

Zhang Daozhen English Grammar Series

张道真英语语法丛书

刘张
敏道
修真
订著
编著



练习册

张道真英语语法大全

Zhang Daozhen Workbook For A Comprehensive English Grammar

配套练习 题型多样 解析精准

最新修订版

世界图书出版公司

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ZHANG DAOZHEN ENGLISH GRAMMAR SERIES

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ZHANG DAOZHEN WORKBOOK FOR A COMPREHENSIVE
ENGLISH GRAMMAR

张道真 编著
刘 敏 修订

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前言

英语语法是中国学生学习英语的必修课程和内容。张道真教授编写的《张道真英语语法大全》(上下册)是一部内容丰富、体例全新,并且十分适合中国英语学习者的英语语法辅导书。为了方便学习者巩固和掌握所学语法内容,我们又特意邀请张道真教授编写了这本配套拓展练习册。本练习册按照《张道真英语语法大全》(上下册)的体例编写,以考查和巩固所学知识点为宗旨,内容新颖、深浅结合,适合广大中高级英语学习者使用。

本练习册题目科学、标准、新颖,通过使用本书,不仅能有效检验学习者的学习成果,还能大大提高学习者的综合应用和实战能力。

书内每节练习前首先是“学习点拨”栏目,旨在概括、归纳该节的重难点,一语中的地点出学习者需掌握的关键点。

本练习册考查的练习形式有填空、单项选择、改错、改写句子、翻译等。

填空——结合每节语法重难点,以巩固学习者对该知识点的掌握,同时加强对该知识点的理解和正确运用。

单项选择——通过该训练,学习者能有效区分与该知识点相关的各种易混淆问题。每个小节中的最后3~5题基本都引自大学英语四、六级考试真题,力求通过科学、标准的试题来有效检验学习效果。

改错——针对该知识点中大多数学习者易出错的地方设题,通过纠错,加强学习者对该知识点的理解和把握。

改写句子——通过句型互换练习,帮助学习者熟练使用多种句型。

翻译——有英译汉、汉译英两种形式,旨在提升学习者英汉互译及写作水平。

Preface

本练习册的解析一针见血，言简意赅，可更有效地帮助学习者理解和巩固题目所考查的语法知识点。

《张道真英语语法大全练习册》不仅可以作为自学者检测学习的良好工具，也可作为中学、大学英语教师理想的备课参考。本练习册中的文字及内容多具有时代气息，许多题目内容反映了现代生活，使学习者感到亲切、实用。同时，本练习册还选用了许多名言、成语以及谚语作为考查题目，学习者在检测学习效果的同时，还可欣赏和掌握这些优美的语句。编者还把西方文化结合到练习题目中，使学习者能轻松了解西方的习俗文化，获益匪浅。

限于时间紧，疏漏或错误在所难免，欢迎同行和学习者批评指正。

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第1章 动词类



1.1 时态

1.1.1 一般现在时



学习点拨

一般现在时是英语时态中最为常见的时态之一。学习一般现在时的用法时要注意句中谓语动词是否表示习惯性或反复发生的动作。有些表示言行并进、瞬间即逝的动作，如实况解说、操作演示以及在时间、条件状语从句中，也用一般现在时表示将来时的含义。

I. 用所给词的适当形式填空

1. She usually _____ (get) up at six o'clock in the morning in order to catch a bus.
2. The boy _____ (go) to school on foot every day.
3. Light _____ (travel) much faster than sound.
4. I will walk you home, just to make sure no one _____ (bother) you.
5. One swallow _____ (do) not make a summer.
6. The teacher told her students in the class that the Changjiang River _____ (be) the longest river in China.
7. The moment I _____ (arrive) there tomorrow morning I will call you.
8. The next train _____ (leave) the station at 12 o'clock.
9. If you _____ (follow) my instructions, you will pass the final examination.
10. Long ago, people didn't know the earth _____ (move) round the sun.
11. The cancer patient _____ (receive) therapy every day at the cancer insti-

tute.

12. You will have to obey the orders of your superiors in rank, whether you _____ (want) or not.
13. One thousand miles _____ (be) not a long distance now.
14. God _____ (help) those who help themselves.
15. The People's Great Hall _____ (house) an audience of more than ten thousand.

