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Beilsteins Handbuch
der Organischen Chemie

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Vierte Auflage

Gesamtregister für das Hauptwerk und die Ergänzungswerke I, II, III und IV

Die Literatur bis 1959 umfassend

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Verbindungen mit einem Stickstoff-Ringatom

A—H



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Verzeichnis der in systematischen Namen verwendeten Präfixe

Erläuterungen

B = Brückenpräfix (s. im Vorwort zum Sachregister).

L = Bezeichnung für einen Komplex-Liganden.

Z = Zusammengesetztes Substitutionspräfix, d. h. Präfix, dessen Vervielfachung durch die Affixe Bis-, Tris-, Tetrakis- usw. gekennzeichnet wird.

Namen in *Kursivschrift* werden im Beilstein-Handbuch nicht mehr verwendet. Für die Verwendung einzelner Präfixe gelten die folgenden Einschränkungen:

- 1 Nur unsubstituiert zu verwenden.
- 2 Nicht mit Kohlenstoff-Resten (d.h. Resten, deren freie Valenz sich an einem Kohlenstoff-Atom befindet) substituierbar.
- 3 Im acyclischen Teil nicht mit Kohlenstoff-Resten substituierbar.
- 4 Nur an Ringatomen substituierbar.
- 5 Am Kohlenstoff-Gerüst nicht mit acyclischen Kohlenstoff-Resten substituierbar.
- 6 Nur am (an den) Heteroatom(en) substituierbar.
- 7 Am (an den) Heteroatom(en) nicht substituierbar
- 8 Nur an Heteroatomen zugelassen.
- 9 Nur an Kohlenstoff-Atomen zugelassen.

Index of the Prefixes used in Systematic Nomenclature

Explanations

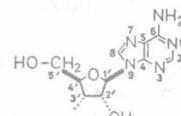
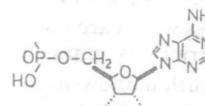
B = Bridge Prefix (see foreword to Subject Index).

L = Symbol for a ligand in a complex.

Z = Composed Substitutive Prefix; i.e., prefix, multiples of which are indicated by the addition of bis-, tris-, tetrakis- and so on.

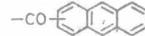
Italics designate names which are no longer used in the Beilstein Handbook. The following numbers refer to restrictions imposed on the application of the prefix concerned:

- 1 No further substitution allowed, i.e., not to be used as the stem of a composed prefix.
- 2 No further substitution allowed by carbon radicals (i.e., by radicals whose free valency is located at a carbon atom).
- 3 No further substitution allowed in the acyclic fragment.
- 4 Further substitution allowed only in the cyclic fragment(s).
- 5 No further substitution by acyclic carbon radicals at skeletal carbon atoms.
- 6 No further substitution allowed except at the heteroatom(s).
- 7 No further substitution allowed except at carbon atoms.
- 8 Only allowed as a substituent at a heteroatom.
- 9 Only allowed as a substituent at a carbon atom.

