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丛书主编 刘景通

中等职业学校教学配套用书  
ZHONGDENG ZHIYE XUEXIAO JIAOXUE PEITAO YONGSHU

# 练与考

LIAN YU KAO

## 一课一练



高一·下册



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# Unit 1 I laughed till I cried.

## 第一课时 (Warming-up)

### I. 朗读并背诵

1. —How was your vacation? —It was wonderful/Great/Not bad.  
——假期过得怎么样? ——很精彩/很棒/不错。
2. —Where did you go? —I went to... ——你去哪了? ——我去了……
3. —What was the weather like? —It was warm/cold/cool...  
——天气怎么样? ——很温暖/很冷/很凉爽……
4. What did you do there? 你们在那里都做了什么?
5. We all enjoyed ourselves. 我们玩得很开心。

### II. 用英文写出下列词组

1. 爬山 \_\_\_\_\_
2. 划船 \_\_\_\_\_
3. 钓鱼 \_\_\_\_\_
4. 滑雪 \_\_\_\_\_
5. 出海航行 \_\_\_\_\_
6. 去游泳 \_\_\_\_\_
7. 玩得很开心 \_\_\_\_\_

### III. 补全对话

(Lisa—L, from New York; Kevin—K, from Toronto)

K: Hi, Lisa, how was your vacation?

L: It was 1.

K: Where did you go?

L: I went to Hangzhou and Shanghai, in China. We had a great 2.

K: That sounds cool. What was the weather 3 there?

L: It was very 4 in summer, but we all enjoyed the beautiful cities.

K: I heard there's a famous lake in Hangzhou, what is its name?

L: It's the 5 Lake. We went boating there.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

### IV. 单项选择

- ( ) 1. —Where did they go this summer vacation? —They \_\_\_\_\_ the Great Wall.  
A. go to                      B. goes                      C. went to                      D. went
- ( ) 2. —How was your vacation?  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. I went swimming

- B. I would like to go shopping with my friends  
 C. It is my favorite sport  
 D. It's full of fun. I really enjoyed it
- ( )3. —What was the weather like there?  
 —\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. It is very nice  
 B. It was sunny and cool  
 C. It is great  
 D. It was a lovely one
- ( )4. —What did you do there?  
 —\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. I have a great time  
 B. We all loved the weather there  
 C. I made a snowman with my friends  
 D. We go fishing every day
- ( )5. —Did you enjoy yourselves?  
 —\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Yes, I did  
 B. No, I had a great time  
 C. Sure, we'd love to  
 D. Of course. We all had a wonderful time

#### V. 名人名言

1. ***A good beginning is half done.***

良好的开端是成功的一半。

2. ***Do as the Romans do.***

入乡随俗。

3. ***Easier said than done.***

说得容易,做起来难。

4. ***Gold will not buy anything.***

黄金并非万能。

5. ***He laughs best who laughs last.***

谁笑到最后,谁笑得最好。

## 第二课时 (Listening & Speaking)

### I. 对话匹配

- | A                                | B  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ( )1. Where did you go?          | A. Sure, we did.   |
| ( )2. How was your vacation?     | B. I just stayed at home and watched TV.                                 |
| ( )3. What did you do?           | C. It was raining all day long, so I had to take an umbrella everywhere. |
| ( )4. What was the weather like? | D. I visited Paris with my best friend.                                  |
| ( )5. Did you enjoy yourselves?  | E. It was amazing. I went to ski with my parents.                        |

## II. 把下列中文翻译成英文并背诵

1. John 和我上周末去爬山了。

---

2. 暑假我和朋友们去玩了沙滩排球。

---

3. 我们在成都玩得很开心。

---

4. 那儿的天气如何? 非常好, 每天都是晴朗的。

---

5. 上周末你和你父母乘船航行了?

---

## III. 课文阅读拓展训练, 阅读下列四个对话, 完成下列匹配题

- |                |                        |
|----------------|------------------------|
| ( ) Dialogue 1 | A. talk about vacation |
| ( ) Dialogue 2 | B. ask the way         |
| ( ) Dialogue 3 | C. pay the cashier     |
| ( ) Dialogue 4 | D. order a taxi        |

### Dialogue 1

A: I'll take it.

B: OK, will it be cash or credit card?

A: Credit card, please.

### Dialogue 2

A: Hi, where did you go?

B: I went to Xi'an with my parents.

A: Really? Did you have fun there?

B: Sure. It's a wonderful city.

