国的责任和境界。

清华大学是中国历史悠久、人才辈出的大学,它又有着中国历史文化丰富的沉淀,来清华大学学习心理学,看清华大学出的心理学,你会有一种与清华人同行的感受。百年清华和百岁的心理学结合在一起,会让我们中国社会真正成为一个以人为本的社会。因为人的本质在于我们有心理活动:人者心之器也。没有心理学指导的社会建设很难说是真正意义上的以人为本,而没有我们中国人参与而贡献的心理学,也很难说是真正意义上的人类的心理学。让我们共同努力,共创人类心理学的新天地!

**彭**凯平 2013 年 10 月 21 日,北京清华园

# PREFACE

Many of you reading this book are enrolled in an educational psychology course as part of your professional preparation for teaching, counseling, speech therapy, nursing, or psychology. The material in this text should be of interest to everyone who is concerned about education and learning, from the nursery school volunteer to the instructor in a community program for adults with disabilities. No background in psychology or education is necessary to understand this material. It is as free of jargon and technical language as possible, and many people have worked to make this edition clear, relevant, and interesting.

Since the first edition of *Educational Psychology* appeared, there have been many exciting developments in the field. The Twelfth Edition continues to emphasize the educational implications and applications of research on child development, cognitive science, learning, motivation, teaching, and assessment. Theory and practice are not separated in the text, but are considered together. The book is written to show how information and ideas drawn from research in educational psychology can be applied to solve the everyday problems of teaching. To help you explore the connections between research and practice, you will find in these pages a wealth of examples, lesson segments, case studies, guidelines, and even practical tips from experienced teachers. As you read this book, I believe you will see the immense value and usefulness of educational psychology. The field offers unique and crucial knowledge to any who dare to teach and to all who love to learn.

# **NEW CONTENT IN THE TWELFTH EDITION**

Across the book, there is increased coverage of a number of important topics. Some of these include:

- Increased coverage of the brain, neuroscience, and teaching emphasized in Chapter 2 and also integrated into several other chapters.
- Increased coverage of the impact of technology on the lives of students and teachers today.
- Increased emphasis on diversity in today's classrooms (see Chapters 1–6). Portraits of students in educational settings make diversity real and human for readers.
- An emphasis on integrating across theories to understand teaching and learning.
   Examples include:
  - Chapter 2: Three questions across the theories.
  - Chapter 6: Creating culturally compatible classrooms.
  - Chapter 11: Looking across theories of learning.
  - Chapter 12: Key concepts in motivation.

Key content changes in each chapter include:

- Chapter 1: Three new themes for the text: a discussion of the context of teaching today, a focus on teachers' sense of efficacy, and an explanation of differentiated instruction. My goal is that this text will provide the knowledge and skills that will enable you to build a solid foundation for an authentic sense of efficacy teaching in every context and for every student. Also, there is new information on the reauthorization efforts for the *Elementary and Secondary Education Act* and on a model that links personal and contextual factors in school to students' learning.
- · Chapter 2: New information on the brain and cognitive development.

- Chapter 3: New sections on how digital media is affecting the lives and identities
  of students today.
- Chapter 4: New sections on biases in the application of labels, multiple intelligences, learning styles cautions, ADHD, and student drug use.
- Chapter 5: NEW CHAPTER Language Development, Language Diversity, and Immigrant Education, including discussions of diversity in language development and bilingualism, dialects in the classroom, teaching immigrant students, and the special challenges in teaching English Language Learners who have learning disabilities or special gifts.
- Chapter 6: Expanded coverage of opportunity gaps in education and a new section on gender development and gender differences.
- Chapter 7: New information about behavioral interventions for students with autism and Bandura's challenge to behaviorism.
- Chapter 8: New coverage of cognitive science, view of learning and memory, attention and multitasking, cognitive load and working memory, imagery, and concept formation.
- Chapter 9: New sections on metacognition and learning strategies, cultural differences in problem solving and in creativity, and argumentation.
- Chapter 10: The Learning Sciences and Constructivism: New material on embodied cognition and learning in a digital world.
- Chapter 11: Social Cognitive Views of Learning and Motivation: Significantly expanded coverage of observational learning and developing self-regulation.
- · Chapter 12: Expanded section on self-determination theory and goal theory.
- Chapter 13: New section on teaching self-management, creating caring communities, and cyber-bullying.
- Chapter 14: New section on teacher knowledge, recent research on teaching, adaptive and differentiated teaching, mentoring, and technology.
- · Chapter 15: Updates on NCLB and more on authentic assessment.