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|--|-------------|
| <i>Acetalyl</i> | = 2,2-Diäthoxy-äthyl | |
| <i>Acetamido</i> | = Acetylamino | |
| <i>Acetamino</i> | = Acetylamino | |
| <i>Acetato</i> | $\text{CH}_3\text{-CO-O}^\ominus$ | L |
| <i>Acetatomercurio</i> | $-\text{Hg-O-CO-CH}_3$ | Z |
| <i>Acetimidoyl</i> | $-\overset{\underset{1}{\text{C}}}{\overset{\underset{2}{\text{CH}_3}}{\text{C}}}=\text{NH}$ | Z, 8 |
| s. a. 1-Imino-äthyl | | |
| <i>Acetoacetyl</i> | $-\overset{\underset{1}{\text{CO}}}{\overset{\underset{2}{\text{CH}_2}}{\text{C}}}-\overset{\underset{3}{\text{CO}}}{\overset{\underset{4}{\text{CH}_3}}{\text{C}}}$ | Z |
| <i>Acetoacetyloxy</i> | $-\text{O-CO-CH}_2\text{-CO-CH}_3$ | Z |
| <i>Acetohydrazonoyl</i> | $-\text{C(CH}_3)=\text{N-NH}_2$ | Z, 8 |
| s. a. 1-Hydrazoneo-äthyl | | |
| <i>Acetohydroximoyl</i> | $-\text{C(CH}_3)=\text{N-OH}$ | Z, 7, 8 |
| s. a. 1-Hydroxyimino-äthyl | | |
| <i>Acetonyl</i> | $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CO-CH}_3$ | 1 |
| <i>Acetonyliden</i> | $=\text{CH-CO-CH}_3$ | 1 |
| <i>Acetoxomercurio</i> | = Acetatomercurio | |
| <i>Acetoxy</i> | $-\text{O-CO-CH}_3$ | |
| <i>Acetyl</i> | $-\overset{\underset{1}{\text{CO}}}{\overset{\underset{2}{\text{CH}_3}}{\text{C}}}$ | 5 |
| <i>Acetylamino</i> | $-\text{NH-CO-CH}_3$ | Z |
| <i>Acetylenyl</i> | = Äthinyl | |
| <i>Acetylimino</i> | $=\text{N-CO-CH}_3$ | Z |
| <i>Acetylmercapto</i> | $-\text{S-CO-CH}_3$ | Z, 9 |
| <i>Acetylperoxy</i> | $-\text{O-O-CO-CH}_3$ | Z |
| <i>Acryloyl</i> | $-\text{CO-CH=CH}_2$ | |
| <i>Adenosinyl</i> z. B. Adenosin-3'-yl |  | |
| <i>Adenylyl</i> z. B. [5']Adenylyl |  | |
| <i>Adipoyl</i> | $-\text{CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CO-}$ | |
| <i>Äthandioyl</i> | = Oxaly | |
| <i>Äthandiyl</i> | $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2-$ | |
| <i>Äthandiyldioxy</i> | $-\text{O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-O-}$ | |
| <i>Äthandiyliden</i> | $=\text{CH-CH=}$ | |
| <i>Äthano</i> | $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2-$ | |
| <i>Äthanoyl</i> | = Acetyl | B |
| <i>Äthanselenenyl</i> | $-\text{Se-C}_2\text{H}_5$ | Z, 8 |
| s. a. Äthylselanyl | | |
| <i>Äthanseleninyl</i> | $-\text{SeO-C}_2\text{H}_5$ | Z |
| <i>Äthanselenonyl</i> | $-\text{SeO}_2\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5$ | Z |