### Dialogue 3

A: May I help you, sir?

B: Yes, I have to leave for the airport at 7 : 00 tomorrow morning, could you ask a taxi for me?

A: With pleasure. I'll make it at 6 : 55 a. m. Will that be OK for you?

B: Great. You're so helpful, thank you very much!

### Dialogue 4

A: Excuse me, is this the way to Nanjing Road?

B: Sure, go along, after the next traffic lights, then you'll find it.

A: Thanks for your help. See you!

## IV. 课外阅读练习

Soon it would be the holidays. But before that, there were the end of year exams. All the students had been working hard for some time. If they didn't pass, they would have to retake the exams in September. There were usually a few who failed, but Kate

decided not to be one of them. She had worked hard all day, but just before the exams she was working so hard that her sister was worried about her. She was staying up too late. The night before the first exam, Barbala insisted(坚持) that she should have an early night and take a sleeping pill. She promised to wake her in the morning. As she was falling asleep, Kate was worried in case(万一) she overslept. Her mind kept jumping from subject to subject. At last, with the help of the pill, she fell asleep. In no time at all, she was sitting in the examination hall, looking at the paper. She couldn't answer any of the questions. Everyone round her was writing pages and pages. However hard she thought, she couldn't find anything to write about. She kept looking at her watch. Time was running out. There was only one hour left. She started one question, wrote two sentences, gave up and tried another one. With only half an hour left she wrote another two sentences. By this time she was so worried that she started crying. Her whole body shook(摇晃,震颤). It shook so much that it woke her up. She was still in bed and it had all been a terrible dream. A minute later, Barbala called her name.

- ( ) 1. Which of the following is true?
- A. All the students were usually successful in their exams.
  - B. Most of the students usually passed the year exams.
  - C. Only some of the students could pass the end of year exams.
  - D. None of the students would take the exams again in September.
- ( ) 2. How did Kate prepare on the day before the exam?
- A. She had studied hard all day.
  - B. She hardly worked all day.
  - C. She took the exam again and again.
  - D. She looked through the exam.
- ( ) 3. Kate worked very hard before the exams for \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. she was very poor at her lessons
  - B. she decided to be the best one in her class
  - C. she didn't work hard all year
  - D. she didn't want to fail in them
- ( ) 4. Why did Barbala insist that Kate should take a sleeping pill?
- A. Because she thought Kate should oversleep before the first exam.
  - B. Because Kate was so worried about her exams that she couldn't go to sleep at all.
  - C. Because Barbala hoped her sister would have a good sleep before the first exam.
  - D. Because she had promised to wake her up the next morning.
- ( ) 5. Kate dreamed a terrible dream simply because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. she had taken a sleeping pill
  - B. she was too worried about her exams
  - C. her sister had forgotten to wake her up
  - D. she did not pass the exams



## 第三课时 Reading I )

### I. 词义配对

- ( ) 1. vacation                      A. a journey  
( ) 2. trip                              B. offer to  
( ) 3. return                            C. funny, interesting  
( ) 4. amusing                         D. leisure time away from work devoted to rest or pleasure  
( ) 5. volunteer                        E. come back

### II. 单项选择

- ( ) 1. I \_\_\_\_\_ my weekend \_\_\_\_\_ the Huang Mountain.  
A. spend, to climb                      B. spent, climbing  
C. took, in climbing                      D. take, to climb
- ( ) 2. Lisa \_\_\_\_\_ Tom over \_\_\_\_\_ a movie last Sunday.  
A. ordered, to see                        B. invites, seeing  
C. orders, to watch                        D. invited, to watch
- ( ) 3. Lucy \_\_\_\_\_ ill yesterday. The doctor said she had better \_\_\_\_\_ in bed for a day.  
A. is, stay                                  B. was, to stay  
C. is, to stay                                D. was, stay
- ( ) 4. Tom \_\_\_\_\_ his room, \_\_\_\_\_ his shoes and \_\_\_\_\_ down his bed for a rest immediately.  
A. enters, takes off, lays                      B. is entering, taking off, lying  
C. entered, took off, lay                      D. has entered, taken off, laid
- ( ) 5. Many old people \_\_\_\_\_ be service persons when Shanghai 2010 Expo was held.  
A. volunteer                      B. volunteered                      C. volunteer to                      D. volunteered to