# A CRYSTAL CLEAR PICTURE OF THE FIELD AND WHERE IT IS HEADED

The Twelfth Edition maintains the lucid writing style for which the book is renowned. The text provides accurate, up-to-date coverage of the foundational areas within educational psychology: learning, development, motivation, teaching, and assessment, combined with intelligent examination of emerging trends in the field and society that affect student learning, such as student diversity, inclusion of students with special learning needs, education and neuroscience, and technology.

# Important New Content in Learning and Development

Some of the most significant changes in the new edition involve a reorganization and expansion of the learning and development content.

- The new edition includes expanded coverage of Cognitive Science, Self-Regulated Learning, and Argumentation as well as a new chapter devoted to *Language Development*, *Language Diversity*, and *Immigrant Education* (Chapter 5).
- Significantly increased coverage of the brain and neuroscience in Chapter 2 and integrated into five chapters—Chapters 3, 6, 7, 8, and 12.
- Increased coverage of technology can be found in Chapters 3, 4, 10, and 13.

# **TEXT FEATURES**

With an unswerving emphasis on educational psychology's practical relevance for teachers and students in classrooms, the text is replete with current issues and debates, examples, lesson segments, case studies, and practical ideas from experienced teachers.

"Point/Counterpoint" sections in each chapter present two perspectives on a controversial question related to the field; topics include debates on the kinds of research that should guide education (p. 19), brain-based education (p. 40), the self-esteem movement (p. 98), pills or skills for students with ADHD (p. 141), the best way to teach English language learners (p. 190), tracking (p. 215), using rewards to encourage student learning (p. 274), what's wrong with memorization (p. 310), teaching critical thinking and problem solving (p. 345), problem-based education (p. 370), teacher efficacy (p. 409), the value of trying to make learning entertaining (p. 450), zero tolerance (p. 493), homework (p. 525), and holding children back (p. 569).

"Guidelines" appear throughout each chapter, providing concrete applications of theories or principles discussed.

"Guidelines/Family and Community Partnerships" sections offer specific guidelines for involving families-especially relevant now, when demand for parental involvement is at an all-time high—in the various aspects of children's learning.

### 454 CHAPTER TWELVE

POINT/COUNTERPOINT Does Making Learning Fun Make for Good Learning?

Verility MANY BGIONNING tasubners are asked about hor to morbiste students, they often mention making lasering from the first interest that the students in the process of the same of the students of the students of the same of the students of the same of the

LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT, LANGUAGE DIVERSITY AND IMMIGRANT EDUCATION 195

Providing Emotional Support and Increasing Self-Esteem for English Language Learners

- Examples

  1. Here everify individual conferences with younger students and record their retelling of a story. Let students soft and some the distribution and read in to a partner.

  2. Do infective grounds with older students—collect each week and write back.

- He sensitive about public oral corrections and build on what is control, but do not accept clearly incorrect answers.

- Learn and use as much of the students language as possible—if they can learn, so can you
- Find Internet translation sources and local native speaking volunteers
- Examples.

  1. Bring in storytellers, local business owners, artists craftspeople.

  2. Create a Welcome Center for your class.
- hold high expectations for all students, and con hese expectations clearly.
- Don't accept mediocre work

  Be a model of respect for diversity and an enemy

LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT LANGUAGE DIVERSITY AND IMMIGRANT EDUCATION 197

# GUIDELINES - FAMILY AND COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIPS -

Welcoming All Families

- Use the families home languages wherever possible
   Use oral forms of communication—phone calls or ho visits wherever possible.
- nce positive and negative messages.
- as ways of helping children
- Examples

  1. Assign more experienced "buddy" parents to communitate with rew lamilles.

  2. Connect with multilingual media in your community to make amountements about school.

## Make sure messages get through

# 0 WHAT

### TEACHERS' CASEBOOK: Reaching and Teaching Every Student

You have started a new job in a high school in your hometown. When you were in school, the students were fairly homogeneous—White, working to middle class, and English speaking. There was a "special education" class for students who had serious learning or developmental problems. But in the classes you are teaching, you find a wide range of reading levels, family incomes, and learning problems. Two of your students are virtually ready for college, whereas several others can barely read the texts—and their writing is impossible to decipher. Reading English texts is a challenge for some of your ELL students, although they seem to speak

### CRITICAL THINKING

- . How would you differentiate instruction for these very dissimilar students?
- Do different philosophies of teaching provide different answers to this question?
- How will you grade work if you have successfully differentiated instruction?