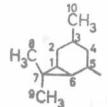
| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|---|-------------|
| Äthansulfenyl | -S-C ₂ H ₅ | Z, 8 |
| s. a. Äthylmercapto | | |
| Äthansulfinyl | -SO-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthansulfonyl | -SO ₂ -C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthanthiolato | C ₂ H ₅ -S [⊖] | L |
| Äthantriyl z. B. Äthan-1,1,2-triyl . . . | -CH ₂ -CH< | |
| Äthanyliden | -CH ₂ -CH= | |
| Äthendiyl | -CH=CH- | |
| Ätheno | -CH=CH- | B |
| Äthensulfonyl | -SO ₂ -CH=CH ₂ | Z |
| Äthenyl | = Vinyl | |
| Äthindiyl | -C≡C- | |
| Äthinsulfonyl | -SO ₂ -C≡CH | Z |
| Äthinyl | -C≡CH | |
| Äthinylen | = Äthindiyl | |
| Äthoxalyl | = Äthoxyoxalyl | |
| Äthoxo | C ₂ H ₅ -O [⊖] | L |
| Äthoxy | -O-C ₂ H ₅ | |
| Äthoxyarsinoyl | -AsH(O)-OC ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthoxycarbimidoyl | -C(OC ₂ H ₅)=NH | Z, 1 |
| Äthoxycarbohydroximoyl . . . | -C(OC ₂ H ₅)=NOH | Z, 1 |
| Äthoxycarbonyl | -CO-OC ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthoxycarbonylamino | -NH-CO-OC ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthoxyoxalyl | -CO-CO-OC ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthoxyphosphinoyl | -PH(O)-OC ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthoxythiocarbonylmercapto | -S-CS-OC ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthyl | -C ₂ H ₅ | |
| Äthylamino | -NH-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthylazo | -N=N-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthyldisulfanyl | -S-S-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthyldithio | = Äthyldisulfanyl | |
| Äthylene | = Äthandiyl | |
| Äthylendioxy | = Äthandiyldioxy | |
| Äthylensulfonyl | = Äthensulfonyl | |
| Äthyliden | =CH-CH ₃ und >CH-CH ₃ | |
| Äthylidendioxy | -O-CH(CH ₃)-O- | Z |
| Äthylidin (Äthylidyn) | = Äthan-1,1,1-triyl | |
| Äthylimino | =N-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthylmercapto | -S-C ₂ H ₅ | Z, 9 |
| s. a. Äthansulfenyl | | |
| Äthylmercaptocarbonyl | -CO-S-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|--|--|-------------|
| Äthylperoxy | -O-O-C ₂ H ₅ | Z 8 |
| Äthylselanyl | -Se-C ₂ H ₅ | Z, 9 |
| s. a. Äthanselenenyl | | |
| Äthylsulfin | = Äthansulfinyl | |
| Äthylsulfinyl | = Äthansulfinyl | |
| Äthylsulfon | = Äthansulfonyl | |
| Äthylsulfonyl | = Äthansulfonyl | |
| Äthyltellanyl | -Te-C ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| Äthylthio | = Äthylmercapto | |
| Äthylxanthogen | = Äthoxythiocarbonylmercapto | |
| Alanin-N-yl | -NH-CH(CH ₃)-CO-OH | 6 |
| Alanyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH ₃ | 6 |
| β-Alanyl | -CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -NH ₂ | 6 |
| Alloisoleucyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH(CH ₃)-C ₂ H ₅ (<i>threo</i>) | 6 |
| Allophanoyl | $\begin{smallmatrix} \text{1} & \text{2} \\ \text{CO}-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{NH}_2 \end{smallmatrix}$ | |
| Allothreonyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH(OH)-CH ₃ (<i>erythro</i>) | 6 |
| Allyl | -CH ₂ -CH=CH ₂ | |
| Allylidene | =CH-CH=CH ₂ | |
| Aluminio | -Al ³⁺ | |
| Amidino | = Carbamimidoyl | |
| Amido | NH ₂ | L |
| Amino | -NH ₂ | |
| Aminocarbonyl | = Carbamoyl | |
| Aminoformyl | = Carbamoyl | |
| Aminomercapto | -S-NH ₂ | Z |
| Aminomethyl | -CH ₂ -NH ₂ | Z |
| Aminooxalyl | -CO-CO-NH ₂ | Z |
| Aminoxy | -O-NH ₂ | Z |
| Ammin | NH ₃ | L |
| Ammonio | -N<]+ = | |
| Amyl | = Pentyl (oder Isopentyl) | |
| tert-Amyl | = <i>tert</i> -Pentyl | |