### III. 句型转换

1. She offered to help us. (用 volunteer 进行同义转换)

2. He went to see a film on Monday night. (用 go to the cinema 进行同义转换)

3. My parents weren't at home last weekend. (用 be in 进行同义转换)

4. Mary's mother was ill in bed. (用 be sick 进行同义转换)

5. Tom had a great time with his friends. (用 enjoy oneself 进行同义转换)

#### IV. 用括号内所给词汇的正确形式填空

I 1 (go) to Shanghai with my parents this summer vacation. It 2 (be) an amazing city. There 3 (be) so many high buildings there. The subways were so convenient to take you around the city. We 4 (visit) Nanjing Road, the bund and the Oriental Pearl TV Tower. We all 5 (enjoy) ourselves. I want to go there by myself next time.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

### 第四课时 (Reading II)

#### I. 单词拼写

- Teaching is not only a job but also a \_\_\_\_\_ (事业) for her.
- My mother got up early and did some \_\_\_\_\_ (日常的) housework as usual this morning.
- This church is a \_\_\_\_\_ (典型的) western building.
- Going \_\_\_\_\_ (乘帆航行) in the sea is my dream.
- This little boy \_\_\_\_\_ (滑倒) on the floor and hit his head.

#### II. 补全对话

A: Hello, Jack. Nice to see you! 1

B: Hi, Peter. Sunday? 2 There was a football match on the playground that afternoon. 3 Didn't you join us?

A: I played basketball with my friends. There will be a match next Saturday. 4

B: Great! I'd love to. 5

- |                              |                                 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. I was one of the players. | B. Will you come to watch?      |
| C. Show your best, buddy!    | D. What did you do last Sunday? |
| E. Oh, I played football.    |                                 |

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### III. 完形填空

Hawaii is famous for its beautiful beaches. Every year water sports, especially surfing and water skiing attract 1 tourists to the island.

Hawaii has been a magical name to people who like to travel 2 many years. People on 3 sides of the Pacific Ocean(太平洋), in Japan and in America, dream of 4 these beautiful islands in the middle of the ocean. In the tropical(热带的) lands, the sun drops like a ball of golden fire into the sea, and it drops so 5 that you can almost see it move. The sun leaves behind a glow(落日余晖) that lights the sky in the quiet water.

People often have a quiet, enjoyable time walking along the water. This scenery is not very different from the exciting beauty that greeted the first tourists to these islands

centuries ago. They came in canoes not much   6   than small boats.

They found the beautiful white sand beaches and the waving palm trees(棕榈树), but there were no grand hotels like   7   we see today. The first people came to Hawaii nearly   8   years ago, but skyscraper(摩天大楼) hotels were only built in the least 25 years. Now aero-planes make it possible to fly to Hawaii for a weekend from Tokyo   9   San Francisco.

  10   people come from, they really want to see the earliest beauty of Hawaii. They want to see the lovely beaches and the mountains which are almost hidden by the tall hotels.

- (    )1. A. many            B. much            C. any            D. no  
(    )2. A. by                B. with            C. for            D. since  
(    )3. A. both            B. each            C. either        D. every  
(    )4. A. to see            B. seeing        C. see            D. saw  
(    )5. A. happily        B. quietly        C. heavily        D. quickly  
(    )6. A. big                B. bigger        C. bigger        D. biggest  
(    )7. A. the one        B. the ones        C. this            D. that  
(    )8. A. two thousands        B. two thousands of  
          C. two thousand        D. two thousand of  
(    )9. A. to                B. of                C. in                D. or  
(    )10. A. Wherever        B. Whatever        C. However        D. Whenever

#### IV. 单句改错

1. Many people like travel by air, but Jim's family think that traveling by train is the best.

---

2. They made people healthier and live long.

---

3. By this time most people had a very well life.

---

4. They had a wonderful train ride to Chengdu after they went on to Mount Emei by bus.

---

5. Last week he goes to Sichuan Province with his family.

---

## 第五课时 (Writing)

### I. 把下列英文翻译成中文并朗读

1. My mom has to do all the family chores.

---



#### IV. 书面表达

Write a short passage to describe an interesting thing that happened on your summer vacation with at least 60 words.

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## Unit 2 I saw a terrible movie.