"Teachers' Casebook" sections present students with realistic classroom scenarios at the beginning of each chapter and ask "What Would You Do?"-giving students the opportunity to apply all the important topics of the chapter to these scenarios via application questions. Students may then compare their responses to those of veteran teachers appearing at the end of each chapter.

### Reaching Every Student: Severe Behavior Problems

Students with severe behavior problems provide some of the most difficult challenges for teachers. Two studies show how applied behavioral principles can be useful in helping these students.

teachers. Two studies show how applied behavioral principles can be useful in helping these students. Let Theodore and her colleagues (2001) worked with the teacher of five adolescent males who were diagnosed as having severe emotional disorders. A short list of clears and the control of th

"Reaching Every Student" sections present ideas for assessing, teaching, and motivating ALL of the students in today's inclusive classrooms.

### Lessons for Teachers: Strategies to Encourage Motivation

Leasuns 10: Teacuries: Stategyles to Encourage motivation . Until four basic conditions are met for every student and in every classroom, no motivational strategies will succeed. First, the classroom must be relatively organized and free from constant interruptions and discriptions (Chapter 13 will give you the Information you need to make sure this requirement is met.) Second, the teacher must be a patient, supportive person who never embarrasea the students because they made mistakes. Everyone in the class should view mistakes as opportunities for learning (Clifford, 1990, 1991). Third, the work must be challenging, but reasonable. If work is too easy or too difficult, students will have little motivation to learn. They will focus on finishing, not on claring. Finally, the learning fastake, the learning fastake, the learning fastake, the learning fastake, the learning fastake sust heart the substance of the students' culture (Bergin, 1999; Brophy & Kher, 1986; Stipek, 1993).

a task authentic is influenced by the students culture (Bergin, 1999; Birophy & Rher, 1906; Stopk, 1993).

Stopk, 1993).

Stopk, 1993 in influences on task undestine state of the state of

"Lessons for Teachers" are succinct and usable principles for teaching based on the research.

## **▼ CONNECT AND EXTEND TO LICENSURE** -

## MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

"Connect and Extend to Licensure" exercises appear at the end of every chapter, consisting of case studies with constructed-response questions, and multiple-choice questions, all mimicking the types of questions found on licensure exams such as the Praxis tests published by the Educational Testing Service (ETS).

# **SUPPLEMENTS**

This Twelfth Edition of *Educational Psychology* provides a comprehensive and integrated collection of supplements to assist students and professors alike in maximizing learning and instruction. Together, these materials immerse students in the content of the text, allowing them and their instructors to benefit from a deeper and more meaningful learning experience. All of the instructor supplements are available at the Instructor Resource Center. To access the Instructor's Resource Manual, the PowerPoint lecture presentation, and the Assessment Package, go to the Instructor Resource Center at www.pearsonhighered.com and click on the "Educators" link. Here you will be able to login or complete a one-time registration for a user name and password.

# ABOUT THE AUTHOR



So you will know your author a bit better, here is some information.

Anita Woolfolk Hoy was born in Fort Worth, Texas, where her mother taught child development at TCU and her father was an early worker in the computer industry. She is a Texas Longhorn-all her degrees are from the University of Texas, Austin, the last one a Ph.D. After graduating, she was a psychologist working with children in elementary and secondary schools in 15 counties of central Texas. She began her career in higher education as a professor of educational psychology at Rutgers University, and then moved to The Ohio State University in 1994. Anita's research focuses on motivation and cognition, specifically students' and teachers' sense of efficacy and teachers' beliefs about education. She is the editor of Theory Into Practice, a journal that brings the best ideas from research to practicing educators. With students and colleagues, she has published over 80 books, book chapters, and research articles. Anita has served as Vice-President for Division K (Teaching & Teacher Education) of the American Educational Research Association and President of Division 15 (Educational Psychology) of the American Psychological Association. Just before completing this 12th edition of Educational Psychology, she collaborated with Nancy Perry, University of British Columbia, to write the first edition of Child Development (Pearson, 2012), a book for all those who work with and love children. Her next project is the 4th edition of Instructional Leadership: A Research-Based Guide to Learning in School (Pearson), written with her husband, Wayne K. Hoy, the Novice Fawcett Chair of Educational Administration at The Ohio State University.

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