| Angeloyl | $\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \\ -\text{CO}-\text{C}=\text{H} \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ | 1 |
| Anilino | -NH-C ₆ H ₅ | |
| Anilinoformyl | = Phenylcarbamoyl | |
| Anisidino z. B. <i>p</i> -Anisidino | -NH-  -OCH ₃ | 6 |
| Anisoyl | = Methoxybenzoyl | |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|---|-------------|
| Anisyl | = Methoxyphenyl oder Methoxybenzyl | |
| Anthracencarbonyl | -CO-  | Z A[1] |
| Anthrachinonyl | = 9,10-Dioxo-9,10-dihydro-anthryl | A[8] |
| Anthraniloyl |  | 6 |
| Anthroyl | = Anthracencarbonyl | |
| Anthryl z. B. [2]Anthryl |  | |
| Anthrylen | = Anthracendiyl | |
| Antipyryl | = 1,5-Dimethyl-3-oxo-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl | |
| Antimonio z. B. Antimonio (4+) | -Sb ⁴⁺ | |
| Aqua | H ₂ O | L ad. |
| Arachinoyl | = Eicosanoyl | |
| Arginyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂) ^a -[CH ₂] ₃ ^b -NH-C(NH ₂) ^c =NH ^d | 6 |
| Arsa | bedeutet Austausch von CH gegen As | |
| Arsenos ^o | -AsO | |
| Arsinico | = Hydroxyarsoryl | |
| Arsino | -AsH ₂ | |
| Arsinothietyl | = Thioarsinoyl | |
| Arsinoyl | -AsH ₂ O | |
| Arso | -AsO ₂ | |
| Arsonio | -As<] ⁺ | |
| Arsono | -AsO(OH) ₂ | 1. red |
| Arsonoso | = Hydroxyarsinoyl | |
| Arsoranyl | -AsH ₄ | |
| Arsoranylid ^e | =AsH ₃ | |
| Arsoryl | -As(O)< | |
| Asaryl | = 2,4,5-Trimethyl-benzyl | |
| Asparaginyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂) ² -CH ₂ ⁴ -CO-NH ₂ | 6 |
| Aspartoyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂) ² -CH ₂ -CO- | 6 |
| α -Aspartyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂) ² -CH ₂ -COOH | 6 |
| β -Aspartyl | -CO-CH ₂ -CH(NH ₂) ² -COOH | 6 |
| Atropoyl | -CO-C(C ₆ H ₅)=CH ₂ | 1 |
| Aza | bedeutet Austausch von CH gegen N | |
| Azaäthano | -NH-CH ₂ - | B |
| 1-Aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]octyl | = Chinuclidinyl | |
| 8-Aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]octyl | = Nortropanyl | |
| Azantriyl | >N- | |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|---|-------------|
| Azanylylidén | = N— | |
| [1]Azapropano | —NH—CH ₂ —CH ₂ — | B |
| [2]Azapropano | —CH ₂ —NH—CH ₂ — | B |
| Azelaoyl | = Nonandioyl | |
| Azido | —N ₃ | |
| Azino | =N—N= | |
| s. a. Epazino | | |
| Azo | —N=N— | |
| s. a. Epazo | | |
| Azobenzolcarbonyl | = Phenylazobenzoyl | |
| Azonia | bedeutet Austausch von C gegen N ⁺ | |
| Azoxy | —N(O)=N— | |
| Behenoyl | = Docosanoyl | |
| Benzal | = Benzyliden | |
| Benzamido | = Benzoylamino | |
| Benzamino | = Benzoylamino | |
| Benzendiyl | = Phenyle | |
| <i>o</i> -Benzeno |  | B |
| Benzenthiolato | C ₆ H ₅ —S [⊖] | L |
| Benzentriyl z. B. Benzen-1,2,4-triyl |  | |
| Benzhydryl | —CH(C ₆ H ₅) ₂ | 3 |
| Benzhydrylidén | =C(C ₆ H ₅) ₂ | |
| Benzidino | = 4'-Amino-biphenyl-4-ylamino | |
| Benziloyl | —CO—C(C ₆ H ₅) ₂ —OH | 4 |
| Benzimidoyl | —C(C ₆ H ₅)=NH | Z, 8 |
| s. a. α-Imino-benzyl | | |
| Benz[...]indenyl | = Cyclopenta[...]naphthalinyl | |
| Benz[...]indolizinyl | = Pyrido[...]indolyl | |
| Benz[...]chinolizinyl | = Pyrido[...]chinolinyl oder Pyrido[...]isochinolinyl | |
| Benzochinonyl | = Dioxocyclohexadienyl | |
| Benz[...]dipyranyl | = Pyrano[...]chromenyl oder Pyrano[...]isochromenyl | |
| Benzohydrazonoyl | —C(C ₆ H ₅)=N—NH ₂ | Z, 8 |
| Benzohydroximoyl | —C(C ₆ H ₅)=N—OH | Z, 7, 8 |
| Benzolazo | = Phenylazo | |
| Benzolazoxy | = Phenylazoxy | |
| Benzolsulfenyl | —S—C ₆ H ₅ | Z, 8 |
| s. a. Phenylmercapto | | |
| Benzolsulfinyl | —SO—C ₆ H ₅ | Z |
| Benzolsulfonyl | —SO ₂ —C ₆ H ₅ | Z |