II. 单项选择

16. Whatever _____, you should keep cool-headed.
- A. is happening B. happens
C. has happened D. is happened
17. The earlier you _____, the earlier you will be there.
- A. leave B. will leave
C. is leaving D. is leaved
18. Pride _____ before a fall.
- A. is going B. has gone
C. goes D. had gone
19. Volcanoes _____ as active, dormant, or extinct.
- A. described B. are described
C. being described D. which are described
20. Tennis balls _____ best in summer.
- A. are sold B. will be sold out
C. sell D. sold away
21. Tell me immediately you _____ any news.
- A. will have B. have
C. had D. had had
22. — I thought Peter's school had already closed for the summer.
— No, I think it _____ at the end of May.



- A. to close
C. closing
- B. closes
D. to be closed
23. — Will the cottage be cold?
— Yes, make sure _____ the heater.
- A. you light
C. you'll light
- B. lighting
D. for lighting
24. She won't forgive anyone who _____ flowers in her garden.
- A. steals
C. is stealing
- B. stealing
D. stole
25. Darwin _____ that natural selection is the chief factor in the development of species.
- A. was saying
C. had said
- B. says
D. is said
26. You _____ the work before ten o'clock tomorrow, or you are not allowed to go to the party.
- A. will finish
C. finish
- B. finished
D. is finished
27. I never _____ up late in the night.
- A. am sitting
C. have sat
- B. sit
D. had sat
28. One third of the population in the room _____ workers.
- A. is
B. are
C. was
D. were
29. Her mother _____ as a teacher.
- A. work
C. was working
- B. is working
D. works
30. Opportunity _____ at the door, but only once.
- A. is knocking
C. has knocked
- B. will knock
D. knocks
31. You _____ the first turning ahead, then _____ a bridge and you can find the library.

- A. take, cross B. will take, will cross
C. are taking, are crossing D. take, will cross
32. The next time you _____, he will be a grown-up.
A. will come B. come
C. are coming D. should come
33. Nietzsche _____ the doctrine of Will to Power.
A. advocated B. advocates
C. has advocated D. was advocating
34. The meeting _____ at 2:00 on the afternoon of Sunday this weekend.
A. begins B. is beginning
C. is going to begin D. has begun
35. David constantly _____ his office early, which has annoyed his boss.
A. is leaving B. left
C. leaves D. has left

III. 指出并改正错误

36. In case I will forget, please remind me about it.
37. It is an accepted custom in our country for men to remove their hats when a woman entered the room.
38. A desert area that has been without water for six years will still bloom when rain will come.
39. John is talking about his plan. It is sounding exciting.
40. Water will boil at 100℃.
41. A notice warned the people not to swim there.
42. A stitch in time will save nine.
43. The hotel overlooked the beach with distant blue sea.
44. Confucius was famous for his philosophy.
45. You will take the first turning ahead, then cross a bridge and you will see the city library.


IV. 翻译

46. 在你离开之前，务必把办公室里所有的灯都关了。



47. 代表团什么时候动身去中国?
48. 由于引力的作用, 任何下落的东西都落向地球的中心。
49. 她住在山脚下的一栋别墅里。
50. 一鸟在手胜似二鸟在林。
51. 除非下雨, 否则下个星期我会工作整个一星期。
52. 雪莱说: “冬天到了, 春天还会远吗?”
53. 美国总统同英国首相举行会谈。(新闻标题)
54. 现在我宣布会议开始。
55. 要是他不走, 你就得走!

1.1.2 现在进行时

 **学习点拨** 学习现在进行时要注意动词是否表示正在发生的动作或是转瞬即逝的动作。在口语中使用此时态表示计划,使语气更加委婉。同时该时态也可以用来表达一定的感情色彩或强调动作的重要性。

I. 用所给词的适当形式填空

1. He _____ (write) a letter at present.
2. Look! Many birds _____ (fly) in the sky.
3. It's eight o'clock. The students _____ (have) an English class.
4. My sister _____ (miss) our dad dreadfully.
5. The sun _____ (rise) now.
6. He _____ (come) here next week.
7. The dog _____ (lie) under the table.
8. I _____ constantly _____ (be) asked to make speeches.
9. The leaves _____ (move) in the wind and rain.
10. My little brother is always good while my mother _____ (look after) him.
11. I know they _____ (see) the sights of New York now.
12. I am thinking you might _____ (lie).
13. We are studying hard while he _____ (play) games.
14. He who ill-treats his parents _____ (do) an irresponsible thing.
15. The books _____ (sell) good in this bookshop.

