

Andrew Francis's Culture and Commerce in Conrad's Asian Fiction is the first book-length critical study of commerce in Conrad's work. It reveals not only the complex connections between culture and commerce in Conrad's Asian fiction, but also how he employed commerce in characterization, moral contexts, and his depiction of relations at a point of advanced European imperialism. Conrad's treatment of commerce – Arab, Chinese, and Malay, as well as European – is explored within a historically specific context as being both intricate and resistant to traditional readings of commerce as simple and homogeneous. Through the analysis of both literary and non-literary sources, this book examines capitalism, colonialism, and globalization within the commercial, political, and social contexts of colonial Southeast Asia.

Andrew Francis received his PhD from the University of Cambridge in 2010. He has published in *The Conradian* and contributed to *The New Cambridge Companion to Joseph Conrad* and is currently working on a book on economics, politics, and society in Conrad's Asian fiction.

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CULTURE AND COMMERCE IN CONRAD'S ASIAN FICTION

ANDREW FRANCIS



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For Ann

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Cambridge, April 2014

Texts and Abbreviations

All quotations from Joseph Conrad's writings are from the Uniform Edition (London: Dent, 1923-28), with the exception of the following works from The Cambridge Edition of the Works of Joseph Conrad (Cambridge University Press, 1990-):

Almayer's Folly, ed. Floyd Eugene Eddleman and David Leon Higdon (1994)

Lord Jim, ed. J.H. Stape and Ernest W. Sullivan II (2012)

Notes on Life and Letters, ed. J.H. Stape (2002)

A Personal Record, ed. Zdzisław Najder and J.H. Stape (2008)

The Shadow-Line, ed. J.H. Stape and Allan H. Simmons (2013)

Tales of Unrest, ed. Allan H. Simmons and J.H. Stape (2012)

Twixt Land and Sea, ed. J.A. Berthoud, et al. (2008) Within the Tides, ed. Alexandre Fachard (2012)

Youth, Heart of Darkness, The End of the Tether, ed. Owen Knowles (2010)

The following abbreviations are used:

CEW Sherry, Conrad's Eastern World (Cambridge:

Cambridge University Press, 1966)

CEI P. Boomgaard, et al., Changing Economy in Indonesia: A Selection of Statistical Source Material from the Early 19th Century up to 1940, ed. P. Boomgaard, et al., trans. J.W.F. Arriens, 17 vols

(Amsterdam: Royal Tropical Institute, Amsterdam, 1975-96)

FOCP Great Britain, Foreign Office Confidential Print

KITLV Koninklijk Instituut voor Taal-, Land- en Volkenkunde

[Royal Institute for Language, Geography and Ethnology]

KPM Koninklijke Paketvaart Maatschappij [Royal Packet Company] Letters Laurence Davies, et al., eds., The Collected Letters of Joseph Conrad,

9 vols (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1984–2007)

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When the work by Conrad to which reference is made is not evident, the following abbreviations are used:

AF Almayer's Folly

BoD 'Because of the Dollars'
EoT 'The End of the Tether'

F 'Falk'

Fr 'Freya of the Seven Isles'

LJ Lord Jim

MS The Mirror of the Sea
NLL Notes on Life and Letters
NoN The Nigger of the 'Narcissus'
OI An Outcast of the Islands

PR A Personal Record

Re The Rescue

SL The Shadow-Line

V Victory

Orthography and Translation

Place names are spelled as generally in current usage, unless in a quotation. Consequently, Conrad's spellings of, for example, 'Aceh', 'Bankok', 'Makassar', and 'Surabaya' (and the Dutch spelling 'Soerabaia') are usually 'Acheen', 'Bangkok', 'Macassar', and 'Sourabaya'. However, current usage also sometimes includes alternatives, for example, 'Macassar'.

Unless otherwise stated, all translations are mine. For the avoidance of doubt these are occasionally stated as such.

'The experiences of a life spent in mercantile adventures hardly seem to contain sufficient interest to warrant their being made the subject of a book.'

'Commerce is the agency by which the power of choice is obtained'.2

'Commerce [...] is an affair of money and management; of a thinking man in a dark office, computing the prices of guns or worsteds.'3

³ Walter Bagehot, Economic Studies, ed. Richard Holt Hutton (London: Longmans, Green, 1880), p. 53.

¹ Ludvig Werner Helms, *Pioneering in the Far East, and Journeys to California in 1849 and to the White Sea in 1878* (London: W.H. Allen, 1882), p. iii.

² John Ruskin, The Works of John Ruskin, 11 vols (London: Smith Elder, 1871–80), II: Munera Pulveris. Six Essays on the Elements of Political Economy (1872), p. 95.

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Introduction

In the way of business.1

In the lithograph 'View of a Coal Seam on the Island of Labuan' (1847) (Figure 1), the viewer is invited to witness possibly the first footprint of the colonizer in what for the newly arrived Europeans is an unknown territory. The landscape seems to overwhelm the two British men admiring a coal seam in the jungle. The figure towards the bottom right-hand corner wears the uniform of a Royal Navy officer, representing the military power by which colonial intrusion was underwritten. The other figure, in white, perhaps a civilian, is someone whose commercial imagination may, in his enthusiastic gesture, see the opportunity for gain in this remote spot, like the remote island coal-mine in Victory. However, it is also an image in which place, at the point in time in which the men are looking, aestheticizes entirely the commercial object, the coal seam a setting for a cascading waterfall. Our attention is drawn not to the coal seam - which, without the title to the lithograph, would not be identifiable as such - nor to the figures, but to the play of light, in which patches of light, together with the huge palm on the left, assert the primacy of view, not of utility.

In the commercial discourse on activity evident in the extracts from the company prospectus in *The Times* (1910) (Figure 2), the opportunity for commerce has become reality. The undisturbed jungle view of the lithograph here becomes fragmented into components of company promotion and commercial assessment of risk. What in the lithograph is view, is in the prospectus possession and measurement – 'tenure' and 'acreage'; land has

¹ This phrase, which occurs at least three times in the Asian fiction (OI, p. 16; LJ, p. 269; Re, p. 69), refers to a person's business, as opposed to their personal, activities. As such it signifies the possibilities of congruence or opposition between these activities, possibilities that are part of the relations explored in Conrad's Asian fiction.