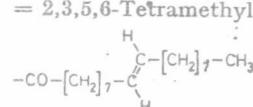
| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|---|-------------|
| <i>Benzo[b]pyranyl</i> (1-Benzopyranyl) | = Chromenyl | |
| <i>Benzo[c]pyranyl</i> (2-Benzopyranyl) | = Isochromenyl | |
| <i>Benzo[a]pyrenyl</i> | = Benzo[def]chrysenyl | |
| Benzoyl | -CO-C ₆ H ₅ | |
| Benzoylamino | -NH-CO-C ₆ H ₅ | Z |
| Benzoylmercapto | -S-CO-C ₆ H ₅ | Z, 9 |
| Benzoyloxy | -O-CO-C ₆ H ₅ | Z |
| Benzyl | -CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₅ | 3 |
| Benzylamino. | -NH-CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₅ | Z, 3 |
| Benzyliden. | =CH-C ₆ H ₅ und >CH-C ₆ H ₅ | 3 |
| Benzylidendioxy | -O-CH(C ₆ H ₅)-O- | Z, 4 |
| <i>Benzylidin</i> (<i>Benzylidyn</i>) | = Phenylmethantriyl oder Phenylmethanylidien | |
| Benzylmercapto | -S-CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₅ | Z, 3, 9 |
| Benzyoxy | -O-CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₅ | Z, 3 |
| Benzylloxycarbonyl | -CO-O-CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₅ | Z, 3 |
| Bibenzylyl z. B. Bibenzyl-3-yl, | | Z, 3 |
| Bibenzyl- α -yl | | |
| <i>Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl</i> | = Norbornyl | |
| <i>Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptyl</i> | = Norpinanyl | |
| <i>Bicyclo[4.1.0]heptyl</i> | = Norcaranyl | |
| Bicyclohexylyl z. B. Bicyclohexyl-4-yl | | Z |
| Binaphthylyl z. B. [2,2']Binaphthyl-6-yl | | Z |
| Biphenylcarbonyl z. B. Biphenyl-4-carbonyl | -CO-C ₆ H ₅ -C ₆ H ₅ | Z |
| Biphenylyl z. B. Biphenyl-4-yl | | Z |
| <i>Biphenylylmethyl</i> | = Phenylbenzyl | |
| Bismutino | -BiH ₂ | |
| Bismutio | -Bi ²⁺ | |
| Biureylen | -NH-CO-NH-NH-CO-NH- | |
| Bora | bedeutet Austausch von CH gegen B | |
| Borantriyl | >B- | |
| <i>Boranyl</i> | = Boryl | |
| Bornanyl z. B. Bornan-3-yl | | 2 |