II. 单项选择

16. You _____ television. Why not do something more active now?

A. always watch	B. are always watching
C. have always watched	D. have always been watching



17. It _____. Why don't you take your umbrella?
A. rains B. has been raining
C. is raining D. has rained
18. John _____ his assignment right now.
A. is doing B. did
C. has done D. has been doing
19. Listen! Someone _____ at the door.
A. was knocking B. knocked
C. is knocking D. has been knocking
20. My dictionary _____, I have looked for it everywhere but still _____ it.
A. has lost, don't find B. is missing, don't find
C. has lost, haven't found D. is missing, haven't found
21. Mr. Green _____ another novel recently.
A. writes B. wrote
C. is writing D. has written
22. These days, we can find the leaves _____ red.
A. are turning B. will turn
C. turn D. turned
23. — Oh, dear. I forgot the air tickets.
— You _____ something.
A. have left B. are always leaving
C. are leaving D. always left
24. I can guess you were in a hurry. You _____ your sweater inside out.
A. had worn B. will wear
C. were wearing D. are wearing
25. The traffic in our city is already good and it _____ even better.
A. had got B. got
C. has got D. is getting
26. You don't believe it? You know I _____ the truth.

- A. tell
C. am telling
- B. told
D. had told
27. I _____ you'll give us some advice.
A. hoped
C. will hope
- B. have hoped
D. am hoping
28. The weather _____ better and better.
A. is getting
C. got
- B. gets
D. had got
29. We are so lucky, because he _____ in a chemical factory these days.
A. works
C. is working
- B. worked
D. had worked
30. Ever since Picasso's painting went on exhibit, there _____ large crowds at the museum every day.
A. is
C. have been
- B. has been
D. are being
31. By the end of this month, we surely _____ a satisfactory solution to the problem. (CET 4, 1993)
A. have found
C. will have found
- B. will be finding
D. are finding
32. The grey building is where the workers live, and the white one is where the spare parts _____. (CET 4, 1995)
A. are producing
C. produced
- B. are produced
D. being produced
33. As a public relations officer, he is said _____ some very influential people. (CET 4, 2001)
A. to have been knowing
C. to have known
- B. to be knowing
D. to know
34. Investigators agreed that passengers on the airliner _____ at the very moment of the crash. (CET 4, 2002)
A. should have died
B. must be dying



C. must have died

D. ought to die

III. 指出并改正错误

35. This building is belonging to us now.
36. The children jump merrily.
37. We are leaveing on Friday.
38. Take care when you walk to the library.
39. I don't know what Jeanie will do at this time tomorrow.
40. He is hearing the music.
41. What he said will be remaining important to us.
42. I am looking at the sky, and I am seeing a strange star.
43. The train is stoping.
44. I used to drink a lot of tea but these days I am preferring coffee.

IV. 翻译

45. 他现在居住在上海。
46. 简一直在研究法律，而她妹妹在研究物理。
47. 他总爱找我的茬。
48. 如果你在那个拐角，我可以让你搭个便车。
49. 我不知道你在说些什么。
50. 我想知道能否和你说句话。
51. 他经常用特殊的笔写字，因为他喜欢显得与众不同。
52. 乔治这个星期每天五点起床为考试做准备。
53. 他们计划明天给将军举行盛大的军事葬礼。

1.1.3 现在完成时



学习点拨

现在完成时是英语动词完成体的一种。该时态表示过去已完成动作对现在所产生或本应该产生的影响及结果。当其有情态动词联合使用时,表达一个过去的动作,或一个猜想已发生的动作。当其与不同的时间状语搭配时表示动作发生的次数或持续状态。在时间、条件及让步状语从句中现在完成时可代替将来完成时。该语态中,have 被 be 代替时表示一种状态。

I. 用所给词的适当形式填空

1. I _____ (read) five novels this month.
2. He _____ (go) to Japan; he is not here.
3. I _____ (live) here for ten years.
4. You must _____ (think) about that.
5. I will help you as soon as I _____ (finish) my homework.
6. That is the first time he _____ (feel) relaxed for months.
7. It is one of the most wonderful films I _____ (see).
8. There _____ (be) too much rain in San Francisco this year.
9. We _____ (have) four tests this semester.
10. I _____ (be) in the army for more than 5 years.
11. I _____ (get) beer and wine in my kitchen.
12. Mary _____ (be ill) for three days.
13. George _____ (meet) that gentleman on several occasions.
14. I _____ (use) this pen three times. It is still good.
15. He _____ just _____ (return) from his travel.

II. 单项选择

16. The weather _____ fine for many days this month.

A. is	B. has been
C. had been	D. was