### 第一课时 (Warming-up)

#### I. 朗读并背诵

1. Did you do anything special recently? 最近你做什么特别的事了吗?
2. I like pop music best of all. 我最喜欢流行音乐。
3. What kind/type of movie did you like in your past? 你以前喜欢什么类型的电影?
4. I preferred comedies to action films. 与动作电影相比我更喜欢喜剧片。

#### II. 用英文写出下列词组

- |             |               |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. 听音乐_____ | 2. 玩电脑游戏_____ |
| 3. 看电影_____ | 4. 上网浏览_____  |
| 5. 去健身_____ | 6. 看动画片_____  |
| 7. 读书_____  | 8. 踢足球_____   |

#### III. 补全对话

(Mary—M, Ben—B)

M: What 1 you do last weekend?

B: I 2 to see a film named *Avatar* with my brother.

M: I heard a lot about it. 3 it an American cartoon?

B: Yes. It's a 3D one. The pictures 4 so beautiful and vivid.

M: Oh, it 5 great. I will go and see it this weekend.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### IV. 单项选择

- ( ) 1. There \_\_\_\_\_ three books on the desk one hour ago.  
A. was                      B. were                      C. are                      D. be
- ( ) 2. Yesterday I watched TV \_\_\_\_\_ my grandchildren.  
A. and                      B. with                      C. to                      D. over
- ( ) 3. — \_\_\_\_\_ were you last night?  
—I was at school.  
A. What                      B. When                      C. Where                      D. Which
- ( ) 4. —What did he do yesterday?  
—He \_\_\_\_\_ TV.  
A. watched                      B. saw                      C. looked                      D. looked at
- ( ) 5. —What do you think of the rock music?

— \_\_\_\_\_.

A. It's about countryside

B. Nothing special, a little noisy

C. I love pop music

D. I slept because I was so tired

#### V. 名人名言

1. *A single flower does not make a spring.*

一花独放不是春,百花齐放春满园。

2. *Experience is the father of wisdom and memory the mother.*

经验是智慧之父,记忆是智慧之母。

3. *History repeats itself.*

历史往往重演。

4. *It is never too old to learn.*

活到老,学到老。

5. *Don't put off till tomorrow what should be done today.*

今日事,今日毕。

## 第二课时 (Listening & Speaking)

### I. 对话匹配

A

B

( ) 1. When did you go there?

A. My best friend, Lucy.

( ) 2. What did you do last night?

B. I just stayed at home and watched TV.

( ) 3. Who did you go shopping with?

C. *Shreck*.

( ) 4. Which movie did you see last weekend?

D. I love it. They are all sweet and beautiful.

( ) 5. What do you think of the country music? E. Three years ago.

### II. 把下列中文翻译成英文并背诵

1. 你觉得爵士乐怎么样?

2. Michael 是我最喜欢的歌手。

3. 这部电影太无聊了,我看的想睡觉。

4. 上周日我和朋友们去爬山了。

5. 今天上午你去哪了?

### III. 课文阅读拓展训练,阅读下列四个对话,完成下列匹配题

( ) Dialogue 1

A. discuss a movie

( ) Dialogue 2

B. go shopping

( ) Dialogue 3

C. play sports

( ) Dialogue 4

D. talk about the thing she did

#### Dialogue 1

A: Where did you go last night?

B: I went to see a movie.

A: Did you go alone?

B: No, with Bob.

#### Dialogue 2

A: What do you think of *The Twilight*?

B: I don't like the ghost stories. But the music and the pictures are beautiful.

A: I agree with you.

#### Dialogue 3

A: Nice shirt! Who did you go shopping with last Sunday?

B: My sister, I have to say she really has a good taste of clothes. She chose this for me.

A: Good choice. It's so suitable for you.

#### Dialogue 4

A: Did you go to play football with Bill?

B: Yes, I did.

A: When did you go?

B: After school.

#### IV. 课外阅读练习

Popular music in America is what every student likes. Students carry small radios with earphones and listen to music before class, after class and at lunch. Students with cars buy large speakers and play the music loudly when they drive on the street. Adult (成年的) drivers listen to music on the car radio when they drive to work. They also listen to the news about sports, the weather, and the life of American people. Most of the radio programmes are music. Pop or popular music singers make much money. They make a CD or tape which radio stations use in many places. Once a popular singer is heard all over the country, young people buy his or her tapes. Some of the money from these tapes goes to the singer. Wherever the singer goes, all the young people want to meet him or her. Now the singer has become a national star. There are other kinds of music that are important to Americans. One is called folk (民间) music. It tells stories about the common life of Americans. Another is called western or country music. This was started by cowboys who would sing at night to the cattle they were watching. Today, any music about country life and the love between a country boy and his girl is called western or country music.

( ) 1. When do the American students usually listen to the music?