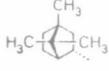
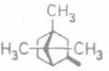
| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| Bornyl |  und Spiegelbild | 2 |
| Borono | = Dihydroxyboryl | |
| Boryl | -BH ₂ | |
| Brassidinoyl | = Docos-13 <i>t</i> -enoyl | |
| Brom | -Br | |
| Bromo | Br [⊖] | L |
| Brosyl | = 4-Brom-benzolsulfonyl | |
| Butandioyl | = Succinyl | |
| Butandiyl | -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ - | |
| Butano | -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ - | B |
| Butanoyl | = Butyryl | |
| Butendioyl | -CO-CH=CH-CO- | |
| s.a. Fumaroyl und Maleoyl | | |
| But-1-eno | -CH=CH-CH ₂ -CH ₂ - | B |
| But-2-eno | -CH ₂ -CH=CH-CH ₂ - | B |
| But-2-enoyl | = Crotonoyl | |
| But-3-enoyl | -CO-CH ₂ -CH=CH ₂ | |
| Butenyl z. B. But-2-enyl | -CH ₂ -CH=CH-CH ₃ | |
| Butoxy | -O-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃ | |
| sec-Butoxy | -O-CH(CH ₃)-CH ₂ -CH ₃ | 1 |
| tert-Butoxy | -O-C(CH ₃) ₃ | 1 |
| Butyl | -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃ | |
| sec-Butyl | -CH(CH ₃)-CH ₂ -CH ₃ | 1 |
| tert-Butyl | -C(CH ₃) ₃ | 1 |
| Butyldien | =CH-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃ | |
| Butyloxy | = Butoxy | |
| Butyryl | -CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃ | |
| Camphanyl | = Bornanyl | |
| Campheroyl | = 1,2,2-Trimethyl-cyclopentan-1,3-dicarbonyl | |
| Campheryl | = 2-Oxo-bornanyl | |
| Caprinoyl | = Decanoyl | |
| Caproyl | = Hexanoyl | |
| Capryloyl | = Octanoyl | |
| Caranyl z. B. Caran-5-yl |  | 2 |
| Carbäthoxy | = Äthoxycarbonyl | |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|--|-------------|
| <i>Carbamido</i> | = Ureido | |
| <i>Carbamimidoyl</i> | -C(NH ₂)=NH | Z |
| <i>Carbamimidoylamino</i> | = Guanidino | |
| <i>Carbamoyl</i> | -CO-NH ₂ | |
| <i>Carbamoylacetyl</i> | = Malonamoyl | |
| <i>Carbamoylamino</i> | = Ureido | |
| <i>2-Carbamoyl-benzoyl</i> | = Phthalamoyl | |
| <i>Carbamoylcarbamoyl</i> | = Allophanoyl | |
| <i>3-Carbamoyl-propionyl</i> | = Succinamoyl | |
| <i>Carbanilino</i> | = Phenylcarbamoyl | |
| <i>Carbaniloyl</i> | = Phenylcarbamoyl | |
| <i>Carbazido</i> | = Carbonohydrazido | |
| <i>Carbazono</i> | $\begin{matrix} \text{---} & \overset{2}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \overset{3}{\text{C}} & \text{---} & \overset{4}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \overset{5}{\text{H}} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \overset{1}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \text{H} & \text{---} & \text{O} & \text{---} & \text{N} & \text{---} \end{matrix}$ | |
| <i>Carbazoyl</i> | $\begin{matrix} \text{---} & \overset{2}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \overset{3}{\text{C}} & \text{---} & \overset{4}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \overset{5}{\text{H}} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \overset{1}{\text{C}} & \text{---} & \text{O} & \text{---} & \text{H} & \text{---} & \text{N} & \text{---} \end{matrix}$ | |
| <i>Carbimidoyl</i> | -C(=NH)- | Z, 7 |
| <i>Carbobenzoxy</i> | = Benzyloxycarbonyl | |
| <i>Carbonato</i> | CO ₃ ²⁻ | L |
| <i>Carbonohydrazido</i> | $\begin{matrix} \text{---} & \overset{2}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \overset{3}{\text{C}} & \text{---} & \overset{4}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \overset{5}{\text{H}} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \overset{1}{\text{N}} & \text{---} & \text{H} & \text{---} & \text{O} & \text{---} & \text{N} & \text{---} \end{matrix}$ | Z |
| <i>Carbonyl</i> | -CO- | |
| <i>Carbonyldioxy</i> | -O-CO-O- | Z |
| <i>Carboxy</i> | -CO-OH | 1 |
| <i>Carboxyacetyl</i> | -CO-CH ₃ -CO-OH | Z |
| <i>Carboxyamino</i> | -NH-CO-OH | Z |
| <i>Carboxymercapto</i> | -S-CO-OH | Z, 9 |
| <i>Carboxymethyl</i> | -CH ₃ -CO-OH | Z |
| <i>Carboxyoxy</i> | -O-CO-OH | Z |
| <i>Carvacryl</i> | = 5-Isopropyl-2-methyl-phenyl | |
| <i>Caryl</i> | = Caranyl | |
| <i>Cathyl</i> | = Äthoxycarbonyl | |
| <i>Cetyl</i> | = Hexadecyl | |
| <i>Chinaldyl</i> | = [2]Chinolylmethyl | |
| <i>Chinolinio</i> | | |
| <i>Chinoliniumyl</i> z. B. <i>Chinolinium-4-yl</i> | | |
| <i>Chinolyl</i> (<i>Chinolinyl</i>) z. B. [3]Chinolyl oder 2H-[1]Chinolyl | | bzw. |
| <i>Chlor</i> | -Cl | |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|--|---|-------------|
| Chloramino | -NH-Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlorarsinoyl. | -AsH(O)-Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlorcarbonyl | -CO-Cl | Z 10 |
| <i>Chlorformyl</i> | = Chlorcarbonyl | |
| <i>Chlor-hydroxy-arsino</i> | = Chlorarsinoyl | |
| <i>Chlor-hydroxy-phosphino</i> | = Chlorphosphinoyl | |
| Chlormercapto | -S-Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlormethyl | -CH ₂ -Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlormethyl-amino | -NH-CH ₂ Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlor-methyl-amino. | -N(Cl)-CH ₃ | Z 10 |
| Chloro. | Cl [⊖] | L 10 |
| Chloromercurio. | -HgCl | Z 10 |
| Chlorosyl | -ClO | |
| Chloroxalyl | -CO-CO-Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlorophosphinoyl. | -PH(O)-Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlorsulfinyl. | -SO-Cl | Z 10 |
| Chlorsulfonyl. | -SO ₂ -Cl | Z 10 |
| Chloryl | -ClO ₂ | |
| Cholesteryl. | -(C ₂₇ H ₄₅) | 1 |
| Chroma | bedeutet Austausch von CH ₂ gegen Cr | |
| Chromanyl. | | |
| Chromenyl z. B. 2H-Chromen-3-yl | | |
| Cinnamoyl. | -CO-CH ^α =CH ^β -C ₆ H ₅ | 3 |
| Cinnamyl | -CH ₂ -CH ^α =CH ^β -C ₆ H ₅ | 3 |
| Cinnamyliden | =CH-CH=CH-C ₆ H ₅ | 3 |
| <i>Citraconoyl</i> | = Methylmaleoyl | |
| <i>Citronellyl</i> | = 3,7-Dimethyl-oct-6-enyl | |
| <i>Citryl</i> | = Geranyl und Neryl | |
| <i>Cresyl</i> | = Hydroxy-methyl-phenyl oder Toly1 | |
| Crotonoyl | -CO-CH=CH-CH ₃ | |
| <i>Crotyl</i> | = But-2-enyl | |
| <i>Cumarinyl</i> | = 2-Oxo-2H-chromenyl | |
| <i>Cumaronyl</i> | = Benzofuranyl | |
| <i>Cumenyl</i> | = Isopropylphenyl | |
| <i>Cuminy1</i> | = 4-Isopropyl-benzyl | |
| Cyan | -CN | |
| Cyanato. | -OCN | |
| Cyano. | CN [⊖] | L 10 |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|--|-------------|
| Cyclobutyl | | |
| Cyclohexadienyl z. B. Cyclohexa-2,5-dienyl | | |
| Cyclohexancarbonyl | -CO- | |
| Cyclohexandiyl z. B. Cyclohexan-1,2-diyl | | Z |
| Cyclohexenyl z. B. Cyclohex-2-enyl | | |
| Cyclohexyl | | |
| Cyclohexylcarbonyl | = Cyclohexancarbonyl | |
| Cyclohexyliden | | |
| Cyclopentano | | |
| Cyclopentyl | | |
| Cymyl | = Isopropyl-methyl-phenyl | |
| Cystathionyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH ₂ -CH ₂ | 6 |
| Cysteinyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH ₂ SH | 6 |
| Cystein-S-yl | -S-CH ₂ -CH(NH ₂)-CO-OH | 6 |
| Cysteyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH ₂ -SO ₃ -OH | 6 |
| Cystyl | -CO-CH(NH ₂)-CH ₂ -S | 6 |
| Cytidinyl z. B. Cytidin-5'-yl | | |
| Decandioyl | -CO-[CH ₂] ₈ -CO- | |
| Decanoyl | -CO-[CH ₂] ₈ -CH ₃ | |
| Decyl | -CH ₂ -[CH ₂] ₈ -CH ₃ | Z |
| 6-Desoxy-galactosyl | = Fucosyl | |
| 6-Desoxy-mannosyl | = Rhamnosyl | |
| Desyl | = α' -Oxo-bibenzyl- α -y | |
| Deuterio | -D | |
| Diacetoxyjodanyl | -I(O-CO-CH ₃) ₂ | Z |
| Diacyethylamino | -N(CO-CH ₃) ₂ | Z |
| Diäthoxyarsoryl | -AsO(OC ₂ H ₅) ₂ | Z |
| Diäthoxyphosphoryl | -PO(OC ₂ H ₅) ₂ | Z |
| Diäthoxythiophosphoryl | -PS(OC ₂ H ₅) ₂ | Z |
| Diäthylamino | -N(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ | Z |
| Diäthylaminomethyl | -CH ₂ -N(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ | Z |
| Diarsanyl | -AsH-AsH ₂ | Z |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|--|---|-------------|
| <i>Diarsinyl</i> | = Diarsanyl -N=NH | |
| <i>Diazenyl</i> | -N=N | Z |
| <i>Diazo</i> | | Z |
| <i>Diazoamino</i> | = Triazen-1,3-diylyl -N ₂ ⁺ | Z |
| <i>Diazonio</i> | | Z |
| <i>Dibenzo[a,c]anthracenyl</i> | = Benzo[b]triphenylenyl | |
| <i>Dibenzo[...]pyranyl</i> | = Benzo[...]chromenyl | |
| <i>Diboran(6)-yl</i> | -B ₂ H ₅ | Z |
| <i>Dichlorjod</i> | = Dichlorjodanyl | |
| <i>Dichlorjodanyl</i> | -ICl ₂ | Z |
| <i>Dichlorphosphoryl</i> | -POCl ₂ | Z |
| <i>Diglycyl</i> | = N-Glycyl-glycyl | |
| <i>1,3-Dihydro-isobenzofuranyl</i> | = Phthalanyl | |
| <i>Dihydroxyarsino</i> | = Hydroxyarsinoyl | |
| <i>Dihydroxyphosphino</i> | = Hydroxyphosphinoyl | |
| <i>Dimethylaminomethyl</i> | -CH ₂ -N(CH ₃) ₂ | Z |
| <i>Dioxy</i> | = Peroxy  -CO- | |
| <i>Diphenoyl</i> | | |
| <i>1,2-Diphenyl-äthyl</i> | = Bibenzyl- α -yl | |
| <i>Diphenylmethyl</i> | = Benzhydryl | |
| <i>1,2-Diphenyl-vinyl</i> | = Stilben- α -yl | |
| <i>Diphosphanyl</i> | -PH-PH ₂ | Z |
| <i>Diphosphinyl</i> | = Diphosphanyl $\text{>P(O)}\text{--}^{\mu}\text{O--}^{\mu}\text{P(O)<}$ | |
| <i>Diphosphoryl</i> | | |
| <i>Diselandiylyl</i> | -Se-Se- | |
| <i>Diselanyl</i> | -Se-SeH | Z |
| <i>Diselenido</i> | Se ₂ ²⁻ | L |
| <i>Disilanyl</i> | -SiH ₂ -SiH ₃ | Z |
| <i>Disulfandiylyl</i> s. a. Disulfido | -S-S- | |
| <i>Disulfanyl</i> | -S-SH | Z |
| <i>Disulfido</i> | S ₂ ²⁻ | L |
| <i>Disulfuryl</i> | -SO ₂ -O-SO ₂ - | |
| <i>Dithio</i> | = Disulfandiylyl | |
| <i>Dithiocarboxy</i> | -CS-SH | |
| <i>Dodecanoyl</i> s. a. Lauroyl | -CO-[CH ₂] ₁₀ -CH ₃ | Z, 1 |
| <i>Duryl</i> | = 2,3,5,6-Tetramethyl-phenyl  | 1 |
| <i>Elaidoyl</i> | -CO-[CH ₂] ₇ -C(H) ¹ (H) ² -[CH ₂] ₇ -CH ₃ | |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|---|---|-------------|
| Epazino | =N—N= | B |
| Epazo | -N=N- | B |
| Epibornyl |  und Spiegelbild | 2 |
| Epidiimino | -NH-NH- | B |
| Epidioxido | -O-O- | B |
| Epidioxy | -O-O- | B |
| Epidisulfido | -S-S- | B |
| <i>Epidithio</i> | = Disulfandiyl | |
| Epiisobornyl |  und Spiegelbild | 2 |
| Epimino | -NH- | B |
| Episelenido | -Se- | B |
| Episeleno | -Se- | B |
| Episulfido | -S- | B |
| Episulfinyl | -S(O)- | |
| Episulfonyl | -SO ₂ - | |
| Epithio | -S- | |
| s. a. Sulfandiyl | | |
| Epoxido | -O- | B |
| Epoxy | -O- | |
| <i>Epoxyäthyl</i> | = Oxiranyl | |
| <i>Epoxymethano</i> | = Oxaäthano | |
| <i>Erucaoyl</i> | = Docos-13c-enoyl | |
| <i>Farnesyl</i> | = 3,7,11-Trimethyl-dodeca-2,6,10-trienyl | |
| <i>Flavanyl</i> | = 2-Phenyl-chromanyl | |
| <i>Flavaryl</i> | = 2-Phenyl-chromenyl | |
| Fluor | -F | |
| Fluoro | FΘ | L |
| <i>Formamido</i> | = Formylamino | |
| <i>Formamino</i> | = Formylamino | |
| Formazano z. B. [5]Formazano | = NH ⁵ -C(=NH) ⁴ =CH ⁶ -N ² =NH ¹ | |
| Formazanyl | -C(N=NH) ¹ =N-NH ₂ ⁶ | |
| <i>Formazyl</i> | = 1,5-Diphenyl-formazanyl | |
| Formimidoyl | -CH=NH | Z, 6, 8 |
| s. a. Iminomethyl | | |
| Formohydrazonoyl | -CH=N-NH ₂ | Z, 1, 8 |
| Formohydroximoyl | -CH=N-OH | Z, 1, 8 |
| ⁴ Formyl | -CHO | 1 |

| Präfix/Prefix | Formel/Formula | Bemerkungen |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Fumaroyl | | |
| Furancarbonyl z. B. Furan-2-carbonyl . . . | | Z |
| Furano | = Furo[...]-äetheno | |
| Furfuryl | | 3 |
| Furfurylidien | = CH-furan ring | 3 |
| Furo[...]äetheno z. B. Furo[3,4]äetheno . . . | | B |
| Furo[...]propeno z. B. Furo[3,2]propeno . . . | | B |
| Furoyl | = Furancarbonyl | |
| Furyl z. B. [2]Furyl | | |
| Galloyl | | 1 |
| Gentisoyl | = 2,5-Dihydroxy-benzoyl | |
| Geranyl | | 1 |
| Germa | bedeutet Austausch von C gegen Ge | |
| Germanyl | = Germyl | |
| Germyl | -GeH ₃ | 9 |
| Glucaryl z. B. D-Glucaryl | Formel I | |
| Glucityl z. B. D-Glucit-3-yl | Formel II | |
| Glucityliden z. B. D-Glucit-1-yliden . . . | Formel III | |
| Glucofuranosyl z. B. D-Glucofuranosyl . . . | Formel IV | |
| Gluconoyl z. B. D-Gluconoyl | Formel V | |

